WESTMINSTER:

FRIDAY, JUNE 15, 1860.

UNION TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT:

Hon. JOHN BELL,
OF TENNESSEE.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

Hon. EDWARD EVERETT,
OF MASSACHUSETTS

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

FOR THE STATE AT LARGE:
Western Shore—J. DIXON ROMAN.
Eastern Shore—ALEXANDER EVANS.

CONGRESSIONAL ELECTORS:
1st *District*—JAMES U. DENNIS.
2d " JOHN E SMITH.
3d " SAMUEL M RANKIN.
4th " WILLIAM PRICE.
5th " J S CARPER.
6th " ALEX. B. HAGNER.

☞The subscription school of Mr. J. F. Seiss, at the West End, will commence on Monday next. For terms, &c., see advertisement. We heartily commend the school to extensive patronage.

The Late Storm.

The storm of last week was much more destructive to the growing crops than we stated. Whole fields of grain above, around and below town were entirely destroyed, and among the sufferers were Messrs. Adam Gilbert, Joshua Yingling, William Lawyer, Levi Shreev, Daniel Mitten, Thos. S. Brown, and others.

Serious Accident.

On Monday last Mr. William Stone met with a very serious accident whilst cutting cord wood for Mr. Jacob G. Reese, a few miles from town. By a misstroke of the axe his right foot was split in two, and he is now lying in a very critical condition.—Dr. Mathias remarked it was the worst cut he ever saw.

Chicken Thieving.

Some lover of good living has been trying his hand lately on our townsman Emil. Gemand's hen roosts. One night only one chicken was taken—the second, two, and he is now invited to come the third night and take three, and accept a little *fire* to roast them. An apology like that of the darkey when caught, said he only wanted to see whether the chickens slept with their eyes open, won't do!

Distressing Accident.

On Wednesday night of last week a negro girl about 12 years of age, in the employ of Dr. Buffington, at New Windsor, this County, was burnt to death by the explosion of a camphene lamp. She was coming down stairs about 10 o'clock at night, carrying the lamp lighted, when it is supposed it bursted, spreading the oil and flame all over her. When she reached the street she was a perfect column of fire, and all efforts to suppress the flames proved unavailing. She survived in great misery until some time next day.

Corporation Election.

By the failure of Wm. J. Mitten to qualify as a member of the Common Council of Westminster, an election was held at Grass' Fountain Hotel, on Tuesday, and J. W. Hering chosen, by a majority of 16 votes, to supply the vacancy. The officers are as follows: S. L. Swormstedt, Mayor; Richard Cassel, Jacob Shaeffer, Levi Evans, Michael Baughman, J. W. Hering, Councilmen. The Board purposes holding regular meetings, compromising with creditors, and by the faithful discharge of their duties redeem and restore the good name of the Corporation, sanctioned and sustained by all order loving citizens.

National Anniversary.

The Fourth of July is rapidly approaching, and no movement has been made by our citizens for the proper observance of that glorious Anniversary, the mere mention of which should make every true American heart "with rapture thrill like that above." If the spirit of "Seventy-Six" has not entirely died out in this community, we hope measures will at once be taken to get up a celebration worthy of the occasion and creditable to our town. Let us show that we still cherish the memory of the Fathers of the Republic, and properly appreciate the priceless blessings purchased by their blood and treasure. To the patriotic and public-spirited young men of our town we appeal to move in this matter, and trust that the appeal will be promptly responded to.

Western Maryland Railroad.

Our Baltimore exchanges inform us that Mr. Norris has introduced an ordinance in the First Branch of the Baltimore City Council, which provides that on the execution of a mortgage covering the property, effects and revenues of the Western Maryland Railroad Company, to an extent not greater than $600,000, the register of the city is authorized to endorse or guarantee the bonds of said company for the sum of $65,000 dollars, payable in 1890, said bonds not to be disposed of at less than par.—And on the completion of five additional miles of track, the register to endorse $25,000 more, and the same sum for every five miles towards Emmittsburg, and other endorsements until the road is completed to Hagerstown, the aggregate amount of the endorsements not to exceed $500,000.—$300,000 to be secured by a first mortgage, and $200,000 by a second mortgage on the property, effects and revenues of the road. The city of Baltimore to have two members of the board of directors, &c. $100,000 are to be reserved by the city till the road is completed to Hagerstown.

Fatal Occurrence.

Mr. Charles Trone, of Hanover, Pa., left that place on Monday week, in the cars, to go to Baltimore, to witness the reception of the Japanese. The train, however, had proceeded only about four miles, when he accidentally fell from the platform, and was so badly injured as to cause his death on Tuesday. He was 24 years of age, and much respected.

Dogs—The Dog Fest.

"Tis sweet to hear the honest watch dog's bark,
Bay deep mouthed welcome as we draw near home!"

There is something romantic about that, provided the honest dog ceases his barking when we get home, and retire to rest.—But our town is infested with a horde of worthless dogs, that not only bay deep-mouthed welcome when their masters get home, but keep an incessant barking and yelping, the entire night, to the great annoyance of the surrounding neighborhood. Some localities seem the general rendezvous of dogs:

"Little dogs and all,
Tray Blanch and Sweetheart,
Mastiff Greyhound, mongrel grim,
Hound and Spaniel, Brach or Lym."

It is a nuisance by day, and an unendurable annoyance at night. To the sick and nervous it is downright murder, to be deprived of their necessary sleep by useless curs.

A man who gets noisy on the street at night, is dragged off to the jug. It would be but equal justice to have a dog watch, to imprison every noisy cur that don't know how to behave himself.

Upon the whole, we cannot see the use of keeping such a host of dogs, as now infest our town. They are a positive nuisance, and ought to be abated.

Summer.

This day week, according to the almanac makers, was the commencement of summer. The truth can hardly be realized, taking into consideration the unseasonable temperature of atmosphere for the past two weeks, so unlike what has frequently been experienced in past years.—Time was, when one glided almost imperceptibly through the gradual change in the seasons, blustering March subsiding gently into the arms of April; while April with smiles and tears gave herself up to the embrace of May, and in her turn, gentle May, decked in her livery of green, and bathed in the aroma of flowers and sweet scented shrubs sunk calmly and gently into the lap of summer. But all this amiability on the part of the Spring months, somehow seems changed at the present day; and the transition state from March to June has been everything but pleasant and agreeable. It would seem that now, without the least ceremony, we are to be launched into the "heated term," without even so much time permitted as is requisite to jump out of sweltering woolens into lighter and more comfortable habiliments. If the clerk of the weather had exhibited within the past two months, the most remote approach to propriety or gentility, we should feel inclined to offer a protest against a repetition of these objectionable pranks; as it is, he must not complain of being dismissed with an admonition for his new and miserable way of doing things.

China and Japan.

The overland mail from California brings two important items of news; first, the settlement of the dispute between China and England, by the Chinese according to all the demands made upon them, and second, the reported death by assassination of the Tycoon, or temporal Emperor of Japan. It will be recollected that when the coming of the present Embassy was first suggested a strong party was reported to exist in Japan opposed to this and all other intercourse with the outer world. This party have now obtained power through the assassination of the Emperor and the inauguration of a dynasty in favor of their old system of seclusion. Another party, in favor of the new order of things, was also in the field and an insurrection momentarily expected. The news must naturally be unpleasant and embarrassing to the Embassy, and may interfere with their present movements here as well as render a return to their country dangerous. If the anti-intercourse party should finally establish their power, all the two sworded dignitaries of the Embassy, even down to innocent and vivacious little Tommy, may be required to disembowel themselves as an expiation for having left the empire and become dishonored by intercourse with the outside barbarians. The news has properly been withheld from the Embassy until some further confirmation of its truth is obtained, and the members of the Naval Commission express some doubts as to its entire correctness.

☞Many of our readers may not be aware that the Legislature, at its last session, passed a Law requiring all sales of Potatoes hereafter to be by weight, at the rate of fifty-six pounds to the bushel. Here is the law, which took effect on the 1st day of June:

CHAPTER 226.

An Act to amend the Code of Public General Laws, Article 95, relating to weights and measures, by repealing the 18th section of said Article, and substituting the following in lieu thereof:

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the 18th section of the 95th Article of the Code of Public General Laws, relating to weights and measures, be and the same is hereby repealed, and that the following be substituted therefor:

Sec. 2. Potatoes in this State shall be sold by weight, at the rate of fifty-six pounds to the bushel: and any person offending against the provisions of this section, shall be subject to a fine of Ten Dollars, to be recovered before any Justice of the Peace of the city or county where said offence may be committed.

☞We haven't another word to say about dogs since Taneytown gets us by 23 pounds, as will be seen by the annexed:

TANEYTOWN *vs.* WESTMINSTER DOGS.—The following are the dimensions and weight of a Newf-undland Dog belonging to the "Antrim Farm," near Taneytown. He is about 3 years old, measures 5 feet 8 inches from the end of his nose to the tip of his tail, is 2 feet 10½ inches high, 3 feet 4½ inches around his head, girth 3 feet 9 inches, and weighs 125 pounds.

The Washington Election.

The returns of the Wa-hington Election, as published in the National Intelligencer, show the whole vote for Mayor to have been as follows:—Jas. G. Berrett, Dem., 3,434; Richard Wallach, Opposition, 3,410; Wm. B. Magruder, Independent Dem., 147;—plurality for Berrett, 24. The party which was successful in choosing the Mayor, also elected six of the seven Aldermen, and twelve out of the twenty-one members of the Board of Common Council. A telegraphic despatch states that the election of Mr. Berrett will be contested on the ground of fraudulent voting.

The Japanese in Baltimore.

The world, his wife and family, turned out to the grand reception of the Japanese at Baltimore, on Friday last. A more earnest and enthusiastic reception was never given in that city, or one in which the whole population, male and female, so thoroughly participated. The affair was conducted throughout in a manner highly creditable to all concerned in the arrangements, and what is most remarkable, the rabble behaved themselves for once.

Union Campaign Paper.

The publication of a vigorous campaign paper in Washington, under the auspices of the National Union Committee, has been determined upon. The first number will be issued in a few days, and a large edition will be printed, which will be circulated in every section of the country, with the object of giving general publicity to the enterprise. The title of the paper will be the "Union Guard."

☞The latest despatches of the insurrection of Sicily repeat the assertion that Garibaldi had defeated the royal troops and entered Palermo, but as yet no confirmation of the news had been received.

Letter from the Hon. John Bell.

The following is the letter of the Hon. John Bell, in reply to that of the Hon. Washington Hunt, officially informing him of his nomination by the Union Convention.

JOHN BELL TO WASHINGTON HUNT.

NASHVILLE, May 21, 1860.

DEAR SIR.—Official information of my nomination to the Presidency by the National Union Convention, of which you were the presiding officer, was communicated to me by your letter of the 11th instant, at Philadelphia, on the eve of my departure with my family for my place of residence in Tennessee, and diffident as I was of my worthiness, I did not hesitate to signify my intention to accept the position assigned to me by that distinguished and patriotic body. But for convenience, and under a sense of the propriety of acting in so grave a matter with greater deliberation, I concluded, as I informed you at the time by a private note, to defer a formal acceptance until after my arrival at home.

Now that I have had all the leisure I could desire for reflection upon the circumstances under which the nomination was made, the purity of the motives and the lofty spirit of patriotism by which the Convention was animated, as evinced in all its proceedings, I can appreciate more justly the honor done me by the nomination; and, though it might have been more fortunate for the country had it fallen upon some one of the many distinguished statesmen whose names were brought to the notice of the Convention, rather than myself, I accept it, with all its possible responsibilities. Whatever may be the issue of the ensuing canvass, as for myself, I shall ever regard it as a proud distinction—one worth a lifelong effort to attain—to be pronounced worthy to receive the highest office in the government at such a time as the present, and by such a convention as that which recently met in Baltimore—a convention, far less imposing by the number of its members, large as it was, than by their high character. In it were men venerable alike for their age and their public services, who could not have been called from their voluntary retirement from public life but by the strongest sense of patriotic duty; others, though still in the prime of life, ranking with the first men of the country by honors and distinctions already acquired in high official positions, State and national; many of them statesmen worthy to fill the highest office in the government; a still greater number occupying the highest rank in their respective professional pursuits; others distinguished by their intelligence and well earned influence in various walks of privite life, and all animated and united by one spirit and one purpose—the result of a strong conviction that our political system, under the operation of a complication of disorders, is rapidly approaching a crisis when a speedy change must take place, indicating, as in diseases of the physical body, recovery or death.

The Convention, in discarding the use of platforms, exacts no pledges from those whom they deem worthy of the highest trusts under the government; wisely considering that the surest guaranty of a man's future usefulness and fidelity to the great interests of the country, in any official station to which he may be chosen, is to be found in his past history connected with the public service. The pledge implied in my acceptance of the nomination of the National Union Convention is, that should I be elected I will not depart from the spirit and tenor of my past course; and the obligation to keep this pledge derives a double force from the consideration that none is required from me.

You, sir, in your letter containing the official announcement of my nomination, have been pleased to ascribe to me the merit of moderation and justice in my past public career. You have likewise given me credit for a uniform support of all wise and beneficent measures of legislation, for a firm resistance to all measures calculated to engender sectional discord, and for a lifelong devotion to the union, harmony, and prosperity of these States. Whether your personal partiality has led you to overstate my merits as a public man or not in your enumeration of them, you have presented a summary—a basis of all sound American statesmanship. It may be objected that nothing is said in this summary, in express terms, of the obligations imposed by the constitution; but the duty to respect and observe them is clearly implied, for without due observance in the conduct of the government, of the constitution, its restrictions and requirements, fairly interpreted in accordance with its spirit and objects, there can be no end to sectional discord—no security for the harmony of the Union.

I have not the vanity to assume that in my past connection with the public service I have exemplified the course of a sound American statesman; but if I have deserved the favorable view taken of it in your letter, I may hope, by a faithful adherence to the maxims by which I have heretofore guided me, not altogether to disappoint the confidence and expectations of those who have placed me in my present relation to the public; and if, under Providence, I should be called to preside over the affairs of this great country as the executive chief of the government, the only further pledge I feel called upon to make is, that to the utmost of my ability, and with whatever strength of will I can command, all the powers and influence belonging to my official station shall be employed and directed for the promotion of all the great objects for which the government was instituted, but more especially for the maintenance of the constitution and the Union against all opposing influences and tendencies.

I cannot conclude this letter without expressing my high gratification at the nomination to the second office under the government of that eminently gifted and distinguished statesman of Massachusetts, Edward Everett, a gentleman held by general consent to be altogether worthy of the first.

Tendering my grateful acknowledgements for the kind and complimentary remarks with which you were pleased to accompany the communication of my nomination, I am, dear sir, with the highest respect, your obedient servant, JOHN BELL.

To the Honorable Washington Hunt.

Mr. Everett's Acceptance.

The National Intelligencer, published at Washington, the leading conservative paper in the country, thus speaks of Mr. Everett:

We sincerely congratulate the patriotic "Constitutional Union" Party throughout the country on the announcement which we are enabled to make to-day of the acceptance by Mr. Everett of the nomination conferred on him by the Baltimore Convention for the Vice Presidency of the United States. His letter of acceptance, so beautiful and impressive, while it will excite a profound interest and pride in the ranks of his political supporters, cannot fail to inspire both respect and solicitude in the breasts of all patriotic and thoughtful men of every party. The reluctance which Mr. Everett avows in yielding his acceptance of this noon station is evidently sincere, and all who are especially acquainted with his personal habitudes, circumstances, and pursuits, will be fully satisfied of the depth of this reluctance, and the sacrifice which he makes to a sense of public duty. We can only hope that the sacrifice may be rewarded by the approving voice of his country calling him to the high trust for which he was nominated with so much unanimity and enthusiasm.

☞The Hanover Gazette is responsible for the following singular circumstance:

"We have been informed that an occurrence took place in the village of Stewartstown, York county, which belongs to the records of the wonderful. On Saturday, May 20, a man named Nicholas Billingsby, in the employ of Mr. Abel Kirkwood, fell from the effects of a fit, from the stoop of the house, about 10 feet, where he laid and struggled for half an hour with spasms, when he turned as black as a hat. By the 23d inst., our informant states, he was up and walking about, complaining of nothing but a few slight bruises which he received in his fall. He was once a white man, but since this sudden occurrence he has changed to a negro. We hope that the unfortunate man may be restored to his natural color. The truth for this can be vouched for."

A New Religious Sect.

"Soul Sleepers" is the name of a new religious sect which has recently made its appearance at Fairfield, Iowa. Four men and one woman, apostles of the sect, have been tarrying in that place, and sleeping in a tent. They are opposed to churches, deny the divinity of Christ, teach that the soul is a material substance, and sleeps with the body until the resurrection.

Suicide in a Printing Office.

Calvin D. Scott, a printer about 30 years of age committed suicide in the office of the Cecil Democrat, at Elkton, Md., on Wednesday week, by cutting his throat with a razor. The deceased was much addicted to excessive drink, though generally respected for his good qualities.

☞Major General Thomas Sidney Jessup, a veteran officer of the U. S. Army, died at Washington on Sunday last, aged 73 years.

☞Snow fell at Cumberland on Saturday last.

Bell and Everett.

The Union ticket is gaining ground every day in the hearts of conservative men from one end of the country to the other, and form such an element of power in the campaign of 1860, as will carry terror to the spoil-hunters from the Rio Grande to the Passamaquody. The candidates are universally acknowledged to be *sans reproche*,—unobjectionable in every sense, competent, and eminently fit to preside over the destinies of this now distracted Republic. The nominees and the platform are growing every day in popular favor, and it has now become evident that the Constitution, the Union and the Enforcement of the Laws is *the* platform to go before the country on. The Republicans are already quarrelling over the proper construction of, at least, one plank in their platform. The Democratic party is rent into almost numberless factions on account of the varied, and various constructions put upon their chameleon-hued slavery resolutions and planks. Even the palladium of the Southern Wing of the democracy,—the Dred Scott decision—is found to be a bone of contention. In short, platforms are found to be convenient and useful for blinding the eyes, and humbugging the honest masses of the people, who have not been taught by Talleyrand, as their leaders have, that the use of language is to conceal men's thoughts and intentions. Their eyes, however, are fast becoming unsealed, and they are turning from their deceivers in disgust at the treachery and corruption that characterises them, and are flocking to the standard of BELL and EVERETT, with a determination to be humbugged no longer by artfully drawn Resolutions, and twisty, cross-grained platform planks.

New Publications

NORTH BRITISH REVIEW, May, 1860. Contents: Redding's Reminiscences—Thomas Campbell; Quackerism—Past and Present; Sir Henry Lawrence; Austrian Ethnology; Poems by Heinrich Heine; Church and State; The Origin of Species; British Lighthouses; The State of Europe; Recent Publications—American reprint, by Leonard Scott & Co., 79 Fulton-street, N. Y. Price $3 a year.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK, the peerless Queen of the monthlies, for July, is already on our table, containing 64 engravings and a great variety of miscellaneous reading. Everybody of taste should patronize Godey. We will send the Book and Sentinel one year for $3.

Custom House Receipts.

Wednesday of last week proved a busy day at the Baltimore custom-house, the operations there indicating that the trade of Baltimore is in an unusually healthy and active condition. The receipts from duties alone reached $20,273 64, this being among the heaviest operations for a single day ever known at this port. The principal articles upon which these duties were paid were dry goods, sugar, iron and earthenware. During the day goods were also entered for warehousing of the value of $15,738, the duties upon which are $3,762 62, making the day's operations, in duties alone, $24,636 26.

An Editor Prays!

Something unusual, but nevertheless true, that some Editors pray beside ourself. Hear the *Frederick Citizen* of last week:

"As a husband and a father, as a christian and a patriot, we fervently pray that God in his infinite mercy may so enlighten the minds of those who will constitute this National convention, that their deliberations may result in the maintainance of the Constitutional rights of the people, and cement more firmly the Union of the States."

Pray on, brother!

Characteristic.

True to their instincts, the Democratic press of the country are now beginning to cast their filth at John Bell and Edward Everett, for whose eminent genius and shining virtues they have only sneers and impotent sarcasm, while Stephen A. Douglas is lauded by them as the bright exemplar of statesmanlike abilities, and patriotic merit. It is questionable whether the honest and all-powerful conservative masses of the country can be influenced by either opinion of a time-serving press.

Later from Mexico.

Vera Cruz dates of the 30th ult., have been received at New Orleans. Messrs. Jecker & Co., bankers at the city of Mexico, had failed, and their liabilities are reported to be $4,400,000. The Diplomatic Corps had suspended all relations with Miramon's Government. Miramon was near Queretaro, surrounded by Uraga with 12,000 men, and unable to escape. Minister McLane was sick, and would return home if the Mexican treaty is not ratified.

Garibaldi and Italian Affairs.

The State Department is in receipt of heavy European mails. Most of the despatches refer principally to affairs in Italy, with European opinions thereon. Mr. Faulkner intimates that Garibaldi is backed in all his movements by French intrigue, while Mr. Dallas says that the great filibuster possesses the sympathy of the English Government.

Capture of 500 Slaves.

The U. S. steamer Crusader, off Cape Verde, last week captured a bark having on board over 500 negroes from the coast of Africa. They were conveyed to Key West, where there are now over 1,700 Africans in charge of the United States Marshal, awaiting the action of our Government in the matter.

☞The friends of Bell and Everett held a very large ratification meeting in New York city on Friday evening. A number of enthusiastic speeches were made. The following extract of a letter from ex-President Fillmore was read to the meeting, and was received with great enthusiasm:

"I regard the use of my name by the republican press as fraudulent and mischievous, and shall vote for Bell and Everett whether any one else in the State does so or not."

☞Hon. Silas M. Burroughs, a republican member of Congress from the 31st district of New York, died at his residence in Medina, on the 3d inst.

☞A black pickpocket was arrested in Baltimore on Saturday, who was presented with thirty lashes and then permitted to depart.

☞The "Union-Saver's" Convention for the nomination of Presidential candidates will open its sessions at Baltimore on Monday next, in the Front Street Theatre.

☞At an election held in Baltimore last week, Stephen T. C. Brown, of this County, was elected a Director in the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company.

☞The steamship Persia sailed from New York last week for Liverpool, taking 250 passengers and $1,000,000 in specie.

☞Intelligence from Japan has been received to the effect that the Tycoon was said to have been assassinated.

☞Rev. Mr. Israel will preach in the M. E. Church, Westminster, on Sabbath morning next, at 10 o'clock.

☞Some rascal stole two swords from the bed-room of one of the Japanese while they were in Baltimore.

☞Fred. Douglas' paper is out for Lincoln. This is according to the fitness of things.

☞The Richmond Presidential Convention opened its sessions on Monday last.

☞It is a maxim of more than a few years standing, that "a house divided cannot stand." Let us apply this to the great overshadowing grand National Democracy, and see with what expectation we can turn to this party, which has always assumed for itself not to be exactly the *salvator hominem*, but the great western light, which shou'd enlighten every man coming into this American republic. With the arm of the Executive, and the dispensing of all Federal patronage at its disposal, it has for years reared aloft its hydra-head. Another period of four years of its existence has passed by, and in the course of events it becomes necessary that its votaries should pay their proper devotions, and prostrate themselves in one common gathering before the idol of their hearts. The prophets lifted up their voices and said, we will meet at Charleston. Then came together the wise men; from the North and the South, from the East and the West did they gather themselves together and set down, a most harmonious and happy family. Alas! alas! the sequel is before the country. The mollifying oil was teemed and poured upon the troubled waters, but still the hydra-head was reared aloft. Alas! alas! among the pilgrim prophets rises up a "*Little Giant*," the modern Hercules, and with one fell swoop wipes off a head and cauterizes the wound with "Squatter Sovereignty." The prophecy is fulfilled, and so the monster dies!

The last convulsive throes were terrible to behold, but they baffled the skill of the learned doctors, and the great shibboleth of Democracy now stands rent in twain. The house is divided, *it must fall*, and patriot hearts will respond *Amen!*

John Bell's Acceptance.

The letter we publish in another column from the Hon. JOHN BELL, of Tennessee, accepting the nomination of the National Union Convention, will be read with interest.

Mr. BELL says nothing in regard to the questions at issue before the country, further than to make a reference to his past history, and the votes he has, on days gone by, cast upon these questions, in his place in the Senate. The whole country know these, and it is far better that he should be judged by these, than any new made promises, to which the other side would be sure to object, that they had been made for the occasion, and a sort of bid for votes.

Mr. BELL and Mr. EVERETT may be well content to refer all to what they have done and said, in discharge of duty, at the posts to which they have heretofore been called, as an earnest of what they would do, and how, if they should be called to the highest places.

The Democratic Papers State the Truth.

The New York Daily News (Democratic) publishes Mr. Everett's letter of acceptance, and says in regard to the ticket of the Conservative Union party:—"We look upon this event as highly auspicious to the preservation of the Union, and the best interests of our country. It speaks in language louder than resolutions, of that love of country and determination to preserve the honor, the character, and the integrity of our country which is entertained by far the largest portion of our citizens, we hope, who are opposed to the Democratic party."

Brigham Young in Philadelphia

The Pennsylvanian says that the husband of forty wives and grand functus of the Latter Day Saints, vulgarly known as Mormons, has been sojourning in Philadelphia for nearly two weeks. He is attended by Dr. Bernheisel and other dignitaries of the Church. His object in the visit was to contract for and superintend the preparation of an extensive paper mill which has been made by Nelson Gavitt, in Broad street.—Brigam has endeavored to remain *incog*, and in order to do so, he has kept away from the large hotels and lodged with a gentleman who has embraced the Mormon principles.

One of the Paupers.

An Irish mendicant was arrested in Cincinnati on Monday last, for importuning several parties for alms. At the station house he was duly searched, when in addition to pieces of bread and divers bottles of medicine, $80 principally in gold, were found in his possession. He was very loth to part with his money, even for a brief season, and indignantly declared that he was only making an *honest* living by begging. He was still more indignant when the Court sentenced him to pay a fine of $25 and costs, and to the City Prison for ten days.

"Them Boots."

The Boston Post commenting on the story about Lincoln's boots, which were reported to have been included in his Congressional stationery bill, says:

Whether this story is true or not, we are disposed to believe that so far as Presidential running is concerned, when the race is over Mr. Lincoln's "boots" will actually be found to have been "stationary."

A Protest.

A protest is published in the last *Kent News*, signed by twenty-one residents of Kent county and on behalf of sundry citizens, solemnly protesting against the withholding by Postmasters of certain newspapers pronounced incendiary by the Grand Jury of that county at its last session. They declare that they feel "degraded" by the refusal of the Postmaster to deliver to them their newspapers, and claim the papers as their property.

Judge Crain, of the Charles County Court in this State, has decided that a license is not necessary to the validity of a marriage in Maryland, because it is a civil contract, and binding by the common law, if established by evidence, that it had been entered into by the parties to operate as marriage, and that they had continued to live together as man and wife.

A German Republican of Pennsylvania was telling his friends and neighbors, on his return home, all about the Chicago Convention, when a leading Democrat asked him whether there were any pickpockets in the crowd? "No, Tocktor," replied the German, "*ter were ferry few Timocrats dere!*"

☞The editor of the Lancaster Examiner, who was an ardent Cameron man professes to be jubilant at the nomination of Abe Lincoln, but advises his Republican friends not to bet on his election! Sensible advice, that.

The Kilkenny Cats.

From present appearances, there will be worse divisions, and more bitter feeling displayed at Baltimore, than there were at Charleston; and if so, the nominee, whoever he may be, will have a poor chance of an election. Long possession of power demoralizes a party, and as storms purify the physical atmosphere, so periodical revolutions in politics tend to purify the political atmosphere. The Douglas breeze, therefore, may do good, even if it should work destruction to the party which has raised him to the rank of a leader.

Can This be so?

It is announced, on the authority of a Southern delegate, that Caleb Cushing has promised to recognize the right of the Seceders to seats in the Baltimore National Convention. It is beyond question that Mr. Cushing is ready for any atrocity, but this is somewhat beyond even his reach.

The way the officials at Washington covered up Fowler's defalcations, was, to credit his quarterly deficiency with the receipts of the next quarter! If the truth could be known, this is the practice with all favorite and favored officials who have the ear of the Man of the White House.

Holloway's Pills.

Professional prejudice dies hard, but the cures of dyspepsia, billious disorders, and dysentery wrought by this unapproachable remedy, are breaking it down everywhere. The liberal-minded members of the faculty admit the value of the medicine. Well they may, for it shames the old treatment by its countless cures.

Sold at the manufactory, No. 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all druggists, at 25c., 63c., and $1 per box or pot

What the People Say.

MOORE'S SALT WORKS,
Ohio, June 8, 1857.

DEAR SIR:—I have used it three nights, and it is making sad havoc among the Rat tribe. Yours, etc.
J. P. BECOM.

"Not dangerous to the Human Family,"
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

Vermin.

"Costar's"
"Costar's" Rat, Roach, &c. Exterminator.
"Costar's"
"Costar's" Bed Bug Exterminator.
"Costar's"
"Costar's" Electric Powder, for Insects, &c.

DESTROYS INSTANTLY

Rats—Roaches—Mice—Moles—Ground Mice Bed Bugs—Ants—Moths—Mosquitoes—Fleas—Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals, &c., &c—in short, every form and species of

VERMIN.

10 Years established in New York City—used by the City Post-Office—the City Prisons and Station Houses—the City Steamers, Ships, &c.—the City Hotels, "Astor," "St. Nicholas," &c.—and by more than 20,000 private families

☞Druggists and Retailers everywhere sell them.

☞Wholesale Agents in all the large Cities and Towns.

☞!! BEWARE !!! of spurious imitations.

☞$1,00 Sample Boxes sent by Mail.

☞Address orders—or for "Circular to Dealers" to

HENRY R. COSTAR, PRINCIPAL DEPOT,
342 BROADWAY, (Opposite St. Nicholas Hotel) N. Y.

Sold by Hering & Trumbo, and H. L. Shriver, Druggists, Westminster. May 11, 3m.

DR. HOOFLAND'S
GERMAN BITTERS,
AND
DR. HOOFLAND'S BALSAMIC CORDIAL,

The great standard medicines of the present age, have acquired their great popularity only through years of trial. Unbounded satisfaction is rendered by them in all cases; and the people have pronounced them worthy.

Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Debility of the Nervous System, Diseases of the Kidneys,

and all diseases arising from a disordered liver or weakness of the stomach and digestive organs, are speedily and permanently cured by the GERMAN BITTERS.

The **Balsamic Cordial** *has acquired a reputation surpassing that of any similar preparation extant. It will cure,* WITHOUT FAIL, *the most severe and long-standing*

Cough, Cold, or Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Influenza, Croup, Pneumonia, Incipient Consumption,

and has performed the most astonishing cures ever known of

Confirmed Consumption.

A few doses will also at once check and cure the most severe **Diarrhœa** *proceeding from* COLD IN THE BOWELS.

These medicines are prepared by Dr. C. M. JACKSON & Co., *No.* 418 *Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa., and are sold by druggists and dealers in medicines everywhere, at* 75 *cents per bottle. The signature of* C. M. JACKSON *will be on the outside wrapper of each bottle.*

In the Almanac published annually by the proprietors, called EVERYBODY'S ALMANAC, *you will find testimony and commendatory notices from all parts of the country. These Almanacs are given away by all our agents.*

For sale at HERING & TRUMBO's Drug Store, Westminster. May 11.—1y.

Health! Health!! Health!!!

"My Cough was Killing Me by Inches,"

Hundreds say, "until I used *Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*" No remedy, boasted as it may be, can pretend to approach it in its wonderful ability to cure a Cough, cure a Cold, and effectually expel all complaints of the Throat, Breast and Lungs. 'Tis an invaluable treasure to every invalid:

MORE PROOF: ANOTHER REMARKABLE CURE.

Dr. Swayne: Dear Sir—Believing your *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry* to be the very best remedy extant, and desiring that all may know and test its virtues, I offer my experience. I was taken with a violent cough, difficult expectoration, short breath, &c. This continued until my health and strength seemed entirely gone. Our village physicians declared my complaint consumption, and incurable. I was recommended to try your Syrup, which has performed a perfect cure. My health is now very good; have not been affected with a like affection since. Yours, with respect,
MRS. JOSEPH LYNN.

Middleburgh, Carroll Co., Md., Jan. 12th, 1859.

Swayne's Sarsaparilla and Tar Pills,

SUGAR COATED—warranted to contain no calomel—a mild and gentle purgative, unsurpassed by any Medicine for removing the Bile, cleansing the stomach, and effectually purifying the blood. These Pills neither gripe, nor produce nausea.

Dr. Swayne's Bowel Cordial.

A PLEASANT and Sure Remedy for Asiatic Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera Infantum, Summer Complaint, Pains in the Stomach and Bowels, Vomiting, Sickness of the Stomach, &c.

SWAYNE'S BITTER CATHOLICON,

A very valuable Bitters. May be taken with a degree of certainty, never yet experienced by a Medicine of this character, for Constipation, Flatulence, Nausea, Heart Burn, Acidity of the Stomach, Cold Feet, Debility caused by the infirmity of Age, prostration of strength from any cause, Depression of Spirits, Dyspepsia, or Indigestion in all its forms.

All the above prepared only by DR. SWAYNE & SON, No. 8 NORTH SEVENTH ST., second door above Market, Philadelphia.

Sold by WM. REESE, WESTMINSTER, and by dealers in Medicines everywhere.

August 19,—1y.

THE FOLLOWING is a sample of the numerous letters constantly receiving for Hostetter's Stomach Bitters:

CANANDAGUA, July 15, 1859.

Messrs. Hostetter & Smith, Pittsburgh, Pa.:—Gents—As we are strangers, I here with enclose you twenty-eight dollars for four dozen Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which please forward via Michigan Southern Railroad Toledo, Ohio, and Clayton Station. I have purchased several dozen bottles at Toledo this Summer but the sale is on the increase so much that I wish to open a direct trade with you. I was induced to try your Bitters by my physician, for the Liver Complaint, and received such material aid that I have recommended it to others and have sold about two dozen per week for some time. I have all kinds of medicine in my store, but there is none that I can so cheerfully and truthfully recommend as your Bitters, for I know they have helped me beyond my expectation. Yours respectfully,
PHILO WILSON.

MARRIED.

On the 7th inst., by REV. L. T. WILLIAMS, Mr. DAVID BEFFINGTON to MISS CATHARINE DROANBERGER, both of this County.

On the 10th inst., by Rev. D. Gring, LEWIS MILLER and MAGDALENE ZIMMERMAN, both of this County.

DIED.

On the 3d inst., at Sams' Creek Mills, NELSON SHRIVER, aged 40 years and 2 months.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

JUNE 14.—FLOUR.—We are again without transactions to note in Flour, and we continue to quote it dull and heavy. There seems to be very little Flour wanted, and so far as we could learn there was no demand for it this morning. Both Howard Street and Ohio Super were freely offered on Change at $5.62½ without finding buyers, and City Mills do. could probably have been had at the same figure, although holders still ask $5.75 ⅌ bbl. for it.

RYE FLOUR AND CORN MEAL.—Rye Flour is steady at $4.37½, and we quote Corn Meal at $3.50 ⅌ bbl.

GRAIN.—Wheat was in rather better demand this morning than it has been for two or three days past, but prices for it were no higher. Sales of some 5,000 bushels red were made at 128@135 cts. for fair to prime, and 138 cts. for choice, and of about 1,500 bushels fair to prime white at 140@155 cts., strictly choice white would probably have brought 160 cts. had there been any in market. Corn, of which there were about 7,000 bushels offered, was rather firmer. White sold at 70@74 cts., and yellow at 68@72 cts. for fair to prime parcels. There was no Rye offered to-day but we quote at 78@80 cts. Oats continue dull. There are however some sales making at 35@39 cents.

SEEDS.—There is no demand for seeds, but we continue to quote Cloverseed at $4.50; Timothy seed $3, and Flaxseed dull at $1.35 per bushel.

PROVISIONS.—The provision market is quiet, but firm, Bacon was in light demand and we quote Shoulders at 8½@8¾ cts.; Sides 10@10½ cts., and Hams 11@12½ cts. Lard 11½@12½ cents per pound.

GREAT REMEDIES!

To Cure a severe Cough or Cold use
Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

To Cure Whooping Cough, Croup or Bronchitis, use
Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

To arrest predisposition to Consumption, use
DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY!

To Cure Dyspepsia or Indigestion, use
THE OXYGENATED BITTERS.

To Cure Asthma, Acidity or Heart Burn, use
The Oxygenated Bitters.

These Remedies perform all they promise. They relieve suffering, cure disease, restore health, thus affording consolation and comfort to the sick and afflicted, where discouragement, and suffering existed before.

CLYDE, WAYNE CO., N. Y., March 10, 1857.

Messrs S. W. Fowle & Co.: I am happy to state that I have used the Oxygenated Bitters in my practice for the last three years in the treatment of Dyspepsia General Debility, Indigestion, and Affections of the Liver, with the most satisfactory results; and would cheerfully recommend to those suffering from these distressing diseases to give this valuable medicine a trial. Respectfully yours,
J. E. SMITH, M. D.

EXETER, ME., Sept. 30.

This certifies that I have recommended the use of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry for Disease of the Lungs, for two years past, and many bottles to my knowledge, have been used by my patients, all with beneficial results. In two cases, where it was thought confirmed Consumption had taken place, the Wild Cherry effected a cure. E. BOYDEN,
Physician at Exeter Corner.

The only genuine Balsam has