AMERICAN SENTINEL, AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

The American Sentinel.

WESTMINSTER:

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1860.

UNION TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT:
Hon. JOHN BELL,
OF TENNESSEE.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
Hon. EDWARD EVERETT,
OF MASSACHUSETTS.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.
FOR THE STATE AT LARGE:
Western Shore—J. DIXON ROMAN.
Eastern Shore—C. F. GOLDSBOROUGH.

CONGRESSIONAL ELECTORS:
1st District—JAMES U. DENNIS.
2d " JOHN E SMITH.
3d " SAMUEL M RANKIN.
4th " WILLIAM PRICE.
5th " J. S. CARPER.
6th " ALEX. B. HAGNER.

JACOB A. RUTHRAUFF, 324 Baltimore street, and McCANN & HAGUE, 122 Baltimore street, and CHAS. H. CRAFT, Franklin Buildings, Baltimore; J. WEBSTER, corner Third & Race streets; E. W. CARR, corner Walnut & Third streets; C. PIERCE, 50 S. Third street, Philadelphia; PETTINGILL & Co., 119 Nassau street; A. WIND, 133 Nassau street; MATHER & ABBOTT, 335 Broadway; W. B. SHATTUCK, 119 Nassa street; JOHN HOOPER, 41 Park Row, and A. G. RICHARDSON, 37 Park Row, New York, are our authorized Agents in these Cities for procuring advertisements, subscriptions, &c.

DAY OF ELECTION, TUESDAY NEXT, November 6. RALLY!

Let us Reason Together.

Let us take a brief view of the national field, and see if the times are not so sadly out of joint, that they demand of every true lover of his country, that he should come to the rescue of that country, no matter what his former political predilections may have been. We think that point can be conclusively demonstrated. Look at our political horizon from Maine to California, and from Oregon to South Carolina, and what do we discover? Any signs of peace and quiet? Any tokens of brotherly love? Any indications of fraternal feeling? Anything to warrant the belief that the white wings of the angel of peace, like those of the gentle dove, cover a peaceful and a prosperous people? Anything to demonstrate that the feeling of nationality is strong in our breasts, and that we are prepared to offer up our heart's choicest blood before this happy confederacy shall be rudely torn asunder by fratricidal hands, to be followed by the shock of hostile armies, ruined States, devastated towns and cities, and blood-stained battle-fields?

With one exception, we deeply regret to say, the above interrogatories must be answered in the negative. North of Mason and Dixon's line, the black, sectional flag of Abolition, floats triumphantly in the breeze in many a mighty State; and the countless legions that rally around it, with phrenzied zeal and vociferous shout, proclaim that they will carry the day in November, and take charge of the government in March. Then, they propose to wage "irrepressible" war upon the South, and to trample under foot the ramparts of the Constitution, if they stand in the way of the sacrilegious tread of unholy fanaticism. No regard for the Union—no reverence for the Constitution—no words of peace or brotherly love, fall from their fanatical lips. Their motto and watchword and platform, is—war, war, war upon the South! first, last, and all the time!

If we turn to the Democratic party, hitherto the much-vaunted breakwater against the tides of Abolitionism, what do we find? We find it irreparably split apart—diametrically divided—and the leaders of the two factions waging virulent war upon each other, right in face of the common enemy of both and of the whole country! Indeed the fact is worse than this, for one faction, entirely destitute of strength, is running electoral tickets in some of the Northern States, for the express object of so dividing the Union vote as to promote the election of Lincoln.

Of the Democratic candidates—Douglas and Breckinridge—the former has some valid claims to nationality, not only on account of the manner in which he was nominated, but on account of his great ability, high character, and previous valuable services to his country. He received a large majority of the votes in the National Convention of his party, and is among the foremost of living American statesmen. The latter received a few over one-third of the delegates accredited to the National Convention, in the Bolter's Convention, and most of those votes came from one section. He also received and accepted the nomination of the Richmond Sectional Convention, which makes him a purely sectional candidate to all intents and purposes—and in this especial respect, just as obnoxious to all lovers of their country as sectionally nominated Lincoln.

In the North we find Lincoln fearfully strong. In the South, where whatever strength Breckinridge possesses lies, we find his principal supporters declaring that they will dissolve the Union, if they can, in the event of Lincoln's election.—And all over the country—North, South, East, and West—we find the Douglas men and Breckinridgers arrayed in hostile phalanx against each other. They are fighting each other, instead of turning their arms against the general foe. The feud grows broader and deeper as the canvass progresses, until there is no prospect of reconciliation. And, in consequence, neither faction stands the remotest chance of success; and the contest is narrowed down to a struggle between Bell and Lincoln.

Under these circumstances—in view of these startling and ominous, but plain and incontrovertible facts—is it not time for the people of the country to come together and reason calmly and dispassionately among themselves, throwing aside all party proclivities and antipathies? It would seem so. The country is in danger—the Union of our forefathers is in great peril. The Abolitionists threaten on the one hand; and the Disunionists threaten on the other—the latter declaring that they will break up the Union in case of the triumph of the former; and there is every reason to believe that they will attempt to carry out their determination, in which case the whole South may become involved, which would be giving force and vitality to the Yancey programme. The National Democracy is divided beyond redemption, and interposes no barrier to the march of Abolitionism in the North, or the schemes of Disunionism in the South. Therefore, let us come together and reason together. We of the South have all to lose and nothing to gain by these raging factionists. We want peace, quiet, harmony, law and order. That is all we want. Could or would either of the factions to which we have alluded, give us these blessings, supposing it should triumph? No! The strife would still continue. There would be no peace. It is the policy of the Abolitionists to keep up agitation, for they live upon it. It is the policy of the Disunionists who support Breckinridge to keep up agitation on the slavery question in the South, for they live upon it, too. And it is the policy of the Douglasites to keep up agitation concerning the impracticable issue of slavery in the Territories, for without it they will lose one of the strongest strings to their bow.

But, fortunately, there is an organization around which all conservative men can rally. It is a thoroughly Union organization, and all can join it without the smallest sacrifice of political principle. It affords ample sound middle ground, upon which all patriots can stand with a proud consciousness that they are doing their duty to their country; and when that duty is performed, and the existence of the Union placed beyond peril, they can return consistently to their old political associations, if they are so disposed. That organization is the Constitutional Union organization, and has for its motto: "The Constitution of the Country, the Union of the States, and the Enforcement of the Laws." Rally around it, fellow-citizens of all parties—crush the disorganizers and factionists of both sections—give peace to a now distracted and direfully threatened land—and let us all join in the inauguration of a new era in our governmental affairs, which shall be marked by the sway of economy, integrity, patriotism, statesmanship, and an impartial and rigid enforcement of the Constitution and the laws of Congress enacted in pursuance of its authority. Let us have a return of the golden age of thirty years ago. We can have it. The election of John Bell and Edward Everett will assuredly bring it about.

Wicked and Dastardly.

Our good citizens at the West End had a test case of good citizenship last week, and we are most happy to say they met it promptly and energetically. The circumstances appear to be that the eldest daughter of Rev. T. GALLAUDET, one of the most excellent and amiable young ladies in the County, took a stroll alone to Sunset Hill, where she was sketching some views of the grand and picturesque scenery around it, when she was suddenly approached by a young worthless negro named JOHN PARAWAY, son of Church-sexton NICHOLAS, aged probably 16 or 18 years. Alone and unprotected, she suddenly became almost frantic with fear, when she entreated him to leave her, to which the young vagabond threatened to knock her head off if she attempted to escape or scream. She had no money, but gave him a fine ring, when just at that opportune moment CHARLES STULLER, who was out gunning, hove in sight, when the reprobate left her and went to STULLER with the utmost composure and exhibited the ring, which, he said, the young lady gave him. Hastily returning home, Miss G. discovered to the family what had occurred—the neighbors soon got wind of it—formed an impromptu committee of vigilance—arrested the young scoundrel and would have lynched him on sight, had not wiser counsels prevailed. He was tried before JUSTICE CROUSE, found guilty, and sent to jail to await the hearing of some *kind words* from JUDGE NELSON, at the April term of Court.

Justice to All.

Thus speaketh our State's Attorney, sustained by the voice of all good citizens, and he has already discharged his duty half-way so far as the cases under consideration are concerned. We last week stated that some nine young *white boys* of town had assaulted ANN THOMSON's house with clubs or stones, and broken her windows. Two *colored boys* happened, as common rumor has it, to discover and know them, and by way of revenge, made a similar attack on the dwelling of the mother of one of the white boys. The colored boys were arrested and punished by receiving fifteen lashes each on the bare back with a limber cowhide administered by a nerveless hand; the names of the white boys will be kindly presented to our next Grand Jury.

Rally to Manchester.

To-morrow the friends of BELL AND EVERETT intend holding a grand rally at Manchester. We learn that every arrangement has been made to entertain pleasantly and comfortably a large crowd, which will be addressed by some of the best speakers in the State. There will probably be three Bands of music present, and, we trust large delegations from all the adjoining Districts. Old line Whigs, true Democrats, Conservatives, all, all, go to Manchester to-morrow, and by your presence cheer the hearts of our noble little band of brothers there who have always proven themselves reliable and true as steel in past campaigns. It may be the last rally you may ever be privileged to attend in a united Republic.

Vicinity Map.

We gave notice a few weeks since, that Messrs. SHEARER & LAKE were about to publish a Map of the vicinity of Baltimore, embracing the Counties of Carroll, Baltimore, Harford, Howard and a part of Anne Arundel.

The surveys of this County are now all completed, and are rapidly progressing in the other Counties.

Our citizens will please remember that this work is the only one of the kind that has ever been published in this State, and will make a Map, the utility of which is obvious to every one. They are now calling upon our citizens for the purpose of showing the plans of each District, and giving all who would like a copy of this work, a chance to engage one, and we hope every family will avail themselves of this opportunity now offered to procure a large, reliable, and valuable Map at the same price of single County Maps.

Another Band.

A number of our enterprising young musical friends at the West End are about forming a new brass Band, we learn, under very favorable auspices. We always hail enterprises of this kind with an elevated degree of pleasure, illustrating most forcibly the congeniality of kindred spirits, the source through which to develope latent talent, and to keep pace with the rapid advancements of the age. Success to the new Band, say we, most heartily, assured that it will be the means of imparting new life, vigor and energy into the ranks of the Cornet.

Accident in a Quarry.

A colored laborer named SAMUEL SQUIRREL met with a sad accident whilst engaged last week in blasting limestone in the quarry of DAVID BIGAEL, of Bachman's Valley. He had prepared and ignited a blast, and supposing the fire had expired, approached, when it exploded, injuring him severely, tearing great portions of flesh from his legs, arms and hands. His wounds were dressed by Dr. BELTZ, and he is doing as well as could be expected.

Sale Register.

Several tracts of land containing 74, 43 and 6 acres, eligibly located on the Turnpike between Westminster and Littlestown, will be sold at the Court House door by E. F. CROUT, Trustee, on Monday next.

To-morrow, SAMUEL J. JORDAN will sell a tract of land in the town of Finksburg, containing 3¼ acres.

See advertisements.

Torch Light Procession.

Our friends at Taneytown, who are about election times always right and never wrong, fully impressed with their increased strength, avoided the trouble and labor of a grand rally during the campaign; but now, at its close they propose to enjoy a little fun by having a Torch light Procession to-morrow night. We wish them a large crowd, good speakers and stacks of fun.

The Election Polls for Westminster District will be held at the Fountain Hotel, conducted by Mr. JOHN GRASS.

See advertisement of Prof. L. MILLER's Hair Invigorator, and Liquid Hair Dye, in another column.

The Maryland Vote.

Whether Mr. Bell can get the vote of this State on Tuesday, is by no means the only or the most important question for her citizens to decide. If it could be demonstrated that the result of the Presidential contest depended upon the eight electoral votes of Maryland, it would be no more the duty of every lover of his country within her borders to give the State to the Union nominees, than it is now, while the result is involved in doubt. There are virtually but two candidates contending for our suffrages, and this remark is applicable to every border State South of the line.—The support that may be given to Mr. Douglas by the little bands of zealous adherents scattered throughout the Southern States, will be counted as so many votes subtracted from Breckinridge, and no disinterested observer thinks of looking for his strongholds in Maryland, Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee or Missouri.

It is for the people of these States to decide, therefore, whether they shall declare themselves in favor of the National nominees, Bell and Everett, or whether they shall give their voices to the violently sectional party that uphold Mr. Breckinridge. As a matter of policy, it is well to inquire a little beforehand what position they shall assume in the event of Mr. Lincoln's election.—Do these States desire to array themselves on the side of secession, and to yield themselves to the leadership of the men most prominent in the ranks of this ultra party? If the States we have named should all go for Breckinridge, and if he should still lack the necessary number to secure his election, the only effect of the vote will be to enroll the border States on the side of the extremists further South.

Nothing can be easier than to sneer at the fancied dangers that would follow a formal attempt at secession. The Governor of Louisiana, far away from the border where all the trouble falls, talks complacently enough about the future of a Southern Confederacy. There are disunionists, no doubt, in every State in the Union, but they are not numerous enough in our latitude to effect anything very terrible. The support that may be given to Mr. Breckinridge all along the dividing line will not be given to him as the candidate of Secessionists, but as one of the Democratic nominees. We therefore incur the risk, first of placing ourselves in a false position if we vote for him, because we tacitly bind ourselves to sustain certain measures popular in Alabama or Mississippi, but utterly repudiated by the great mass of right-thinking men in our own locality. And secondly, we would thereby mislead our countrymen in the Cotton States, because they would naturally expect us to endorse all the ultra sentiments held by the party with which we would thus become identified.

The people of this central region yield to none in their devotion to the South and her interests. The most chivalrous and whole-hearted of those who would rudely burst the innumerable ties that bind these States together, watch no more jealously over the sacred rights of our common heritage than we do ourselves. But we claim an interest in a wider domain than the territory south of Mason and Dixon's line. It is verily certain that we cherish a warmer affection for this part of our inheritance, but we are not going to be robbed of the rest by all the demagogues of the nation. Because a party of men, who are nourished by the soil in which we also have an ownership, dare to nominate and possibly elect a sectional President, shall we, therefore, give them undisputed possession of one-half of our property?

If Maryland, Virginia, Kentucky and Tennessee give decided majorities to the Union candidates, it will more effectually rebuke the Secessionists than anything else can do. The States are members of a firm in which all the partners have equal rights, and each partner has a voice in the management of the business. But no one partner has a right to withdraw himself, his capital, his credit and his influence from the concern because he don't happen to like a new clerk that the others have employed.—If there is a dissolution of the partnership, it must be by mutual consent.—Let us Marylanders protest against it, and show what we mean by the vote we give to Bell and Everett.

A Reward is Offered.

For the detection of any person counterfeiting, imitating, or the vender of any such counterfeit or imitation of BOERHEAVE'S HOLLAND BITTERS. The genuine, highly concentrated *Holland Bitters* is put up in half-pint bottles only, having the name of the proprietor, B. PAGE, Jr. blown in them, and his signature around the neck of each and every bottle.

This delightful *Aroma* has been received by Americans, with that favor which is only extended to really scientific preparations. When we consider the marked success attending its administration, in the most stubborn cases of Fever and Ague, Weakness of any kind, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Acidity of the Stomach, Sick and Nervous Headache, Indigestion, Costiveness and Piles, together with the complete control it exercises over all Nervous, Rheumatic, and Neuralgic Affections, we cannot wonder at its popularity. Well may the invalid value this remedy.

AS EACH MONTH rolls around the demand for Lindsey's Blood Searcher increases, owing to the fact that a single trial at once removes the doubts of the most incredulous, and fully satisfies them that it is the only preparation now before the people that will in all cases do all that is claimed for it. The worst cases of Cancerous Formation, Scrofula, Erysipelas, and Tetter Affections give way to its potent influence. Thousands of persons who are now alive and well, must thank the discoverer of this preparation that they have not been swept away by the unseen hand of death. The best evidence of its real value is, that the best physicians in the land recommend it highly, and acknowledge the claims of the Blood Searcher upon the community.

Sold by all the Druggists in this county. See advertisement in another column.

To Consumptives.

THE Advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings County, New York. oct. 5.

The Time for Action.

On the 6th of November, Tuesday next, the Presidential election will be held, and yet there is a remarkable degree of apathy existing among the people generally of this County with regard to it. With the BRECKINRIDGE, DOUGLAS and LINCOLN men (if there are any of the latter) we have nothing to do.—The more lukewarm they are about the election the better it will be for the country. But we do insist upon an uprousing of the friends of BELL and EVERETT in the short time left for that purpose, if they intend to do those worthy candidates, and the great cause which they represent, the justice of giving them a full anti-Locofoco and anti-Disunion vote in this County. No candidates, whether we view them as able statesmen and sincere patriots, or as the embodiment of conservative principles, i. e., as the advocates of peace and concord between the embittered sections, and unalterable love and devotion to this Union, have ever had stronger claims upon the suffrages of the people of Young Carroll, than JOHN BELL and EDWARD EVERETT have in the present juncture of public affairs. Maryland is a border State; and the people of no State and no County have suffered more from the accursed agitation of slavery than they, and none would share larger in the horrors of a dissolution of the Government. They want peace—from the very bottom of their hearts they want peace on this dangerous question, and they know, if they know anything, that the Democratic party has never yet given it to the country, although it has been tried for eight long years and never will, so long as it can retain its hold upon the flesh pots by means of agitation, crimination and recrimination. Let them, then, try a new organization, and see whether the object they so earnestly desire cannot be accomplished under its auspices. Let them see whether the Black Republican party will augment as fearfully as it has done, and whether its victories will be as numerous as they have been during Mr. BUCHANAN's unfortunate reign. We appeal therefore, to the people of Carroll County to stand fast by the Union standard, and gird up their loins for the coming contest. In other Counties, we are gratified to perceive that the friends of BELL and EVERETT are actively and zealously engaged in promoting the success of these worthy candidates. Let us not be content to be ranked like a "laggard in love and a dastard in war," but let us emulate their noble activity, and in the language of one of our cotemporaries, "see that our forces are organized in every district and neighborhood, and go to work with diligence and zeal from now until the day of election.—Not a moment should be lost—for everything depends upon prompt, energetic and continuous effort. We must get every single BELL and EVERETT voter to the polls. In not a single neighborhood should a single BELL and EVERETT voter be allowed to remain at home on the day of election. Appoint, then, canvassing committees for every neighborhood right away, and let those committees proceed to work without a moment's delay. Let every voter be seen and talked with, and let all be persuaded to support the Constitutional Union Ticket."

Men of the South, Stand Firm!

Recent events in the North render the duty of the Union men of the South to support Bell and Everett still more imperative than before. New York may yet be carried against Lincoln, but it can only be carried through a conviction that the South will be true to the Union. The moment it is believed that the Union men of the South will abandon the patriotic ground they now occupy, that moment the Union men of the North will be discouraged in their present efforts to defeat Lincoln, and allow the election, so far as they are concerned, to go by default.

It is, therefore, of paramount importance that the friends of Bell and Everett at the South stand firm, and waver not in the glorious cause they have hitherto pursued. Let them press gallantly on to the end in the same noble spirit in which they entered upon the canvass. Let them do their duty at all events, let who will be recreant and treacherous.

In the event of Lincoln's election, the united voice of the South, in favor of Mr. Bell, would produce far more effect in tempering the violence of a sectional administration than any other possible event. Extremes on one side beget extremes on the other. With Lincoln in the White House, and the Disunionists triumphant at the South, the country would be in a blaze in twenty-four hours, and the scenes of the French Revolution be soon re-enacted in our midst.

To prevent such a tragical catastrophe, nothing can be more effectual than the union of the Southern electoral vote upon Bell and Everett. Such an act would prove to the people of the North that, however sectional they may have become, the South was not willing to surrender those principles upon which the Government was founded, and in accordance with which it has been successfully administered for seventy years.

Election Returns.

We will be under renewed obligations to our friends in the different Districts of the County if they will furnish us with the vote at as early an hour as possible on Tuesday night.

We would advise our readers who may be attracted to the city by the Cattle Show, Institute Exhibition, or business, not to neglect paying a visit to the extensive Furniture Establishment of A. MATHIOT & SON. They will find in their Fall Stock the grandest assortment of Household Furniture ever manufactured in any establishment in the country, consisting of Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Parlor, Chamber and Dining Room Furniture, together with a splendid assortment of plain, well made articles, suiting the most extravagant or economical tastes.—As the Messrs. Mathiot are always pleased to exhibit their stock, an invitation to call, if merely for the gratification of curiosity, is extended to all. FURNITURE WAREROOMS, Nos. 25 and 27 North Gay Street, near Fayette, Baltimore. o12,5t.

In consequence of Union Bridge being the terminus of the Western Maryland Railroad which will necessarily induce many persons to locate and build where a large amount of Business will be done, to such we call your special attention, as you can save money by calling on the undersigned who will furnish you *with all the comforts of life*, as well as all kinds of *building material* at such prices as would almost induce you to locate here without the very flattering prospects and inducements held out to you by the early completion of the Railroad. In prospecting around, don't forget to call and see the inducements held out to you by SHIRK & ZIMMERMAN, at their warerooms, on Main street, near the Railroad depot lot.

CORRESPONDENCE.

STATE OF PARTIES.

Mr. Editor: Some of the items why a lover of a good and well-regulated Government cannot vote for either wing of Democracy, both alike pursue the same easy policy. First the Democracy, free trade, free foreigners and free whiskey, but the protection to negroes or the slave-holders is an exception to the rule which seems just now to break Democracy down, and here is where the other wing of Democracy, which the original Democracy created, has the advantage, that is, the Lincoln party, free negroes, free States, and perhaps free love, and may be free foreigners also. With nothing to protect, the country seems to be running a good deal like France did at one time. The Democratic party never did regulate anything much as I know of. I would not have a United States Bank, because perhaps too hard to regulate, and may have been, created too much intelligence, and as much as it goes for liberty it did not wish some to have paper money, and other specie or hard money, but it boasts of a great right, seems to me. Leave a man free of liquor, and it is hard to rob him of equal rights. As far as I have noticed, whiskey sellers and makers are generally Democrats, because that party go for that kind of liberty. The Lincoln party seems to want to rob the slave-holder of the liberty of holding slaves. Why don't the Lincoln party let the slave-holder rob himself or herself of that privilege of holding slaves the same as Mr. Lincoln and Mr. Douglas robbed themselves of the privilege of laboring splitting rails and making furniture. Somebody must work, and if white folks wont, as I see that free negroes don't like it over much, is it not best to make the slaves work, or are we all going to cut our own throats on account of a few negroes that are among us? Douglas is a great man, for every one could not have split the Democratic party as he did. I hope that all true Democrats can see that it is their sure interest to vote for Bell and Everett. The politicians in the Democratic party prefer Lincoln to one who will give us a good and well regulated Government, because the bosses in that party know well if either such men as Bell and Everett get hold of the reins of Government, it is a goner with the Democracy. The old Whig party used to draw the rubbers on the Democracy, which made a well regulated government, but when the Whig party ceased to act, the Democracy flies to pieces with its own impetuosity down hill, and therefore Democracy goes for Lincoln. It will try to make his rule as bad as it can, so as to get hold of the Government itself again, and right here is the danger of a dissolution. If a Democrat respects Mr. Breckinridge and Lane, he will not vote to send them to the House to be sent back, besides they are military men which Mr. Clay pronounced dangerous to this Government. It may run this Government somewhat like other sister Republics of the South. DAVID MILLER.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

ARTHUR'S HOME MAGAZINE.—If there is a magazine published in this country, or any other country, that deserves the patronage of every community, it is Arthur's. We hesitate not to say that there is not a magazine of our acquaintance which, if received in our houses and families, will have a greater tendency to improve the tastes, polish the manners, and enrich the minds of our wives and children than this one. The November number is excellent in all its qualities.—We commend it to patronage. We will send the Sentinel and Magazine to any address, one year, for $2 50, in advance.

LUTHERAN ALMANAC.—Messrs. REESE & GERNAND have favored us with a copy of the Lutheran Almanac for 1861, arranged according to the system of the German calanders, with valuable statistical information. Price 6 cents.

"Cling to the Union."

The skies have been overcast, but they are shifting now, and there is still hope for the success of the Union party. It only remains for its supporters to be firm and undaunted, to be unmoved by the roorbacks of the Disunionists or the bluster of the Northern sectionalists.—We have entered the lists as champions of the Union and the Constitution, the defenders of the integrity of the one and the supremacy of the other from assaults from whatever quarter they may come. It behooves us now, one and all, to stand fast by our Union banner, and proudly as of yore to bear it always high advanced and in the battle's very front. This is the right position of Maryland, and it is no time for her sons to falter.

In the conflict that is about to ensue, whatever may be the anticipated result, it will be the solemn and sacred duty of the men of the Constitutional Union party to stand firm and unshaken. Let them remember that the contest will not be ended with the Presidential election. It must continue. There will be, hereafter, only two great parties in the country—the Republican party and the Union party. Democracy will have gone to its long rest—to the grave its festering corruption has made for it. The conservative Union men of the North will alone constitute the opposition to Republicanism there. Any attempt to re-unite the scattered fragments and to breathe new life into Democracy, will only fasten upon us all a continuance of Republican party government, and result in a succession of victories of the Northern sectional party. The Union party alone will be the refuge of the South, and of the conservative men of the whole country, and it behooves them to keep the Union flag still flying, and to commence, from the day of the Presidential election, now near at hand, the organization of a great Union party for another and more vigorous and successful campaign.

The Real Estate of the late JACOB MAUS, of this County, was sold at public sale last week, as follows: home farm of 228 acres, to Charles Rebert, at $71 per acre; another farm of 110 acres, to Samuel Stonesifer, at $29 50; another of 104 acres, to Wm. H. Maus, at $40; and another to John Study, at $29 87½ per acre. This property lies in Myer's District, each farm adjoining, handsomely improved, in a highly productive state of cultivation, and the prices regarded as low.

Holloway's Pills.

Nervous Headache, from whatever cause, debility, indigestion, costiveness, liver complaint or nervous disorders, will find a speedy and radical cure in Holloway's Medicines. They invigorate the constitution, restore the torpid energy of the stomach, stimulate the action of the bowels, cleanse the blood and purify the secretions of the bile and liver. Sold by all druggists, at 25c., 62c. and $1 per box.

Sufferers from Scrofula and Scrofulous affections, clean up! Why wear your Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores? Why have the life twisted out of you by Dyspepsia, Rheumatism and Gout? Why suffer Syphilitic and Mercurial diseases to rot the bones in your body, or the flesh off your bones? Why let your sluggish blood drag and scatter its distempers through your veins? AYER'S COMP. EX'T. of Sarsaparilla cures these complaints, and cleanses them out of the system. Use it faithfully and you bring to society a healthier, cleanlier, and far more acceptable member.—*Democrat, Baltimore, Md.*

IT IS A COMMON OBSERVATION that there are more sufferers from debility, among Americans, than can be found among any other civilized nation. The reason is obvious. We take too little exercise, and forget the wants of the body in the absorbing pursuits of business. In all such cases, ordinary medicines can do little good. What is required is just such a tonic and invigorator as Dr. J. Hostetter has given to the world, in his CELEBRATED "BITTERS." The weak and nervous denizen of the counting house, the exhausted toiler upon the shop board, and the prostrated student of the midnight lamp, have found a wonderful regenerator in the "Bitters," and prefer it to more pretentious, but less efficacious medicines.—But it should not be forgotten that the agent which is so magical in its influence upon a frame which is merely debilitated, is equally powerful in assisting nature to expel the most terrible forms of disease. Who would not give it a trial?

See advertisement in another column.

A Card to Young Ladies & Gentlemen.

The subscriber will send (FREE OF CHARGE) to all who desire it, the Recipe and directions for making a simple VEGETABLE BALM, that will, in two to eight days, remove Pimples, Blotches, TAN, FRECKLES, Sallowness, and all impurities and roughness of the Skin, leaving the same—as Nature intended it should be—SOFT, CLEAR, SMOOTH, and BEAUTIFUL. Those desiring the Recipe, with full instructions, directions, and advice, will please call on or address (with return postage,) JAS. T. MARSHALL, *Practical Chemist*, No. 32 City Buildings, New York. se7-3m

SEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT & DIRECTORS OF THE WESTERN MD. RAILROAD COMPANY, TO THE STOCKHOLDERS, AT THEIR ANNUAL MEETING.

GENTLEMEN: Since the beginning of our fiscal year, ending with your assembling here to-day, many grave and important changes have taken place in the midst of our operations, and we may add, one change in our official relations that death has forever sealed. A valued officer and wise counsellor has been taken from his career of usefulness, and left us with a melancholy void to struggle against the adversities of our position: and we mourn with you the loss of WM. ROBERTS as a business and social calamity to our whole community.

After his demise, AUGUSTUS SHRIVER acted as President *pro tem.*, and was, in June last, elected President. The beginning of our year found the track laid and road in operation to Owings' Mills. It is at this time at a point within seven miles of Westminster, with a fair prospect of its early completion to this place, there having been twelve miles laid, independent of sideings and turns-out during the year.

The great difficulties which your Board have, until recently, labored under, are not unfamiliar to every Stockholder, or, indeed, to every thinking man within the limits of the influence of our road. We take occasion here to revert to them with some degree of regret, and as extenuation of the tardy progress the road has made since its commencement, as well as the demands which justice to ourselves requires, not wishing, with others, to shirk from any dereliction of duty which we may have committed. Nearly a year has elapsed since the last installment upon your Stock was due and payable, and at this late day, but $125,000 has been paid of the $200,000 of ... Stock subscriptions which was ... [illegible] ... comply. While the Board were striving to act as their best judgments should dictate under such trying circumstances, with an exhausted Treasury and the work still progressing, creating more demands with those who had punctually advanced their means, demanding that those who have united with them in this great work, should meet them with that same liberality, almost at times censuring us on account of the delinquency of Stockholders, whom we had seen and remonstrated with time and again.

When the graduation and bridging depended upon funds from this source, it will be readily seen why the work has not advanced more rapidly. While this was tending to destroy confidence and faith even with many of its friends in the ultimate completion of the road, it had a no less baneful influence upon the sale of the Bonds which were necessary in laying the track and supplying the Road with machinery, until this class of the Company's securities almost ceased to have a saleable value.

In this dilemma, the Company seemed to have no other recourse for aid than to look to the City of Baltimore for an endorsement of their Bonds, to whose authorities application was made at their extra session in November last, for an amount of $200,000.

This amount was in Committee of Council increased to $250,000, and upon this Legislative authority was obtained at its last session.

After a great deal of pressing and discussion upon all sts points, the Council finally consummated this long desired boon in July last, by passing an ordinance to endorse $300,000 of the Company's First Mortgage Bonds as they are, and $200,000 of Second Mortgage Bonds. In the case of the second mortgage, the city to have an especial lien upon the road as security after the First Mortgage.

These endorsements are to cover the whole Road to Hagerstown, and are to be effected as each five miles of track are in operation in sums of $25,000, or $5,000 per mile. Of these the City retains as a sinking fund, twenty per cent., leaving the Company eighty per cent. as an available resource.

To our friends in the city of Baltimore, Washington and Frederick Counties, and others who have aided us in securing this most desirable feature, in the certain completion of our road, we hereby tender our sincere thanks.

$75,000 of these Bonds have already been endorsed, and $25,000 more are in the hands of the City Register for his endorsement, it being due upon the further extension of the track.

The ordinance provides, also, that the City of Baltimore shall have a representation of two members in the Board of Directors of this Company. To meet this requirement of the Ordinance, a vacancy was created some time since; within a few days the Mayor of Baltimore has presented the names of two gentlemen to represent the city, and it will therefore be necessary that they should be elected by the Stockholders as other Directors are chosen.

The work upon the upper division is now about completed from Union Bridge to one mile east of New Windsor, while the remaining part under construction on the lower division between Westminster and Shamberger's Mill is being energetically pushed forward with a view of not interrupting the continuous laying of the track.

The right of way has been, thus far, for the most part, conceded with that generous liberality which shows an unselfish and intelligent appreciation of the general benefits consequent upon the construction of a great work of this nature. But there have been those who have forced the Company with an illiberal severity to pay far beyond a reasonable estimate of damages done; thus starting the enquiry, why engage in a work of this nature for the purpose,—it seemed to be in some cases of paying the funds of others to those who reaped all the benefits. [illegible] ... interest expense, convinces us of its future ... benefits, when extended to Westminster and Union Bridge.

The Board offer the propriety of urging the completion of the remaining graduation and bridging between Westminster and New Windsor, during the present winter, thus enabling the track laying to be commenced in the early spring, and be completed by the coming midsummer.

In conclusion we have to say with regard to the course we have been necessitated to take in the collection of the delinquent stock subscriptions, we have not proceeded without first having the full co-operation and urgency of those who have paid in full, and the advice of the first counsel in the country on these questions, and, as a matter of right and justice to the steadfast friends of the Road, we have transferred the collection of all arrears to the hands of WM. SCHLEY, Esq., who willingly assumes them, confident that they are justly due and collectable.

For a full and itemised statement of the financial operations of the Company for the past year, the Board refer to the able report of their Treasurer, J. HENRY HOPPER, Esq.

We cannot close without paying a tribute to our co-workers, Messrs. IRWIN and TAYLOR, the contractors, who have throughout, by their hearty co-operation in all our difficulties, rendered efficient aid to the Board, and shrinking from no responsibilities that came within the scope of their operations. Their contract thus far has been faithfully performed, and in the machinery and rolling stock placed on the road, they evince task and liberality highly creditable to themselves.

AUG. SHRIVER,
President Western Maryland Railroad Company.
October 17th, 1860.

The Treasurer's Report will be presented next week.

MARRIED.

On Thursday, 18th ult., by Rev. James Brads, Mr. J. THOMAS TURFLE and Miss MARGARET MILLER, all of Westminster District.

On Thursday, 25th ult., by Rev. Dr. Haner, Mr. HENRY F. HOFFACKER to Miss ELIZABETH, daughter of Mr. John Zimmerman, all of Manchester District.

On the 16th ult., by Rev. Mr. Welty, Mr. C. BRASHEAR, of Carroll, to Miss ANNA D. CAIN, of Frederick County.

DIED.

On the 15th ult., in Freedom District, MARY, daughter of Abraham and Honor Prugh, aged about 25 years.

In Guernsey County, Ohio, on the 12th ult., of billious fever, RICHARD CORNELL, formerly of this County, aged 26 years 6 months and 22 days.

In Westminster, on the 30th ult., E. HIRAM GARDNER, in the 22d year of his age. His funeral was attended by a large concourse of sympathizing friends, the Odd Fellows, Red Men, and Carroll Guards. An appropriate discourse was delivered by Rev. D. EVANS REESE.

He's GONE! Within the silent tomb
The mortal mould'ring ashes lie;
The living spirit now hath flown
To happy realms beyond the sky.
The helpless child, and weeping wife,
Now mourn the parent, husband friend,
Snatch'd from them thus in early life.
Why thus doth Heaven affliction send?
But op'ning through you azure blue,
The eye of faith beholds him stand,
In vestments rich, of golden hue,
With glory crowned, at God's right hand.
He's gone to win from Earth to Heaven
The hearts that fondly lov'd him here.
In mercy there the blow was given;
Then oh! prepare to meet him there!

Westminster, Md., Oct. 30, 1860.

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.

At a meeting of the CARROLL GUARDS held at their Armory on Tuesday evening, October 30, 1860, Captain GEO. EDW. WAMPLER in the Chair, WM. A. MCKELLIP, Secretary, it was

Resolved, That we have learned with the most profound sorrow of the death of our esteemed officer and brother soldier, Lieutenant E. HIRAM GARDNER.

Resolved, That we admired the deceased for his many virtues, and loved him for the uniform kindness with which he always greeted his fellow soldiers and associates.

Resolved, That our Company feels, sensibly feels, the void created in its ranks by this stroke of death, and that while we must bow with submission to the will of Him who holds the destiny of men in His hands, yet we shall ever cherish the memory of our deceased Lieutenant as a link connecting him with the early organization of this Company, in which he took such an active and so generous a part, and carry it with us into the future to assist us in emulating his virtues.

Resolved, That we tender to the bereaved widow and relatives of the deceased our heartfelt sympathy in this their hour of mourning, and trust that they may be enabled to look up through this cloud of affliction to a sky more bright, and receive from Him "who tempers the wind to the shorn lamb," such consolation as will assist them to bear with christian fortitude this dispensation of an All-Wise Providence.

Resolved, As a further mark of respect that each member of the CARROLL GUARDS wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days, and that the Company attend the funeral to-morrow in full uniform.

Resolved, That these Resolutions be signed by the officers of the Company, and published in the Sentinel, and Democrat, and a copy forwarded to the family of the deceased.

GEO. EDW. WAMPLER, Chm'n.
WM. A. MCKELLIP, Sec'y.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.

REV. WM. COLLIFLOWER will preach at Crider's Church on Sunday morning next at 10 o'clock.

LONG and Square Shawls, a fresh lot is now offered for sale by *Reifsnider & Son.*

CLOUDS, Nubias and Comforts, a general assortment, by *Reifsnider & Son.*

FOR Sale by SHIRK & ZIMMERMAN, a vast amount of Merchandise of every description, at extremely low prices.
Union Bridge, Oct. 12

MARKETS.

NOVEMBER 1.—FLOUR through the week has been dull and heavy, and within the past day or two prices have given way slightly, under the influence of rather unfavorable foreign advices. The transactions have been lighter than for some weeks past, the sales adding up only about 7,000 bbls. Howard-street Super sold at $5 62½, and Extra nominal at 6@$5 25. Ohio, Super, steady at $5 62½ and Extra dull at $6. City Mills Super, $5 37½, Extra steady at 6 25@$6 50 for standard, and 7@$7 50 for standard brands. Family Flour, 6 50 @$9. Rye Flour, 4 25@$4 37½ ⅌ bbl. Buckwheat Flour, 2 25@$3 25. Corn Meal, 3 62@$3 75 ⅌ bbl.

GRAIN.—The receipts of Grain have been rather light, the offerings embracing some 55,000 bus. Wheat, 25,000 bus. Corn, 1,400 bus. Rye, and 24,000 bus. Oats. The demand has been fair with no material change in prices from last week, sales of red making at 120c for common, 125@136c for fair to prime, and white at 125 @130c for common, 135@140c for medium, 150@160c for good to prime, and 160@175c for prime to choice.—

CORN, new white, 50@55c, and 50@57c for yellow.—Old Corn sells at 67@69c for yellow, and 70@72c for white. Rye 70 to 75c for Maryland, and 80 to 82c for Pennsylvania. Oats 32@34c ⅌ bus.

SEEDS.—Cloverseed, 6 to $6 50. Timothyseed at $3, and Flaxseed, 1 48@$1 50 ⅌ bushel.

FISH.—Herrings ranging from 2 50 to $4, and Mackerel 6 to $19 ⅌ bbl.

PROVISIONS.—Bacon, Shoulders, 9½@9⅝c. Sides, 11⅝ and Hams 12@14c. Lard, 12½@15c. Butter 16@16c.

POTATOES.—Mercer's in lots, 60@70c ⅌ bus.

Copartnership.

WE the undersigned, having this day formed a Copartnership in the Practice of Medicine, are prepared to attend to all the Branches of our Profession.
WM. A. MATHIAS, M. D.
J. W. HERING, M. D.
Nov. 2,—tf.

CAUTION!

MY wife MARGARET A. WAMPLER, having left my bed and board without any just cause or provocation, all persons are hereby forwarned from trusting her on my account, as I am determined to pay no debts of her contracting after this date.
HENRY H. WAMPLER.
Nov 2-4t.

ELECTION.

Office of the Mutual Fire Insurance Company in Baltimore County, NOVEMBER 1, 1860.
NOTICE is hereby given that a general meeting of the members of this Company will be held on *Monday, January* 7, 1861, at the Secretary's Office, No. 45 West Fayette-street, Baltimore, for the purpose of electing thirteen Directors for the ensuing year.
Nov2-te. G. M. HISS, Sec'y.

GRAND TORCHLIGHT RALLY!! AT TANEYTOWN! TO-MORROW NIGHT! SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 3!

THE friends of BELL and EVERETT throughout the County will hold a Grand Rally and Torchlight Procession at Taneytown, To-morrow night. The people will be addressed by Messrs. Roman, Kilgour, Webster, Smith, Dr. Simpson, Christ, Col. Hook, and others.
A BAND OF MUSIC will be there.

ATTENTION!

Smallwood Infantry.

YOU are hereby ordered to meet at your Armory in full Dress Uniform, on SATURDAY, 3d of NOVEMBER, at 1 o'clock, precisely, for inspection and drill.
By order,
WM. H. ORENDORFF,
Nov. 2. Orderly Searg't.

NOTICE.

THE members, Active and Honorary, of the Smallwood Infantry, are requested to attend a meeting of the Company, at their Armory, on *Friday Evening, November 2*, at 7 o'clock. The Active ... [illegible] ...
Nov. 2. Secretary.

UNION MASS MEETING At Manchester.

THE friends of BELL and EVERETT, the Union, the Constitution, and the Enforcement of the Laws, are respectfully invited to attend a

UNION MASS MEETING
AT MANCHESTER,
ON SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 3.

The people will be addressed by Hon's. J. MORRISON HARRIS, EDWIN H. WEBSTER, COLEMAN YELLOTT, JOHN E. SMITH, J. MORTIMER KILGOUR, Esq., and C. W. WEBSTER, Esq.
The Manchester, Mt. Pleasant and Westminster Bands will be present.
Let the people turn out in masses.
Oct. 26-2t. COM. OF ARRANGEMENTS.

Commissioner's Notice.

THE County Commissioners of Carroll County will meet in their office, at Westminster, on *the first Monday of November next*, for the transaction of business.
Oct 5,-tm. JAMES BLIZZARD, Clerk.

ROAD NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that the subscribers, residents of Carroll County, intend applying to the County Commissioners of Carroll County at their next meeting after the 5th of November, 1860, to lay out and open a Public Road, commencing at the Bartholow road, near a gate on the North side of said road, thence through the land of Joshua Sundergill to the line of S. D. Warfield and Samuel Gore, dec'd., then on or near said line to the lands of Mrs. Terisa Gore and Stephen R. Gore, then on or near said line to the Liberty road.
STEPHEN R. GORE,
R. H. THOMPSON,
S. D. WARFIELD,
Nov 3—5t and others.

ROAD NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that the undersigned intend to apply by petition after 30 days from the date hereof, to the County Commissioners of Carroll County, to open a Public Road in said County, commencing at a point on the public road leading from Taneytown to Littlestown, near John Crouse's Blacksmith Shop, and running from thence between and along the lands of John Thompson, Peter Helterbrick, Jesse Shaffer, W. Reaver, F. Hamer, S. Slougenhopt, and others, until it intersects the Public Road leading from Taneytown to Gettysburg, near Eli Sowers'.
PETER HELTERBRICK,
Nov. 2,—5t. and 26 others.

Estate of Philip Cleary, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphan's Court of Carroll County, letters Testamentary on the personal estate of PHILIP CLEARY, late of said County, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers to the subscriber within six months from this date, otherwise they may by law be excluded from the benefits of said estate. Those indebted are requested to make immediate payment. JACOB REESE,
Nov. 2,—4t. Executor.

FRUIT GROWERS

WHO purchased Trees at Carroll Nurseries are respectfully informed that they will be ready for delivery on *Saturday, November* 10.
Oct. 26—4t JOSEPH STOUF.

MEAT CUTTERS AND STUFFERS.—Just received, a large assortment, and for sale very low by
Nov2 *Reifsnider & Son.*

BED, Carriage and Horse Blankets, for sale by
Nov2 *Reifsnider & Son.*

NO. 652 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Carroll County.
In the matter of the Trust Estate of David Johnson. NOTICE is hereby given this 27th day of October, 1860, to the creditors of David Johnson, who were such prior to the 5th day of April, 1860, to file their claims, properly authenticated, in this Court, on or before the *4th day of December, next.*
Nov. 2,—4t. ABNER NEAL, Auditor.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE At Public Sale.

THE undersigned, Agent for the Heirs of *Daniel Shunk*, late of Carroll County, deceased, will positively sell at Public Sale, on
Tuesday, December 4, 1860,
on the premises, at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, THE FARM or tract of land upon which the said Daniel Shunk resided at the time of his death, containing

104 ACRES OF LAND,

more or less, lying within one mile of Union Bridge, the present terminus of the Western Maryland Railroad. This Farm is first quality Red Land, in a high state of cultivation, laid off into convenient fields, and under good fencing. The Improvements consist of a two-story STONE HOUSE, large BANK BARN, *Stone Spring House Hay and Grain Sheds*, with all necessary out-buildings.—There is also on this Farm a never-failing Spring of excellent Water; a large quantity of the choicest Fruit of all kinds, and lying immediately in the vicinity of the greatest abundance of Limestone. From the location of this Farm and the highly improved condition of its soil, renders it truly a desirable property, well worthy the attention of those desiring to purchase a good Farm.
Possession will be given on the 1st April, 1861.
Terms: One-third cash; the balance in one and two years, with note, interest and security.
SAMUEL SHUNK,
Nov. 2-ts Agent.

CONSTABLE'S SALE.

BY Virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued by Edwin A. Atlee, one of the Justices of the Peace of the State of Maryland, in and for Carroll County, at the suit of PETER LOOKINGBILL, against the goods and chattles, lands and tenements of FANNY DORSEY, (colored,) and to me directed, I will expose to sale, at Public Auction, to the highest bidder for cash, on
Saturday, the 24th of November, 1860,
at 2 o'clock, P. M., at Hawk's Hill, in Carroll County, all the right, title, claim, interest, and estate, at law and in equity of the said Fanny Dorsey, in and to the following property, viz: All that part of a tract of land called "*Agreement*," lying in Carroll County, aforesaid, containing

2 Acres of Land,

more or less, together with the improvements thereon, consisting of a TWO-STORY LOG DWELLING, heretofore seized and taken in execution at the suit of Peter Lookingbill.
WILLIAM DELPHEY,
Nov. 2,—ts. Constable.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY.

THE undersigned, by virtue of the last Will and Testament of PHILIP CLEARY, late of Carroll County, Maryland, deceased, and of the Orders of the Orphans' Court for said County, will offer at Public Sale, at the late residence of said deceased, situate on the Washington Road, about two miles South from Westminster, on
Tuesday, the 27th of November, 1860,
at 10 o'clock, A. M., the Real and Personal Property of said deceased, viz:

A Small Farm, CONTAINING 45 ACRES OF LAND,

more or less, improved with a COMFORTABLE LOG HOUSE, LOG STABLE, and a Well of excellent and never-failing Water near the house. A due proportion of the land is in Thriving Young

Timber,

and the residue is cleared land, enclosed with good fence and is in a good state of cultivation.

The Personal Property consists of
2 Cows, 1 Heifer, TWO HOGS, 1 Sow, 5 Shoats,
Plough, Harrow, Shovel Plough, Cultivator, double and single Trees, lot of Harness, Forks, Rakes, Shovels,
1 one-horse Wagon,
lot of CORN BY THE BARREL, lot of Potatoes, Buckwheat and Oats by the bushel; lot of Straw, Hay and Cornfodder; lot of WHEAT growing in the ground.
3 Bedsteads and Bedding,
TEN-PLATE STOVE AND PIPE,
1 Cooking Stove and Pipe, 1 Table, lot of Chairs, 1 Mantle Clock, Desk, Trunk, Chest, lot of Queens, Earthen and Tin-Ware; lot of Tin and Wooden Buckets, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

The Terms of Sale of the Real Estate are:—One-third part of the purchase money to be paid by the purchaser to the undersigned on the day of sale, or upon the ratification thereof by the Orphans' Court, aforesaid, and the residue to be paid in two equal payments, the one to be paid in one year and the other in two years from the day of sale, and to be secured by the purchaser or purchasers giving his, her or their notes, or single bills, with security to be approved of by the undersigned, bearing interest from the day of sale.

The Terms of Sale of the Personal Property are, viz:—A credit of six months will be given on all purchases amounting to $5 or upwards, the purchaser giving his note with security approved of by the undersigned, and bearing interest from the day of sale, and all purchases amounting to less than $5 are to be cash, and no property to be removed until the terms of sale are complied with.
JACOB REESE,
Nov. 2,—ts. Executor.

N. B.—Persons wishing to view the above Real Property before the day of sale, will please call upon Mrs. CLEARY, who resides thereon.
JACOB REESE, Executor.

Notice of Personal Discharge.

ON application by petition in writing of SAMUEL KELBAUGH, of Carroll County, to the Circuit Court for Carroll County, for the benefit of the Act of Assembly, entitled, An Act for the relief of Insolvent Debtors, passed at January session, 1854, a schedule of his property and a list of the debts due him, with the names of his debtors, and also a list of the debts due from him with the names of his creditors, verified by affidavit, being annexed to his said petition, and being satisfied that the said Samuel Kelbaugh has at no time within two years previous to said application been discharged under any Insolvent Law of this State; and the said petitioner having taken the oath prescribed by law, and having also executed to a Trustee by said Court appointed, a good and sufficient Deed for his property and estate of every description (the necessary wearing apparel and bedding of himself and family excepted,) and delivered the same to said Trustee,—and the said Trustee having also executed a Bond to the State of Maryland, by said Court approved, for the faithful discharge of his Trust.—It is therefore ordered and directed that the First Monday of April, next, be fixed as the day for the appearance of said Samuel Kelbaugh in the Circuit Court for Carroll County to answer such interrogatories or allegations as his creditors, endorsers, or sureties may propose or allege against him, and that the said petitioner cause notice of said day to be given to his creditors by publication in some newspaper printed in Carroll County for three successive months prior to the said First Monday of April.
Given under my hand this 25th day of July, 1860. GEO. EDW'D. WAMPLER, Clerk.
True copy,—Test:
Nov. 2,-3m. GEO. EDW'D. WAMPLER, Clerk.

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