American Sentinel.

OLD SERIES, Vol. XXXIII.—No. 2,406. 'BE JUST AND FEAR NOT—LET ALL THE ENDS THOU AIM'ST AT, BE THY COUNTRY'S, THY GOD'S AND TRUTH'S.' NEW SERIES, Vol. 17.—No. 23

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TERMS.

THE AMERICAN SENTINEL

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ONE DOLLAR & FIFTY CENTS

Per Annum, in advance: If not paid in advance Two Dollars will be charged, and if delayed over the year Two Dollars and Fifty Cents. No paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid, except at our own option.

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☞The above Terms, in all cases will be strictly and rigidly adhered to.

POETRY.

"I LOVE SOMEBODY."

A matter-of-fact poetical genius says: "I overheard a moonstruck chap the other day remarking that he loved a certain young lady well enough to die for her. Now I *love somebody* very much, and—

I'd swear for her—
I'd tear for her—
The Lord knows what I'd bear for her,
I'd lie for her—
I'd sigh for her—
I'd drink the Hudson dry for her;

I'd "cuss" for her—
Do "wuss" for her—
I'd kick up a thunderin' fuss for her,
I'd weep for her—
I'd leap for her—
I'd go without any sleep for her;

I'd fight for her—
I'd bite for her—
I'd walk the street all night for her;
I'd plead for her—
I'd bleed for her—
I'd go without any "feed" for her;

I'd shoot for her—
I'd boot for her—
A rival who'd come to "suit" for her;
I'd kneel for her—
I'd steal for her—
Such is the love I feel for her;

I'd slide for her—
I'd ride for her—
I'd swim 'gainst wind and tide for her;
I'd dry for her—
I'd cry for her—
But—hang me if I'd die for her.

N. B.—Or any other woman.

MISCELLANEOUS.

An Opportune Arrival.

In the year 1849 I was engaged in collecting outstanding debts due the Apalachian, a paper published in Blairsville, Indiana county, Pennsylvania and my business led me to the Cherry Tree, at the head waters of the Susquehanna river. It was in May, and the flowers were out in all their pristine beauty. The water in the river was still pretty high, and I had ridden some distance along the bank when my path diverged from the river side some distance, and then suddenly came back to the margin, just where the river took a turn and the water deepened. As I approached I heard some one crying in the greatest distress, and on looking down to the river I discovered a young girl, apparently about fifteen or sixteen years of age, and remarkably good looking, wring her hands, and moaning in the most deplorable manner. I asked her what was the matter, and between her sobs I made out the following:

'I was playing on this—log—and—my baby fell into the water, and—the—there it goes down th—there.'

And upon looking down the stream about four or five yards from the shore there floated a child, its one little hand raised above the rippling waves, while its little head and face bobbed up and down with every curve of the water.—Without a moment's thought I sprang from my horse and into the stream; a few strokes brought me up to the little 'innocent.' Carefully putting my left hand under it, and holding it almost completely out of the water with my right, I made my way to the shore, and carefully gathering it in my arms, I laid it gently in the arms of its little nurse; but judge of my surprise when I beheld—for I had not taken time to look at it before—that it was a doll baby, with a china head! On looking round for my horse, I saw him just disappearing over the hill. I gave chase, but my clothes were wet, and I didn't overtake him until I had footed it for more than seven miles. I can't bear the sight of a doll baby since. If I ever come across that girl again—well, I suppose she's a girl no longer, and has found out ere this the difference between real and doll babies; but I wonder if she remembers the stranger who rescued her darling?'

A Big Offer.

The Dubuque *Times* says that while in that city, John B. Gough received a letter from an English gentleman who offered him two hundred and fifty pounds ($1,200) in gold per night for one years service in London—but one lecture to be given in a week, and the series to be confined entirely to the metropolis. Besides the money offer, the correspondent tenders Mr. Gough a well furnished house in the most respectable portion of the city, free of rent, for the year.—Sixty-two thousand four hundred dollars a year for one night's work in each week! Mr. Gough said he should have to consider this proposition.

THE NEW YORK CLERK,
Or Honesty the Best Policy.

A young man by the name of Ames was a clerk for a merchant in New York, and was entrusted with the bills of account to collect, which service he performed honestly so far as his employer could discover; but Mr. Smith (that was the name of the merchant) was a very cautious man, and often laid 'traps' to catch his clerks in defrauding him, if any of them were not proof against dishonesty. In this way he ascertained which of them could be trusted and when he found one of them to be dishonest, he would discharge him.

Mr. Smith kept a wholesale and retail dry goods store, doing an immense business; and after he had accumulated a fortune, and had begun to think of retiring from business, he said, 'Now, I am going to give up my business to such of my clerks as I know to be honest. I shall test them, one by one, and to-morrow I am going to see what Ames is—an honest young man, or a rascal.'

The next morning he called on a friend whose son was intimate with young Ames and arranged a 'trap' to test his honesty. A large number of accounts were to be given to him to collect that day, and Robert R—— (Mr. Smith's friend's son) was to meet him as by accident, and to propose to him to spend some of the money collected, for nuts, oranges, ice cream, &c

Well, Robert managed to meet Ames just as he had completed his collections, and had a large roll of bills in his pocket, and 'lots of fractional currency,' when the following conversation ensued:

Robert—'Good morning, Ames,—been out collecting? Got lots of money, I suppose?'

Ames—'Yes, I've got over a thousand dollars, and I must hurry back to the store, I'm afraid I may get robbed. One don't know who may be dogging his steps, in such a city as New York, to rob him even in day time.'

Robert—'Don't be in a hurry. Let's go into Taylor's, and get some ice cream, &c. I'll pay the bill.'

So into Taylor's they went, and sat down to a beautiful marble table.—'Now, Ames,' said Robert 'you have a pocket full of money, and I am rather short, just take a dollar out of that roll of greenbacks, and pay the bill. Nobody need know it. You can turn over your money to the cashier, and if he discovers it short one dollar, you can say you can't account for it—some mistake somewhere. Such errors occur often, and nobody thinks one dishonest—I tell you, Ames such chaps as you don't get more than half paid for their services, and it would not be wrong, occasionally, to take a few shillings, when it can be done without being detected. I know a young fellow who pays all his small bills, such as for juleps, cigars and going to the theatres, in that way, and has done so for years, and his employer never suspected him of dishonesty. Come, pay the bill this time, and I'll pay the next one.'

'No, sir,' replied Ames, 'I cannot comply with your request. A dollar short in my cash might be considered an error and overlooked; but there would come a settlemen with my conscience, which could not be got over so easily. My father used to say to me, 'Johnny, when you grow up to be a man, remember that honesty is the best policy.' He's dead and gone now, but his words will never be forgotten. I know I am working for low wages, but I agreed to work for what I receive, and I have no right to receive my employer's money on that account. No, Robert, I refuse your request with scorn and indignation; I am poor, I know, but thank God, I have never taken money that did not belong to me, and I trust I never shall; and if this is the way you seek to turn young men from the path of rectitude, I desire never to meet you again.'

Ames then rose and left Robert seated, and returned to the store.

The next day Mr. Smith called his clerks into his private office, and told them to be seated. They stared at each other in wonder, expecting one and all, to be discharged.

'Boys' says he 'I am going to retire from business. I have made a fortune here, and now propose to loan my entire stock in trade—some $250,000 in amount—and the good will of my customers, to such of you as I feel that I can trust. I have my opinion on that score. Ames, Stanton and Danford, (handing a document to Ames,) here is the bill of sale. You will, if agreeable take immediate possession, and the payments may be made at your convenience. I have tested your honor each one of you—no matter how and I have no doubt you all believe that 'honesty is the best policy.' Good morning gentlemen (taking his hat.) I wish you prosperity in trade.' The firm of 'Ames, Stanton & Danford,' is now one of the welthiest in New York. Ames is married, lives in Fifth Avenue, is worth half a million: and all the result of his refusal to embezzle a dollar of his employer's money Thus do we see, boys, that honesty is truly the best policy.

☞A Waggish journalist, who is often merry over his personal plainness, tells this story of himself; 'I went to a drug store early the other morning for a dose of morphine for a sick friend—The night clerk objected to giving it to me without a prescription, evidently fearing I meant to destroy myself.—'Pshaw,' said I. 'do I look like a man who would kill himself?' Gazing at me steadily for half a minute, he replied: 'I don't know. Seems to me if I should look like you I should be greatly tempted to kill myself.'

Involuntary Bankruptcy.

The provisions of the new Bankrupt bill, so far as they effect voluntary applications are now generally understood but those which give to creditors the power of proceeding to make their debtors bankrupt are not so well known—They are much more extensive than like provisions in former acts, which have been in force in this country, and they are important to be understood.—The causes which will authorize a creditor to proceed against his debtors are as follows:

First. The voluntary departure of the debtor from the State, district, or Territory of which he is an inhabitant, with intent to defraud creditors

Second. Concealment by a debtor, to avoid the service of legal process, in any action of debt or upon demand.

Third. Concealment or removal of property, to prevent its being attached, taken or sequestered on legal progress.

Fourth The assignment, gift, sale, conveyance or transfer of estate, property, rights or credits, in this country or abroad, with intent to delay, defraud or hinder creditors.

Fifth. Being arrested and held in custody under mesne process of execution for a debt valid and provable under the Bankrupt law exceeding one hundred dollars, if such process is not discharged by payment or by law within seven days.

Sixth. Actual imprisonment by process in a civil action upon a demand exceeding one hundred dollars, founded on contract, for more than seven days.

Seventh. The payment, gift or transfer, sale or conveyance of property or money to any person in contemplation of bankruptcy, the party being bankrupt or insolvent at the time

Eighth. Giving a warrant to confess judgment, in contemplation of bankruptcy.

Ninth. Suffering property to be taken in execution, or on legal process with an intent to give a preference to one or more creditors

Tenth. Suffering property to be taken in execution, or upon legal process, with intent to delay or to defeat the operations of this act.

Eleventh. The fraudulent stoppage or suspension by a banker, trader, or merchant of payment of his commercial paper, not resumed within fourteen days.

Any person thus liable for the acts designated may be made a bankrupt within six months after their perpetration, on the petition of one or more of his creditors, the aggregate of whose debt amount to $250. Nor is this all. The transaction which caused the bankruptcy is void, and the assignee may recover back property transferred or money paid by the bankrupt; provided, that the person receiving it had reasonable cause to believe that a fraud was intended, or that the debtor was insolvent. And furthermore, such persons so implicated in the fraud, if a creditor, shall not be allowed to prove his debt against the bankrupt, and must lose it altogether.

I will thus be seen that this act not only gives to the debtor who has been honest but unfortunate, the means of relieving from his burden, but it guarantees to the creditor a remedy against fraudulent practices; renders dispositions of property in favoritism and preference void, and punishes not only the party making such preference, but him who was to receive the benefit. Against involuntary bankrupts, orders of arrest and imprisonment may be issued, and they be either confined or made to give bail for their appearance. These regulations may affect business very much, and it is the duty of every one having transactions with others to make himself master of the directions of the law, so that he shall not render himself innocently liable to punishment.

An Incident of All Fool's Day.

The following story is related to us by an eye-witness: On the first instant a plain old farmer, while taking a stroll around the market, dropped his plethoric pocket-book on Seventeenth street, and the waif was soon surrounded by a crowd of fun-loving urchins, watching eagerly for some one to pick it up—Sundry passers-by stopped to appropriate the treasure, but were deterred by the uproarious laughter of the boys and the shouts of 'April Fool' which invariably greeted them After some time, the old gentleman discovering his loss, returned in search of his treasure, and to his infinite surprise discovered it lying on the pavement, surrounded by the group aforesaid. Eagerly grasping it, undisturbed by the laughter which greeted him, he opened it, and counting over a goodly pile of greenbacks, pronounced it 'all right,' and declaring that he had no idea the people in Richmond were so honest, went on his way rejoicing, leaving the urchins to cast wondering glances at each other, and endeavoring to discover where the laugh came in.—*Richmond Enquirer.*

☞A gentleman one day asked a little girl, an only child, how many sisters she had, and was told "three or four." Her mother asked Mary, when they were alone, what had induced her to tell such an untruth. "Why, mamma," cried Mary, "I didn't want him to think that you were so poor that you hadn't but one child. Wouldn't he thought we were dreadful poor?"

☞A gentleman, in the spring-time of life, when walking with a lady, stumbled and fell. On his resuming his perpendicular, the lady remarked, "I am sorry for unfortunate *faux pas.*" "No, I didn't hurt my fore paws," said he, "I only scraped my knee."

How we Act, not How we Look

'O, Tommy, what a funny little woman! Come and see!' cried Harry Wilde, as he stood at the window of his father's house in a pleasant English town. Tommy ran to the window and looked out, and laughed louder than his brother. It was indeed a funny sight to see. In the midst of a pelting rain, through the mud and running water, there waddled along the queerest little rolypoly figure you can imagine. It was a dwarf woman, who, though no taller than a child of seven or eight years, wore an enormous bonnet, and carried an overgrown umbrella. Her clothes were tucked up about her in a queer way, and altogether she was a very laugh-at-able creature

As she passed, she looked up; and oh! such an odd face as she had. The nose was large and long, as though it had kept on growing, after the other features gave out. Indeed, it was so big that the eyes had got into a way of looking at it constantly, which did not improve their beauty The hair was bushy, and of a lively red; but the mouth was quiet and good humored, and the little cross eyes had a merry, kindly twinkle in them.

'Well,' said Harry, 'if I were such an absurd-looking boy as that, I wouldn't show myself. I'd hide by day, and only come out in the night, like an owl; wouldn't you, Tommy?'

'Yes,' said the little boy, and then asked, 'Did God make her, Harry?'

'Yes, He made what there is of her, I suppose; but it wasn't worth while to go on with her!'

Harry! Harry!' cried the mother of the little boy; 'you must not talk so; it is very wicked. That poor little dwarf may be of much use in the world, and do a great deal of good, if she has a kind heart; and she looks as though she had.'

'I should like to know of what use such a poor wee thing can be,' said Harry, shrugging his shoulders.

'God knows,' said Mrs. Wilde, 'and He did not make her in vain.'

The next day was Christmas The rain was over, and it was clear and cold

'Hurrah!' cried Harry from the window; 'here's our wee bit woman again. Her hair is as fiery as ever. I wonder the raid didn't put it out. She might warm her hands in it, if it were not for carrying that big basket.'

Mrs. Wilde, reproving Harry for his thoughtless speech, looked out. The dwarf was trudging slowly along, bearing a heavy basket. The good lady was seized with a strong desire to know more about the strange little creature; so she hurried to her room, put on a bonnet and cloak, went out and followed after her, quietly. She had to go on a long way, before her curiosity was satisfied; but at last she saw the dwarf enter a miserable house, in the suburbs of the town, Mrs. Wilde stole up to the window, and ventured to look in.

She saw the dwarf, surrounded by a crowd of shouting children, to whom she was giving Christmas cake, toys, and clothes from her basket. She saw her give medicine and food to a poor woman, who lay on a bed in a corner.—She heard her say, 'Have the coals come?' and the woman answered, 'Yes, and the blankets; God bless you!'—She saw her take up a baby, feed it, and play with it—so big a baby that Mrs. Wilde thought it ought take turns in tending, with the good little dwarf.

Then the lady turned away in tears, and went home When she had told Harry what she had seen, he blushed deeply, and Tommy said: 'God knew better than brother, what the funny little woman was good for; didn't He?'—*Grace Greenwood's Stories of Many Lands.*

A Practical Camp Joke.

The soldier in his best estate is full of fun. In a tent in the camp of the 11th Indiana Battery, near Murfreesboro, in the absence of chairs a rude bench had been constructed by placing a board upon cross-legs. The board was soon found too limber to bear up the crowd which daily enjoyed its comforts, and was, in consequence, strengthened by laying another thick plank over it. A roguish sergeant one day removed this top plank, and bored a number of auger holes nearly through the bottom board, filled them with powder, laid a train from one to another, prepared his fuse, and then replaced the plank. Shortly after, the bench, as usual, was filled with his unsuspecting comrades, when he reached down and touched the fuse with his lighted cigar. Of course, there was an explosion just about that time, which hoisted the party as would a petard, upsetting the stove and tent furniture, knocking down the tent, and enveloping all in smoke and dire confusion.

☞Artemus Ward says in 'His Book,' 'A female woman is one of the greatest institootions of which the land can boste. She is good in sickness—good in wellness—good all the time. O, woman, woman! You are an angel! when you behave yourself; but when you take off your apairal, and (metiforically speaking) get into pantaloons, and undertake to play the man, you play the devil, and are an emfatic noosance.'

☞Jones, who is engaged in the real estate business, was riding along one day, when he saw this sign: 'This farm for sail.' Seeing a woman pick up an apron full of chips at the wood pile, he politely asked her when the farm was to *sail.* 'Just as soon as the man comes along who can raise the wind.'

BALTIMORE LOCK HOSPITAL.

BALTIMORE, MD.

ESTABLISHED AS A REFUGE FROM QUACKERY.

The Only Place Where a Cure Can be Obtained.

DR. JOHNSTON HAS DISCOVERED THE most Certain, Speedy, and only Effectual Remedy in the World for Weakness of the Back or Limbs, Strictures, Affections of the Kidneys and Bladder, Involuntary Discharges, Impotency, General Debility, Nervousness, Dyspepsia, Languor, Low Spirits, Confusion of Ideas, Palpitation of the Heart, Timidity, Trembling, Dimness of Sight or Giddiness, Disease of the Head, Throat, Nose or Skin, Affections of the Liver, Lungs, Stomach, or Bowels—those Terrible Disorders arising from Solitary Habits of Youth—secret and solitary practices more fatal to their victims than the song of Syrens to the Mariners of Ulysses, blighting their most brilliant hopes or anticipations, rendering marriage, &c., impossible,

YOUNG MEN

Especially, who have become the victims of Solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of Young Men of the most excellent talents and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise have entranced listening Senates with the thunders of eloquence, or waked to ecstacy the living lyre, may call upon me with full confidence.

MARRIAGE.

Married Persons, or Young Men contemplating marriage, being aware of Physical weakness, organic debility, deformities, &c., speedily cured

He who places himself under the care of Dr. J. may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a Physician.

ORGANIC WEAKNESS.

Immediately Cured and Full Vigor Restored.

This Dreadful Disease—which renders Life miserable and Marriage impossible—is the penalty paid by the victims of improper indulgences. Young persons are too apt to commit excesses from not being aware of the dreadful consequences that may ensue Now, who that understands the subject will pretend to deny that the power of procreation is lost sooner by those falling into improper habits than by the prudent? Besides being deprived the pleasure of healthy offspring, the most serious and destructive symptoms to both body and mind arise.—The system becomes Deranged, the Physical and Mental Functions Weakened, Loss of Procreative Power, Nervous Irritability, Dyspepsia, Palpitation of the heart, Indigestion, Constitutional Debility, a Wasting of the Frame, Coughs, Consumption, &c.

Office, 7 South Frederick Street,

eft-hand side going from Baltimore street, a few doors from the corner. Fail not to observe name and number.

☞No letters received unless postpaid and containing a stamp to be used on the reply. Persons writing should state age, and send portion of advertisement describing symptoms.

The Doctor's DIPLOMA hangs in his office

DR. JOHNSTON,

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, Graduate from one of the most eminent Colleges in the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known; many troubled with ringing in the head and ears when asleep, great nervousness being alarmed at sudden sounds, bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended sometimes with a derangement of mind, were cured immediately.

TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE!

Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by improper indulgences and solitary habits, which ruin both body and mind, unfitting them for either business, study, society or marriage.

These are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsy, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption.

MENTALLY.—The fearful effects on the mind are much to be dreaded—Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Depression of Spirits, Evil Forebodings, Aversion to Society, Self Distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, &c., are some of the evils produced.

Thousands of persons of all ages can now judge what is the cause of their declining health, losing their vigor, becoming weak, pale, nervous and emaciated; having a singular appearance about the eyes, cough and symptoms of Consumption.

DR. JOHNSTON'S INVIGORATING REMEDY FOR ORGANIC WEAKNESS.

By this great and important remedy, Weakness of the Organs is speedily cured, and full vigor restored.

Thousands of the most nervous and debilitated, who had lost all hope, have been immediately relieved. All impediments to Marriage, Physical or Mental Disqualification, Nervous Irritability, Trembling, Weakness or Exhaustion of the most fearful kind, speedily cured by Dr Johnston.

YOUNG MEN

Who have injured themselves by a certain practice indulged in when alone—a habit frequently learned from evil companions, or at school, the effects of which are nightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured, renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately.

What a pity that a young man the hope of his country, the darling of his parents, should be snatched from all prospects and enjoyments of life, by the consequence of deviating from the path of nature and indulging in a certain secret habit. Such persons MUST, before contemplating

MARRIAGE,

reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed, without these, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage; the prospect hourly darkens to the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair and filled with the melancholy reflection that the happiness of another becomes blighted with our own.

DISEASE OF IMPRUDENCE

When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds he has imbibed the seeds of this painful disease, it too often happens that an ill timed sense of shame, or dread of discovery, deters him from applying to those who, from education and respectability can alone befriend him. He falls into the hands of ignorant and designing pretenders, who, incapable of curing, filch his pecuniary substance, keep him trifling month after month, or as long as the smallest fee can be obtained, and in despair leave him with ruined health to sigh over his galling disappointment; or, by the use of that deadly poison, Mercury, hasten the constitutional symptoms of this terrible disease, such as affection of the Head, Throat, Nose, Skin, etc., progressing with frightful rapidity till death puts a period to his dreadful sufferings by sending him to that undiscovered country from whose bourne no traveller returns.

ENDORSEMENT OF THE PRESS

The many thousands cured at this institution within the last eighteen years, and the numerous important Surgical Operations performed by Dr. Johnston, witnessed by the reporters of the "Sun" and many other papers, notices of which have appeared again and again before the public, besides his standing as a gentleman of character and responsibility, is a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted.

Skin Diseases Speedily Cured.

Persons writing should send that portion of the Advertisement which describes Symptoms; also, be particular to enclose a Postage Stamp to be used on the reply and direct in the following manner Dr. J. M. JOHNSTON, of the Baltimore Lock Hospital, Baltimore, Maryland. May 23, '68.—y

Shriver's Bitter Wine of Iron.

AN exquisite combination of Calisay Bark, Citrate of Iron and Dry Spanish Wine. It has a Vinous flavor very grateful to the palate, with very little chalybeate taste, and will not discolor the teeth, it excites feeble appetite, improves digestion, increases the strength, removes the pallor of debility, gives firmness to the action of the nervous system with power to endure fatigue and resist disease.

Calasay's Bark has no equal as a strengthener or restorative, nor rival as an antiperiodic—and in this preparation all the virtues of the Bark are preserved in an eminent degree. Sold at SHRIVER'S West End Drug Store, Westminster, Md. June 21.

ATTENTION! The War to be closed! The Country saved, and a grand lot of fashionable Carpetting just received at Joshua Vingling's.

WESTMINSTER BUSINESS DIRECTORY!

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HARRY J. SHELLMAN,

CONVEYANCER, Office at the Court House, Westminster, Maryland.

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Corner Main and Court Streets, Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions, Hardware, Queensware, Paints, Oils, Glass, &c., &c.

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WILLIAM COON,

Paper Hanger and Upholsterer, at John R. Busby's Store, near the Railroad.

EDWARD F. ZEPP,

Near Bartholow's Hotel, Saddler and Harness Maker. All orders promptly filled.

The Great Destroyer has come!

Appearance of the Asiatic Cholera in the United States!

THE ZINGARI BITTERS

The Only Sure Antidote for Disease!

As a Preventative it is Infallible!
As a Cure it is Certain!

The appearance of the Asiatic Cholera in the United States has given rise to the just apprehensions of all classes. The National Congress has appointed a special committee to ascertain what means are necessary to insure the proper quarantine at all the ports on the Atlantic coast while the authorities in the great commercial cities on the sea-board are actively engaged in enforcing such sanitary measures as will secure the cleanliness and promote the healthfulness of the communities in their charge. These proceedings are all laudable. Cleanliness and temperance are the first great essentials necessary to safely guard against attacks from the Cholera, but greater than all these efforts of Congress, more potent than the proceedings of municipal bodies, and infallible beyond all doubt is the

Great Zingari Bitters,

as a sure preventative of Cholera. The discoverer of the component part of this Bitters, an eminent Egyptian physician, had much experience in Egypt, where the Cholera rages with tremendous virulence. He had long seen and felt the want of some remedy which would strike at the root of the disease and so prevent much of the suffering which the human family has been compelled to endure from this scourge. The result of his thoughts and labors at length presented themselves in the production of the wonderful

ZINGARI BITTERS.

It was not long before this Bitters was recognized and accepted in all parts along the Mediterranean coast, in the south of Europe, among the semi-civilized tribes of Africa, and by the ablest practitioners of the old world, as the only sure and certain preventative or cure for the Cholera. The ZINGARI BITTERS acts on the organs of excretion and secretion, keeping up a perfect balance between them. It is composed entirely of roots and herbs, so nicely concocted that every organ is acted upon and set in tone. Its taste is pleasant and its effects prompt and lasting.

For travelers who are subject to all the changes of climate and water, the ZINGARI BITTERS is a companion that should never be left behind. It is for sale by all the druggists in the United States.

F. RAHTER, Sole Proprietor, Harrisburg, Pa.

May 3,—6m.

CYRUS D. STONESIFER

RESPECTFULLY informs his patrons and friends, that he has commenced receiving

Fresh Fish

of all kinds, and will continue through the season. Also. FRESH MEATS of all kinds, always on hand; Corn Beef and Smoked Beef, Smoked and Fresh Sausage, newly cured Hams, Shoulders and Sides; Corn and Buckwheat, Potatoes, Turnips, Beets, Beans, Hominy, Pickles, Cider Vinegar, Sweet Cider, Apples, Dried Fruits, &c.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS

of all kinds, Tobacco and Segars, Canned Fruits and Vegetables, the purest and freshest the markets can afford; OYSTERS, either by large or small quantity. Families supplied and delivered at the door at shortest notice. Come and see for yourselves.

I will sell the above goods at lowest and most accommodating terms.

CYRUS D STONESIFER
Opposite Lingenfelter's Hotel; (formerly Grass'), Westminster, Md.

Feb. 14,—3m.

New Spring Stock!

Ladies Shoes, Ladies Shoes!

At J. R. BUSBY'S Shoe Store, opposite the New Catholic Church, Westminster.

JUST received a very fine lot of Ladies and Misses French Kid and Lasting Boots, also, a splendid assortment of Congress and Lasting Gaiters, which I am selling at greatly reduced prices. Ap. 19.

HEAD QUARTERS FOR Hardware,

Builders and Cabinet Tools, Carpenters and Coopers Tools, Nails, Cross-Cut and Mill Saws, Forks, Shovels; Trace, Halter, Cow and Dog Chains. In fact every thing kept in a well regulated Hardware Store. My long experience gives me advantage in this line. JOHN L. REIFSNIDER,
Dec. 13 West End, near the Forks.

LADIES Balmorals, very low A M Warner's

HOODS and Clouds for sale at reduced prices, at John L. Reifsnider's.

QUEENSWARE at marked down prices at John L Reifsnider's.

PAINTS, Oils and Glass, for sale at the lowest Baltimore prices, at
Dec. 13. John L. Reifsnider's.

AM WARNER is selling Ladies Ribbed Wool Hose at 40 cents worth 60

LADIES FINE DRESS GOODS at very low prices at A M Warner's

NEW FALL GOODS.—Great inducements offered in style and prices My stock is better assorted than her etofore Give me a call before purchasing J. L. Reifsnider.

LADIES Balmorals at greatly reduced prices and Hoop Skirts, very low, at H L Norris'.

FINE Flavored Java and Rio Coffee, at
March 28. Hood & Thomas'.

PRINCIPAL DEPOT!

AT THE RAIL ROAD,
Westminster, Md.

FOR THE PURCHASE OF

FLOUR, GRAIN & PRODUCE

of all descriptions.

HAVING purchased the large and commodious Warehouse formerly occupied by John H. Bowers, Esq, we are prepared to buy above named articles at the highest market price. Goods forwarded on Commission. We also keep constantly on hand a fresh supply of

GROCERIES,

Liquors, Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes,

Farmer's Implements,

GUANOS

FERTILIZERS,

and all kinds of articles usually kept in our line.

With our long experience, and acquaintance in the principle Markets, and strict attention to business, is a guarantee that your interest will be properly regarded. Your patronage is respectfully solicited.

THOS. E. SOLLERS & CO.

April 18,—tf.

LOOK HERE!

THE Undersigned, having completed their NEW FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOPS, near the Railroad Station, in Westminster, would respectfully inform the public that they are now prepared to furnish STOVES, Blacksmith Tuyeirons, Tire Benders, Hollow Anvils, Bake-oven Doors and Hearth Plates, Cellar Window Grates, Porch Post Irons and Casting in general, Corn and Cob Crushers, Corn Shellers, Cricular Saws, with benches complete, for sawing fire wood, &c; Horse Powers and THRESHING MACHINES, Cutting Boxes and Plows of different kinds; but would call particular attention to their justly celebrated three-horse Plough commonly called the PRICE PLOW.

Also, their well known and unsurpassed GRAIN DRILL for sowing all manner of Grain including Oats

Repairing of all kinds attended to promptly and at liberal rates.

Having First Class Mechanics employed will guarantee satisfaction.

WAGONER & MATTHEWS.

Nov. 29,—6m.

MURDER WILL OUT!

ATHERTON'S CHERRY CORDIAL

Cures Dyspepsia, Cramps and all Bilious, Stomach and Bowel Complaints!

Magic Remedy

Cures Dyptheria, Neuralgia, Rheumatism and Toothache!

Eye Balm

Cures Weak and Sore Eyes!

All the above are warranted to cure, or the money will be refunded by calling on the Druggists who sells the same. Prepared by Dr. A. T. ATHERTON & CO., Lowell, Mass. For sale by all Druggists. Dec. 20.

A. H. HUBER,

No. 2 Carroll Hall,

Westminster, Md.

HAS just received a fine variety of *Handkerchief Extracts*, among which are

Fraugipanni, Jocky Club, Jassamine, Violet, & Patchouly, Geranium, Musk, Honeysuckle.

His Stock of Soaps consist of

Colegate's Honey, Brown Windsor, Bazin's Porcine and Worsley's Honey, Also, Military and Yankee Shaving Soaps.

ALSO.

Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Nail Brushes, Meen Fun, Magnolia Tablet, Poudre a la Violette, Email de Paris, Magnolia Balm.

Flavoring Extracts,

Burnett's Vanilla, Lemon, Strawberry, Almond, Cinnamon and Orange. He also keeps on hand the best

SPICES

to be found in the Market. Also the most popular Patent Medicines of the day.

Dec. 13,—3t.

1,000 CORDS HEAVY BARK WANTED.

THE Highest *CASH PRICE* paid for BARK. EDWARD LYNCH,
April 11. Westminster, Md.

JOEL N. BLAKE'S IRON FOUNDRY,

Corner of North and Franklin Streets, Baltimore, Md.

MAKES to order all kinds of Wrought or Cast Iron Railings, either plain or ornamental, suited for Cemeteries, Verandah's, &c. Persons in quest would do well to give him a call, and examine his work,
April 18,—6m.

LOOK, LOOK!

Dry Goods Coming Down.

A LARGE and fine selected Stock of Fashionable Goods, just received at A. M. WARNER'S, which will be sold at very low price. April 25.

WM. I. NICHOLLS,

(SUCCESSOR TO)

WILLIAM WHEELAN,

No. 142 Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Md.

IMPORTER and dealer in the finest TEAS, WINES, LIQUORS and CIGARS, together with the most selected assortment of

FAMILY GROCERIES,

French and English Condiments Jellies, etc. Also, English, Scotch and American Ale and Brown Stout, which I offer at the lowest market price.

☞Family orders filled promptly.

N. B—Fine Stock of Old Whiskies on hand, at prices ranging from $5 to $8 per Gallon. Sept. 18,—1y.

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