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American Sentinel.

WESTMINSTER MARYLAND.

W. L. W. Seabrook, - Editor.

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SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1889.

The Colored Supremacy Bugaboo.

Alarmed by the decline of the Democratic party and the consequent growth of Republicanism in Maryland, some of the Democratic papers are resorting to the old tactics of attempting to excite fears of negro supremacy. In this line the Hagerstown *Mail* contrasts the Republican vote in eight counties on the Western and nine on the Eastern Shore of the State with the number of colored voters registered in said counties, respectively, and concludes that "it is the white people, owning all the property and monopolizing all the education and culture, arrayed against a solid and monotonous phalanx of negroes." While not saying it in so many words the *Mail* intimates that the colored vote is solidly Republican. This, however, is disposed of by some of its own figures. For instance, Charles has 1,943 colored voters, but General Harrison only received 1,431 votes in that county; St. Mary's gave him 1,772 votes and the entire colored vote is 1,826. Now it is well known that in each of these counties there is a considerable white Republican vote, composed of leading and influential citizens. The same may be said of Anne Arundel county, where there are 3,147 colored voters and Harrison received only 2,992 votes. Many of the very best white citizens of Anne Arundel are Republicans. So, too, are many of those in the other counties named by the *Mail*. This leaves a considerable number of colored voters to be accounted for, but, considering Democratic efforts during the past few years to win them, it is not difficult to do so. Of course a large majority of the colored voters still naturally adhere to the Republican party but a good many of them must be voting the Democratic ticket, or not voting at all.

Under these circumstances there seems no cause for apprehending the dreadful consequences depicted as likely to ensue in the event of the Republican success which the *Mail* admits is impending. But there are still stronger reasons for supposing the fears of that paper groundless. A number of the counties named have been under Republican control for years without producing the result apprehended. Theory, therefore, must yield to fact and the timid and apprehensive voter, who realizes the misnle of the Democratic party in the State and would gladly vote to overthrow it if he were not afraid that in doing so he would subject himself to negro supremacy, need no longer cherish the error and suffer under one monstrous evil rather than risk another that appears to him greater.

The *Mail* quotes from the Baltimore *Sun* a paragraph that shows very forcibly the necessity of a change from the condition of things that has existed for years under ring rule. It is here reproduced, as follows:

"Take our legislation and our Legislatures for years past, and who can look back upon some of the events associated with them with any other feeling save that of shame? That a lobby has been on hand at each recurring session is of itself evidence that there was congenial work for them to do. But there is no need for inference about it, for the fact is perfectly well known that it has piled its infamous trade unblushingly, and too often successfully. Bills perfectly right and proper in themselves have been halted to compel their advocates or those interested in them to buy them through, and if the price of corruption was not paid, then defeat was almost certain. Other measures intended to work abuses and grievous public wrongs have been put through by sheer force of bribing, while it has been a well understood game to introduce a bill seriously affecting some perfectly legitimate business, in order to compel those affected by it to plank down enough money to defeat it. Not only this, but so controlling has been the power of money that last winter a bill was stolen from the calendar under the most exciting circumstances, and the thief continues to this day, if not undetected, at least unpunished. Legislation is of necessity vicious that has its origin in such methods, and the remedy for it is so obvious that the people who vote will be pretty certain to find it out."

So well intrenched are the ring managers in the control of the Democratic party machinery that the many attempts made by the better elements of the party to accomplish their overthrow have been entirely futile. There is no reasonable prospect of better results in the future, and the reformation so much needed can have little hope of success except through the defeat of the party itself.

Bulldozing in Maryland.

Some of the testimony already taken in the contested Congressional election case of Sydney E. Mudd vs. Barnes Compton, in the Fifth Maryland District, is interesting and suggestive reading. It shows that a gang of Democratic roughs went down from Baltimore to the polls of the first precinct of the third district of Anne Arundel county, on election day, and so terrorized the colored voters that they left the voting place without depositing their ballots. Even the Democratic judge of election testifies to the fact. The roughs had a Dayton wagon loaded with guns and notified the colored people that any attempt to vote would be at the risk of their lives. Only one colored man testified that he voted, and he added that he cast his ballot for Mr. Cleveland. Mr. Mudd lost nearly two hundred votes by this bulldozing process.

The question will naturally arise in the minds of men whether, if an election outrage of this kind could be committed in the State of Maryland, almost within the shadow of the National Capital, it is unreasonable to attribute the immense falling off in the votes of a number of far Southern States to similar causes. The full Democratic vote was polled in the precinct under discussion, but the Republican vote was nearly 300 short. The same result is apparent in South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana. If bulldozing is the cause in Maryland, is it not also in the States named?

The President has commuted the sentence of James D. Fish, formerly president of the Marine National Bank of New York, who was convicted in April, 1885, of misapplying the funds of that bank, and sentenced June 27, 1885, to ten years' imprisonment in the State prison at Auburn, N. Y.

The newspapers say that appointments to four of the stations in Gen. Harrison's cabinet have been definitely determined upon. They are:

Secretary of State—James G. Blaine.

Secretary of the Treasury—Wm. B. Allison.

Secretary of War—Russell A. Alger.

Postmaster General—John Wanamaker.

Whether the President-elect has finally determined that these shall be members of his cabinet is only conjecture; but there are some indications that it may be so.

The Democrats have kept up a great clatter about Republican frauds in West Virginia and Judge Fleming's notice of contest to Gen. Goff claims 1,046 illegal votes for the latter for Governor. Gen. Goff, after careful investigation, now responds and exibits a condition of things on the other side of which the Democrats should be ashamed. He shows that 2,212 fraudulent votes were cast for Fleming; that in Wayne county the Republicans were beaten and driven from the polls, and one of them forced to vote the Democratic ticket; that in one case a hat was used to receive ballots, and was carried around among the Democrats, finally deposited under a table and left there all night before the votes were counted. The vote in the precinct was then returned as 109 Democratic and 4 Republican. The precinct is usually about evenly divided. The majority for Mr. Cleveland in West Virginia, on the face of the returns was 536. Gen. Goff's figures show plainly that the State was really carried by Gen. Harrison. The vote for Governor has not yet been canvassed but Gen. Goff's apparent majority is 106, and he cannot be deprived of the office except by the most flagrant outrage. The balloting for United States Senator by the Legislature has thus far been fruitless and it is almost certain Senator Kenna will fail of re-election.

The Samoan Controversy.

As the real facts in relation to the Samoan trouble come to light it becomes more and more apparent that Secretary Bayard has acted in a timid, weak and hesitating manner. If the government has had a policy concerning the maintenance of the independence of the Samoan group it has been content with weak protests against German aggressions, without making any serious attempt to prevent them. It has given assurances of protection and support to the lawful king, and failed, lamentably failed, to make them good. When forced, at last, apparently by popular clamor, to order an additional naval force to the scene of the trouble, it has proposed to send them without instructions and leaving the commanders of our ships in doubt as to the scope of their powers and duties. Secretary of the Navy Whitney isn't satisfied with this indefinite condition of affairs. He wants something specific and resorts to the remarkable method of writing an official letter to the Secretary of State, that contains at once a rebuke and a wise suggestion. He points out in courteous, but distinct language, that the purpose of the German government is the conquest of the Samoan Archipelago, and says, in substance, that it is useless to send war ships to Samoa without giving them specific orders.

Bombarding Bismarck, at long intervals, with official protests, has had no more effect in staying German aggression than the firing of a pop-gun would have against the armor of an iron-clad ship. The wily German has replied at his leisure and gone on with his plans. His servants have dethroned the lawful king, who was promised protection by English and American consuls, and have crowned a rebel chief in his stead, while this vacillating and halting administration has done nothing effective to prevent it. America has been shamefully humiliated in this business and a letter of the betrayed and discrowned king of Samoa, published in the Samoan *Times*, is not calculated to increase American self-respect. A copy of the *Times* containing the letter and other information concerning events in Samoa, were sent to the Baltimore *Sun* by Mr. Ferdinand Mullan, of Annapolis, whose brother, Commander D. W. Mullan, is now in command of the U. S. ship Nipsic, stationed at Apia. The king says:

"I, Malietoa, King of Samoa, write this letter to you, as I am now in great distress. When the chief Tamasese and others first commenced the present troubles it was my wish to punish them and put an end to the rebellion that they had raised. Acting, however, on the advice and under the assurances of the then British and American consuls, I refrained from doing so. I was repeatedly told by the representatives of the British and American governments that they would afford me and my government assistance and protection if I abstained from doing anything that might cause war amongst the Samoan people. Relying upon these promises, I did not put down the rebellion. Now I find that war has been made upon me by the Emperor of Germany, and Tamasese has been proclaimed King of Samoa. The German forces and the adherents of Tamasese threaten to make war on all Samoans who do not acknowledge Tamasese as King. I am innocent of any wrongful act, and I hereby protest against the action of Germany; but as the German nation is strong and I am weak I yield to their power to prevent my people being slaughtered. I shall deliver myself up to the German forces tomorrow to prevent bloodshed and out of love to my people. I desire to remind you of the promise so repeatedly made by your governments, and trust that you will so far redeem them as to cause the lives and liberties of my chiefs and people to be respected. I wish to inform you that I fear that the Germans will compel me—as they are now forcing my people—to sign papers acknowledging Tamasese as King, and if I sign such papers it will be under compulsion and to avoid war being made on my people.

"MALIETOA, King of Samoa."

After reading this letter one longs for a little of Blaine's statesmanship in the conduct of our foreign policy. Mr. Bayard has made a statement, but it does not put the State Department in a much better position before the country. Apart from the protection promised the king there is no doubt that an agreement exists or did exist between the governments of England, Germany and the United States to preserve the autonomy of the Samoan kingdom, now threatened by German intrigue. If war should eventually result from these complications it will be due largely to the indefinite, shilly-shally policy pursued by the American government. A little of our old time decision in the beginning of the trouble would have arrested it in its incipient stages.

The *Louisville Commercial* (*Ind.*) says: "It takes money to conduct a national contest, and when the President of the United States sends his check for $10,000 to the committee there is no room to criticise others who may have followed his illustrious example."

Education in Maryland.

The 22nd annual report of the State Board of Education has been submitted to the Governor and made public. It contains the following statistics:

Number of schools in Baltimore, 128; counties, 2,031; total, 2,159; increase in 1888 over 1887, 35. Pupils in city, 54,210; counties, 122,377; total, 176,587; increase, 1,189. Highest number enrolled in one term—City, 41,555; counties, 106,057; total, 147,342. Average number in daily attendance—City, 33,966; counties, 61,007; total, 94,973; decrease in 1888, 1,434. Teachers—City, 1,007; counties, 2,661; total, 3,668; increase, 117. Months schools open—City 10; counties, 8.8; average for state, 9.3. Receipts from all sources—City, $733,614.56; counties, $1,085,990.04; total, $1,819,604.70; increase, $40,927.45. Teachers' salaries—City, $604,534.40; counties, $740,171.40; total, $1,344,705.80; increase, $41,019.34. Building, repairs, &c.—City, $66,464.18; counties, $97,689.26; total, $163,353.44; decrease, $41,840.14. Books and stationary—City, $40,304.38; counties, $49,584.50; total, $81,888.88; decrease, $9,998.80. Rent, fuel, incidentals—City, $59,504.98; counties, $62,416.03; total, $121,921.01; increase, $91.43. Total expense for all purposes—City, $781,003.12; counties, $1,046,374.18; decrease, 3,048; net increase of expenditures in the counties, $25,501.60.

Among other things a table is given which shows the number of teachers in each county, pupils enrolled, total cost and cost per pupil. In this table the number of teachers in Carroll county is given at 144, pupils enrolled, 5,218, cost $54,100.69, cost per pupil $7.10. There are only four counties in which the cost per pupil was less than that amount—Caroline, $6.30; Dorchester, $6.70; Garrett, $4.35; and Wicomico, $5.49. The cost per pupil in Frederick county was $7.15, and from this point the figures mount up to $13.17 in Baltimore county, which was the highest reached.

The synopsis from which the information is collated gives no separate statistics concerning colored schools, but states that the sum appropriated for their maintenance was increased from $100,000 to $125,000.

A New Constitution Needed

The little State of Delaware is badly in need of a new constitution. A dispatch to the Baltimore *Sun* from Wilmington says:

"Delaware's constitution was adopted in 1776. The only change made was in 1831, and the principal amendment then made had as its object the prevention of any future change. Repeated efforts have been made to alter and amend the document but each effort has failed. In 1852 a convention was held and a new constitution adopted, but when submitted to the people it failed of ratification, and mainly upon the strength of this defeat the Whig party of Delaware went out of existence.

"One of the provisions of this venerable constitution gives equal representation to each county, and under this Newcastle county, with a population twice as large as the rest of the State, has only ten members out of the thirty, and the city of Wilmington, with a population equal to either of the lower counties, has only one member of the House of Representatives. To remedy this several amendments were proposed in 1883, but such were the restrictions around the constitution that these amendments failed by only one vote, it only taking six out of the twenty-one members of the House to defeat an amendment.

"The Legislature of 1887 passed an act providing for an election to determine the sense of the people as to the calling of a convention. An election was held November 1, 1887, and 14,000 votes were polled for a convention, nearly 2,000 less than necessary. The constitution requires that the vote polled for a convention must be equal to the highest vote polled at any one of the three general elections preceding the one at which a vote for a convention is taken.

"The Republicans of the Legislature claim that the vote is not binding, and they will make an effort at the present session of the Legislature to pass a bill to call a convention. With them in this matter are a number of independent Democrats, who have been ardent convention men for years. One of these, Representative Eckels, introduced a bill in the House to-day providing for a convention to be called the first Tuesday in December of the present year, the election for delegates to be held on the first Tuesday of October preceding. The bill provides that the constitution adopted by the convention shall be submitted to the people. The act will in all probability pass the House of Representatives and has a fair show in the Senate."

President of the Charcoal Club.

Gen. Thomas J. Shryock, Grand Master of Masons in Maryland, has been elected President of the Baltimore Charcoal Club. This is what the *Sunday News* says of the event:

In the election of Gen. Shryock to the presidency the Charcoal Club has especial cause for gratulation. As a member, the incoming president has always been not only a zealous advocate of the club's best and broadest interests, but he has manifested, in numerous tangible ways, a deep and earnest solicitude for the artistic, as well as the social functions of the institution. It is, perhaps, too early to attempt any definition of the policy likely to be inaugurated by President Shryock; but as he has been a close student of the club's interests, as he has been an active participant in all its essential movements, and as he is a man distinguished for individuality and aggressiveness in executive administration, it is safe to predict for the Charcoal Club a progressive and industrious year. Inasmuch as the club is an active, working institution, it is befitting that it should be guided by one whose restless spirit will lead, rather than merely indorse or "join in," and Gen. Shryock's wide experience as Grand Master of Masons of the State of Maryland amply qualifies him to perform his executive duties with benefit to the club and unimpeachable fairness to all its members.

Careless Handling of Firearms.

Friday night a young man named Gordon was accidentally shot and dangerously wounded by Peter J. Campbell, a member of the Baltimore bar and also of the Maryland House of Delegates. The weapon with which the shooting was done was a revolver and Mr. Campbell "didn't know it was loaded," and was horrified at the result of his playfully pointing it at his friend. The wounded man may recover.

A few days ago a ten year old child entered the room where her mother was sitting in one of the lower counties of the Eastern Shore, and seeing a pistol lying on the floor picked it up and began to play with it. The weapon was loaded and was accidentally discharged in the hands of the child, the bullet striking the mother in the breast and inflicting a very dangerous wound.

In both these cases a little ordinary precaution would have avoided the accidents that may result in two deaths. It is somewhat remarkable that Mr. Campbell is the author of the stringent law against carrying concealed weapons. A law providing a penalty for the careless handling of deadly weapons might be added to the statutes with advantage to the innocent public.

An enormous black bear, weighing 416 pounds, was killed Saturday evening about three miles from Green Spring, Hampshire county, W. Va.,

Honesty That Begins at Home.

FROM SPRINGFIELD REPUBLICAN (Dem.).

The Democratic complaints of partisan tactics on the part of the Republicans would make a better impression upon the public if their own skirts were a little cleaner. For two years Mr. Smalls, of South Carolina, has been seeking a decision upon his claim to the seat of Mr. Elliott, who represents the Seventh Congressional District of that state. Although the election is still in doubt, Elliott has been allowed to hold the seat. On Tuesday last the case was called up, but Mr. Randall succeeded in crowding Smalls to the wall again by marshalling the solid party vote against a consideration of the case. The treatment of this colored Republican for two years past has been unfair and unmanly, and yet the Democratic press have been for weeks exhausting their vocabulary in denouncing the alleged plot to count out Democrats the moment the new House is organized.

For the Edification of Common Slanderers.

FROM ST. PAUL PIONEER PRESS (Rep.).

If it is time, and it is time, to put an end to the lavish use of money in political contests, so also is it time to call a halt in the habit of accusing every successful candidate, with evidence or without, of bribery and corruption. This is a charge which, like an imputation upon the virtue of a woman, should never be uttered save upon strong and credible evidence. It has come to be a custom to say, whenever a man of means cherishes a political ambition and succeeds in gratifying it, that he has bought his way to public station. It is a species of vilification for which the law offers no adequate redress, and the only method of putting a stop to it is the creation of a public sentiment that will tolerate no such slander unless it is backed by tangible proof.

Secretary Bayard's frantic efforts to free himself from blame in the Samoan imbroglio only got him deeper and deeper into the mire. It will take but a few more letters, interviews and protocols to prove his entire incompetency to deal with grave State questions. It now transpires that he was completely outwitted more than a year ago by the German Chancellor. Under the pretended cover of an agreement to leave the succession to the Samoan throne open to free election, Bismarck deposed the ruling King and set up the protectorate, quietly informing Mr. Pendleton when it was done that he knew of no "agreement" with the United States in the case. That this knowledge should have remained in the pigeon-holes of the State Department for so many months and elicited no action is the insoluble problem in Mr. Bayard's State-craft.—*Morning Herald.*

Governor and Mrs. Beaver, of Pennsylvania, after spending several days with Governor and Mrs. Jackson at Annapolis, came with them to Baltimore, on Tuesday. They dined at the Altamont Hotel and visited Mr. Wm. T. Walters' picture gallery, the Johns Hopkins Hospital and other places of interest. In the evening, between 7 and 8 o'clock a reception was held at the building of the Young Men's Christian Association, corner Charles and Saratoga street, and hundreds of people shook hands with Governor Beaver. Subsequently, at 8 o'clock, the annual meeting of the Association was held and the two Governors sat on the platform, interested spectators of the proceedings. Governor Beaver delivered a very able and interesting address.

Gilbert W. Hazeltine, who was incarcerated in the Maryland penitentiary some years ago for the murder of a young woman of disreputable character, and subsequently pardoned by the Governor at the earnest solicitation of his mother and upon the solemn promise of reformation, is again in trouble. He created a disturbance in a house of ill-fame in Elmira, New York, several days ago, and when one of the inmates attempted to check him he shot at her with a revolver. Fortunately the shot missed, but he has been arrested and will probably be tried for assault with intent to kill. His father, Dr. G. W. Hazeltine, is a highly respected citizen and his mother is an estimable woman. They are greatly distressed by the conduct of their incorrigible son.

The report of the commissioner on agriculture for the State of Georgia shows that the average cash price of bacon in that State for 1888 was 9.71 cents a pound—the credit price 12.3 cents. The average credit was for four months. Corn cash price 77 cents, credit price 98 cents. The advance is about 26 per cent. for four months' credit, or 6.5 per month, or 77 per cent. per annum. The commissioner actually congratulates the farmer on having reduced the rate from 108 per cent. last year to 78 per cent. this year. He attributes this "encouraging reduction" to the efforts of the Farmers' Alliance.

James L. Mathews, postmaster of Ellicott city, died on Sunday last, of consumption, aged about 38 years. He had been an invalid for three months, but was only confined to his room a few days. He was a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. A widow and two children survive him. His bondsmen have named Mrs. Mathews to act as postmistress until the appointment of a successor.

The new United States Senator from Colorado—Edward O. Wolcott—is about forty-one years of age and a native of Connecticut. He is a graduate of Yale College and having selected the law for his profession, he removed to Denver fifteen years ago and commenced active practice, in which he has been very successful. He is a bachelor and the son of a Congregational minister. Mr. Wolcott succeeds Hon. Thomas M. Bowen.

The Centennial Conference of the United Brethren Church will be held in Baltimore, commencing Wednesday, February 27th. The first day's sessions will be held in the Scott Street Church. The following day centennial services will be held in the Otterbein Church, on Conway street, in which the first Conference was held a hundred years ago.

The removal of the works of the Gunpowder temporary water supply for the city of Baltimore revives a fact that forcibly illustrates the effect of tariff protection on prices. The works were constructed in 1873 and the iron mains at that time cost $70 per ton. They can now, under the operation of protection, be purchased at $26 per ton.

Hon. John M. Clayton, who was a candidate for Congress in Arkansas against Mr. Breckenridge, at the late election, and who claimed his election although a majority was reported for his opponent, has been assassinated. He was a brother of Ex-Governor Powell Clayton and a Republican. The murder is supposed to have been political and there is great excitement in consequence.

It has transpired that the first account of the endowment of a manual training school at Port Deposit, by Hon. Jacob Tome, while in a measure correct, was far short of the reality. Instead of $500,000 Mr. Tome will contribute $2,000,000 to the project.

Mrs. Nancy Edgarly, a life-long resident of Wolfboro, N. H., died Saturday at the age of 104 years, 5 months, 28 days. She retained all her faculties and strength to the last.

Mrs. Martha Radcliffe, widow of the late Joseph Radcliffe, died at her home in Liberty, Frederick county, last week, aged 78 years.

Twenty-one cases of small-pox are reported at Oberlin, Kan.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Suggestion is a privilege all can make use of, and we would suggest to the myriads of sufferers from bilious fever and indigestion, to use Laxador, whose curative power over these diseases is gratefully appreciated by thousands. Price 25 cents.

Babies ought to be well taken care of; their system does not allow the slightest neglect. If your baby suffers from colic or bowel disorders, procure a bottle of Dr. Bell's Baby Syrup, a safe and always reliable remedy. Only 25 cents.

Granulated Sugar 8 cts.; Best Soft White Sugar 7¼ cts.; Prime New Orleans Sugar 7 cts.; Beautiful Light Brown Sugar 7 cts., at JOHN T. WAMPLER'S.

We sell the best Clover, Timothy, and all Grass Seeds. Send for our 1889 Catalogue. ROOP & ZILE, tf Main Street, Westminster.

Sound Advice.—We conscientiously recommend our readers to try Salvation Oil in all cases of Rheumatism. Sold by all druggists for 25 cents a bottle.

An errand boy in a Philadelphia fancy store has just been left $500,000, but it is thought he will die early of consumption. There is nothing better for your children that are daily exposed than a spoonful or two of Dr. Bull's Cough syrup.

Hull's Celebrated Horse and Cattle Powders are for sale by E. O. Grimes & Co., Westminster, Md. sep-3-tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

S. H. Crawford, Auctioneer,

OFFERS his services to the public for the sale of Real and Personal Property. Engagements can be made in person, by letter or telephone, at New Windsor, Md. feb-2-tf

General Insurance Agency.

NO NOTES! NO ASSESSMENTS!

All Stock Companies—Continental, Western and Royal. Persons desirous of changing and bettering themselves, in insurance, are invited to call at my office, No. 14 Liberty street, opposite Depot, Westminster, Md.

feb-2-tf JAMES SHRIVER.

Republican Club Meeting.

THE members of the Westminster Republican Club, of the Maryland State League, are herein notified that there will be a meeting of said club held at the SENTINEL office on Tuesday evening, February 5th, at 7½ o'clock. Business of importance, in reference to the coming parade of the National League in Baltimore city, on March 1st, and inauguration, on March 4th, will be presented for your consideration. By order of President and Executive Committee,

jan-2-tf J. EDWIN WEAVER, Sec'y.

Election Notice.

Westminster Gas Light Company,
Saturday, February 2, 1889.

STOCKHOLDERS are hereby notified that an election for a President and Six Directors, to manage the affairs of the Company, will be held at its office, in the Farmers' and Mechanics' National Bank, on the first TUESDAY, BEING THE 5TH DAY OF MARCH, 1889, between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock, p. m.

J. H. CUNNINGHAM,
fe-2-te Secretary.

For Rent.

12-Room House, No. 144 Pennsylvania Avenue. Water, Range, Heater, Gas; all modern conveniences. Rent low. Also a fine Dwelling, No. 136 Pennsylvania Avenue, containing 7 rooms; good garden; water at the door. Terms $9 per month. Also, Tenant House on Sunny-Side Farm, 1 mile east of Stonersville; $2 per month. Possession given of the above properties at once. Apply to

E. J. LAWYER,
de-22-tf Westminster, Md.

Private Sale.

A SMALL FARM, half a mile from Westminster, on the Manchester road, containing 40½ ACRES OF LAND, well watered and under good cultivation. Six acres in fine Chestnut Timber; an orchard of choice Fruit Trees. A Brick Cottage of seven rooms, double porches and pantries. The lawn set with choice fruits, evergreen trees, and shrubbery of every description. A well of water at the door. Apply to the subscriber, or Arthur Kemp, on the premises.

MARTHA WORLEY,
feb-2-3t Green St., Westminster.

Ratification Notice.

In the Orphans' Court of Carroll County.

DECEMBER TERM, 1888.

Estate of Samuel Lawyer, deceased.

ON application it is ordered this 28th day of January, 1889, that the sale of the Real Estate of Samuel Lawyer, late of Carroll county, deceased, made by John T. Lawyer, Acting Executor of the last will and testament of said deceased, and this day reported to this Court by the said Executor, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shown to the contrary, on or before the 1st Monday, 4th day of March next: Provided a copy of this order be inserted for three successive weeks in some newspaper printed and published in Carroll county, before the 4th Monday, 25th day of February next. The report states the amount of sale to be two thousand two hundred and sixty-seven dollars and sixteen cents ($2,267,16).

DAVID H. HOFFACKER,
JAMES P. SUMMERS, } Judges.
JAMES W. WHITE,

True Copy—Test:
GEO. M. PARKE, Register of Wills.
feb-2-3t

MORTGAGEE'S SALE
OF A
Desirable Property
In Frizellburg, Carroll County, Md.

BY virtue of the power of sale contained in a deed of mortgage from John J. Schaffer and Emily J. Schaffer, his wife, dated February 21, A. D., 1887, and recorded among the Real Estate Mortgage Records of Carroll county in Liber W. N. M., No. 24, folio 494, &c., the undersigned, Mortgagee, will offer at public sale, on the premises, on

Wednesday, 27th of February, A. D., 1889,

at 1.30, P. M., all the property conveyed in and by said mortgage, consisting of a parcel of land containing

5 ACRES, 1 ROOD AND 22 SQUARE PERCHES OF LAND,

more or less, situate at the village of Frizellburg, Carroll county, Maryland. The improvements thereon consist of a comfortable two-story Frame House, stable, icehouse, and other outbuildings, all in good condition. This property is convenient to schools, churches, and markets.

Terms of Sale.—Cash. If desired, credit terms can be had by applying, before the sale, to the Mortgagee or to Charles E. Fink, Attorney at Law, Westminster, Md.

NOAH SCHAEFFER,
Mortgagee.

Chas. E. Fink, Solicitor.
John T. Diffenbaugh, Auct. feb-2-ts

TRUSTEES' SALE
OF A VALUABLE
FARM!

On the Stone Road, in Uniontown District, Carroll County, Md.

BY virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Carroll County, sitting as a Court of Equity, passed in cause No. 3685, on the docket of said Court, wherein Annie E. Utermahlen and Henry J. Utermahlen, her husband, are complainants, and David M. Humbert and Savilla R. Humbert, are defendants, the undersigned, Trustees, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, situate on the Stone Road, distant from Mt. Pleasant about 3½ miles, adjoining the lands of Joshua Frounfelter and others, on

Thursday, the 28th day of February, 1889,

at 1 o'clock, P. M., all that valuable Farm containing

139 ACRES AND 19 PERCHES

of land, more or less, improved by a two-story Weatherboarded Log House, frame Bank Barn 40x60 feet, with a frame wagon shed attached; hay shed, spring house, &c.

This property presents superior inducements to parties desirous of obtaining a good farm and a pleasant home.

Terms of Sale.—One-third part of the purchase money to be paid in cash on the day of sale or upon the ratification thereof; the balance to be paid in equal installments of one and two years respectively from the day of sale, with interest, and to be secured to the satisfaction of the trustees.

JAMES A. C. BOND,
CHARLES B. ROBERTS,
Jno. T. Diffenbaugh, Auct. Trustees.
feb-2-ts

Public Sale
OF A DESIRABLE
Dwelling House, Carriage Shop, &c.,
Near Middleburg, Carroll County, Md.

BY virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Carroll county, sitting as a Court of Equity, passed in cause No. 2651 Equity, the undersigned, as Trustees, will sell at public sale, on the premises, on

Wednesday, 27th of February, A. D., 1889,

at 1 o'clock, P. M., a parcel of land containing

100 SQUARE PERCHES, MORE OR LESS.

The improvements thereon consist of a comfortable two-story Frame Dwelling House, large Carriage Shop, Blacksmith Shop, stable, hogpen and other necessary outbuildings. The buildings have been recently erected and are in good repair; water on the premises convenient to the buildings; fruit, &c. This property is well adapted to the carriage and repair business or any public business. It is on the road leading from Middleburg to Union Bridge, about a-quarter of a mile from Middleburg, and the location of this property for public business makes it worthy the attention of purchasers.

Terms of Sale.—One-third cash on the day of sale or on the ratification thereof, one-third in nine and the other one-third in eighteen months from the day of sale; the credit payments to be secured by the notes of the purchaser or purchasers, with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale.

JOHN C. TANGER,
CHAS. T. REIFSNIDER, } Trustees.
Reifsnider & Reifsnider, Solicitors.
feb-2-ts

MORTGAGEE'S SALE
OF A VALUABLE
WAREHOUSE
AND DEPOT LOT,
At York Road Station, on Western Maryland Railroad, Carroll county, Md.

BY virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from David Heltabidle and wife, dated the 25th day of May, 1872, and recorded among the Real Estate Mortgage Records of Carroll county, in Liber J. B. B., No. 6, folio 536, the undersigned, Mortgagee, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, on

Tuesday, 26th day of February, 1889,

at 1 o'clock, P. M., all the right, title and estate of the said David Heltabidle and wife, (being an undivided one-half interest) in and to all that lot of ground situated on the Western Maryland Railroad at York Road Station, in Carroll county, Maryland, containing

3 ACRES, 3 ROODS AND 25 SQUARE PERCHES OF LAND,

more or less, and being the same land which the said David Heltabidle and the undersigned obtained from W. Marshall Mehring and wife by deed dated March 22nd, 1870, and recorded among the Land Records of Carroll county aforesaid, in Liber J. B. B., No. 38, folio, 185, &c.

This lot is improved by a large Four-story Brick Warehouse 30x80 feet, with basement; also big Market House 14x30 feet. The buildings are in excellent condition. Also by a Railroad Switch, extending thereon, for about 100 yards, and partly elevated, with coal bins thereunder, and constructed at a cost of $1,600. The property is within about 200 yards of the Junction of the Pennsylvania and Frederick R. R., and Western Maryland R. R., and is situated in one of the most fertile portions of the county, and commands a large and lucrative business.

The Terms of Sale as prescribed by said Mortgage, are: One-half of the purchase money cash on the day of sale, or upon the ratification thereof by the Court, and the balance in one year from the day of sale, bearing interest from the day of sale, and secured by the note of the purchaser with approved security; or if desired by the purchaser, one-third cash on the day of sale, or on the ratification thereof by the Court, and the balance in one year from the day of sale, bearing interest from the day of sale, and secured by the notes of the purchaser, with approved security; bearing interest from the day of sale.

JASPER C. SHRINER, Mortgagee.
Jas. A. C. Bond, Solicitor for Mortgagee.
R. C. Matthews, Auctioneer.

N. B.—The undersigned, owner of the other undivided one-half interest in the aforegoing described lot of land, will offer the same on the above day, at the same place and on the same terms as given above, so that the purchaser may acquire a full title to the entire property.

JASPER C. SHRINER, Own
feb-2-ts

REMOVAL.

ABOUT APRIL 1st

I WILL MOVE

TO THE ZIEBER BUILDING,

41 West Main Street,

OFFER -:- GREAT -:- BARGAINS

IN

Heavy Leather and Rubber Goods.

Those wanting Bargains should avail themselves of this opportunity.

A FULL LINE OF THE

Latest Style Hats and Caps and the Best Shoes

For men, women and children; also

Umbrellas, Trunks, Valises, Satchels, &c.

Prices as Low as First-Class Goods Will Warrant.

U. L. REAVER,
feb-2 At the Depot, Westminster, Md.

Wanted!

HORSES, COWS, BULLS, and Dry Stock of all kinds
Apply to
HAINES & CO.,
ja-26-3t Westminster, Md.

Commissioners' Notice.

THE County Commissioners of Carroll county, will meet at their Office, in Westminster, on the FIRST MONDAY OF FEBRUARY, 1889, for the transaction of business.

By order, CHARLES BRILHART,
ja-17-1m Clerk.

Trustees' Sale
OF A DESIRABLE
FARM AND WOODLAND
On the Western Maryland Railroad, near Westminster, Md.

BY virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Carroll county, sitting as a Court of Equity, passed in cause No. 2375, wherein Nathan I. Gorsuch and Charles C. Gorsuch, partners, trading as N. I. Gorsuch & Son, and others, are plaintiffs, and Wm. A. Aligire and others are defendants, the undersigned, as trustees, will sell at public sale, on the premises, on

Saturday, March 2d, A. D., 1889,

at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following valuable real estate, to-wit: First: The late residence of Amon Aligire, deceased, containing

91 ACRES AND 27 PERCHES OF LAND

more or less. The improvements thereon are a two-and-a-half Story Stone Dwelling House, Bank Barn, wagon shed, hog house, smoke house, dairy and other necessary outbuildings; water convenient to the buildings; orchard of apple and other fruit trees on the premises; there is a due proportion of wood and meadow land.

Lot No. 2 contains 33 Acres, 3 Roods and 18 Perches, more or less. There is a frame tenant house on this parcel; about 8 acres is in timber.

Lot No. 3 contains 66 Acres and 1 Rood, more or less. There is a log dwelling house on this parcel; about 12 acres is in timber.

Lot No. 4 contains 21 Acres, more or less.

Lot No. 5 contains 15 Acres, 1 Rood and 29 Perches, more or less.

Lot No. 6 contains 7 Acres and 20 Perches, more or less.

Lot No. 7 contains 7 Acres, 2 Roods and 7 Perches, more or less.

Lots Nos. 4, 5, 6 and 7 are heavily covered with superior Oak and Hickory Timber.

This land is on the old Indian road, near the road leading from Sandy Mount to Patapsco Station, on the Western Maryland Railroad; the woodlots all front on the railroad, near Patapsco Station, are about six miles from Westminster, Md., and adjoin the land of Wm. H. Westaway, John Fister and others.

A survey of this property has been made, and a plat of the same will be exhibited on the day of sale, by which the same will be sold. A road is provided for the woodland.

Terms of Sale.—One-third cash on the day of sale or on the ratification thereof, one-third in one year and the other one-third in two years from the day of sale; the credit payments to be secured by the notes of the purchaser or purchasers, with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale.

HARRY C. ALLGIRE,
CHAS. T. REIFSNIDER, } Trustees.
R. C. Matthews, Auctioneer. feb-2-ts

Mortgagee's Sale
OF A DESIRABLE
LITTLE FARM
In Freedom District, Carroll County, Md.

BY virtue of the power of sale contained in a mortgage from Noah Fossett to The Westminster Savings' Institution, bearing date June 2, 1885, and recorded among the Real Estate Mortgage Records of Carroll county in Liber G. A. M., No. 22, folio 340, &c., the undersigned, the attorney and agent therein named, will sell at public sale, to the highest bidder, at the Court House door, in Westminster, Carroll county, Md., on

Monday, 11th day of February, A. D. 1889,

at 2 o'clock, P. M., all those parcels of land lying contiguous to each other, being parts of tracts of land called "Bachelor's Refuge" and "Belly Ache Thicket," containing

26 ACRES, 2 ROODS AND 22 PERCHES

of land, more or less. The improvements thereon are a comfortable two-story log dwelling house, smoke house, dairy, and other outbuildings; stream of running water, also two good springs on the premises.

This property is near the county road leading from Winfield to Woodbine, about 4 miles from Woodbine Station, and adjoins the land of Henry Welsh, Thomas Buckingham and others.

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash; or, if desired by the purchaser, one-third cash on the day of sale or on the ratification thereof; one-third in six months, and the other one-third in nine months from the day of sale, the credit payments to be secured by the notes of the purchaser or purchasers, with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale.

CHARLES T. REIFSNIDER,
Attorney and Agent named in Mortgage.
R. C. Matthews, Auctioneer. ja-26-ts

Private Sale.

THE subscriber offers at private sale his property, about 2½ miles from Westminster, on the road leading from the Manchester to the Gorsuch road, containing 35 ACRES, fifteen of which are in growing Timber. The improvements are a good Frame Dwelling, Bank Barn, Smoke and Hog House, and other outbuildings. The land is in a good state of cultivation, under good fencing, has a young orchard, water, &c.

Also 3 ACRES OF LAND, adjoining the above property, improved by a two-story Frame Dwelling House, &c. For further particulars apply to J. L. STORMS,
sep-22-6m* On the premises.

Situation Wanted,

BY a young man with a small family, a position as overseer on a farm, or to take charge of a dairy. For further information call on or address WILLIAM F. KERN,
jan-19-3t Tane