American Sentinel.

WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND.

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The *Advocate*, of this city, and the *Mail*, of Hagerstown, have been exchanging left-handed compliments. The *Advocate* says: "Neither Baltimore nor the State of Maryland has any manner of confidence in the *Mail* politically." The *Mail* retorts that by "Baltimore" the *Advocate* "means Hack Quinn." "When our excellent friend," says the *Mail*, "assures us that the State of Maryland has no confidence in us politically he means that he has not. Of course he has not if Hack has not." These little things show the extent of Democratic harmony in the State of Maryland.

The olive branch is an emblem of harmony, but Mr. George Colton's new weekly, the *Olive Branch*, of Baltimore, seems to be adding fuel to the flame of Democratic strife. It criticises Mr. Isador Rayner and his recent Concordia speech with a caustic pen, and finds in it very little worthy of approbation. The trouble with the *Olive Branch* is that its kind of harmony implies the abject and unreserved surrender of the Democratic party to the sway of the bosses. That is a species of harmony that is not acceptable to that portion of the party that looks with disfavor on the election methods of the ring and other crying evils inflicted on the body politic by the bosses and their henchmen.

The Civil Service Fraud.

The Board of Civil Service Commissioners, consisting of Messrs. Lyman, Thompson and Roosevelt, with Mr. Mason, the local commissioner, whose resignation takes effect June 1st, were in session at the custom-house in New York, on Tuesday. An investigation was held into the alleged irregularities in the conduct of the civil service office in the customs department at New York. Commissioner Roosevelt stated that the board was in possession of no facts or data in any way reflecting on Mr. Mason, but that it had both facts and affidavits establishing the existence of irregularities on the part of other attaches of the office.

Mr. Roosevelt submitted to the board his report on the matter he had been investigating, which was to the effect that the examinations during the past two or three years had been conducted in a manner warranting some action on the part of the commission far more severe than censure. He cited several cases where arrangements had been made with F. K. Davis and M. C. Terhune, clerks in the examining board, to secure copies of the civil service papers, and how, as the result of such schemes, candidates have passed with flying colors. The papers of one man—Nathaniel Flower—who passed in this way, were exhibited to the commission. Another set of papers was not in the handwriting of the man whose name was on them. All interested parties will be accorded a full hearing.

Taxes and Temperance.

The Landlord's Mutual Protective Association of Baltimore City, at its meeting on Tuesday evening last, unanimously adopted a preamble reciting the evil consequences of the existence of liquor saloons and the benefits of high license in diminishing and limiting their number and thereby effecting a "corresponding reduction in suffering, sorrow, pauperism, crime and taxation." To the preamble was appended the following resolution:

Resolved by the Landlords' Mutual Protective Association of Baltimore City, That the Mayor and City Council be requested to recommend and urge upon the next Legislature of Maryland the great importance of passing a strong high-license law, and that it also be requested to allow the amount of all licenses now paid into the state treasury by the citizens of Baltimore to be paid into the city treasury, where it equitably and justly belongs, and that it also in the interest of the tax payers and for the public good, be requested to pass an act providing for the establishment of a police court for the trial of petty offenses.

This action is valuable as indicating the recognition on the part of a large and influential body of citizens, organized solely for the promotion of the business interests of the city, of the fact that poverty, pauperism, suffering and crime, and consequent increased taxation, are concomitants of the saloon; and as further showing the growth of a healthy public sentiment in favor of restricting the evil as far as possible by the imposition of a heavy tax upon the traffic. This conclusion will probably not meet the approbation of the Prohibitionists, but it proposes at least a measure of relief from the evils described, and it would seem to be an act of wisdom on the part of the friends of temperance to join forces in support of a plan of restriction, rather than to fritter away their strength in vain efforts to accomplish a task for the present, at least, hopeless.

The suggestion of the Association, embodied in the resolution quoted, that the amount of all licenses now paid into the State treasury by the city of Baltimore should be paid into the city treasury, demands some notice. By what process of reasoning the Association has reached the conclusion that the proceeds of such licenses "equitably and justly belong" to the city, it is difficult to understand. There is just as much reason to claim that all taxes levied by the State within the limits of the city, should be paid into the treasury of the municipality. The direct and license taxes are imposed for State purposes. The State depends in some measure upon these sources of revenue for the means of supporting its government, and the assertion that taxes levied for this purpose "equitably and justly belong" to the city is an absurdity. Upon such a theory every municipality and county in the State might make a similar demand.

Memorial Day was fittingly and elaborately observed throughout the country, and everywhere great interest was manifested in the ceremonies. The tomb of Ex-President Grant, in Riverside Park, N. Y., may be said to have been the central point of interest, where thousands gathered to manifest their veneration for the memory of the great hero. President Harrison reviewed a vast procession in Brooklyn.

Cleveland for '92.

There is a purpose evident on the part of certain Democrats to renew the free-trade fight in '92, with Ex-President Cleveland as the representative leader and Presidential candidate of the party. It is an early date to begin scheming to this end, but there is no manner of doubt that the project is afoot and that he is being kept prominent in the public view as a part of the plan to attain the desired result. On last Monday night he was given a dinner at the Fifth Avenue Hotel by the Young Democrats of New York at which many prominent representatives of the party were present and at which he made a speech of considerable length, replete with glittering generalities, but that may be construed as desired, by those who approve it, as adherence to his past record concerning the chief question involved in the late canvass.

In meetings and conventions now being held in Ohio Mr. Cleveland's administration and his tariff message are being uniformly endorsed.

Cleveland and Free-Trade will be the Democratic war-cry in '92, if the plots of certain leaders do not miscarry. The Republicans can ask no better issue. By that time some legislation may be expected that will either give an honest and fair election in the gulf States, or limit their representation in Congress and the Electoral Colleges to a fair basis. The doctrine of Protection is making progress there and its friends may have sufficient influence to prevent a recurrence of the monstrous wrongs that were perpetrated on the ballot last year and thus assure positive gains. But whether the gain be direct or indirect, the Democratic party will certainly be deprived of some of the illegitimate fruits gathered by violating the most sacred rights of the electors. There is no reason to apprehend the loss of strength in the Northern States with the tariff as the issue; so that with Cleveland for '92, on the old free-trade platform, Democracy will be again called upon to wear the willow and mourn dead hopes and defeated prospects.

A Contrast.

The energetic action of the State Department under the administration of President Harrison, is in marked contrast with the dilly-dallying of that branch of the government during Mr. Cleveland's term. Take the case of Hayti, for instance. As soon as rumors of a Franco-Haytian treaty, inimical to American interests, reached Mr. Blaine, he sent for the French minister and informed him that the existence of such a convention between France and Hayti would call for some decisive action on the part of this government. The minister expressed ignorance of the rumored treaty, but cabled his government and received a negative to the story, which he promptly communicated to the Secretary of State. Mr. Blaine expressed his satisfaction with the reply; but he fully understands diplomacy, and has taken prompt action to preserve American interests. Two ships of war have been ordered to Hayti and Messrs. Beverly Tucker, of Virginia, and Lew Wallace, of Indiana, have been appointed special envoys plenipotentiary of the United States to that country. Mr. Blaine does not propose to wait until the mischief is consummated, but will make the attitude of his government fully understood in advance. There will be no Samoan business about it. And, by the way, the vigorous treatment of the Samoan question is likely to result in a peaceful and satisfactory arrangement, whereby all that was lost by Secretary Bayard's strange supineness will be regained and the honor of the government peaceably maintained.

It should be borne in mind, too, that this is not being accomplished by bullying weaker nations, but by meeting the great powers of the earth on the basis of a claim, but uncompromising purpose to maintain our just rights. Under the Cleveland administration Americans more than once had cause to blush for the hesitancy and imbecility of the State Department. Under the administration of President Harrison they may justly be proud of the decision and energy that marks its intercourse with foreign nations.

[Since the above was put in type the appointment of Mr. Tucker has been suspended and it is possible that some other person may be appointed in his stead.]

An Army of Caterpillars.

A dispatch from Bangor, Maine, dated May 25th, says: The report that an army of caterpillars along the line of the Canadian Pacific Railroad, just north of the Maine state line, had delayed traffic and blockaded the road all day last Sunday alarmed the farmers, but it appears the end is not yet. The immigration of the insects still continues and yesterday they were reported to be between Brownsville Junction and Matawamke, and moving northeast. All trains are late as the stream varies in width from one-half to eight miles, and the small animals being crushed on the track by the car wheels make the rails so slippery that traffic is almost stopped. Where they are all coming from is unknown, but they are causing great devastation to vegetation, eating everything green in their way. All trees, especially the poplar, are denuded of foliage. The region is happily not largely settled, being in the lumber district, but there are any number of small farms, the owners of which depend solely on their yield for next winter's sustenance, and these, now all planted, the caterpillars are ruining. In a more thickly populated section the loss would be enormous. Where they came from or their destination is unknown. Nothing like it was ever heard of before and a number of naturalists have, at the invitation of the Pacific Railroad Company, gone to study the migration.

Ex-Treasurer Louis Constans, of Newport, Ky., was on Tuesday indicted by the grand jury for embezzlement, the amount being fixed at $35,000. The ex-city clerk, Wm. F. McClure, was also indicted on the same charge. His shortage is fixed at less than $2,000. Much surprise is felt in both cases. Both men are of high standing in the community, and neither has been suspected of any intentional wrongdoing. Mr. Constans admitted a shortage of nearly $7,000, but seemed confused when shown a shortage of $27,000 in one omission from his cash book.

The impression is growing that the fire in Princess Anne county, Va., by which Rev. C. F. Clarke and four other persons were burned to death, was of incendiary origin.

Gov. Whyte's Remedy.

Ex-Gov. Wm. Pinkney Whyte delivered an address before the Young Men's Democratic Club, at Carroll Hall, Baltimore, on Wednesday evening, in which he outlined a plan for saving the Democratic party. Like Mr. Rayner, he thoroughly appreciates the peril that threatens to end in irretrievable disaster; but, unlike Brother Colton, of the *Olive Branch*, he isn't willing to tamely surrender the party wholly to ring control. He doesn't take much stock in that sort of "olive branch" business. In fact he fully recognizes the fact that the party's danger lies mostly in that direction. He says:

"No one will deny the utter discord and division which prevails among our party friends. Wearied and heartsick with the failure by the party leaders to fulfill the pledges made to the people; putting no confidence or trust in the fairness or the utility of primary meetings as now conducted, an immense body of our Democratic fellow-citizens will take no part in the primary movements of the party under the present system of management. I speak of the system, for the system would be bad in any hands. With such a condition of things no man will question the danger which menances the party. Last year at the Presidential election Cleveland only obtained 3,832 majority, Wright only scored 3,065 majority, and Suter, the Republican candidate, was elected clerk of the court by a majority of 655."

And then he asks:

"Is there nothing in this to warn us of danger? Outside of this, for years we have been struggling against our political adversaries, aided by an intelligent, sturdy contingent of our own friends. The political issues have been obscured by personal animosities, and the passion of the voter rather than his reason has been appealed to. Disgust has permeated the ranks of the party. Party is a voluntary association of men for the success of political ideas. It has no power beyond the voluntary principle, and the day has gone by for disciplining men who do not choose to obey the behests of party management. You cannot drive men to vote your ticket now a days; you must win them to its support by its inherent merit and the guarantee it gives for good government and honest legislation."

The distinguished orator then proceeds to arraign the primary election system as the prolific source of the evils under which the party is suffering and suggests a mass-meeting and the appointment of "a large committee of men who shall have the confidence of the people, and who shall be charged with the duty of effecting a reorganization of the Democracy of the city of Baltimore." Unfortunately for the success of this scheme it would almost certainly fall under the control of the very element against which it would be aimed. The skilled bosses could readily marshal their henchmen and rounders in sufficient force to completely overwhelm its projectors; and the reorganization would only result in a new lease of power for the ring. Unless something better than a town meeting can be devised to break the shackles the Democratic party is in hopeless bonds to its iron-handed masters.

The Ex-Governor stopped short in his arraignment of his party rulers, whether by design or accidentally does not appear. His chief interest seems to be the rescue of the party from the clutches of the masters who are defrauding other Democrats at the primaries. The grosser crimes of debauching the ballot, and cheating the whole people of the just fruits of the elective franchise, he does not touch; and yet the culpability of the ring lies very largely in that direction. There is need of general and thorough reform of the organization, and but slight hope of its attainment under existing circumstances. John K. Cowen's method of reforming it with a club is about the only means of thoroughly accomplishing that object.

Frosts in Pennsylvania and New York.

NEW YORK, May 29.—A sharp frost took place last night all over the northern part of the State of New York, doing immense damage to the growing crops. It is very cold again to-night. Reports from the farming sections this evening say the snap was the coldest in over thirty years, the mercury going down as low as 32 degrees.

LOCK HAVEN, Pa., May 29.—There were heavy frosts in this section this morning, with the temperature low enough to form ice. The damage to crops is not yet known.

ROCHESTER, N. N., May 29. Killing frosts are reported in Livingston, Orleans and Monroe counties. Grapevines were wilted and all sorts of garden truck killed. In some parts of Orleans county the damage will be very heavy.

LOCKPORT, N. Y., May 29.—By midday to-day it was apparent that great damage had been done by last night's frost in this vicinity. Nearly all young plants in gardens are wilted to the ground, and grapevines are badly frosted as high as six feet from the roots.

KALAMAZOO, MICH., May 29.—The most disastrous frosts of the season visited South-western Michigan Monday night. From all sections come reports of great damage to early vegetables and small fruits, and in some localities wheat and corn suffered severely.

Seventeen-Year Locusts.

As the seventeen-year locusts are expected this week to appear in New Jersey and Southern Pennsylvania, it may be well to state that it is locust year almost annually in some parts of the United States, where as many as twenty-two different broods have been observed, each reappearing every seventeen years. There are four of these broods peculiar to New Jersey, one of which is due now, having last appeared in 1872, extending east as far as Massachusetts and westward to Illinois. The line of appearance is expected to be scattered in New Jersey. It is thought the cool weather has kept the visitors back, but one or two have been reported at Princeton and also at Harper's Ferry. It is possible that some of the brood may appear on the shore of Chesapeake bay. Locusts are not destructive, except where they lay their eggs. In 1885, when they came to our locality, the sparrows did good execution among them, especially in the grounds of the Smithsonian Institute, Washington, where they were watched by the scientist, and in Brooklyn, N. Y., where the sparrows are very numerous.

The Baron and Baroness Von Sucrow have been reconciled. The Baron confesses that his name is not Von Sucrow, and it is said has revealed his real cognomen to his wife, and the confiding woman, in spite of the gross deceptions he has heretofore practiced and his cowardly desertion, accepts his apparent repentance and trusts his promises of future good conduct, without seeming doubt of his sincerity. It is to be hoped her confidence may not be misplaced.

Progress Already.

FROM NEW YORK TRIBUNE.

President Harrison has not been in office a full quarter as yet, and he found a good many things in bad shape. Already much has been done to improve the situation, and a distinctly different tone is now apparent in commercial and industrial circles. It is felt that the interests of this country are not to be neglected for the sake of pleasing rulers of other nations, or swelling the profits of foreign importers. Differences with foreign Powers which, in the later months of Mr. Cleveland's Administration, seemed to all sufficiently serious to justify long discussions about our naval resources, day after day, are evidently to be settled quickly on terms creditable and practically beneficial to the United States. Representatives of American industry are taking the place of Free-Trade emissaries in the Consular service. The conference of American nations, which is about to be held, though differing in form from that which Mr. Blaine suggested in 1881, may be utilized to promote similar results to those then desired. Relations with Hayti are about to be treated by competent men, and the interference of Canadian railroads with the United States system of transportation is under official investigation. No one now supposes that injustice will be sustained by American fishermen this year, without a genuine effort to defend them.

In domestic affairs, the change more needed than any other was in the interpretation and enforcement of laws for the protection of home industry. Already several decisions have altered the conditions of business, and given new confidence to producers. A decision first by an Appraiser, then by the board of Appraisers, and then by the recently appointed Collector here, is expected soon to be followed by a Treasury ruling on the woolen-worsted question. New confidence is seen in many branches of industry, because it appears already that the power of the Government will be used, not for the benefit of foreign traders and lawbreakers against American producers, but for the defence of home interests. Respecting the finances, it is seen that a judicious and conservative course is pursued, which will enable the Government to shield business as far as possible from the evil influences of the refusal of a Democratic Congress to perform its duty.

Another change greatly needed was a reform of the deplorably demoralized railway mail service, and, indeed, of the postal service generally. The restoration of a host of trained and experienced men has already accomplished much, and there is a growing belief that this branch of the service will soon be not only restored to its former efficiency, but rendered more useful than ever before and more trustworthy. In the Navy Department a new Secretary has not tried to distinguish himself at the outset by persecuting into bankruptcy and the grave any shipbuilder who had served the country with fidelity, but care has been taken to retain all that was good in the work of the Department hitherto. In the pension service, the change in spirit and purpose is felt already by every veteran in the land, and there is no longer exhibited a disposition to insult and punish those who risked their lives for the country. The honest settlers in the Territories are not now denounced as public enemies or hunted down as rascals, as they were from the day Mr. Cleveland's choice for Land Commissioner took charge. Officials under the Department of Justice who have labored to enforce the election laws are no longer robbed of their lawful compensation and expenses.

There has been time as yet for very few changes, but those already made have given new confidence to the people and great help to industries. The business of the Government is better performed already, and there is apparent a belief that the work of the Administration will insure still better government.

Indicted for Murder.

Daniel Coughlin, Patrick O. Sullivan and Frank J. Black, alias Woodruff, have been indicted by the grand jury at Chicago, Ills., for the murder of Dr. P. H. Cronin, whose body was found in a sewer in that city last week. Dr. Cronin is supposed to have been murdered because of differences of some sort among members of the Clan-na-Gael, an Irish-American Society to which he and his supposed murderers belonged and in which it is said he was very active. Concerning this society a New York dispatch says: "Since it has become almost the general opinion that Dr. Cronin's murder grew out of the deliberations of the Clan-na-Gael, or out of the personal quarrels of those conspicuous in the direction of that society, much is heard of the order which bears such a peculiar name. In every city in this country, of any size or importance, there are many Irish-Americans members of this secret order. No member will voluntarily assert that he belongs to the society, although there are many who will deny that they are when the question is put to them. The reasons for this are obvious. In the first place, the Roman Catholic Church has condemned the Clan-na-Gael because it is a secret organization, and no member of the Roman Catholic Church can consistently belong to it. In the second place, its purposes are revolutionary, and the order has been charged before with being the cause of the removal or death of some one who has been treacherous to it, or who has openly opposed its aims. The Clan is said to number in America about 500,000 Irish-Americans, each of whom contributes annually $5 to the treasury. Out of this half a million of members, there are probably not fifty men who are admittedly members of the order.

Gamblers usually die in poverty, but Robert or "Bob" Conners, of New York, who recently deceased, left an estate valued at $200,000. He had a brother, Jno. W. Conners, who, if living, would be the only heir. But it is said that he is dead, leaving a single representative in the person of his grand-daughter, Mrs. G. P. Turner, of Augusta, Ga., who, if the relationship shall be established, will succeed to the estate.

Ex-Secretary Bayard, whose wife died during his occupancy of the State Department, is to be married June 12th to Miss Mary W. Clymer, daughter of the late Heister Clymer, at one time a leading Pennsylvania Democrat. Mr. Bayard is said to be forty years the senior of his prospective bride, who is 25 years of age and said to be a beautiful woman.

Suicide of a Young Minister.

Rev. Henry Greenfield Schorr, assistant rector of St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Baltimore, committed suicide at St. Paul's House, Cathedral street, between Saratoga and Mulberry, in that city, on Sunday morning last, by shooting himself through the head with a pistol. He was about 29 years of age, and had been rector of a Parish at McKeesport, Pa., where by great effort and self-denial he succeeded in erecting a handsome little church. Subsequently he came to Baltimore and was engaged at St. Paul's. Since his death it is stated that he had been notified by the rector, Rev. J. S. B. Hodges, D. D., that his connection with the Parish must be severed. This in conjunction with an unhappy love affair, and some financial troubles, probably unhinged the young man's mind and led to the rash act. His parentage was not known until after his death, when it transpired that he was the son of a shoemaker named Frederick Schorr, who resides with his wife and daughter at 905, Eastern avenue, Baltimore.

Colonel William Louis Schley, claim and pension agent, of Baltimore, was arrested Monday under an indictment found by the United States grand jury, charging him with aiding in the false making, forgeing and counterfeiting of a voucher for the purpose of obtaining money from the United States. District Attorney Hayes fixed Colonel Schley's bail at $1,000, which was given by A. C. N. Matthews, of Matthews & Kirkland, and Colonel Schley's wife. Mrs. Laura Weaver, a widow, who was entitled to a pension, died a year or so ago without having received it. It is charged that her son, August Weaver, induced Mrs. Catharine Miller to impersonate his mother, and that Col. Schley prepared the voucher purporting to have been executed by Mrs. Weaver, knowing at the time that Mr. Weaver was dead. August Weaver and Mrs. Miller have also been indicted, and are out on bail. Col Schley says he did not prepare the voucher. The parties were at his office in reference to the pension, but he told them he would have nothing to do with it and they went elsewhere. Col. Schley has been in the pension business for 25 years.

A dispatch from San Francisco says: "A Pacific mail steamer arrived Tuesday bringing Chinese and Japanese news. Great fires are reported in Japan, which occurred on May 3. At Yokoto a thousand houses were destroyed. The fire originated in the residence quarter about ten o'clock at night and burned for sixteen hours. Many lives were lost. The Emperor subscribed over £1,000 out of his own purse for the relief of the sufferers. About ten thousand people were rendered homeless. On Oshima Island an eruption took place April 13 and destroyed more than half the houses on the island. Another peculiar disease broke out in Tukadagun, the victims dying five hours after being attacked. A series of earthquakes was followed by the opening of the ground a thousand feet long by three wide.

A terrific storm passed over the Potomac river districts of Washington county Md., and Berkeley county, West Va., on Thursday afternoon. The full extent of the damage caused by the hurricane, is not known, as telegraph and telephone wires are down. At Falling Waters the new barn of John W. Criswell was blown down, instantly killing J. E. Powell, a pumpmaker, and fatally injuring John Vogle who had taken refuge in the building during the storm. Vogle was taken to Martinsburg and died in a few hours. Powell was a hard-working man and leaves a wife and fourteen children. It is reported that several ladies at Falling Waters were injured.

At the Twenty-Seventh Annual Reunion of the First Maryland Veteran Volunteer Infantry at the Maltby House, Baltimore, Monday night, officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows: Gen. John R. Kenly, president; W. H. Taylor, vice-president; Stanley Young, Secretary; Samuel P. Keller, treasurer; James W. Hughlett, chaplain; J. William Kirkley, historian. A banquet followed. Speeches were delivered by Captain Robert Johnstone, of Philadelphia, Gen. Kenly, George Scipp, Frank M. Smith, Charles Rotan, Stanley Young, Dr. E. R. Baer. There were about Seventy-five present, and the reunion was very successful.

Ex-Sheriff Joseph M. Ebert, of Frederick county, died at his home in Frederick, on Monday morning of last week, aged 75 years.

There was a heavy white frost in the vicinity of Dover, N. H., on Monday morning, doing great damage to crops.

A hail-storm on Monday night on the south side of Albemarle Sound, Va., did great damage to the growing crops.

George H. Calvert, the last of his generation of the Calvert family of Maryland, died on Sunday in his 86th year.

At Reno, Nevada, Sunday afternoon, thirty buildings were burned, causing a loss of $350,000.

A terrible accident occurred in Danville, Va., on Thursday, by the destruction of a large tobacco factory in course of erection. The structure was nearly two hundred feet long and six stories in height. The walls were completed and the carpenters were at work. About five o'clock a high wind blew down the entire building and killed Robert Pruitt, William Young, G. B. Jones, B. Hooper, D. N. Collie, and Henry Oakes. Six others were badly injured. The factory belonged to J. G. Penn.

The State board of education met Wednesday at the State Normal School and transacted routine business. Diplomas were granted for eighty graduates from the Normal School, and life certificates granted Charles W. Wright, of Frederick county; John P. Fockler, of Washington county, and John S. Crockett, of Somerset county. A number of the male graduates and past graduates of the school organized an alumni association for the male graduates on Wednesday night.

The biennial encampment of the Maryland National Guard (with the exception of the Baltimore Rifles, the Monumental City Guards and the Allegany County Guards, all independent colored infantry, the time and place for which will be announced in future orders) will be held in the vicinity of Frederick Junction, on the Main Stem of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, commencing July 17, 1890, and ending July 26.

A certificate for a pension was on Wednesday granted to Philip Flood, formerly a private in Company E, Forty-second Ohio Volunteer Infantry. The amount of arrears allowed by the pension office in his case is $15,289, his disability dating back to November 14th, 1862. This is the largest first payment on record in the pension office.

Mr. Robert T. Lincoln, our new minister to England, was received with earnest demonstrations of esteem and friendly regard by government and people. The Queen did him the special honor to invite him to Windsor to present his credentials to her in person, and he found himself everywhere the object of sincere courtesies and great attention.

Miss Susan Miller, seventeen years old, daughter of Andrew Miller, who resides on Mill creek, Jackson county, West Va., after preparing supper Saturday evening, went out behind the house and shot herself through the temple with a 32-caliber revolver while the family were at supper. The cause of the suicide was a quarrel between the young woman and her mother.

Mrs. Carter Marks, an aged lady of Petersburg, Va., was knocked down by a freight train on the Petersburg and Weldon Railroad where it crosses Market street, Monday evening, and her right leg was severed from her body. She lived about half an hour after the accident.

Cornelia Neville Graham, widow of James Graham, and daughter of the late Major Morgan Neville, of the United States army, died at New Orleans on Friday of last week. She was a direct descendant of Gen. Daniel Morgan, of revolutionary fame.

What is believed to be a large and valuable deposit of ochre ore has just been discovered on the farm of Mr. Wm. R. Steiner, about half a mile northwest of Frederick. Specimens submitted to analysis are pronounced to be of first-class quality.

The civil-service commission has made an important alteration to one of its rules by providing that hereafter the list of eligibles for appointment to the government service and their standing shall be made public. This action of the commission was approved by the President Tuesday.

The West-bound train on the St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad was wrecked on Thursday night week, at a point three miles west of Sullivan, Mo. Not a passenger escaped unhurt, and 45 are known to have been seriously injured.

The Treasury Department, acting in accordance with recommendations of Special Agents Tingle and Martin, had notified Collector Groome that the positions in the Baltimore custom-house held by eight temporary inspectors are abolished.

On Tuesday, Mrs. Mollie Corwin of Shelbyville, Ind., was granted a divorce from Joseph Corwin, her seventh husband, from whom she was divorced last winter, and to whom she was remarried soon after.

George Gans, aged 80 years, of Smithburg, Washington county, was found dead Saturday on the pike, near Waynesboro', Pa., whither he was walking to see his son.

Martin Eichelberger, a retired farmer and well-known citizen of Hanover, Pa., died Sunday afternoon, aged 66 years. His wife died just one week ago.

The Monocacy river and other smaller streams in Frederick county were very high from the effects of the recent heavy rains.

The last carload of brick and building material of the once famous Libby prison was shipped from Richmond, Va., to Chicago, Ills., on Tuesday.

Col. Samuel Shoch, aged 92 years, a prominent citizen of Columbia, Pa., and a warm friend of Gen. Simon Cameron, died on Saturday.

John Filey, Sr., aged 85 years, hanged himself in Southampton township, Franklin county, Pa., Saturday, because he believed himself ill-treated by his family.

The Republicans of Martinsburg, West Va., achieved a big victory and elected a majority of the town council on Monday last, after a hotly contested campaign.

Samuel Weitzel, of Rouzerville, Pa., became insane over the death of his employer and was taken to the county hospital.

O. W. Chapman, of New York, has been appointed solicitor-general, and John B. Cotton, of Maine, Assistant Attorney-General.

Last Sunday evening James T. Kirby was shot and killed by Michael McMahon in the saloon of Edward Walsh, corner of Schroeder street and Lemon alley, Baltimore. McMahon was accompanied by George McCubbin and Benjamin Stineman. The jury of inquest rendered a verdict in accordance with the facts, holding McMahon as the principal and McCubbin and Stineman as accessories. While the shooting was done in a row the indications are that the accused entered the saloon for the purpose of provoking a fight and killing Kirby.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

A GREAT SUCCESS!

The new Soda Fountain Glass Containers for Syrup at Carroll County Drug Store, Albaugh Building, Main Street, Westminster, Md.

The Potato Bug is Around. Call and get your Paris Green or Loudon Purple, at the Carroll County Drug Store, Main Street, Westminster. j-1-2t

Thousands of Cabbage Plants for sale at Mrs. H. Baltzley's, 165 W. Main street.

BINDER TWINE! We have 25,000 lbs., on hand. Don't be fooled on prices. m-25 tf ROOP & ZILE, Westminster.

Pool's Insect Powders for the destruction of Currant Worms, Potato Bugs, and all other insects. For sale by Henry Pool, No. 18 Center Street, Westminster.

15,000 Henderson Early Summer Cabbage Plants for sale by Henry Pool, 18 Center street. Price 40 cents per hundred.

A fine Store Room for rent; size 25 by 50 feet. Shelving and counters complete. Location nearly central; rent moderate. Apply at this office.

Hull's Celebrated Horse and Cattle Powders are for sale by E. O. Grimes & Co., Westminster, Md. sep-3-tf

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

Rev. G. W. Seilhamer will preach in Uniontown Sabbath morning and evening. Memorial services will be held in Frizellburg Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Union Street M. E. Church.—Class meeting Sunday morning at 9.30 o'clock. Sunday School at 2.30, p. m. Preaching at night by the pastor.

R. R. RIGGS, Pastor.

The Lord's Supper will be administered by the Rev. Dr. Jelley, in the New Windsor Presbyterian Church, on to-morrow (Sabbath) morning at 11 o'clock. All christians are cordially invited to participate.

The Communion of the Lord's Supper will take place at St. John's (Leister's) Church on June 9th, in the morning at 10 o'clock. Preparatory services on Saturday afternoon, June 8th, at 2 o'clock.

J. U. ASPER, Pastor.

Grace Ev. Lutheran Church.—Sunday School Sunday morning at 9 o'clock. Preaching at 10.30, a. m., and 7.45, p. m. Morning subject, "The Pen in the Pulpit;" evening, "Seeing Men as Trees Walking."

P. H. MILLER, Pastor.

Centenary Methodist Episcopal Church.—Prayer Meeting on Wednesday evening at 7.45 o'clock. Young People's Service Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Sunday School at 9, a. m. Preaching at 10.30, a. m., and 7.45, p. m., by the pastor.

G. W. COOPER, Pastor.

Methodist Protestant Church.—Prayer Meeting on Wednesday at 7.45, p. m. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock Sunday morning. Young People's Meeting at 6.45, p. m. Preaching at 10.30, a. m., by the pastor; subject, "The Picture of Christ." Children's Day service at 7.45, p.m.

J. L. MILLS, Pastor.

MARRIED.

In the M. E. Church, New Windsor, May 29th, 1889, by Rev. J. H. Marsh, Mr. Milton A. Zollickoffer, of Uniontown and Miss Ida Snader, of New Windsor.

In the M. P. Church, Johnsville, May 22nd, 1889, by Rev. J. K. Nichols, assisted by Rev. S. T. Ferguson, Mr. Joseph P. Johnston and Miss Mollie V. Nichols, both of Johnsville.

In Hampstead, April 6th, 1889, by Rev. S. J. Derr, Mr. W. H. Boose, of Baltimore and Miss Eliza B. Richards, of Hampstead.

At the residence of the groom's father, near Winfield, May 29th, 1889, by Elder Wm. H. Franklin, Mr. Abram T. Cronk, of this county and Miss Carrie A. Hart, of Cincinnati, Ohio.

DIED

Near Patapsco, May 26th, 1889, James Morris, son of Mary Kate and the late James L. Wampler, aged 13 years, 7 months and 23 days.

On May 16th, 1889, Wm. H. Uhler, aged 4 years.

On May 10th, 1889, Mrs. Susanna Shearer, aged 86 years, 4 months and 10 days.

LINES

ON THE DEATH OF JOHN H. CREW, WHO DEPARTED THIS LIFE APRIL 29TH, 1889.

Our dear father has thus in the morning of his life been called to exchange this for a better world. His spirit has taken its flight to the One who gave it, and his body reposes in the silent tomb; but the pang will long be felt in the hearts of those who have been bereft of a dear father, husband and brother, who was ever near and dear to them. 'Twas sad to part with one so near and dear, but we know he has gone home.

Our dear father has left us,
Yes, he's left this world of care,
But, oh! how we'll miss dear father,
When we see his vacant chair.

He is waiting, yes, he's waiting
Just across the silvery plain.
He is waiting o'er the river,
Where we know we'll meet again.

—BY HIS CHILDREN.

Patapsco, Md., May 27.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SALESMEN WANTED

TO canvass for the sale of our choice Nursery Stock; steady employment guaranteed; we pay salary and expenses to successful men. Apply at once, stating age, to

ELLWANGER & BARRY,
Rochester, N. Y.

Mt. Hope Nurseries, established 1840. ju-1-5t

A Card to the Public.

We understand, through a misrepresentation by designing persons, we are represented as infringing upon a patent recently issued to John G. Hess, of Westminster, Md., on a Road Cart. They claim that the cart we make is an infringement on the Hess patent. We hereby state that our cart is entirely clear from any points upon which the said Hess can possibly claim a patent; and we hereby state that we will indemnify each and every man who uses our cart against any infringement that may be claimed by the said Hess.

HERR BROS.,
Westminster, Md.

Westminster, Md., June 1st, 1889. ja-1-3t

TRUSTEE'S SALE
OF
Valuable LITTLE PROPERTY.

BY virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Carroll county in Equity, cause No. 2715, the subscriber, as Trustee thereby appointed, will offer at public sale, on the premises, on the road from Uniontown to Middleburg, in Carroll county, about three miles from Uniontown and one mile from Mt. Union, on

Saturday, the 29th day of June, 1889, at 1 o'clock, P. M., that valuable little property of which the late Ellen Hiner died seized and possessed, containing

9¼ ACRES OF LAND, MORE OR LESS,

situated as aforesaid, improved by a Log Weatherboarded Dwelling House, two stories, with five rooms, and side room attached, formerly used as a store-room; a log stable, wash house, smoke house, granary, chicken house, hog pen, &c. There is a well of good water near the kitchen door, a good garden, plenty of apple and other fruit trees. The land is of fine quality and kept in good condition. It is in a good neighborhood and an excellent location for a country store.

Terms of Sale.—One-third of the purchase money in cash on the day of sale, or ratification by the Court; one-third in one year and one-third in two years from the sale, with interest from sale; the credit payments to be secured by the notes of the purchaser with approved sureties. Possession given in compliance with terms.

ANDREW MYERLY, Trustee.
Jos. M. Parke, Solicitor.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

The creditors of Ellen Hiner, late of Carroll county, deceased, are hereby notified to file their claims against said deceased, properly proven, with the Clerk of said Court, in the above case, within two months from June 29th, 1889.

ju-1-4s ANDREW MYERLY, Trustee.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE
OF
A DESIRABLE LITTLE FARM

Near Snydersburg, Carroll Co., Md.

BY virtue of the power contained in a mortgage from Jesse L. Leister and Sarah A. Leister, his wife, to the undersigned, bearing date April 13th, A. D., 1887, and duly recorded among the Real Estate Mortgage Records of Carroll county in Liber W. N. M. No. 25, folio 231, &c., I will sell at public sale, to the highest bidder, at the Court House door in Westminster, Md., on

Monday, 24th day of June, A. D., 1889, at 1 o'clock, P. M., all that parcel of land described in and conveyed by said mortgage, containing

73 ACRES, MORE OR LESS.

The improvements thereon are a two-story Log Dwelling House, Bank Barn, Dairy and other out-buildings; orchard of apple and other fruit trees; about 15 acres is in Timber, the balance is good farming land.

This property is situated on the county road leading from Westminster to Hampstead, in Hampstead district, about 1½ miles from Hampstead, and adjoins the land of Henry Houck, Noah Walker and others.

Terms of Sale—Cash; or, if desired by the purchaser, one-third cash on the day of sale or on the ratification thereof, one-third in one year and the other one-third in two years from the day of sale; the credit payments to be secured by the notes of the purchaser or purchasers, with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale. This property will be offered subject to two prior liens thereon, the amount of which will be stated on the day of sale.

JACOB BREHM, Mortgagee.
Reifsnider & Reifsnider, Solicitors.
R. C. Matthews, Auctioneer. jun-1-ts

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Methodist Protestant Church.—Prayer Mee