American Sentinel.

WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND.

W. L. W. Seabrook - Editor.

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SATURDAY, MAY 6, 1893.

The Administration Tariff Scheme.

The Washington correspondent of the *Baltimore American* says that work has been begun on the "administration" tariff bill, which it is expected will be run through Congress at an extra session, to be called for September. The work of preparing the measure and the plan to be pursued are thus outlined by the *American* correspondent:

There are to be no hearings by the House Committee on Ways and Means, as has been the custom when tariff bills are under the course of preparation. Chairman Springer and Secretary Carlisle contend that there are in the room of the Ways and Means Committee the testimony and statements of manufacturers, dealers and others interested in the tariff, taken when the Mills, McKinley, Springer and other measures were prepared, and that they are sufficient. Circular letters have been sent out to manufacturers and others interested, soliciting their views upon the subject of tariff revision, and asking that their statements be submitted at an early day in writing.

In the preparation of their new tariff bill, Chairman Springer and Messrs. McMillin, of Tennessee; Wilson, of West Virginia, and the one or two other members of the committee who are working upon the bill with Secretary Carlisle are depending almost wholly upon figures furnished them by David Wells and some other distinguished Democratic theorists who never manufactured a dollar's worth of goods or produced anything off paper. The statements of the Treasury Department are also being studied, for the condition of the finances of the country is the most important feature of the work. How to make cuts into the duties to meet the pledges of the Democratic party, and at the same time not reduce the government's income below the requirements of current expenses, is the greatest obstacle in the way of the work, and that is the feature which all acknowledge is to cause most trouble.

Wool will be placed on the free list, and there will be a heavy cut in worsteds and common woolens. This was promised in the party platform. Iron ore will go upon the free list, and tin. There will be a duty retained upon pig iron, although scrap iron may be made free. The duty on coal will either be removed outright or cut in half; probably it will be removed entirely. There will be a big cut in lumber. The sugar bounty will positively be abolished. The duty on Sumatra wrappers, increased from seventy-five cents to $2 a pound by the McKinley bill to protect the Connecticut tobacco industry, will be abolished, as it is held that it helps the producers in but two counties.

The sugar problem is causing much embarrassment to the committee. It is unanimously agreed that the bounty shall be abolished by the bill which will pass the House, although it is expected that it may be put back again in the Senate; but what to do about a duty on the refined or gross article is the question. Refined sugar now pays a half cent per pound. This is done to protect the labor involved in refining. Raw sugar is absolutely free. It is contended by the committee that a half cent per pound can be put upon raw sugar and it will not increase the price to the consumer, as that much is now made by the trust through the duty on refined sugar. It is probable that a half cent will be placed upon the raw article. Sugar is so popular that it affords a tempting means of raising revenue.

It can be stated with postiveness that the reductions of duties upon the leading articles of manufacturing will not be great. In the first place the revenue is needed; then it is acknowledged that a ruinous cut could not be passed through either branch of Congress. By cutting off the sugar bounty, about eighteen or twenty millions annually will be saved. If a half cent a pound is added to the raw article there will be put into the Treasury from two sources of the one article—sugar—about forty or fifty millions a year. This gives a good margin to begin with. The reduction of the duties on woolens and carpets and certain other articles will stimulate importations and thus increase the revenues—at the cost of our industries. The increase of importations under decreased duties are being calculated to a nicety. We are to have the high wall around farming interests taken down. The duties on eggs, poultry, cereals, live stock, etc., are to be cut in two. This for the purpose of stimulating imports and increasing the incomes.

Although the bill will be complete when Congress comes together, it is not expected to go into effect under about a year from September or October. It will go into effect six or eight months after it is approved by the President. It is intended to have clauses which will enable manufacturers and dealers to get out of the stocks on hand and to adjust themselves to the proposed new conditions before the law can affect them.

While a portion of the Democratic press expresses hearty approval of the acts of "My Commissioner" Blount, at Honolulu, it is noticeable that the papers occupying that attitude avoid discussion of the question of Mr. Cleveland's constitutional authority to invest such an official with power paramount to that of a regularly accredited minister. The fact is that, in sending Blount to Hawaii with a commission to set aside the acts of Minister Stevens, Mr. Cleveland was guilty of a flagrant usurpation of authority and did extreme violence to the constitution which he had just sworn to support. It is not a matter of wonder that the papers which approve the course of Mr. Blount have nothing to say about his investiture with functions not warranted by the constitution and laws of the country. If a Republican President had perpetrated such an act these same papers would have declared him guilty of an offence deserving impeachment.

Not a Matter for Rejoicing.

Some of the Mugwump-Cleveland-Democratic newspapers seem to be delighted with the effect of the mission of Mr. Blount, of Georgia, to the capital of the Sandwich Islands, and recite with great glee the apprehensions of counter-revolution and restoration of the monarchy created by the lowering of the American flag and the withdrawal of the marines. They speak of the condition of things brought about at Honolulu, as if it were a matter in which Americans should glory, instead of blushing for shame that an American President has conferred authority, not warranted by the constitution, upon a personal commissioner, to pursue a course that has, as far as he could compass it, brought disgrace upon the flag of the country, not to speak of the peril to American interests involved in the proceedings.

It is possible and even probable that the new Hawaiian government will be able to maintain itself against any effort of the deposed queen to recover her authority. Her illegal acts and the attempt made to usurp supreme authority in spite of constitutional limitations, led to the revolution which deprived her of her crown. An effort to establish an absolute monarchy will be resisted to the last by the new government, which has the hearty support of the best citizens of Hawaii. The queen's followers are probably stronger numerically, but the force of numbers may not prevail against the power of intelligence and skill.

Suppose the revolutionary government, after its base betrayal by President Cleveland's commissioner, shall be able to maintain the republic, will it be likely to yearn for annexation with the power that deserted it in its hour of danger and trial? Will it not, more probably, seek an alliance elsewhere; say, for instance, with England. A condition of things has arisen that would make the Sandwich Island a desirable possession to the British government. New lines of steamships have been heavily subsidized to connect with the Canadian Pacific Railroad at its eastern and western termini, making a direct line between Britain and Asia, with Hawaii immediately on the Pacific ocean portion of the route. It is well known that the English government is exceedingly averse to the annexation of the Sandwich Islands to the United States. The advantages of their possession to this country would, under certain conditions, which may arise, be very great and their acquisition is very desirable. That the consummation of annexation has been imperiled and a conflict, involving the shedding of human blood and other untold evils, rendered possible by the course of President Cleveland, is not a matter for rejoicing on the part of Americans.

Opening of the World's Fair.

It is estimated that 150,000 to 175,000 people gathered about the grand stand where the inauguration ceremonies of the Columbian World's Fair at Chicago took place on Monday last. As the people in the rear pressed upon those at the front to get as near to the centre of of attraction as possible the mass became so dense that many women fainted and had to be lifted over the heads of the crowd to the seats reserved for the press and to the grand stand. The police arrangements were inadequate to the occasion. The day was not altogether propitious, although the sun shone faintly at times and no rain fell. The opening program included a Columbian march rendered by an orchestra of 600 instruments, led by Theodore Thomas; prayer by the blind chaplain of the United States Senate, Rev. Dr. Milburn; the recitation of a poem by Miss Jessie Couthoul, of Chicago, entitled "The Prophecy," writen by W. A. Croffut, a newspaper man, for the occasion; an address by Director-General Davis, and a brief address by President Cleveland, at the conclusion of which, at 8 minutes after 12 o'clock, M., he touched the button to start the machinery and thus formally open the exhibition. This button was an ordinary telegraph key except that it was of gold instead of brass, and the button of ivory instead of rubber. It rested upon a pedestal covered with navy blue and golden yellow plush, and on the sides of the lower tier, in silver letters, were the dates, 1492 and 1893.

The touching of the button was the signal for the audience to burst into a thunderous shout; the orchestra played the Hallelujah chorus, the wheels of the great Allis engine in Machinery Hall began to revolve, the fountains in the lagoons threw up their jets of water, a flood of water gushed from the McMonnes fountain and fell into the basin and the thunder of artillery came from the vessels in the lake.

At the same time the chimes in Manufactures Hall and on the German Building rang out a merry peal, and overhead the flags at the tops of the poles in front of the platform fell apart and revealed two gilded models of the ships in which Columbus first sailed to American shores. Hundreds of flags of all nations and all colors were also unfurled within sight of the platform, and an immense United States flag fell out from the top of the central staff in front of the stand.

The roof of the Manufactures Building was gorgeous in red gonfalons, while the Agricultural Building was dressed in banners of orange and white. It was a wonderful and brilliant scene of transformation, and while it was taking place the cannon continued to thunder and the crowd to cheer. When the demonstration had spent its force, the band played "America," and the exercises were at an end. The fair was opened to the world.

During the afternoon the Woman's building was formally dedicated with interesting ceremonies and addresses.

The town of Cisco, Texas, was practically destroyed by a cyclone on Friday of last week. Of four hundred houses in the place only one escaped damage. A freight train was blown from the track and the engine, weighing twenty tons, turned completely over by the force of the wind. The brakeman and conductor were killed. The debris of several wrecked buildings took fire and it is supposed that a number of human bodies were burned. Twenty persons are missing and two hundred were injured, about forty of them fatally. The damage to property is estimated at two millions of dollars. The same day a cyclone swept over the Cherokee Strip, doing much damage and killing a dozen people.

The Tin-Plate Duty.

It is reported that Senator Brice, of Ohio, has declared that he is opposed to the repeal of the duty on tin-plate, proposed to be incorporated in the administration bill, an outline of which will be found in another column. Senator Brice has observed the growth of the tin-plate industry under the existing law, and is averse to legislation that would undoubtedly destroy it entirely. It seems to us doubtful whether the abrogation of the duty at this period would be constitutional. It was imposed with limitations and restrictions that seem to impart to it the character of a contract. The law imposing it provides for its expiration at a fixed date, unless certain conditions shall have been met by the manufacturers. The inference that they shall be given until the date specified to comply with the conditions is fairly deducible from the nature of the obligation. It would be a most inequitable act to give a pledge of protection upon certain conditions, and then withdraw that protection when the conditions were in process of accomplishment. Whether in the eye of the law such action would be an impairment of a contract may perhaps be open to doubt but from a moral standpoint, at least, there can be no question concerning it. What do the lawyers say about it?

Governor Brown has appointed Judge John M. Robinson, of Queen Anne's county, Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals to fill the vacancy caused by the transfer of Chief Judge Alvey to the head of the new Appellate Court of the District of Columbia. Judge Robinson has been on the bench twenty-eight years, twenty-five of which have been as a member of the Court of Appeals. Judge Robinson's appointment creates no vacancy in the Circuit of which he is Chief Judge, but the resignation of Judge Alvey left a vacancy in the Western Maryland Circuit, which Governor Brown has filled by appointing A. Hunter Boyd, of Allegany county. Mr. Boyd will be Chief Judge of that Circuit. He is a native of Winchester, Va, and has been a member of the Cumberland bar for sixteen years. He is said to be a lawyer of ability.

Secretary Carlisle called for the resignation of Col. Theo. F. Lang, of Baltimore, chief of the division of bookkeeping of the fourth auditor's office, on Wednesday. A Virginia Democrat has been selected as the successor of Col. Lang, but Mr. Carlisle declined to make his name public, saying he would have to pass an examination before being appointed. Hence he would not announce the name until the appointment is made. Col. Lang expected to remain in the department long enough to "serve out his term." That is, he expected to stay four years from the date of his appointment, but chiefs of divisions have no fixed tenure. They serve at the will of the secretary. Papers were filed in behalf of Col. Lang asking that he be retained a period of four years from his appointment, but the request was disregarded. Secretary Carlisle has vested his son, Logan Carlisle, the chief clerk, with large discretion in the matter of making removals, and he is prompt and peremptory.

A formidable insurrection or revolution has broken out in the eastern portion of Cuba. The oppressed Cubans have long been restive under the burdens imposed upon them by the Spanish government and have more than once endeavored unsuccessfully to throw off the galling yoke. It seems impossible that the present effort can have any better result, although the sympathy of every lover of human liberty must be with these struggling patriots. The Spanish government claims that the insurrection has been already suppressed.

There is a big rush of immigrants headed for New York. Thousands of immigrants are now on the ocean bound for America, and the reason for the exceptionally large influx of future citizens is that the new immigration law went into effect on Wednesday. Steerage passengers in all steamships leaving foreign ports on and after May 3rd will be subjected to a new system of questions and will come under the control of the new boards of inspectors. To forestall this, many have already taken passage and they will be here in swarms next week. Ten thousand Italians have left Marseilles on the 11 Steamships which have just sailed from that port, the Belgravia bringing 1,400. There are 13,000 more bound from Bremen, and there is a migration from other ports equally as large.

The arrangements for the celebration of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the Independent Order of Mechanics, to take place in Baltimore on Wednesday, 10th inst., are about completed. There will be a street parade of the city and visiting lodges, with 3,000 men in line, which will terminate at Scheutzen Park. There an address of welcome will be delivered by Mayor Latrobe, and other speakers will be Louis M. Duvall, past supreme ruler, and Wm. C. Bailey, founder of the order. Elaborate plans are under way for entertaining visiting lodges, of which a large number will participate in the celebration. The Supreme Lodge of the order will convene in Baltimore and remain in session a week. The proposition to change the name of the order will be acted upon. It is stated that the opposition to the change is sufficiently strong to defeat the proposition.

United States Senator Stanford states that ex-President Harrison will deliver his course of ten or more lectures before the Leland Stanford, Jr., University at Palo Alto, California, in the early part of next college term. The last lecture will be an expression of Mr. Harrison's views as to the best plan of compiling an international code of law to govern all prominent nations of the world. Senator Stanford will have this essay printed and send it to Great Britain, France, Germany, Austria, Russia and Italy. The Senator states he will do this in accordance with a belief that all war can be obviated if these great countries concur in the adoption of an international code such as Mr. Harrison will suggest.

Rain prevailed all over the country east of the Rocky Mountains during most of the past week, and floods in many Western rivers, extending from North Dakota to Ohio, and south to Arkansas, have caused great damage and excited much alarm.

The public debt of the United States was increased $3,726,819.40 during the month of April.

The Floods.

Raritan river is overflowing the lowlands south of Somerville, N. J., four to ten feet deep. Much damage has been done to the spring crops. The river has ceased rising.

Land-slides on the railroads, lowlands flooded, and many mills and factories closed are some of the results of the heavy rainstorm in New England.

The recent heavy rains have caused high water in the rivers of Pennsylvania. A section of the Williamsport boom broke yesterday, releasing 15,000,000 feet of logs. John Dierwechter, of Ephrata, Pa., was drowned in trying to recover a wagon. Work was stopped in collieries of the Shamokin region.

Reports from nearly all the cities and towns of New York State show that the storm was severe and that floods and high wind have caused great damage. Washouts and slides were numerous.

The Mississippi river is apparently cutting a new channel on the west bank, five miles above Memphis, Tenn., and it is feared Memphis will be left high and dry.

The Scioto river broke through the levee at Davis, Ohio, and the Patoka river has overflowed twenty miles of country about Jasper.

The water in the Frazer river, British Columbia, has not been so high since 1882.

The Wall street stock market was startled soon after the opening Thursday by the announcement of the failure of Henry Allen & Co., B. L. Smyth & Co. and Schuyler Walden, bankers and brokers. Their misfortunes were due to the remarkable decline in National Cordage stock. Liquidation of stocks was on a wholesale scale and much excitement prevailed. Drop in prices was unusual and denoted the straits in which speculators found themselves. The market closed feverish and unsettled. Foreign and local buyers made their appearance as takers of stocks at the low prices.

The Sunday-closing question is still enveloped in a haze of doubt and it is seemingly impossible for any one in authority to state positively whether or no the World's Fair will will be opened on Sunday next. Director-General Davis was non-committal when questioned. The fair has been open Sunday, up to the present time, and the fact remains that the employes at the gates have received no orders to close on Sunday. President Higinbotham says he shall issue no such order.

A pretty young girl aged about 18 years, supposed to be an Austrian, was found by a track walker along the B. & O. R. R. Sunday morning, in the vicinity of Monrovia. It is supposed that in passing from one coach to another, she fell off and was instantly killed. On her person was found $50 in American money and a foreign note of fifty gulden. The body was placed in a vault in Mt. Olivet cemetery in Frederick, where it will await identification

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The officers of the Baltimore custom house had a cold time on Thursday, the fires of the steam-heating apparatus having been extinguished for the season that day, and the engine and firemen laid off until October. The temperature was very low and the discomfort general, but somebody suggested that a colder day might be looked for some months hence

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Rev. Dr. Lawrence, of Boston, was chosen bishop of the diocese of Massachusetts, by the Episcopal convention of that diocese, on Thursday, as the successor of the late Bishop Phillips Brooks. Dr. Lawrence is a son of Hon. Amos Lawrence, and is forty-two years old. He was the candidate of the Broad Churchmen.

Mrs. Anna Maria Young died in Easton, Pa., Wednesday, aged ninety-nine years and eight months. She was the widow of Capt. Jacob Young, who died forty-eight years ago, and was the oldest widow drawing a revolutionary war pension. There are but fifteen widows of this class in the country.

Gov. Flower, of New York, has refused to interfere in the case of Carlyle W. Harris, convicted of poisoning his young wife, to whom he had been secretly married, and the condemned man will be executed next week. Harris is a member of a prominent New York family.

A tornado passed through a portion of Lexington and Newberry counties, S. C., on Wednesday, unroofing houses and mills and destroying barnes, stables and outhouses. Much damage was done to orchards and woods. A white woman was killed and a number of persons were injured.

The program of exercises for the seventh annual "Prohibition Camp," at Glyndon Park, on the Western Maryland Railroad, has been arranged. The camp will open on Sunday, July 2, with a sermon by Rev. Scott F. Hershey, of Washington city.

The village of Baile, twenty-five miles northwest of Grand Rapids, Mich., was almost destroyed by fire late Wednesday night. An overturned lamp in the store of G. H. Hirschberg started the fire, which spread rapidly to the neighboring buildings. Loss $200,000.

A cyclone destroyed considerable property in North Carolina, on Wednesday. One or two people were killed and a number injured in wrecked buildings.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

When baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

The place to get your Spring Suit cheap and knobby, is at J. T. Anders'.

Look at our $5.00 and $6.00 Pants and smile. J. T. Anders.

Call and look at our stock of Gent's Furnishing Goods and Shirts. They are great. J. T. Anders.

The Ladies of St. Luke's (Winter's) Evangelical Lutheran Church, near New Windsor, will hold a Strawberry and Ice Cream Festival, in the grove adjoining the church, June 1st, 2nd and 3rd, 1893. Come one, come all, and enjoy yourselves in the grove.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

Grace Ev. Lutheran Church.—Sunday School 9, a. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday, 7.30, p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. 7, p. m. Preaching at 10.30, a. m., and 7.45, p. m. Morning subject, "Comparative Christianity." Evening, "The Divine Saviour."

P. H. MILLER, Pastor.

Methodist Protestant Church.—Prayer Meeting Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock. Sunday School Sunday at 9.15, a. m. Y. P. S. C. E. Meeting at 6.30, p. m. Preaching at 10.30, a. m., and 7.30, p. m.

A. D. MELVIN, Pastor.

Centenary M. E. Church.—Sunday School at 9.15, a. m. Epworth League service at 7.45, p. m. Prayer Meeting Wednesday at 7.30, p. m. Class meeting immediately following prayer meeting. Preaching at 10.30, a. m., and 7.30, p. m.

J. L. WALSH, Pastor.

Ascension Church.—Holy Communion, 7.00, a. m. Matins, Sermon, Holy Communion at 10.30, a. m. Sunday School (chapel) 3, p. m. Evensong, 4.00, p. m. Night service and Sermon, (chapel), 7.30, p. m., daily, until Thursday Holy Communion, 7.00, a. m. Matins and Litany, 9, a. m. Evensong, 5.30, p. m. For Ascension Day, Holy Communion, 7, a. m. Matins and Holy Communion 10.30, a. m Evensong, 5.30, p. m.

C. N. MORRIS, Rector.

St. Paul's Reformed Church.—Sunday School at 9.15, a. m. Divine service at 10.30, a. m., and 7.30, p. m.

CALVIN S. SLAGLE, Pastor.

Salem Charge, Lutheran Church.—Benjamin's Church.—Sunday School at 9, a. m. Preparatory service and reception of new members, on Saturday, at 2, p. m. Communion service on Sunday, at 10, a. m.

St. John's Church.—Sunday School at 9, a. m. Prayer Meeting at 8, p. m. No Preaching.

S. A. DIEHL, Pastor.

Rev. G. W. Seilhamer will preach in Uniontown Sabbath morning and evening.

Elder Arvell Long, will preach in Begg's Chapel on Saturday evening, May 14th, and on Sunday, May 14th, at 10 o'clock, a. m.

The Holy Communion will be administered at Baust Church to-morrow, Sunday, 7th inst., at 10 o'clock, a. m., by the pastor, Rev. J. R. Williams.

MARRIED.

In Emmittsburg, April 27th, 1892, by Rev. H. F. White, Mr. Enoch L. Frizell (formerly of this county,) and Miss Addie Flautt, both of Emmittsburg, Md.

In Hampstead, April 26th, 1893, by Rev. E. Buhrman, Mr. Geo. T. Myers and Miss Nannie H. Stull, both of this county.

At the parsonage in Uniontown, April 29th, 1893, by Rev. G. W. Seilhamer, assisted by Rev. L. H. Selby, Mr. B. F. Rightler, of Hagerstown, Md., and Miss Beckie E. Sellhamer, of Uniontown, this county.

At the residence of the bride's parents, Manchester, by Rev. Wm. D. Stewart, Rev. Lewis Reiter, of Roanoke, Va., and Mrs. M. J. Bixler, daughter of Emanuel Cox, of Manchester, this county.

DIED.

Obituaries, poetry and resolutions of regret on deaths charged for at the rate of five cents per line. The regular death notices published gratuitously.

Near Silver Run, April 26th, 1893, Mrs. Jacob Lippy, in the 80th year of her age.

In this city, May 1st, 1893, James Shriver, aged 66 years.

In Baltimore, April 28th, 1893, Rosa M., wife of Fred. P. Knopp, and only daughter of John W. Lovell, of Westminster, aged 25 years, 2 months and 9 days.

In Manchester, April 27th, 1893, John Wesley Boose, aged 44 years, 1 month and 14 days.

In San Francisco, Cal., April 17th, 1893, Mrs. Maria Pearson, wife of Rev. W. P. S. Duncan, and daughter of the late I. E. Pearson, Sr., of this city.

At Keysville, May 1st, 1893, Benjamin F. Warner, aged 34 years, 7 months and 17 days.

Near Pleasant Valley, May 1st, 1893, Isaac Yingling, in the 54th year of his age.

In Baltimore, May 3rd, 1893, Samuel Shultz, in his 64th year. Interment at Manchester.

Near Patapsco, May 2nd, 1893, Jeremiah Elseroad, aged 50 years.

In Chambersburg, Pa., May 1st, 1893, Susan A., wife of Wm. L. Little, aged 33 years, 1 month and 29 days.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Commissioners' Notice.

THE County Commissioners of Carroll county will meet at their Office, in Westminster, on the FIRST MONDAY OF JUNE, 1893, for the transaction of business.

By order, CHARLES BRILHART,
ma-6-1m Clerk.

UNDERTAKING!!

EARHART & GROFT,
UNION MILLS, MD.,
will furnish Caskets and Coffins at short notice. Embalming free of cost. Will attend to calls day or night. Charges moderate.
ma-6-1m*

E. Wangerman's Restaurant,
17½ N. Howard Street, Baltimore,
(35 Cent Dinners from 12 to 3.)
Is always stocked with the best the market and season afford. First-class dinners from 12 to 3 o'clock. Families visiting Baltimore can always be accommodated in a first-class dining room without extra charge. I especially invite your patronage.
apl-16-1y

GRAND FAMILY EXCURSION
—TO—
BALTIMORE,
On Wednesday, May 10, '93,
under the auspices of Westminster Lodge No. 41, I. O. M., to attend the 25th Anniversary and Grand Parade of the order.

8,000 MEN IN LINE.
14 HOURS IN THE CITY,
giving the excursionists ample time to view the parade and visit the threatres and other points of interest. EVERYBODY INVITED TO GO.

TIME TABLE AND FARE:

	Leave.	Fare.
Union Bridge,	7.15, A. M.	$1.00
Linwood,	7.19	1.00
New Windsor,	7.25	1.00
Wakefield,	7.31	1.00
Avondale,	7.37	1.00
Spring Mills,	7.40	1.00
Westminster,	7.44	1.00
Cranberry,	7.52	95
Carrollton,	8.00	85
Barricks,	8.10	80
Finksburg,	8.12	75
Glen Falls,	8.15	70
Emory Grove,	8.22	65
Glyndon,	8.25	60

Arriving in Baltimore, 9.08, A. M. Returning leave Hillen Station at 11.35, P. M.

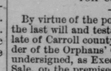
Executor's Sale
—OF—
VALUABLE REAL
—AND—
Personal Property,
Situated near Patapsco Station, on the Western Maryland Railroad, in Carroll county, Md.

By virtue of the power of sale contained in the last will and testament of Conrad Rausch, late of Carroll county, deceased, and of an order of the Orphans' Court of said county, the undersigned, as Executor, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises now occupied by the undersigned, situated on the public road leading from Carrollton, on the Baltimore and Reisterstown turnpike, to Patapsco Station on the Western Maryland Railroad, and about one mile from each place, on

SATURDAY, 3rd day of JUNE, A. D., 1893, at 10 o'clock, a. m., the following valuable Real and Personal Property, to-wit:

1st. The Home Farm, of which said Conrad Rausch died seized and possessed, containing

37 ACRES OF LAND, More or Less.



The improvements consist of a large and comfortable Stone Dwelling House, Dairy, Carriage, Hog and Corn Houses, together with a large Bank Barn, and all other necessary improvements found upon first-class property. There is an excellent spring of water near the dwelling, running water through the farm and an abundance of fruit of different varieties. The land is in a high and productive state of cultivation and under good fencing.

2nd. The one-half interest of said Conrad Rausch in those three several parcels of land containing, together, the quantity of

40 ACRES AND 21 PERCHES,

more or less, lying contiguous to the Home Farm and being the same parcels of land which said Conrad Rausch and Ernest Rausch obtained by deeds from Samuel A. Lanver and wife and Kinzey Taylor and wife, duly recorded among the Land Records of said county. There are no buildings upon this tract of land but it is in fine condition, very productive and under good fencing. The above land adjoins properties of Azariah Oursler, John Albert Chew, Elijah Taylor and others, and is convenient to schools, churches, postoffices and the Western Maryland Railroad. Persons desirous of viewing the premises can call upon the undersigned, residing on the home farm.

At the same time and place will be offered the following Personal Property, to-wit:

2 good Work Horses, 2 Cows, Wheat Fan, 4 Bedsteads, Lounge, Chairs and other articles not necessary to mention.

Terms of Sale of the Real Estate:—One-third part of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale, or upon the ratification thereof by the Court, (which will be in about one month,) and the balance in two equal payments, at one and two years, credit payments to be secured to the satisfaction of the Executor and bearing interest from the day of sale.

Terms of Personal Property.—All sums under $5, cash; on sums above $5 a credit of six months will be given, purchasers giving notes, with approved security, and bearing interest from the day of sale.

ERNEST RAUSCH,
Executor of Conrad Rausch, deceased.
Wm. A. McKellip, Attorney.
Wm. Blizzard, Auctioneer. ma-6-ts

Ratification Notice.

In the Orphans' Court of Carroll County.
APRIL TERM, 1893.

Estate of David Coppersmith, deceased.

On application it is ordered, this 24th day of April, 1893, that the sale of the real estate of David Coppersmith, late of Carroll county, deceased, made by John T. Coppersmith, administrator de bonis non with the last will and testament annexed, of said deceased, and this day reported to this Court by the said administrator d. b. n. c. t. a., be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shown to the contrary on or before the 5th Monday, 29th day, of May next; provided a copy of this order be inserted for three successive weeks in some newspaper printed and published in Carroll county, before the 4th Monday, 22nd day, of May next.

The report states the amount of sale to be nine hundred and one dollars. ($901.00).

DAVID H. HOFFACKER,
LEWIS CASH, } Judges.
ALBERT SCHAEFFER,
True Copy—Test:
GEO. M. PARKE, Register of Wills.
apl-29-3t

Ratification Notice.

In the Orphans' Court of Carroll County.
APRIL TERM, 1893.

Estate of John H. Chew, deceased.

On application it is ordered, this 25th day of April, 1893, that the sale of the real estate of John H. Chew, late of Carroll county, deceased, made by Milton Chew and Ezra Chew, executors of the last will and testament of said deceased, and this day reported to this Court by the said executors, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shown to the contrary on or before the 5th Monday, 29th day, of May next; provided a copy of this order be inserted for three successive weeks in some newspaper printed and published in Carroll county, before the 4th Monday, 22nd day, of May next.

The report states the amount of sale to be two hundred and four dollars. ($204.00).

DAVID H. HOFFACKER,
LEWIS CASH, } Judges.
ALBERT SCHAEFFER,
True copy—Test:
GEO. M. PARKE, Register of Wills.
apl-29-3t

Prepare for Harvest.

Get the best Machine. The

Low-Down Buckeye Banner Self-Binder,

Has no competitors. Having taken the management of the Buckeye Company agency in Westminster, which is located on Main street, adjoining the hardware store of Babylon & Gilbert, I am prepared to show this incomparable machine; also the Buckeye Mower, Horse Rake, and Akron Corn Plows. Also headquarters for Binder Twine. Satisfaction guaranteed.

apl-29-3t ELIAS B. ARNOLD.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THIS is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Carroll county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the estate of

SARAH A. BARNES,

late of Carroll county, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 24th day of November, 1893; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand, this 24th day of April, 1893.

WESLEY F. BARNES,
apl-29-4t Administrator.

BARK WANTED.

Schlosser Tannery.

We will pay Seven Dollars ($7) Cash per ton of 2,000 lbs. for

Prime Chestnut or Spanish Oak Bark,

of this year's peeling, delivered in good order and condition at the SCHLOSSER TANNERY, before the 1ST DAY OF JULY, 1893.

ENGLAND & BRYAN, PROPRIETORS.
JAS. S. BAER, Superintendent. mr-4-3m

Boarding and Lodging
AT THE
World's Fair, Chicago.

We have taken and furnished a large House, at No. 7050 Oglesby avenue, Brookdale, Chicago, where we will be prepared to receive guests on and after May 1st, 1893. The house is located on the line of the Illinois Central Railroad, six blocks from the south entrance to the Exposition grounds.

MRS. LAURA S. SELLMAN,
MISS M. L. HARTSOCK,
of Warfieldsburg, Carroll county, Md.
ap-22-1m

Spring Grove Mills,

JOHN S. WEYBRIGHT, PROPRIETOR,

Manufacturer of Superb and Family Flours, Corn Meal, Hominy, and Mill Feed. Sawing and Chopping of all kinds. All orders for Flour and Feed will receive prompt attention.

JOHN S. WEYBRIGHT,
fe-25-tf Double Pipe Creek, Md

HORSE BILLS. We have a number of Fine Horse Cuts and print bills cheap.

STATEMENT.

Showing the condition of the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee, Wis., December 31st, 1892.

ASSETS.

Value of Real Estate owned by the Company, less amount of encumbrance thereon	$ 995,486.29
Loans on Bond and Mortgage	45,076,571.33
Stocks and Bonds absolutely owned by the Company (market value)	4,619,800 05
Interest due and accrued on Stocks, Bonds and other securities	792,577.92
Cash in Company's principal office and belonging to the Company deposited in bank	3,155,372.49
Premiums due and in course of collection and gross deferred premiums less loading thereon	1,087,404.00
Premium Notes in force	487,812.62
Total Admitted Assets	$56,215,024 70
Securities deposited in various States for the protection of policyholders in such States (market value) Virginia..$ 10,000.00	$ 10,000.00
	$56,225,024.70

LIABILITIES.

Losses reported, adjusted and unpaid	$ 228,437.00	
Reserve as required by law	42,805,178.00	
Unpaid dividends of surplus and dividends on deferred premiums semi-annual and quarterly	76,805.00	
Reserve for paid up insurance claimable and for annuities	64,708.58	
All other claims	24,000.00	
Total Liabilities		$43,199,158.58
Surplus, as regard policy-holders		$13,025,866.12
Total Income		$14,557,554.22
Total expenditures		7,410,685 94
128,349 Policies in force in United States on 31st Dec., 1892, insuring		312,612,633.00
173 Policies written in Maryland during the year 1892, insuring.		320,784.00
Premiums received on Maryland business in 1892		157,151.97
Losses paid in Maryland during 1892		66,940 00
Losses incurred in Maryland during 1892		66,940.00

STATE OF MARYLAND,
Insur. Department, Commissioner's Office, Annapolis, March 17th, 1893.

In compliance with the Code of Public General Laws, I hereby certify that the above is a true abstract from the statement of the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee, Wis., to December 31st, 1892, now on file in this Department.

I. FREEMAN RAISIN,
Insurance Commissioner.
S. T. Otto, Agent, New Windsor.
R. B. Moore, Special Agent, Carroll county.
ma-6-3t

By the Insurance Department.

STATEMENT

Showing the condition of the Farmers Fire Insurance Company of York, Pa., Dec. 31st, 1892.

ASSETS.

Value of Real Estate owned by the Company, less amount of encumbrance thereon	$ 36,500.00
Loans on Bond and Mortgage	203,499.88
Stocks and Bonds absolutely owned by the company (market value)	312,421.00
Amount of all Loans (except Mortgages) secured by stocks, bonds, and other securities hypothecated to the Company for cash actually loaned by the Company	1,060.00
Interest due and accrued on stocks, bonds and other securities	3,702.13
Cash in company's principal office and belonging to the Company deposited in bank	43,939.79
Premiums due and in course of collection.	27,237.21
All other admitted Assets detailed in statement on file in this office.	132.50
Total admitted Assets.	$628,423 51

LIABILITIES.

Losses reported, adjusted and unpaid	36,273.00	
Reserve as required by law	338,358.99	
All other claims	3,709.33	
Total Liabilities		$378,341,32
Surplus as regards policy-holders		$250,082.19
Total income	411,750.46	
Total expenditures	371,205.65	
Amount of policies in force in United States on 31st Dec., 1892	53,388,992.00	
Amount of policies written in Maryland during the year 1892.	1,747,264.00	
Premiums received on Maryland business in 1892	16,325.95	
Losses paid in Maryland during 1892	13,897.66	
Losses incurred in Maryland during 1892	11,524.81	

STATE OF MARYLAND,
Insur. Department, Commissioner's Office, Annapolis, January 16th, 1893.

In compliance with the Code of Public General Laws, I hereby certify that the above is a true abstract from the statement of the Farmers Fire Insurance Company of York, Pa., to December 31st, 1892, now on file in this Department.

I. FREEMAN RASIN,
Insurance Commissioner.
THOS. F. SHEPHERD, Agent.
ap-29-3t Uniontown Md.

Public Sale
OF VALUABLE
WOOD LAND,
Geiser Engine and Saw Mill, Cord Wood, Lumber, &c.

ON TUESDAY, MAY 9th, 1893,

at 10 o'clock, A. M., the undersigned will sell at Public Sale, on the premises, the following valuable TIMBER LAND, containing

ABOUT 100 ACRES,

situated in Carroll county, Md., near Warfieldsburg, having been a portion of the Sellman property. The timber consists of Oak, Hickory, Chestnut and some Poplar. Also, about four or five hundred Cords of Wood, about 300 Chestnut Posts in the rough, a lot of Boards, Joists and different kinds of Frame Stuff. Also at the same time and place, an excellent

GEISER ENGINE AND SAW MILL,

with two large saws, and a table saw for sawing slabs. The engine and saw mill are as good as new, having been in use but a short time. For further information refer to Reifsnider & Reifsnider, Attorneys-at-Law, Westminster, Md.

Terms of Sale.—For the Real Estate, Engine and Saw Mill, one-third cash, one-third payable six months from day of sale, and one-third of the amount one year after date of sale, purchaser or purchasers to give their notes, with approved security, bearing interest from date of sale. For Wood, Lumber, &c., all sums of $10 and under, cash; on all sums over $10, a credit of four months will be given, purchasers giving their notes with approved security, bearing interest from day of sale.

N. B.—