American Sentinel.

WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND.

W. L. W. Seabrook, - Editor.

Entered at the Postoffice at Westminster, Md., as Second-class matter.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1897.

A Sound Money United States Senator to replace the straddler from Maryland is the most important of the results to flow from the Republican victory on Tuesday.

If Freedom district had voted on Tuesday as last year every candidate on the Republican ticket would have been elected. Mr. Steele got in his work for his party, but didn't save his own bacon.

The voters of Carroll county, who took any interest in the civil service amendment to the constitution of the State, exhibited their hostility to the measure in the ratio of ten to one.

Carroll county's share in the Republican victory of Tuesday though inconsiderable in extent is not so in effect. It is another evidence that the people will not tolerate either big or little bosses.

Those Democrats in Carroll county who believe that the triumph of Gormanism in this State would have been fatal to their party, as an organization actuated by plunder, instead of principle must be more than gratified with the result of Tuesday's election in the good old commonwealth.

The people have spoken in distinct condemnation of the civil service reform project in this State, by voting in an overwhelming majority against the constitutional amendment. Members of the General Assembly will do well to heed the vox populi, and abstain from monkeying with the subject.

It is scarcely necessary to remark that the day of big Democratic majorities in Carroll county is ended. With thousands of dollars employed as a corruption fund, an abnormal registration of Democratic voters in Freedom district, and other agencies which need not be mentioned, the margin on that side is only about a hundred.

New York goes temporarily back to the Democratic column as a rebuke to Boss Platt. If the machine Republicans of that State will take the lesson to heart they will have no difficulty in reclaiming the ground lost by their recent folly—not as adherents of a machine and a boss, but as citizens looking first of all to the best interests of the commonwealth.

Elsewhere an extract from an interview with Senator Hering of this county, published in the *Advocate*, April 4th, 1896, in relation to the assessment law, is given. Dr. Hering is well qualified to judge of the value of that law as a revenue measure, and his opinion concerning it is entitled to much greater weight than the partisan diatribes against it which so freely sprinkled the columns of the *Advocate* during the campaign just terminated.

One of the unfortunate results of Tuesday's election in New York was the return of the Tammany organization to the control of municipal affairs in the consolidated city. The Tammany candidate, Judge Van Wyck, was elected Mayor of Greater New York by a plurality of 80,000 or more. The result was due to the division of the anti-Tammany strength between three candinates. The Republicans had it in their power to have averted the disaster by uniting with the Citizens' movement in support of Seth Low, but, under the leadership, of Senator Platt, refused to support Low, and nominated Gen. Tracy, who was a pretty bad third in the race. Citizens of New York must bear the consequences of revitalizing the corrupt Tammany ring, which will revel in the rich plunder afforded by an expenditure of seventy-five to one hundred millions of dollars per-annum, for the conduct of the municipal government.

THE CIVIL SERVICE AMENDMENT.

From the Baltimore Sun.

The defeat of the civil-service amendment was due largely to the fact that it was overshadowed in the campaign by other issues, and voters generally overlooked it when they went to the polls The result cannot, therefore, be regarded as in any way indicating popular sentiment on the subject. The great body of the people favor civil-service reform because that reform is absolutely essential to clean, business administration of public affairs. The failure of the amendment yesterday will not prevent the embodiment in law of the general principles for which it stood. It was not necessary to embody the declaration in favor of civil-service reform in a constitutional amendment, and the object in view can be attained equally well by an act of Assembly. The effort to secure the reform will be resumed before the Legislature, where the machine influences arrayed against it yesterday may not be potential.

We believe the *Sun* is mistaken concerning the sentiment of the people in this State on the civil service reform question, at least the kind of "reform" to which the people of the United States have been treated under the laws of Congress. A full vote of the people of the State would show an overwhelming majority against engrafting such a system on the constitution of Maryland.

DENOUNCING ENSOR.

Chairman C. Ross Mace, of the Baltimore County Republican Executive Committee, says: The Democrats have elected their Legislative ticket in Baltimore county by a majority of about 450, and their county ticket by about 600. The result is far different from what we expected, and indicates the success of John T. Ensor and his faction as Democratic workers. In fact, our defeat may be traced directly to Ensor's treachery, and the unlimited use of money by the Democrats under Fred Talbott. Ensor worked directly in Talbott's interest, and the result showed that we underestimated the skill and strength of the Ensor-Talbott alliance.

VOTED THE TALBOTT TICKET.

"The Independent or Ensor ticket polled about 500 votes, and we believe that Ensor directed many others to vote the Democratic ticket directly. We estimate our losses from bolting Republicans at about 1500. The Democrats simply flooded the county with money, and it was used everywhere in unlimited quantities, and this, coupled with Ensor's knifing, proved too potent a combination for us to overthrow.

AN ERROR CORRECTED.

It is proper that a word of explanation be given the following sentence in last week's *Advocate*:

"Mr. Nicholas W. Steele, the Democratic nominee for Register of Wills, desired to have published in the SENTINEL several letters from ministers of the gospel commendatory of his generosity and his liberality to several churches in his section, and was willing to pay liberally for it, but that hide-bound and blind partisan paper declined to publish them."

The *Advocate* is misinformed. Mr. Steele inquired of the manager of the SENTINEL the rate at which the use of a column, for the publication of political matter, could be secured He may have spoken of his desire to have certain letters published, but the manager understood him to mean the hiring of a column in which such things politically as he desired to say might be given in his own language and way. Mr. Steele was informed that the columns of the SENTINEL were not for sale for indefinite political publications.

The SENTINEL gave the substance of most of the letters to which the *Advocate* refers, without cost to Mr. Steele Probably the *Advocate's* course in publishing the *Sun's* editorial, which it claims as an exhibition of fairness, was more largely due to the $15 cash, received as compensation for it, than to the generous purpose to give both sides a hearing. That paper has been harping for weeks past on the cost of assessment in this county, for the purpose of making political capital for its party, but the SENTINEL has endeavored in vain to induce or provoke it into the honest admission that three-fourths of the expenditures for that purpose have gone into the pockets of Democratic assessment officials. Week after week it reiterated the expense story, but was as dumb as an oyster concerning the other fact, which might have been damaging to its own party. And yet the *Advocate* calls the SENTINEL a "hide-bound and blind partisan paper." Clear your own skirts, neighbor, before bringing this railing accusation against another.

SENATOR HERING ON THE ASSESSMENT LAW.

From an interview with Senator Hering, published in the Advocate, April 4th, 1896.

"I think Maryland has now a better assessment law than it has ever had. Its effect will not be felt until the levy for 1897 is made, and its full effect not until 1898 or 1899, when a considerable reduction can be made in the state tax. The law will be a revenue producer, and the bond, stock and mortgage tax will, it is believed, more than make up for shrinkage in the assessable value of farming lands and real estate generally.

"The principal changes from the law of 1876 are not many but very important. Bonds and stocks were taxable under that law, but practically none were taxed. They were assessed the first year under the law, but they soon disappeared from the tax books and there was no means of reaching them. The new law has a listing feature, and every two years every holder will have to render an account of his securities under oath.

"Under the new law bonds and stocks are taxed upon a sliding scale, a six per cent. bond, for instance, being assessed at fifty per cent. of its face value, and others scaled according to the rate of interest they pay. The supplemental bill, which takes the place of the bond feature in the main bill, assesses bonds and stocks at their market value and taxes them at 17½ cents on the $100 for state purposes and a uniform rate of 30 cents for city and county purposes. If the supplemental bill, about the constitutionality of which there is a question, should fail to stand the constitutional test, if contested in the courts, the bond scaling feature in the main bill would stand.

"Should the supplemental bill stand, a large revenue would be derived from its operations. Most of the bonds are held in Baltimore, but their amount is not known. Suppose, however, there are $200 000,000, the state would derive a revenue of $350,000 from them, whereas under the former law scarcely anything was realized.

"It has been said that there are $200,000,000 of mortgages in the state. Under the new law the income from them is taxed eight per cent. For instance, the interest at six per cent. on a $1,000 mortgage is $60 00. Eight per cent. of $60 00 is $4 80, leaving the mortgagee a little more than 5½ per cent. interest. Practically all mortgages in Carroll bear six per cent. interest. If there are $2,000,000 in mortgages held in Carroll, the income from them will be $120,000, and 8 per cent. of this will amount to $9,600.

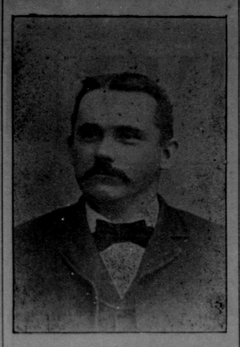
"Bonds and stocks yielding no income are not assessed at all.

"Shares of stock of local building and loan associations are exempt from taxation to the extent such shares represent investments on mortgages on real or leasehold estate executed by members of such associations.

"Under the former law the rolling stock of railroads was assessed and taxed where the principal offices of the road were located. The railroads of this state have their principal offices in Baltimore, and their rolling stock was assessed there. Under one of the supplemental bills the counties are to share part of this revenue, receiving their proportion of the whole assessment according to the mileage within their borders. For instance—if the Western Maryland Railroad Company has one hundred miles of track in this state and thirty miles of it are in Carroll; and if the rolling stock is assessed at $500,000, Carroll would be entitled to nearly one-third of this assessment—or $150,000. This $150,000 added to the assessable basis, and taxed at 50 cents on the $100, the present rate, would yield a revenue of $750. Carroll does not get a cent taxation from the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, though subjected to a large expense in protecting the property and maintaining bridges made necessary by its existence in the county. Under the new law it will derive a considerable revenue from taxation of its rolling stock.

Under the provisions of the law farming implements to the value of $300 are exempt from taxation, and the tools of mechanics to the value of $100. Few farmers will have any tax to pay upon farming implements."

David W. Forry, one of the leading and wealthiest citizens of Hanover, Pa., was killed by a live electric light wire Wednesday night, the second victim to electricity in that place within thirteen hours.



JOSEPH D. BROOKS, Esq., Republican, Elected Register of Wills of Carroll County.

Comptroller of the Treasury Elect Hon. Phillips Lee Goldsborough.

THAT GORMAN ISN'T IN IT.

LOOKING FOR THE DEMOCRATIC MAJORITY IN THE LEGISLATURE.

IT MAKES ME FEEL SO SAD TO THINK MY TWO FRIENDS GOT LEFT.

I AM SICK ON THE DEFEAT OF THE TWO BOSSES IN CARROLL.

WHEN THEY QUALIFY

Members of the House of Delegates—Assume duties on first Wednesday in January; term, two years; salary, $5 a day during session.

State Comptroller—Qualifies on third Monday in January; term, two years; salary, $2500 a year.

Clerk Court of Appeals—May qualify at once; term, six years; paid in fees.

Mr. Thomas B. Schall, President of the Thomas B. Schall Packing Company and one of the leading merchants of Baltimore city, committed suicide Wednesday afternoon, at his office, 116 East Pratt street, by shooting himself through the head. Mr. Schall, who had been in bad health for a long time, suffered from nervous prostration, and it is supposed that he took his life while in a spell of despondency brought on by his illness.

Bradstreet's statement of business conditions shows a continued healthy gain throughout the country. The bank clearings of last week were nearly 25 per cent greater than those of a year ago. The business failures were also nearly a third less and the North American exports of wheat were 25 per cent. more than a year ago.

TUESDAY'S ELECTIONS!

Maryland Safely Republican.

Republican Majority in the Legislature on Joint Ballot.

Boss Gorman "Relegated to the Rear."

Gorman Methods and Gormanism were Unsuccessful.

Baltimore Repudiates "BOSS RASIN" and Elects Malster Mayor.

Entire Republican Ticket Successful.

Carroll County Democratic by a Small Plurality—Boodle Did It.

BUT STANSBURY DEFEATS CROUSE FOR THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

Brooks Elected Register of Wills.

The Testimony of the Preachers to Mr. Steele's Goodness Didn't Save Him.

In Other States.

Ohio Republican. New York Democratic. Kentucky Goes Back. Virginia as Usual. Pennsylvania and Iowa Stand by the Grand Old Party. Colorado Claimed by Republicans. South Dakota Gives Large Republican Majority. New Jersey Legislature Still Republican. Fusionists Carry Nebraska. Local Elections in Kansas Favor Republicans.

The election in Maryland on Tuesday was one of the most bitterly contested in the history of the State. The old Gorman-Rasin Ring made a last desperate attempt to save its existence and renew its clutch on the State by winning a victory. The state was flooded with money in its interest. Close friends of Mr. Gorman admitted, before the election, that an immense corruption fund was raised in New York, by the trusts and other agencies which have used him in the United States Senate, for the purpose of keeping him in that body. He has been, they said, too valuable a friend to be spared. But the people, notwithstanding this appeal to cupidity, have rendered their verdict condemning "Gorman methods and Gormanism," and the Legislature is safely Republican on joint ballot, thus assuring the election of a Republican United States Senator as Mr. Gorman's successor.

While the general result in Carroll county is disappointing it should not be disheartening to the Republicans. Internal dissensions weakened them, and Democratic success in the county may be partially credited to Republican votes and efforts. But, over and above all other agencies it was due to the corrupt use of money. The result does not indicate a Democratic majority on a free, full and fair expression of the sentiments of the people. The phenomenal increase of the Democratic vote in Freedom district alone, accomplished largely by packing the Oakland Mills with Democratic voters, accounts for the entire Democratic majority, but even that would have failed to turn the scale if, as it is reasonably certain, large numbers of purchasable Republicans had not been kept from the polls by promises of compensation, by the money down, or possibly by receiving bribes to vote the Democratic ticket.

On the Democratic side, the experience of the special election of 1895 was repeated.

In the face of these obstacles the counties have gone Democratic by a very slender majority and Mr. Brooks is elected Register of Wills over Mr. Steele, one of the most active and effective workers in the Democratic ranks. The official vote of the county will be found in the table printed in other colums of the SENTINEL.

More important in its effect, too, upon the general interests of the State is the fact that Mr. Alpheus Stansbury, of Hampstead district, one of the Republican candidates for the House of Delegates, defeats Mr. B. F. Crouse, by a small plurality. Mr. Crouse is regarded as the leader of the Bryan Democrats of Carroll county. He is chairman of the Democratic County Central Committee and prominent in the State Central Committee also. His defeat helps to increase the slender majority required to place the House of Delegates as well as the Senate under Republican control. The Republicans of Carroll county have cause to rejoice that they have a part in making both branches of the Legislature Republican.

The following table exhibits the result in the several counties of the State on the State ticket:

COUNTIES.	Compt. Goldsborough, R.	Compt. Smith, D.	Gov., 1895. Lowndes, R.	Gov., 1895. Hurst, D.
Allegany	4454	3176	5128	3351
Anne Arundel	3575	3412	3775	3244
Baltimore City	54343	46632	54920	42320
Baltimore County	7228	8042	8059	7173
Calvert	1303	957	1076	1032
Caroline	1669	1793	1587	1549
Carroll	.....	*116	3842	3706
Cecil	2968	3258	2903	3056
Charles	1·91	1620	1976	1189
Dorchester	.....	*250	3002	3022
Frederick	5684	4944	6059	5314
Garrett	.....	*400	1915	1257
Harford	3041	2596	3216	3167
Howard	.....	*200	2073	1654
Kent	2246	2506	2136	2098
Montgomery	2909	3143	3060	3098
Prince George's	2912	2866	3170	2706
Queen Anne's	1786	2363	1932	2167
Somerset	2478	2304	2611	2217
St. Mary's	1960	1641	1976	1475
Talbot	2098	2133	2364	2164
Washington	.....	*200	5106	4341
Wicomico	1944	2565	1698	2344
Worcester	1651	3097	1794	3003
Total	105580	99529	124996	106139

The plurality for Goldsborough for Comptroller, in Baltimore, is 8,162.

Wm. T. Malster, for Mayor, has a plurality of 6,659; Hoffman, for Sheriff, has 8,032; Livingston, Clerk Court of Common Pleas, 7,417; Turner, Clerk Circuit Court, 7,366; Mason, Register of Wills, 6,576; Sloan, Surveyor, 7,772. They are all Republicans.

Judge Phelps was re elected Judge of the Supreme Bench of Baltimore, without opposition. He may be called a Reform Democrat. Sharp, Republican, was elected an additional Judge of the Supreme Bench by a plurality of 7,269

To the First Branch Baltimore City Council 15 Republicans, 7 Democrats are elected, and to the Second Branch 9 Republicans and 2 Democrats.

In the Sixth Judicial Circuit John C. Motter, Republican, of Frederick county, is elected Associate Judge over Keedy, Democrat, by a majority of 971.

In the Second Judicial Circuit the Democrats elect Pearce, Chief Judge; Stump and Martin, Associate Judges, by about 1000 majority.

In the Seventh Judicial Circuit Crane and Merrick, Republicans, are elected Associate Judges over Mitchell and Magruder, Democrats.

THE LEGISLATURE.

Following is a list of the hold over Senators, Senators and members of the House of Delegates elect:

THE SENATE.

HOLD-OVER SENATORS.

Anne Arundel—J. Wirt Randall, R.
Baltimore City—1, Gustavus A. Dobler, R.
Baltimore City—3, Frank S. Strobridge, R.
Baltimore County—D. Hopper Emory, R.
Carroll—Joshua W. Hering, D.
Frederick—Frank C. Norwood, R.
Howard—George D. Day, R
Kent—Charles T. Westcott, R
Queen Anne's—Woodland P. Finley, D.
Somerset—A. Lincoln Dryden, R.
Washington—Norman B. Scott, Jr., R.
Wicomico—Elihu E. Jackson, D.

SENATORS NEWLY ELECTED.

Allegany—David E. Dick, R.
Baltimore City—Louis Putzel, R.
Calvert—Charles L. Marsh, R.
Caroline—Robert M. Messick, R.
Cecil—Austin L. Crothers, D.
Charles—George T. C. Gray, R.
Dorchester—Wm. F. Appleg rth, D.
Garrett—Robert A. Ravenscroft, R.
Harford—Stevenson A. Williams, R.
Montgomery—Wm. Viers Bouic, Jr., D.
Prince George's—Wm. B. Clagett, D.
St. Mary's—Washington Wilkinson, R.
Talbot—H. Clay Dodson, R.
Worcester—John Walter Smith, D.

SENATE.

Republicans.....18
Democrats.....8

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

Allegany—James Campbell, Matthew Rowe, J. B. Robinett, Charles H. Brandler, John Leake. Five republicans.

Anne Arundel.—B. Allen Welch, Bruner R. Anderson, Peter D. Potee, Hugh R. Riley. Four democrats.

Baltimore City.—District 1—Dr. Chas. T. Scudder, Thos. A. Robinson, Emanuel H. Jacobi, Aquilla A. Baldwin, Frank H. Quast, Wm. F. Pentz.

District 2—Charles M. Short, W. Baltzell Jenkins, Edward De Lacour, Oscar L. Quinlan, Upton S. Gosnell, Henry J. Halbert.

District 3—Philip H. Lenderking, Edward F. Tolson, Wm. L. James, Louis Schaefer, Benjamin L. Turner, Charles R. Schirm. Eighteen republicans.

Baltimore County—John S. Wilson, Edward S. W. Choate, Harry Malcholm, Henry Knoebel, James B. Foard, Jos. Sandman. Six democrats.

Calvert—Dr. Abram J. Williams, James C. Chaney. Two republicans.

Caroline—Charles H. Todd, George T. Redden. One republican. One democrat.

Carroll—Daniel J. Hesson, Dr. Milton M. Norris, James W. Taylor, Alpheus Stansbury. Three democrats. One republican.

Cecil—John S. Wirt, John H. Jenness, Wilmer D. Thompson. Three democrats.

Charles—James DeB. Walbach, F. Albert Hicks. Two republicans.

Dorchester—Alonzo L. Miles, Charles W. Hackett, Benjamin J. Linthicum Three democrats.

Frederick—John R. Rouzer, J. Frank Butts, Thos. Hightman, Edward E Horn, Harry F. Chapline. Five republicans.

Garrett—George W. Moon, William H. Jacobs. Two republicans.

Harford—Herman Hanson, William M. Whiteford, T. Littleton Hanway, Robert Seneca. Four democrats.

Howard—Elias Green Selby, Grosvenor Hanson. Two democrats.

Kent—Enoch G. Clark, George E. Noland. Two democrats.

Montgomery—Ashley M. Gould, Geo. Minor Anderson, James E. Ayton. Three republicans.

Prince George's—George S. Dove, Robinson White, Thos. M. Underwood. Two democrats. One republican.

Queen Anne's—Eugene L. Dudley, S. Collins Wright, Wm. J. Price, Jr. Three democrats.

Somerset—Maurice N. Carew, Isaac P. Dryden, Amos Irving Dougherty. Three republicans.

St. Mary's—Perry Hayden, John S. Jones. Two republicans.

Talbot—Edward Woodall, Hiram S. Hall, Levin H. Tull. Three republicans.

Washington—B. Abner Betts, Newton E. Funkhouser, Lewis D. Syester, Harvey S. Bomberger. Three democrats. One republican.

Wicomico—John E. Taylor, John W. P. Insley, Minos A. Davis. Three democrats.

Worcester—Calvin B. Taylor, J. Edward White, Lloyd Wilkinson. Three democrats.

RECAPITUATION.

House—Republicans..... 49
Democrats..... 42

On joint ballot:
Republicans..... 67
Democrats..... 50
Total..... 117

Other States show the following results.

The Ohio Legislature is reported republican by a majority of five on joint ballot, classing all the fusionists as democrats. Bushnell, republican, has about 20,000 plurality for Governor.

Late returns show that Van Wyck, democrat, is elected mayor of Greater New York by 81,578 plurality, and that Parker, democrat, is chosen chief judge of the Court of Appeals by a plurality of 58,000 in the whole State.

The democratic majority in Virginia on the State ticket will probably reach 60,000. The Legislature is almost unanimously democratic.

Kentucky's democratic majority is more than 25,000.

Iowa is claimed by the republicans by more than 30,000 plurality and the democrats concede it by 15,000.

Late returns confirm the early statements of a fusion victory in Nebraska. The fusionists estimate their plurality at from 20,000 to 25,000.

The result in Colorado is in doubt, and the official count will probably be necessary to decide it.

The republicans elected six of the eight circuit judges voted for in South Dakota.

The indications are that the republicans have elected a majority of their Kansas town tickets.

Pennsylvania's republican plurality is over 124,000.

The estimated plurality of Wolcott, republican, for Governor of Massachusetts is 86,000.

In the New Jersey Legislature the republicans will have a majority of 21 on joint ballot.

MARYLAND PUBLIC HEALTH ASSOCIATION.

The semi-annual meeting of the Maryland Public Health Association will be held in Baltimore on November 18th and 19th.

The program includes papers upon school sanitation, upon public and private disinfection, upon pollution of soil and water, upon sewerage, on some diseases of domestic animals, especially upon the recent fatal epidemic among horses and hogs. An address will be delivered by Dr. C. Wardell Stiles on Thursday, at the opening session, upon the relation of slaughter houses to human disease.

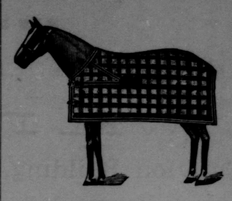
The association was organized last February with a membership of about 75 persons. There are now 350 active members, and good results have followed its efforts in many localities. The aims of the society are thus expressed in their first report recently published.

It seeks to promote the sanitary welfare of Maryland by uniting the influence of all citizens professing an interest in that purpose; by sustaining the authority of the public health officers; by co-operation with other charitable and sanitary organizations by encouraging the study of preventive medicine; by propagating the knowledge of hygiene through popular lectures, demonstrations, and publications.

It favors the registration by the State of correct and full returns of births, deaths, and infectious diseases; strict supervision and control of food and drink supplies; the maintenance of hospitals for infectious diseases; enforced isolation and disinfection at public cost; the regulation of funerals and transportation of the dead; conformity to hygenic principles in the construction of dwellings of man and beast; systematic inspection by experts of all schools, tenements, factories, slaughter houses, jails, hospitals, alms-houses, and other public buildings, and of steamboats and railway carriages; the restraint and regulation of offensive trades.

Items Worthy Your Careful Consideration.

We call your attention this week to a few special bargains in seasonable merchandise. Goods that were bought at less than regular price and are now being offered you the same way. We know you will not find them any where else at these prices. Hadn't you better call and investigate?



HORSE BLANKETS.

We've three grand bargains in Blankets. We would like you to see them. No. 1. Good size, 70x80, dark gray square, weight full 5 lbs., made good and strong, leather strap and buckle, $1.00.

No. 2. Shaped Horse Blankets, dark brown color, wool filling, extra strong warp, bound all around with red ducking, 2 surcingles, reinforced at shoulders, $1.50.

No. 3. Just received one of the prettiest Blankets ever sold, extra 84x90, square Horse Blankets, weight 7 lbs., new pattern, dark green groundwork with fancy checker board effect, wool filling, strong warp, one of the best bargains we ever had, $2.50.

JERSEY OVERSHIRTS.

Our sales in our shirt department have always been phenomenal, and never had we more attractive goods than now. Men's heavy Jersey Overshirts, fancy trimming, good size, extra heavy, 45c.

WINDOW SHADES.

Just in, another case of those fine Felt Window Shades, mounted on spring rollers, all the best colors, each 10c.

'TIS THE HAT THAT MAKES THE MAN.

Those 98c Hats, we can't keep quiet about them. Our Hat sales increase every day. Its no wonder, such Hat values are rarely seen. Choice new Alpine or Derbys, in all the leading shades and shapes, worth $1.50 and $1.25, grand bargains at 98c.

We've also some extra good values at $1.50 and $2.00.

SHOES.

We are proud of our $3.00 line of Men's Shoes. The kind you usually pay $3.50 for, you get here now for $3.00. Our box calf Shoes, in black and russet, with scotch soles, are very popular. You will agree with us that they are great values at $3.00.

Extra fine, soft, smooth, clean Bat Cotten, 5c bat. Men's extra heavy gray Overalls, great wearers, 50c. Fine Box Paper 9c. Heavy Tin Lard Cans, 25 lb., 25c; 40 lb., 35c; 50 lb., 35c. 10 qt. Enameled Ware Buckets, seamless, extra heavy, 30c. 10 qt. Enameled Ware Dish Pans, perfect goods, 25c. Enameled Ware Tea or Coffee Pots, some of them slightly damaged, but cheap at 19c.

New goods received nearly every day. You are invited to call. Our store is the only one of its kind, always unique and interesting.

Your money back if you want it.

NEW YORK BARGAIN HOUSE,

31 East Main Street, Westminster, opposite Catholic Church.

T. W. MATHER & SONS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NO. 3566 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Carroll County.

George P. Buckey, Mortgagee, vs. Moses Shaw and Lydia A. Shaw, his wife, Mortgagors.

ORDERED, this 5th day of November, A. D. 1897, that the account of the Auditor filed in this cause, be finally ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 22nd day of November inst.; provided a copy of this order be inserted for two successive weeks before the last named day in some newspaper published in Carroll county.

BENJ. F. CROUSE, Clerk.

True Copy.—Test:
nov-6-2t BENJ. F. CROUSE, Clerk.

RATIFICATION NOTICE.

In the Orphans' Court of Carroll County:

OCTOBER TERM, 1897.

Estate of Jeremiah Rinehart, deceased.

On application it is ordered this 1st day of November, 1897, that the sale of the Real Estate of Jeremiah Rinehart, late of Carroll county, deceased, made by John E. Plank and Simon P. Weaver, executors of the last will and testament of said deceased, and this day reported to this Court by the said executors, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shown to the contrary on or before the 1st Monday, 6th day of December next; provided a copy of this order be inserted for three successive weeks in some newspaper printed and published in Carroll county, before the 5th Monday, 29th day of November next. The report states the amount of sale to be Three Thousand, Eight Hundred and Seventy-four Dollars. ($3,874.00.)

JACOB RINEHART,
ALBERT SCHAEFFER, } Judges.
WILLIAM Y. FRIZZELL,

True Copy.—Test:

GEO. M. PARKE, Register of Wills.
nov-6-3t

GEORGE DOBBIN PENNIMAN, Attorney, B. & O. Central Building, Baltimore.

In the Circuit Court for Howard County.

In the matter of the Trust Estate of the Woodbine Paper Company of Howard County.

ORDERED by the Court, this 19th day of October, 1897, that George Dobbin Penniman, the trustee in the above cause named, give notice to all persons having claims against the Woodbine Paper Company of Howard County, to file their claims properly authenticated with the clerk of the Circuit Court for Howard county, on or before the 18th day of December, 1897, by causing a copy of this order to be published in some newspaper published in Howard county, and also some newspaper published in Carroll county, once a week for three successive weeks before the 18th day of November, 1897.

I. THOMAS JONES.

True Copy—Test:
oct-30-3t J. H. OWINGS, Clerk.

NO. 3592 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Carroll County, in Equity.

Harriet Bollinger, assignee of mortgagee, plaintiff, vs. Josiah Q. Sitely and wife, mortgagors, defendants.

ORDERED, this 28th day of October, in the year 1897, that the sale of the real estate mentioned in these proceedings, made and reported by Harriet Bollinger, assignee of mortgagee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 29th day of November, next; provided a copy of this order is inserted in some newspaper printed and published in Carroll county, once in each of three (3) successive weeks before the 22nd day of November next. The report states the amount of sale to be $680.00.

BENJ. F. CROUSE, Clerk.

True Copy.—Test:
oct-30-3t BENJ. F. CROUSE Clerk.

A Word with You.

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Special Notice.

The shirt factory will begin to operate on Monday, Nov. 8th, at 7.30 A. M. All ladies who have not applied for work and desire same will please apply, any day this week, at the factory on John street, Westminster.

R. B. BALL,
oct-30-1t Manager.

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