American Sentinel.

WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND.

W. L. W. Seabrook, - Editor.

Entered at the Postoffice at Westminster, Md., as Second-class matter.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1898.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS,

WILLIAM B. BAKER,

OF HARFORD COUNTY.

Election Tuesday, Nov. 8th, 1898.

Mr. Nicholas W. Steele took all the point out of the *Advocate's* article defending him against "the SENTINEL'S sarcasm," by declining the Democratic nomination for Congress under fire.

The Democrats of New York have nominated Judge Van Wyck, a brother of Mayor Van Wyck, of New York City, for Governor. The Mayor wanted it, but his brother was not mentioned in connection with the nomination until the convention met.

Gen. Garcia, commander of the Cuban insurgents, will, it is said, upon certain conditions favor annexation of the island to the United States. There can be no doubt that the best thing that could happen to the Gem of the Antilles would be her incorporation as a teritory of the Great Republic.

Col. Theodore Roosevelt, who gained military distinction as commander of the rough riders in the operations against Santiago de Cuba, was nominated for Governor of New York, by the Republican convention of that State, on Tuesday, receiving 753 votes to 218 for Governor Black, who was a candidate for renomination. Col. Roosevelt was prominent in the walks of civil life previous to the war with Spain, but would probably not have been thought of for Governor if he had not made a record as a military hero. He will probably be elected and add strength to the Republican congressional campaign in New York, by arousing the enthusiasm and bringing to the polls the Republican voters of the State.

A paragraph in our Harney letter, this week, is worthy of consideration by those who have been so swift to condemn the government for the sickness which prevailed in many of the soldiers' camps. The paragraph referred to recites the opinion of Mr. Charles Kephart, a soldier at home on furlough, in relation to the sickness which prevailed among the enlisted men. Evidently Mr. Kephart thinks the government provided good, healthful food and that, if the soldiers had been satisfied with it, much of the sickness among them would have been avoided. Indulgence in tropical or semi-tropical products, to an extent to which they were not accustomed, may have had something, and possibly much, to do with developing disease among the men. The investigating commission would do well to inquire into the suggestion.

Col. George A. Pearre, of Cumberland, was nominated for Congress by the Republicans of the Sixth District on Tuesday. The nomination was made on the first ballot. Mr. Gould, of Montgomery county, withdrew from the contest and the delegates from that county voted for Col Pearre. The Washington county delegation followed suit, giving Pearre a majority, which was further increased by the delegation from Frederick county, which had cast its vote for Mr. Urner, but changed to Col. Pearre. Col. Pearre is a son of the late Judge George A. Pearre. He is a prominent and able member of the Cumberland bar and an exceptionally strong man intellectually. He has served one term in the Maryland Senate. He is a ready and forcible speaker and particularly strong in debate. His election is an extreme probability, and in that event he will do honor to the State in the councils of the Nation.

Ex-Senator Thomas F. Bayard, of Delaware, died at the summer residence of his daughter, Mrs. Samuel D. Warren, Dedham, Mass., on Wednesday afternoon. He leaves a widow, who is his second wife, and seven children. Mr. Bayard was born October 29, 1828, and was in his seventieth year. He came of a distinguished ancestry. His father, James A. Bayard; his grandfather, of the same name, and his uncle Richard H. Bayard, preceded him as members of the United States Senate. He, however, also filled other high stations in the service of the government, having been Secretary of State in President Cleveland's Cabinet, during the latter's first term, and Ambassador to England, by Mr. Cleveland's appointment during his second term. Mr. Bayard was also a member of the Electoral Commission in the Hayes-Tilden controversy.

Of the exports from the United States for the year ending July 1st, 1898, 36 47 per cent. were manufactured articles. This was an increase of 10 20 per cent. in ten years, and 2.69 per cent. over last year, 3.67 per cent. over 1896, 5.09 per cent over 1895, and 8.31 per cent. over 1894. The fallacy of the Democratic theory that a protective tariff closes the markets of the world against our manufactures is demonstrated by this simple statement. When it is remembered that exports from the United States reached the marvelous sum of twelve hundred millions of dollars during the year first mentioned, and that there was an excess of 2.69 per cent. in exports of manufactured articles above the average increase, the wonderful growth of this trade will be realized. Instead of sacrificing the markets of the world by the policy of protection we are actually gaining larger possession of them than ever before in our history. The Elkton Democratic convention reiterated its adherence to the doctrine of free trade and hence its nominee is pledged to vote for it. The people of this district, whether they call themselves Democrats or Republicans, who believe in protection, should vote for Hon. Wm. B. Baker.

Every Republican in the county whose name is not on the list of registered voters should have it placed there at the first sitting of the registers, that he may be prepared to vote for Hon. Wm. B. Baker and share in the victory for protection at the election in November.

Boss Croker dominated the Democratic State convention at Syracuse, N. Y., and nominated a Tammany man for Governor against the protests of David B. Hill. Tammany will control State affairs in the event of Van Wyck's election. But that is a remote contingency

Mr. Thos. G. Hayes, of Baltimore, had no mind to sacrifice himself on the altar of Democracy, and so declined to permit his name to go before the Elkton convention as a candidate for Congress, although his nomination would have been certain.

Mr. Richard Beauregard Tippett, of Baltimore, was nominated by the convention of the Second Congressional District of Maryland, at Elkton, in place of Mr. Nicholas W. Steele, declined. Mr. Tippett is a member of the Baltimore bar and a gentleman of unblemished reputation. He is a Gold Democrat and a member of the Civil Service Reform Association of Baltimore.

Hon. J. Fred. C. Talbott wanted the Democratic nomination for Congress in the Second District and wanted it badly, but, notwithstanding with that exception the nomination went begging, the party would have none of him. He swallowed his disappointment, however, and, though thoroughly repudiated, put Mr. Tippett in nomination in the convention at Elkton on Thursday. Mr. Talbott does not seem to mind humiliation and bears the contempt manifested for him as smilingly as if it afforded him pleasure.

THE DUTY OF REPUBLICANS.

The beneficial effect of the enforcement of Republican doctrines and theories of government upon the general interests of the country has been so marked that Republicans, at least, can have no doubt concerning their propriety. Under the legislation enacted by a Democratic Congress, during Mr. Cleveland's second term, the business of the country was in a condition bordering on panic, values were unsettled, industries were prostrated and financial distress prevailed to an alarming extent. It is apparent to everybody that a healthy reaction followed the Republican victory in 1896, and that the general business of the country has had a substantial revival. Under these circumstances it would be an exhibition of extreme folly on the part of the Republicans of the country if they, by lack of interest growing out of personal pique, or from any other cause, should permit a temporary Democratic triumph this year, by absenting themselves from the polls.

It is important that the people, if they approve of the tariff legislation enacted by the Republicans and of Republican hostility to unsound money, should manifest that approval by their ballots. No opportunity should be afforded the friends of unlimited silver coinage and of free trade to claim a reversal of public sentiment on these issues, or of indifference in relation to them. Of course there have been many personal disappointments among Republicans aspiring to public positions, since the inauguration of President McKinley. That was inevitable. It may be that, in many instances, mistakes have been made in the selection of public officials. But these are side issues. The essence of the whole matter lies in the question of the ability of the Republican party to maintain its theories of government. The true welfare of the country is to be promoted and maintained by adherence to the policies of protection and sound money, upon which the present administration came into power, and that imposes the responsibility upon every Republican of actively assisting to that end.

In our own Congressional District the weight of this responsibility is as great as in any other, because a single vote might change the political complexion of the House of Representatives. Democrats are boasting that Carroll county will give a majority of 400 against Hon. Wm. B. Baker, the Republican nominee. They hope for this result through Republican indifference. We trust they may be subjected to bitter disappointment, and they will certainly be so if the situation is rightly considered. Mr. Baker, in his career as a Congressman, has never cast a vote that can be condemned by any Republican. In every vote of his in the House of Representatives he has fairly represented the sentiments of his Republican constituents. He stood by the administration of President McKinley in voting men and money to carry on the war with Spain and in every measure endorsed by the Republican party has always voted right. In public and in private life he has maintained a character above reproach. He bears a stainless name, an unsullied reputation and deserves and should receive the solid Republican vote of the district, not only personally, but as the representative of sound political principles.

The battleships Oregon and Iowa have sailed, or are on the eve of sailing for the Philippine Islands. The cruise is a long one and will take about three months. The purpose of sending these formidable ships to the far East can only be conjectured, but probably is simply precautionary. Added to Dewey's fleet they will make it one of the most powerful on the seas. Dewey may be called upon to maintain and defend American rights in case it shall be decided to hold the Philippines, and, with the Oregon and Iowa under his command, he will be a formidable adversary

The Spanish cruiser Marie Teresa, one of the fleet of Admiral Cervera, sunk off Santiago, has been raised and will be brought to the United States and repaired. It is estimated that the cost of putting her in first class condition will be $800,000, and she will then be worth three millions. Lieut. Hobson, of Merrimac fame, is entitled to the credit of saving this fine ship. This gallant and highly accomplished officer also hopes to save the Vizcaya and the Cristobal Colon. His engineering skill is equal to his gallantry and daring. In fact he is one of the best all around officers in the service.

RESPONSIBILITY AND CREDIT.

The SENTINEL of the 10th ult. contained an editorial article in relation to alleged inefficiency on the part of American officials in the conduct of the war with Spain, in which it was pointed out that our armies, to a great extent, were hastily organized from the ranks of civil life, and that many of those upon whom the responsibility of providing for the comfort and health of the soldiers rested were without experience in such matters. The effect of such a condition was illustrated by a description, from actual observation, of the temporary results of a similar state of affairs during the first year of the Civil war. The readers of this paper, in the article referred to, were advised against swift and inconsiderate criticism and condemnation of those upon whom the duties referred to fell. This the *Advocate* interpreted as a defence of, or an apology for, what it is pleased to term Algerism, and among other things, in an article on the subject in last week's issue, says:

> Alger is responsible for it, McKinley is responsible for Alger and the Republican party is responsible for McKinley. Hence the *Sentinel* apologizes for Alger. No Republican official can do wrong, in the eyes of the *Sentinel*.

That is the *Advocate's* way of dealing with facts which it cannot deny and arguments which it cannot controvert. It sits in judgment in the case and renders a verdict upon ex-parte, hearsay testimony, and then concludes that everybody who wants a just and equitable investigation, in which any officer charged with neglect or incompetency shall be given an opportunity to make a defence, is influenced by partizanship.

The purpose of the SENTINEL, in the article so savagely attacked, was entirely without political animus. It was simply a plea for fairplay and a suggestion to the readers of the SENTINEL that they refrain from reaching adverse conclusions in relation to anybody concerned in the matter until all the facts and circumstances connected with it could be fairly and fully investigated and considered. Then let the blame, if blame there be, fall where it properly belongs. The *Advocate* has already settled all that, without inquiry or evidence. It does not need testimony to convict a Republican official of any charge. To it, the charge alone is ample evidence of fact. If that were not its usual character it might, in this case, be supposed to have caught a suggestion from the resolutions of the Democratic Second Congressional District convention. Fortunately the masses of the American people are not built that way and accusations are not, in their minds, verdicts of guilty.

It is pertinent, however, in relation to the war with Spain, to call the attention of the *Advocate* to the fact that it was not chiefly distinguished by errors and mistakes. Of its principal features the American people are justly very proud. Briefly, of this side of the case, it may be said that within four months a large army was organized, armed, drilled and sent into the enemy's territory, much of which, within the period mentioned, it captured and took possession, although a portion of that territory lies on the other side of the globe. During this brief period, also, two of the enemy's fleets were destroyed and marvelous seamenship and skill in gunnery displayed by the American sailors. The first fleet destroyed was attacked by Dewy in obedience to explicit orders from Washington, and the other was bottled up in the harbor of Santiago upon information transmitted from the seat of government.

The remarkable skill in gunnery displayed by the men on our warships, it is said, was the result of careful and continuous training, during the previous year, by direct command of the Department of the Navy. In fact, the conditions necessary to a successful prosecution of a war were foreseen and, as far as possible, provided for, and the results have covered both the American Army and American Navy with imperishable renown, and have given the American Nation a standing among the Great Powers of the world never before realized. These achievements are unsurpassed in the history of modern warfare. The *Advocate* holds President McKinley, and through him the Republican party, responsible for whatever was unsatisfactory in the conduct of the war. Can it with anything like consistency withhold from the same source credit for the achievements thus briefly recited? If there be about it a lingering trace of fairness, not obliterated by partizan bias, let it answer this question.

Dewey's Intelligence.

Admiral Dewey, since he sprang with a bound into prominence by destroying the Spanish fleet in the harbor of Manila, has exhibited a degree of intelligence concerning such questions as are apt to arise in emergencies connected with the duties of a naval commander, as marks him as a man of genius. In all the complications arising out of the condition of affairs at Manila, he has apparently made not a single blunder. Another troublesome case has just occurred in which his action has received the approval of the Navy Department at Washington. The following cablegram will explain the matter:

> "MANILA, SEPT. 27, 1898.—Having received information that the American steamer Abby left Macao September 21 with a cargo of arms for Batangas, I sent the McCulloch. She arrived at Batangas on the 23rd and found her in the harbor, having arrived three days earlier and landed cargo. There were only Filipinos on board. They refused to give any information, and had no papers whatever. Seized and brought her here, where we are now holding her. This steamer was formerly the Pasig, and is registered as an American vessel. The United States Consulate at Canton have information she made one voyage of the same kind already.
>
> "DEWEY."

The Navy Department very promptly approved Admiral Dewey's action, as indicated by the following cablegram, which was sent him upon receipt of the above:

> "WASHINGTON, SEPT. 17, 1898.—Dewey, Manila: Your action in seizing American-owned vessel Abby approved. She is amendable to martial jurisdiction for any violation of neutrality.
>
> "Long."

On Monday last word was received in Thurmont, of the sudden death, in Baltimore, of John W. Sefton, a former resident of that place, from heart disease and paralysis, aged 63 years. He married Deborah Foutz who, together with their four children, two girls and two boys, survive him. His remains were interred in the U. B. Cemetery, Thurmont, on Wednesday.

Report of State Entomologist.

The first annual report of the State Entomologist, W. G. Johnson, has been received at this office and proves to be a work of practical value to every fruit grower in Maryland, as well as of the other Eastern States.

Exclusive of a brief record of the insect pests especially injurious in 1896 and 1897, the report comprises an account of the San Jose scale and records of experiments in combatting it with kerosene, whale oil soap and hydrocyanic acid gas.

The first discovery of the pest in California, its spread to the East and in Maryland are carefully traced, and a detailed account is given of the infested localities in this State.

The most badly infested orchards have, with a single exception, either been removed or so treated that the scales are reduced to a minimum. During the last year 78,000 trees have been destroyed on account of the scale (as many as 23,000 in one orchard) and 8,277 infested trees still remain standing at the time of publication.

The sources from which orchards become infested, the injury caused by the scales and the means by which they are distributed are each discussed, and the life history, food plants and habits of these pernicious insects are briefly described as well as the parasites, predaceous insects and fungous diseases which prey upon them.

The most valuable portion of the report and that of most interest to the fruit grower is that concerning Prof. Johnson's extensive experiments with remedies for the San Jose scale. Whale oil soap at the rate of two pounds to a gallon of water, applied as a spray during the winter, has been found to be very effective, and does not injure the tree, while pure kerosene used in the same way has been shown to often seriously stunt the growth or even kill the tree, though effectually killing the scale.

A large portion of the experiments were in fumigating trees by means of tents in which hydrocyanic acid gas is generated. The gas is fatal to all animal life, but when properly applied has no effect on the foliage or fruit buds. The fumigation, exclusive of cost of the tents, is less than that of whale oil soap treatment, and can be used to best advantage in the heart of orchards where the scale has obtained a foot hold. Thus the pest may be stamped out of a valuable bearing orchard. Heretofore, this method has never been used in the East, but all the experiments were very successful. The same gas has been found equally satisfactory for disinfecting nursery stock, and all Maryland nurserymen are now required by law to fumigate all buds and trees grown by them. The report closes with an account of the nursery interests of Maryland and a list of the nurserymen of the State and their specialties. The volume comprises some 125 pages and is well illustrated throughout, showing all the stages of the insects, orchards injured by them, and apparatus to use against them.

It has been issued by the State Horticultural Department, as bulletin No. 57 of the Md. Agr. Experiment Station, and may be secured by any one to whom it may be of interest or value by addressing Prof. W. G. Johnson, State Entomologist, College Park, Maryland.

Preparing to Leave Cuba.

Spain is preparing to evacuate Cuba, and signalizes her movements in that direction by the pardon of political prisoners. A dispatch from Havana, dated September 29, says:

"The Official Gazette publishes to day a decree signed by Captain-General Blanco, and bearing date of September 27, granting pardon to and ordering the release of all political prisoners now undergoing confinement on the island.

"Orders have been given to the Spanish forces at Holguin to march to Gibara, concentrate there and hold themselves in readiness for shipment to Spain. The troops at Puerto Principe are ordered to go to Nuevitas, those on the Jucaro-Moron trocha to San Fernando and those at Manzanillo to Cienfuegos.

"The third and fourth divisions of the First Army Corps will embark at Matanzas and the first and second divisions of the same corps at Havana. The forces in the Province of Pinar del Rio and the division engaged in the defence of Havana, with General Blanco and his staff, will also embark at Havana.

"The Spanish provisional forces organized here will be incorporated in the ranks of the expeditionary troops of the army returning to Spain. A part of the "mobilizados"—irregular troops—will be disbanded.

"Each battalion is authorized to sell the horses, mules and oxen belonging to it. A special commission is appointed to oversee the sale by auction of the cavalry horses and the mules of the commisary department."

There will be but two days, Tuesday, October 4th, and Tuesday, October 11th, on which unregistered voters can have their names placed on the lists. Republican voters entitled to register are earnestly urged to attend to that duty at the first sitting of the registers on Tuesday next.

Mayor Malster, of Baltimore, on Saturday, appointed Messrs. Harry F. Turner, John M. Littig, and Simon P. Schott as directors, on the part of the city, in the Western Maryland Railroad Company, in the place of Messrs. Lloyd Jackson, Levi Weinberger and John C. Legg, respectively, who resigned recently from the board.

It is reported that when the bones of Columbus, which are to be sent to Spain from Havana, were exhumed from their resting place in the Cathedral, part of them had been stolen.

Fierce forest fires are raging over hundreds of miles of Colorado, South Dakota and Wisconsin. An appeal for aid from the federal government was made from the Black Hills.

Comptroller Goldsborough has sent letters to court and other officials of the counties making inquiries regarding interest on State money deposited in banks by them.

Prohibitionists of the Second district have nominated Harry J. Hollingsworth, of Harford county, for Congress, completing nominations in four districts.

The Commission appointed to investigate the conduct of the war with Spain has begun its arduous work.

The Frederick Agricultural Fair will be held on the Fair Grounds, Frederick, October 11, 12, 13 and 14.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

Methodist Protestant Church.—Sabbath School Sunday at 9.15 a. m. Prayer Meeting Wednesday evening at 7.30. Christian Endeavor at 7.00 p. m. Junior C. E. 3 p. m. Sabbath services: Preaching at 10.30 a.-m., and 7.30 p. m.

W. R. GRAHAM, D. D., Pastor.

Grace Lutheran Church.—Sabbath School Sunday at 9 a. m. Y. P. S. C. E. 6.45 p. m. Junior Endeavor 4 p. m. Preaching at 10.30 a. m., and 7.30 p. m. Holy Communion morning and evening. Preparatory services on Friday, Sept. 30th, at 7.30 p. m.

P. H. MILLER, Pastor.

Centenary M. E. Church.—Sabbath School Sunday at 9.15 a. m. Junior League 2.30 p. m. Senior League 6.45 p. m. Prayer Meeting on Wednesday evening at 7.30. Preaching on Sunday at 10.30 a. m., and 7.30 p. m.

JOEL BROWN, Pastor.

St. Paul's Ref. Church.—Lecture Wednesday evening at 7.45. Sabbath School Sunday at 9.15 a. m. Preaching at 10.30 a. m. Evening service at 7.30 p. m. Catechise on Saturday at 3 p. m.

CALVIN S. SLAGLE, Pastor.

Carroll Charge, Reformed Church.—Benjamin's Church.—Sunday School at 9 a. m. Divine service at 10 a, m.

Jerusalem Church.—Sunday School at 1 p. m. Divine service at 2.30 p. m.

St. Matthew's Church.—Harvest Home service Oct. 9th, at 10 a. m.

Holy Communion as follows:
Jerusalem Church Oct. 16th.
Benjamin's Church Oct. 23rd.
St. Mathews Church Nov. 6th.

H. J. MACALISTER, Pastor.

Salem Charge, Lutheran Church.—Benjamin's Church.—Sunday School at 9 a. m. Harvest Home service at 10 a. m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 7.30 p. m. Catechise 2 p. m., Saturday.

St. John's Church.—Sunday School at 1 p. m. Harvest Home service at 2 p. m. Y. P. M. S. at 7.30 p. m.

S. A. DIEHL, Pastor.

Ascension Church.—Holy Communion at 10 a. m. Second Celebration and Sermon at 7.30 a. m. Evening service at 7.30.

E. B. TAYLOR, Rector.

Uniontown Church of God.—Sabbath School at 9 a. m. Preaching at 10.15 a. m., and at 7.30 p. m. a special sermon to New Windsor Council Jr. O. U. A. M. All others are invited. In Mayberry at 2.30 p. m.

S. B. Craft, Pastor.

Rev. Wm. A. Crouse, of Westminster, will preach at Pipe Creek M. P. Church at 10.30 a. m., and in Uniontown at 7.30 p. m. Rev. J. W. Rodkey will preach at Roop's Mill at 3 p. m.

B. W. Kindley, Pastor.

A protracted meeting will commence at Thomas Chapel on Sunday night next, Oct. 2nd, and during the following week. There will be services at Patapsco in the afternoon at 3 o'clock.

C. E. Dudrear, Pastor.

MARRIED.

In Silver Run, September 25th, 1898, by Rev. Dr. A. F. Dreisbach, Mr. Simon Henry to Miss Emma J. Myers, both of Littlestown, Pa.

Near Winfield, September 28th, 1898, by Elder Wm. H. Franklin, Mr. Edward J. Haines to Miss Maggie A. Smith, both of this county.

At the residence of the bride's parents, near Melrose, September 25th, 1898, by Rev. C. M. Eyster, Mr. Thomas A. Hann to Miss Sarah V. James.

DIED.

Obituaries, poetry and resolutions of regret on deaths charged for at the rate of five cent per line. The regular death notices published free.

In New Windsor, September 29th, 1898, David W. Englar, aged 56 years.

Near Middleburg, September 24th, 1898, Mrs. Sarah A. Sharretts, aged 79 years, 2 months and 17 days.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MULES AND HORSES.

I will be at Mr. Jacob Thomson's Sale Stables in Westminster, on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, October 3rd, 4th and 5th, with a fine lot of Young Mules, from 2 to 4 year-olds, weighing from 800 to 1200 lbs., for private sale or exchange. Judges of mules are invited to come and see as fine a lot as any in the market. I will also have a fine lot of Horses.

oct-1-1t H. A. SPALDING.

FOR SALE.

Seed Wheat and Rye.

Improved Hybrid Fultz Wheat for Seed, also choice Rye, for sale by

N. I. GORSUCH & SON.

oct-1-2t

NO. 3642 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Carroll County.

Milton E. Koontz and Annie E. Koontz, his wife, Eliza J. Stocksdale and George L. Stocksdale, her husband, plaintiffs, vs. Joshua Smith and Mary Cora Smith, his wife, Carrie E. Englar and J. Walter Englar, her husband, defendants.

Ordered, this 27th day of September, A. D., 1898, that the account of the Auditor, filed in this cause, be finally ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 17th day of October, next; provided a copy of this order be inserted for two successive weeks before the last named day in some newspaper published in Carroll county.

JAS. H. BILLINGSLEA, Clerk.

True copy.—Test:

JAS. H. BILLINGSLEA, Clerk.

oct-1-2t

VENDEL'S MALARIA

Herb Juice sure cure for MALARIA, CHILLS and FEVER, CHILLS AND FEVER.

Also gives great relief in all forms of Dyspepsia, Bladder and Kidney Diseases. It stimulates the functions of the Liver, aids Digestion and purifies the Blood.

Price 50c a Bottle.

FOR SALE BY THE SHAW DRUG CO., 44 W. Main St, cor. John, WESTMINSTER, Md.

DR. CHAS. R. FOUTZ,

PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,

OFFICE, 170 W. MAIN STREET, WESTMINSTER.

Clinical diagnoses with microscope. Office hours: 8 to 9 A. M.; 12 to 2, and 7 to 8 P. M. Ear, Nose and Throat treated specially. iy-24-3m

BALTIMORE MARKETS.

Md. Flour—Extra	$2 60@	$3 00
" " Family	3 25@	3 65
" " High Grade Family	4 45@	4 55
" " First Grade Extra	4 15@	4 15
" " Rye Flour	2 75@	3 00
Wheat	69@	72
Corn	31@	36½
Oats	23@	28½
Rye	45@	52½
Hay	9 00@	10 50
Straw	6 00@	8 50
Potatoes	50@	60
Dry Salt Shoulders	6@	6
Bulk Rib Sides	6@	6½
Hams	9½@	9½
Lard	6½@	6½
Butter	15@	24
Eggs	12@	16

Stop suffering! Try Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FARMERS AND MECHANICS NATIONAL BANK AT WESTMINSTER, IN THE STATE OF MARYLAND, AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS, SEPTEMBER 20th, 1898.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$ 148,997.12
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		337.08
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation		50,000.00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds		1,300.00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		11,900.00
Due from National Banks (not Reserve Agents)		1,700.97
Due from State Banks and Bankers		3,217.19
Due from approved reserved agents		14,009.41
Notes of other National Banks		15.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		9.01
Lawful money reserve in Bank, viz:		
Specie	$8,944.50	
Legal-tender notes	2,295.00	
		11,239.50
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		2,250.00
Total		$244,975.28

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 50,000.00
Surplus fund	$20,000.00	
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	3,506.44	
		23,506.44
National Bank notes outstanding		45,000.00
Due to other National Banks		16,335.19
Due to State Banks and Bankers		21.63
Dividends unpaid		770.75
Individual deposits subject to check		109,341.29
Total		$ 244,975.28

State of Maryland, County of Carroll, ss:

I, John H. Cunningham, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. H. CUNNINGHAM, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 24th day of September, 1898.

James H. Billingslea, Clerk Circuit Court for Carroll County.

Correct—Attest:

H. WIRT SHRIVER,
J. WESLEY BIGGS,
LUTHER H. HOFFACKER,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF NEW WINDSOR, AT NEW WINDSOR, IN THE STATE OF MARYLAND, AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS, SEPTEMBER 20th, 1898.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$ 78,367.50
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		886.59
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation		55,000.00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds		3,000.00
Stocks, securities, etc		38,188.75
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures		6,600.00
Due from approved reserve agents		10,327.62
Checks and other cash items		25.66
Notes of other National banks		30.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents		164.80
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz:		
Specie	7,118.00	
Legal tender notes	5,555.00	
		12,673.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation.)		2,475.00
Total		$ 207,738.92

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 55,000.00
Surplus fund		6,600.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		4,928.92
National bank notes outstanding		45,050.00
Due to other National banks		6,358.69
Dividends unpaid		294.00
Individual deposits subject to check		89,507.31
Total		$ 207,738.92

State of Maryland, County of Carroll, ss:

I, Nathan H. Baile, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

NATHAN H. BAILE, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 27th day of September, 1898.

Chas. B. Baile, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

JOB HIBBERD,
SAMUEL HOFFMAN,
JOS. A. STOUFFER,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF WESTMINSTER, AT WESTMINSTER, IN THE STATE OF MARYLAND, AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS, SEPTEMBER 20th, 1898.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$ 188,590.31
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		1,459.91
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation		95,000.00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds		6,003.30
U. S. Bonds on hand		4,000.00
Stocks, securities, etc		75,234.40
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		27,089.93
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)		6,148.83
Due from State banks and bankers		1,597.72
Due from approved reserve agents		3,072.10
Checks and other cash items		298.94
Notes of other National banks		1,345.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents		394.58
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz:		
Specie	20,806.95	
Legal-tender notes	11,936.00	
		32,742.95
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer 5 per cent. of circulation		4,275.00
Due from U. S. Treasurer, other than 5 per cent. redemption fund		45,734.33
Total		$ 492,987.30

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		125,000.00
Surplus fund		50,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		4,979.17
National bank notes outstanding		83,990.00
Due to other National banks		25,986.23
Due to State banks and bankers		15,410.95
Dividends unpaid		1,383.52
Individual deposits subject to check	165,999.93	
Certified Checks	237.50	
		166,237.43
Bills payable		20,000.00
Total		$ 492,987.30

State of Maryland, County of Carroll, ss:

I, George R. Gehr, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

GEORGE R. GEHR, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 29th day of September, 1898.

Frank R. Cassell, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

GRANVILLE S. HAINES,
JACOB J. WEAVER, Jr.,
JOHN L. REIFSNIDER,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE WESTMINSTER SAVINGS BANK AT WESTMINSTER, IN THE STATE OF MARYLAND, AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS, SEPTEMBER 1st, 1898.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$ 143,530.78
Stocks, securities, &c		304,554.00
Banking-house, furniture and fixtures		6,000.00
Other real estate and mortgages owned		168,882.79
Due from National Banks		5,165.73
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		54.91
Money in Bank, viz:		
Specie	$1,430 75	
Legal-tender notes	900.00	
		2,330.75
Total		$ 630,518.96

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 10,000.00
Surplus fund		20,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		4,764.05
Dividends unpaid		4,000.00
Weekly and Monthly Deposits		3,200.00
Time certificates of Deposit		155,320.64
		433,234.27
Total		$ 630,518.96

State of Maryland, County of Carroll, ss:

I, William H. Starr, Treasurer of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

WILLIAM H. STARR, Treasurer.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 24th day of September, 1898.

FRANK R. CASSELL, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

CHAS. BILLINGSLEA,
F. THOS. BABYLON,
CHARLES T. REIFSNIDER,
Directors.

Use Dr. Miles' NERVE PLASTERS for SPINAL WEAKNESS. All druggists sell 'em for 25c.

Frederick Fair

Frederick, Md.,

OCTOBER 11, 12, 13 and 14, 1898.

DON'T MISS IT.

$10,000 IN PREMIUMS.

Special Attractions, Instructive Exhibits. Accommodations for all.

oct-1-2t

HEADQUARTERS FOR

We make a specialty of painted and **Galvanized** STEEL ROOFING and GALVANIZED SPOUTING.

Don't let the rain run off your roofs and damage your buildings. Any handy man can put up this spouting, which makes the cost of spouting a building very small.

Medford Cash Store.

de-1246-1v

Facts Worth Reading!

Do you use whiskey for medicinal purposes or on your side board? If so, is it not the first thought to get an absolutely

PURE ARTICLE, FREE FROM ADULTERATIONS?

How can you better accomplish this than by buying direct from the distiller? Did you ever stop to think when buying a

GALLON OF WHISKEY

how many profits you have paid? from distiller to jobber, from jobber to retail dealer, and from retail dealer to consumer, three profits added to the cost. In buying from distiller you pay one fair profit, get goods direct from distiller free from all

Fusil Oil and Adulteration.

If my goods are not satisfactory they can be returned and money will be cheerfully refunded. I ask for the first order, you will ask for the second. Get a good article or none. Ask for Burkholder Whiskey. Try my 6-year-old Whiskey, at $2.50 a gallon. A word to the wise is sufficient.

Distillery at Cranberry Station, near Bish's Mill. Mail orders promptly attended to.

A. S. BURKHOLDER, Distiller.

sep-17-3m

Shreeve & Nusbaum,

(successors to Joseph E. Shreeve,)

Oppo. New Firemen's Hall, 69 E. Main St. Westminster.

THE subscribers have formed a partnership for the purpose of conducting the

GROCERY, CONFECTIONERY

and business of that general character, at the old stand of Joseph E. Shreeve, on East Main street, Westminster, opposite the new Firemen's Hall, and will keep constantly on hand and for sale, at lowest prices,

FRESH FINE AND STAPLE GROCERIES, a line of Fine and Commoner grades of CONFECTIONERIES, CANNED GOODS, Fresh and Dried Fruits,

PILLSBURY, WASHBURN and many other brands of high grade Flour.

All kinds of Flavoring Extracts, &c.

We call especial attention to our 30-cent Syrup, which is a very superior article for the price. Highest prices paid for Eggs. Goods promptly delivered.

SHREEVE & NUSBAUM.

my-7-98-1v

Smallwood Creamery!

Ice Cream and Water Ices.

All Flavors at shortest possible Notice.

The undersigned is now prepared to serve the public with the finest quality of Ice Cream that can be manufactured. I have equipped my factory with the most improved machinery. Everything new. No old rusty cans to impair the quality of the cream.

My prices will be guaranteed. Will serve festivals and picnics at special prices; also supply private families.

Telephone me at my place of business—no charge.

Fine Creamery Butter on hand at all times.

E. B. ARNOLD, Proprietor, Smallwood, Maryland.

Western Maryland Telephone. my-21-tf

FINE MILLINERY.

I have opened a fine line of Fall and Winter Millinery, of the latest styles, just received from New York and Philadelphia, which is offered at very reasonable prices. Ladies are requested to give me a call and examine my stock before purchasing. Satisfaction guaranteed.

MRS. ETTA TAYLOR, adjacent to Firemen's Building, sep-17-3t Westminster, Md.

ELECTION NOTICE.

THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Western Maryland Railroad Company, for the election of (5) FIVE DIRECTORS, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the company, Hillen Station, Baltimore, on WEDNESDAY, October 19th, 1898, at