Posted

American Sentinel.

WESTMINSTER, - MARYLAND.

W. L. W. Seabrook, - Editor.

Entered at the Postoffice at Westminster, Md., as Second-class matter.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1902.

The Exposition at St. Louis, Mo., next year to celebrate the Louisiana Purchase by Thos. Jefferson, in 1803, is to surpass all previous Expositions in magnitude. This great World's Fair is to cover 1200 acres of land and its estimated cost is to be $30,000,000, which really means $40,000,000. This is an enormous sum to be expended on such an undertaking, but the event which it is designed to celebrate, peaceful as it was, was one of the most important in American history. Mr. Jefferson must have had that conception of the transaction referred to, as, according to his interpretation of the limitations of the Federal Constitution, he deliberately violated that instrument in making the purchase. The SENTINEL is in receipt of a communication from a committee of former Marylanders, in relation to the Exposition, which will be published in its next issue.

The manner in which Rear Admiral Schley has been received in a trip to Chicago, Ills., Louisville, Ky., and elsewhere during the past week, is an expressive indication that the American people will not tolerate the persecution of their public men. The destruction of the Spanish fleet at Santiago, as a naval exploit, does not bear comparison with Perry's victory, on Lake Erie; Farragut's fight with the forts on the Mississippi, below New Orleans, and his sailing into Mobile bay past well manned fortifications and through a channel filled with torpedoes; Porter's running the batteries at Vicksburg; Dewey's destruction of the Spanish fleet, in the harbor of Manila; Decatur's exploits, in Tripolitan waters; the Constitution's capture of the Guerriere, and many other naval events in American history, but no naval hero has ever received a more spontaneous and enthusiastic ovation than has been accorded Admiral Schley at Chicago and along his route of travel. Admiral Sampson, who arrogated to himself the credit of the Santiago victory, might pass over the same route without exciting a tenth of the enthusiasm awakened by the trip of the real commander in that achievement.

Will He Adhere to It?

Several weeks ago, in an interview with a representative of the "Baltimore *Evening News*," Ex-Gov. Frank Brown was quoted as saying some very uncomplimentary things about the boss ridden condition of the Democratic party in Maryland and the notorious trickery and fraud perpetrated in achieving the scant victory credited to the party in November last. The ex-Governor closed the interview by declaring:

"I shall oppose, as far as in my power lies, any and all efforts to tamper with the purity of our elections in conformity with the statutes of the State and against trick ballots, political jigglery and bossism in any form, and will not support any candidates who wear the collar of ownership of any political boss."

It is to be hoped ex-Governor Brown will adhere to this resolution. The welfare of Maryland calls for the thorough suppression of political bossism, no matter by whom practiced, especially that sort of bossism that conspires to defraud the people of the due force and effect of their ballots. That is the sort of bossism that has been practiced in the Democratic party of Maryland for, lo, these many years, and that caused the temporary overthrow of that party in 1896. The discipline then visited upon the party, by an overwhelming vote of the people, produced a very temporary effect upon the purposes and practices of the bosses. In 1899 they promised amendment and the people again entrusted them with power. It was, however, only the promise of the sick man when in fear of death. When the fear was removed, the promise was forgotten. The history of the frauds perpetrated in last fall's campaign is well known and need not be repeated at length. Some of the most glaring of these fraudulent tricks, however, should be kept fresh in the minds of the people. The following from the "*Evening News*" of the 15th ult., the day after Mr. Gorman's re-election, is a reminder of at least one of the most conspicuous methods by which a fraudulent majority was secured in the Legislature for the purpose of sending him back to the United States Senate:

"Today should be reckoning day among the Democrats. In the exuberance of yesterday it would have been hard to find anyone who would not have thought the re-election of Mr. Gorman worth all it cost. Today, however, they can look over the accounts a little more soberly and count up the expense of the dubious victory of last November. All appearance, even, of honesty at the polls has been cast to the winds. The most noxious and apparent frauds had to be accomplished in order to eke out the small majority they now own. The State, with as many of the illiterate voters as possible kept away from the polls, in fact, rendered a Republican majority of more than 10,000. Nor is this all. The thirst is still for blood. The counties are clamoring for more stringent election laws, which will preclude all possibility of Republican success. A Democratic State Senator from the Eastern Shore said yesterday that his county, which, according to the returns, had given several hundred Democratic majority, had really gone Republican, and only the work after the polls closed had brought out the results as they had appeared. One of the leading Democrats in Anne Arundel county, in speaking of the four Democrats now representing that county in the House, said: 'They would have been licked by a thousand if we had not been told to go ahead and see they were elected, and you know how we did it,' referring to the 1200 ballots defaced before they were put into the hands of the voters. It was a very costly fight from the extra session on, and there is many a Democrat here under the rank of leader who knows it."

The sort of bossism that leads to such results needs stamping out in the most vigorous fashion, and ex-Governor Brown will well serve the State and the Democratic party too, for that matter, if he will adhere to his resolution, quoted in the first part of this article. Will he do so?

Better Pay for Rural Carriers.

A bill has been introduced in the House of Representatives, which, if passed, will materially increase the salaries of rural free delivery carriers. The bill reads: Beginning July 1st, 1902, the salary of rural carriers shall be as follows: For the first year of service at the rate of $600 per year; for the second year of service at the rate of $660, and for the third and each subsequent year of service at the rate of $720, payable in each case pro rata at the end of each month. In determining the rate of pay for carriers in service, allowance shall be made for the service already rendered by each. A bill has also been introduced to grant 15 days' annual leave of absence, with pay to rural free delivery carriers.

An explosion in Lost Creek coal mine near Oskaloosa, Iowa, on Friday of last week, caused the death of 21 miners and serious injury to 8 more.

A Pig Roast.

The fifteenth Ward Republican Association, of Baltimore, gave a pig roast at its headquarters, Pennsylvania avenue, near North avenue, in that city, on Friday evening of last week, at which 500 guests were present, among them Ex-Judge Charles T. Reifsnider, and Col. Wm. A. McKellip, both of whom made speeches on the occasion. The speakers all denounced, in the severest terms, the controlling element of the Democratic party for the unfair and fraudulent methods by which a partial Democratic victory was secured last fall. The report of the affair in the *Sun* of Saturday says:

"Judge Reifsnider also spoke of the agitation over the proposed sale of the Western Maryland. 'We in Carroll county are interested when that comes up,' he declared, 'and when you take its holdings away from the city you take away the goose that lays the golden eggs. The people of Carroll hope and pray that the people of Baltimore will rise in their might and say: 'This thing shall not be.'"

Mr. Clarence Seabrook, of the committee of arrangements, read letters from a number of gentlemen expressing regret at their inability to be present on the occasion. Among these was one from Senator McComas, who said:

"The Republican party made a great fight and fraud defeated us by a handful of votes, and that fraud reunites and reanimates true Republicans in a stern resolve to win once more fair elections for our State. That is our mission in Maryland, and I hope that the Fifteenth Ward Club may resolve anew to press forward, united by victories beyond the reach of trick ballots and all frauds, and we may for all time secure this essential in a government by the consent of the governed."

The Western Maryland Railroad.

The effort of Messrs. Hambleton & Co. to belittle the value of the Western Maryland Railroad appears to be a thankless task when it is considered that several competitive buyers are seeking to purchase the property, and that each one expresses a willingness to pay more for it than either of the others. According to the principle of supply and demand Baltimore City is in a position to name its own terms for its holdings in the road and Messrs. Hambleton & Co. cannot profit by their gratuitous effort to undervalue it. President Hood has demonstrated to the satisfaction of disinterested parties that the road is and will continue to be a paying property. But if it were otherwise the competition for the ownership would render Messrs. Hambleton & Co's. deliverances on the subject nugatory and worthless. If somebody wants to pay twelve or fifteen millions of dollars for a property that Messrs. Hambleton & Co. think worth less than half that sum and would like to buy at their own figures, it isn't likely that that somebody will be frightened off by the unfavorable judgment of a deeply interested competitor.

The truth is, however, that apart from any speculative factor in the matter, the Western Maryland, under existing conditions, which cannot be easily changed, is capable of earning a handsome income for its owners and is a valuable property per se. How much its value may be increased by its desirability to one party as the outlet for an inland railroad to tidewater, and to another party as a means of preventing such outlet to a rival road, can only be judged by the amount which either is willing to pay for it.

The question arises, however, and is a very important one, whether its control and ownership are not more valuable to the City of Baltimore than they would be to any other interest. The road pours a large and steadily increasing volume of trade into Baltimore, which might be diverted into other channels if it were to pass into the hands of parties interested in building up rivals to Maryland's metropolis. This is one of the conditions most difficult to guard against in a sale of the Western Maryland. Baltimore now controls it absolutely and her trade interests cannot be jeopardized while this control is maintained. It is doubtful whether the city, if she elects to dispose of her interest in the work, can legally impose such a condition upon the purchaser as would prevent its operation in a manner favorable to rival interests. President Hood has not only built up the road, but in doing so has built up an extensive trade for Baltimore. Why certain people in the city should be anxious to alienate her control and thus risk divesting her of this trade is a problem not easily solved. It may be impertinent to ask and yet the question is pertinent: Is there "budel" in it for somebody?

Baltimore can, no doubt, make a traffic arrangement with the other roads seeking an outlet to tidewater over the Western Maryland, that will be mutually advantageous and profitable to all the interests concerned, and this looks like the most reasonable proposition in the premises.

In the Interest of Agriculture.

The interests of agriculture in this country are not second to any. Manufactures have been fostered and have grown into great magnitude, but still they do not equal agricultural productions in extent or importance. It is well known that, while the General Government has done something to promote the development of agricultural industries, much that should be done is yet undone. As far back as 1862 an act was passed by Congress apportioning a quantity of public land equal to thirty thousand acres for each Senator and Representative in Congress to which the States were then respectively entitled, the money from sales of such lands to be invested and the interest appropriated to the endowment, support and maintenance of at least one college, in each State which might take and claim the benefit of said act, where the leading object should be, "without excluding other scientific and classical studies, and including military tactics, to teach such branches of learning as are related to agriculture and the mechanic arts," in such manner as the States should provide. No portion of this fund was to be used for the "purchese, erection, preservation, or repair of any building or buildings."

In 1887 another act, known as the Hatch Act, was passed by Congress for the purpose of establishing experiment stations in connection with agricultural colleges, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of 1862. In 1890 another act was passed for the more complete endowment and maintenance of colldges, then established, for the benefit of agriculture and the mechanic arts, or which might thereafter be established, in accordance with the act of 1862. This act of 1890 appropriated out of money arising from the sales of public lands, to each State and Territory, the sum of $15,000 for the year ending June 30th, 1890, and, for ten years thereafter, an additional sum of $1000 over the preceding year, and thereafter the sum of $25,000 "to be applied only to instruction in agriculture, the mechanic arts, the English language and the various branches of mathematical, physical, natural, and economic science, with special reference to their applications in the industries of life, and to the facilities for such instruction." No part of this money can be used, directly or indirectly, upon any pretense whatever, for the purchase, erection, preservation or repair of any building or buildings.

Now, it has become necessary that, if the Maryland Agricultural College, and through it the farmers of this State, are to realize the benefits of these appropriations of the General Government, our own Legislature must supplement them by providing additional means and facilities to carry the purposes intended into effect, and the farmers are asking the Legislature to come to their help and relief. At a meeting of the Farmers' League of Maryland, held some time ago, the following resolutions were adopted:

RESOLVED, That this League, believing in the efficiency and value of the work of the Maryland Agricultural College, the Experiment Station and Farmers' Institute work of the State, do hereby heartily endorse the movement of the Farmers' Clubs and Granges to secure an appropriation of Thirty Thousand dollars annually for two years for the further equipment of the Departments named, and we urge upon our representatives a diligent support of the bill to be introduced by the Committee of Nine, appointed by twenty-three of our organizations, at their meeting, June 8, 1901.

2ND. RESOLVED, That the interest we represent is entitled to the recognition asked and we look with confidence to its favorable consideration.

Steps are now being taken to interest the members of the Legislature in this proposition. A bill has been framed and has been, or will be, submitted to the Legislature, appropriating $60,000 to be paid in two years, and to be employed, among other things, as follows:

SEC. 2. In order to provide dormitory accommodations for at least double the number of students that the present facilities will accommodate, and to provide modern and sanitary kitchen and dining room accommodations for students, and also to provide for a general assembly hall for chapel and other public functions, the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars is hereby appropriated.

SEC. 3. To provide for the proper heating, ventilation, and general renovation of the present dormitory building, the sum of three thousand dollars is hereby appropriated.

SEC. 4. To provide for the enlargement of the Mechanical Building so as to relieve its overcrowded condition, and also to make possible the installment of new appliances, the sum of five thousand dollars is hereby appropriated.

SEC. 5. In order to provide for the free scholarship from each county in the State and nine free scholarships from Baltimore City, an annual sum of five thousand dollars is hereby provided for and appropriated. Said scholarships to be classified as follows: Two from each county and six from Baltimore City, to be in the Short Winter Courses in Agriculture, Horticulture, and Dairying; and one scholarship from each county in this State, and three from Baltimore City, to be confined to students pursuing the four years' course in Agriculture and Mechanics Arts, said scholarships to cover all expenses for board, tuition, and books.

SEC. 6. To provide for the extension of the work of the Department of Farmers' Institutes an annual sum of one thousand dollars is hereby provided for and appropriated.

SEC. 7. In order to provide for the maintenance, repairs, and insurance of the building of the Experiment Station, to provide for the printing of bulletins and making exhibits, showing the results of work, and also to provide for special investigations on the tobacco crop, in meat production, and in irrigation, an annual appropriation of five thousand dollars is hereby provided for and made.

SEC. 8. In order to provide for an insectory, a glass house for plant pathology, for enlarging the greenhouses and extending the equipments and facilities for general horticultural investigations, an appropriation of five thousand dollars is hereby made.

The farmers' appeal in this matter is a very strong one. They have much to contend with. Insect enemies have multiplied. Grain and fruits are subject to damage and destruction by these pests. Other States are providing means to meet the many new conditions which confront the farmer, not only in the matter referred to, but in getting the best results from cultivating the soil, dairying and other branches directly or indirectly connected with agricultural pursuits. Maryland should not be behind in this matter. In fact she should be a leader in agricultural progress. The Legislature should respond to the appeal of the farmers in no niggardly fashion. It strikes us that considering their importance as factors in the prosperity of the State, their demands are moderate and reasonable. We feel confident that they will meet the favor and approval of a large majority of the people of this county. We have a State Agricultural College and Experiment Station, and who will say that we should not have them? Having them, it becomes the duty of the State to make them equal to the very best in the country. The Legislature must provide the means to this end. Its action in the premises can hardly be doubted.

Maryland Legislature.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 24.

Leave granted Mr. Fuss to introduce a bill to incorporate the Union Bridge Banking and Trust Company.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 30.

Delegate Painter, Chairman of the Election Committee, reported to the House to-night that the members returned elected from Carroll county, Prince George's county and Anne Arundel county are legally elected. They are Chas. J. H. Ganter, Harry F. Baer, Jesse W. Fuss, Henry J. Hoffacker, of Carroll; Robert W. Brooke, Frederick Dallam, Robert W. Wells, Jas. P. Curly, of Prince George's; Jas. P. Brashears, William T. Leatherbury, Frederick L. Shipley and John A. Watts, of Anne Arundel.

The General bill to regulate and restrict the sale of liquor in the State was presented in the House by Delegate Brooke, of Prince George's county.

There are four distinct features, the principal one being the local veto.

First—To break up what is known as the "wine rooms" by providing against partitions in the saloon room.

Second—To provide for the more complete enforcement of existing temperance laws.

Third—To prevent the granting of a license to any saloon within 300 feet of any school or church.

Fourth—That when a majority of the registered voters of any election district or precinct shall sign a remonstrance it shall be unlawful for the Liquor License Commissioners to issue a license to any applicant in such precinct or district within a period of two years.

Senator Baesman introduced a bill in the Senate to abolish the Board of State Aid and Charities.

Messrs. Chas. J. Bonaparte, Thos. Ireland Elliot and Robert F. Stanton, the Republican attorneys for Mr. Herman S. Platt, in his contest against State Comptroller Joshua W. Hering, appeared before the House Elections Committee, prepared to present their case. Because of the absence of Chairman Painter, of Baltimore county, who has all the papers appertaining to the contest, the committee adjourned until 10 o'clock Friday morning.

Mr. Lloyd Wilkinson and B. Frank Crouse are the counsel for Dr. Hering.

A large reserve supply of high explosives, stored at the Rapid Transit tunnel now in process of construction in New York City, blew up on Monday afternoon, causing the loss of six lives and the wounding of 100 or more people, some of them very seriously. The explosives were stored in a temporary structure, at the mouth of a shaft in the vicinity of Murray Hill Hotel, which was so badly wrecked that it may be necessary to abandon it. In that case the loss on that one building alone will approximate $1,000,000. Other losses in the neighborhood will foot up well nigh another million of dollars. Various theories as to the cause of the explosion are advanced, but nothing definite is known on the subject.

LOOK OVER THESE CLOTHING BARCAINS.

Many others just as attractive, in fact all winter suits and overcoats, must be sold and prices are reduced far below cost and in many cases to ½ price.

SHARRER & GORSUCH,

OPPOSITE CATHOLIC CHURCH, WESTMINSTER, Md.

10 Boys' Overcoats, 4 to 8 year sizes, reduced to $1.00. 25 Youths' Suits, 15, 16 and 17 year sizes, were $5 to $8, now $3.50. 7 Men's $5 and $6 Suits now $3.50; $7 to $9 Suits now $5. A few of those elegant $15 and $16 Suits now $11. 58 Men's Overcoats left. If we can fit you you will save $2 to $5 by buying one now. 15 Boys' and Youths' Overcoats at about ½ price. Men's $1.50 pants now $1; $2 pants $1.50. 200 pairs Boys' Knee Pants at cost.

AT HALF PRICE, the following small lots: 10 Blouse Suits, 4 to 7 year sizes; 15 Vestee Suits; 12 3-Piece Suits, 9 to 12 year sizes; 20 14, 15 and 16 Short Pants Suits, at $1 and $1.50. A few broken sizes in $1 Underwear 50c. Unusual bargains in all Underwear and Gloves. Cardigan Jackets 90c.

$18 CUSTOM MADE SUITS NOW $13.

Don't miss securing one of these. 20 choice patterns left.

POSITIVELY THE BIGGEST STOCKING BARGAIN.

25 dozen extra heavy grey mixed half hose, as good as you ever bought for 10c, our price, until sold, 5c pair. Also 15 dozen fine fancy ½ hose, regular 20c goods, our price 10c.

sept-12-90-7

Not Yet at Liberty.

The friends of Miss Stone, the American Missionary captured and detained by Bulgarian brigands, for a ransom, were much cheered a few days ago by a report that she was about to be released; but a dispatch from Washington, under date of the 30th ult., says:

Unless Miss Stone's captors have abandoned her, despairing of being able to safely surrender her to the agents who have been trying to ransom her, she is not yet at liberty.

It is quite certain that the ransom money has not been paid down and that the agents referred to have completely lost touch with the brigands, who have been frightened off by the appearance of Turkish soldiery in their neighborhood.

The efforts to secure the woman's release will not be abandoned, but it is feared that they must be renewed in another direction, the present line having been broken.

John and Edward Biddle, two desperate criminals, who were under sentence to be hanged for murder, escaped from the jail at Pittsburg, Pa., on Thursday morning, after seriously injuring two of the guards. Mrs. Peter K. Soffel, wife of the warden, furnished the implements of escape and also provided the men with weapons. She had become infatuated with Edward Biddle, who is represented as a fine looking and handsome man. Mrs. Soffel went with them, leaving her husband and four children. The crimes for which they were under sentence of death were the murders of a man named Kahney, whose house they attempted to burglarize in April last, and Detective Patrick Fitzgerald, who arrested them. They belonged to a gang of burglars which had been terrorizing the people of Pittsburg.

Rear Admiral Lewis A. Kimberly died at West Newton, Mass., on Tuesday, at the age of about 62 years. He was selected as a member of the Schley Court of Inquiry, but was excused because of the feeble condition of his health. He was a native of Troy, N. Y. He became a rear admiral in 1887. He served with distinction during the Civil War. He commanded the force which landed and captured the forts in the Corean expidition and was at Apia during the great Samoan hurricane in 1889, receiving the commendation of the department for his conduct of affairs on the Pacific Station, of which he was commander.

A dispatch from Manila says that the outlook for the pacification of the entire Archipelago, except the Island of Samar, is more favorable than at any time since the outbreak of the insurrection. In many of the provinces order is preserved by the native constabulary, which has been commended by the commanding general for its excellent work. During the past month 82 military posts have been handed over to this native constabulary. Gen. Chaffee hopes that by the end of February Samar will be the only province not pacified.

Hackettstown, in Northwestern New Jersey, has an epidemic of small pox. The place has less than 3000 inhabitants, but during the last three weeks there have been over 100 cases of the disease in the place and a number of deaths. The malady was spread by a young man named Toepfer, who attended an entertainment while afflicted with varioloid. Toepfer's father died from the disease. He was nursed by his daughter Cora, who had to prepare his body for burial. She then also fell a victim to the pestilence.

Wm. J. Finafrock, a brother of Miss Mary Finafrock who was drowned in Lake Royer, near Pen-Mar, last summer, was slightly injured by an express train on the Pa., Railroad, near Lancaster, Pa., on Saturday evening last. He and a companion named Henry R. Seitz, of Glen Rock, were walking on the track and were struck by the train and Seitz was instantly killed.

Prince Henry, Admiral of the German Navy and brother of Emperor William is about to visit America. He says it has been the dream of his life to visit the United States and the trip now comes to him like a gift from heaven.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Reese public school will hold a waffle supper, in the school building, Saturday, February 1st. Supper 20c. Children 15c. If bad weather, the following clear Saturday night.

DOES IT PAY TO BUY CHEAP?

A cheap remedy for coughs and colds is all right, but you want something that will relieve and cure the more severe and dangerous results of throat and lung troubles. What shall you do? Go to a warmer and more regular climate? Yes, if possible; if not possible for you, then in either case take the ONLY remedy that has been introduced in all civilized countries with success in severe throat and lung troubles, "Boschee's German Syrup." It not only heals and stimulates the tissues to destroy the germ disease, but allays inflammation, causes easy expectoration, gives a good night's rest, and cures the patient. Try one bottle. Recommended many years by all druggists in the world. Get Green's Prize Almanac. You can get this remedy at Zepp's Drug Store, Westminster, Md.

SOMETHING THAT WILL DO YOU GOOD.

We know of no way in which we can be of more service to our readers than to tell them of something that will be of real good to them. For this reason we want to acquaint them with what we consider one of the very best remedies on the market for coughs, colds, and that alarming complaint, croup. We refer to Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. We have used it with such good results in our family so long that it has become a household necessity. By its prompt use we haven't any doubt but that it has time and again prevented croup. The testimony is given upon our own experience, and we suggest that our readers, especially those who have small children, always keep it in their homes as a safeguard against croup.—Camden (S. C.) Messenger. For sale by all Druggists.

OYSTER SUPPER.—Co. H, 1st Reg., I., M. N. G., will hold an oyster supper in their armory, at Frizellburg, commencing Monday evening, 10th inst., and continuing every evening until the 15th, inclusive. There will be a drill and musical concert on Tuesday evening; also a musical concert on Thursday and Saturday nights. Admission free. Children half price.

HAD TO CONQUER OR DIE.

"I was just about gone," writes Mrs. Rosa Richardson, of Laurel Springs, N.C., "I had Consumption so bad that the best doctors said I could not live more than a month, but I began to use Dr. King's New Discovery and was wholly cured by seven bottles and am now stout and well." It's an unrivaled life-saver in Consumption, Pneumonia, La Grippe and Bronchitis; infallible for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Hay Fever, Croup or Weeping Cough. Guaranteed bottles 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at Shaw Drug Co.

The ladies of Grace Lutheran Church, Westminster, will hold a handkerchief and apron bazaar at the Firemen's Building on the evenings of Thursday, Friday and Saturday, 13th, 14th and 15th of February, inst.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE

Has world-wide fame for marvellous cures. It surpasses any other salve, lotion, ointment or balm for Cuts, Corns, Burns, Boils, Sores, Felons, Ulcers, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Chapped Hands, Skin Eruptions; infallible for Piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c at Shaw Drug Co.

BILIOUS COLIC.

H. Seever, a carpenter and builder of Kenton, Tenn., when suffering intensely from an attack of bilious colic, sent to a near by drug store for something to relieve him. The druggist sent him a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy, three doses of which effected a permanent cure. This is the only remedy that can be depended upon in the most severe cases of colic and cholera morbus. Most druggists know this and recommend it when such a medicine is called for. For sale by all druggists.

A FIREMAN'S CLOSE CALL.

"I stuck to my engine, although every joint ached and every nerve was racked with pain," writes C. W. Bellamy, a locomotive fireman, of Burlington, Iowa. "I was weak and pale, without any appetite and all run down. As I was about to give up, I got a bottle of Electric Bitters and, after taking it, I felt as well as I ever did in my life." Weak, sickly, run down people always gain new life, strength and vigor from their use. Try them. Satisfaction guaranteed by Shaw Drug Co. Price 50 cents.

WORKING OVERTIME.

Eight hour laws are ignored by those tireless, little workers—Dr. King's New Life Pills. Millions are always at work, night and day, curing Indigestion, Biliousness, Constipation, Sick Headache and all Stomach, Liver and Bowel troubles. Easy, pleasant, safe, sure. Only 25 cents at Shaw Drug Co.

FOR STOMACH TROUBLES.

"I have taken a great many different medicines for stomach trouble and constipation," says Mrs. S. Geiger of Dunkerton, Iowa, "but never had as good results from any as from Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets." For sale by all Druggists.

When you lack energy, do not relish your food, feel dull and stupid, after eating, all you need is a dose of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They will make you feel like a new man and give you an appetite like a bear. For sale by all Druggists.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR RENT.

House and large Stable on Liberty Street extended, lately occupied by John H. Hollinger, deceased. House will be painted and fixed up generally. Possession given at once.

CHARLES E. FINK,
feb 1 3t Westminster, Md.

NOTICE.

Westminster, Md. January 27th, 1902.

Have this day disposed of my entire stock of Groceries and General Merchandise to William D. Reese. I thank a kind public for their generous patronage and solicit a continuance of same with my brother, who will receipt for all open accounts. Prompt payments solicited.

Very Respectfully,
feb 1 1t JNO. J. REESE.

HORSES AND MULES WANTED.

I will be in New Windsor, at DEILMAN'S HOTEL, on THURSDAY, Feb. 6th, from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m., to buy all grades of

HORSES AND MULES,

for which the highest cash prices will be paid, according to soundness.

F. P. GOODWIN,
feb 1 1t* Reisterstown, Md.

NO. 3932 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Carroll County.

Israel C. Rinehart and J. Frank Baker, mortgagees, by Edward O. Weant, attorney, vs. The Union Bridge Shirt Company of Carroll County, Maryland, mortgagor.

Ordered, this 25th day of January, A. D. 1902, that the account of the Auditor filed in this cause be finally ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 17th day of February, next; provided a copy of this order be inserted for two successive weeks before the last named day in some newspaper published in Carroll county.

JAS. H. BILLINGSLEA, Clerk.

True Copy—Test:
feb-1-2t JAS. H. BILLINGSLEA, Clerk.

NO. 3904 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Carroll County.

Adam Stater et al., plaintiffs, vs. Alverta Benson et al., defendants.

Ordered this 25th day of January, 1902, that the sale of the property mentioned in these proceedings, made and reported by Grove J. Shipley and George E. Benson, trustees, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 3rd day of March next; provided, a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Carroll county, once in each of three successive weeks before the 24th day of February next. The report states the amount of sales to be $2,583.80.

JAS. H. BILLINGSLEA, Clerk.

True Copy—Test:
feb-1-3t JAS. H. BILLINGSLEA, Clerk.

MILLER BROS.

Today

is the last day of the GREATEST SALE in our history. Our January business was the biggest month's business we have ever had, even exceeding December and our holiday trade. We thank you sincerely and hope that you have all reaped the benefit of the wonderful bargains we have offered. Next week we take stock and then we will tell you more about the store and store doings.

Miller Bros

Popular Cash Stores, Westminster, Maryland.

Our Improvement SALE

was far beyond our expectations in the volume of business in so short a time. We have now about completed the work and pride ourselves on having the up-to-date

HARNESS ESTABLISHMENT

in the State outside of Baltimore City. Would be pleased to have our patrons and the public in general call and look us over. You are all welcome even though you don't buy.

Reduced sale still continues on

ROBES AND BLANKETS.

NO GOODS SOLD ON CREDIT.

J. WALTER SHUNK,
41 East Main St., Westminster, Md.
jan 11-02-1y

Baltimore Markets.

Md. Flour—Extra	$2 80@	$3 20
" " Family	3 50@	3 65
" " High Grade Family	4 80@	4 80
" " First Grade Extra	4 40@	4 40
" " Rye Flour	3 40@	3 75
Wheat	78@	85½
Corn	66@	68
Oats	48@	50½
Rye	60@	67
Hay	10 00@	15 57
Straw	6 00@	12 00
Dry Salt Shoulders	9½@	9½
Bulk Rib Sides	9½@	9½
Hams	12@	12½
Lard	10½@	10½
Butter	15@	28
Eggs	25@	30

Do you want Job Printing? If so give us a call. We can print anything you want from a small Card to a large Poster.

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