American Established 1832 Sentinel

$1.50 PER ANNUM. WESTMINSTER, MD., FRIDAY AFTERNOON, MARCH 2, 1923 VOL. 91—NO. 9

SERMON BY REV. BOWERSOX

On Sunday, February 11th, 1923, Rev. J. F. D. Bowersox, Ph. D. & B. S., Delivered The Following Sermon In Krider's Lutheran Church, Near This City:

What shall be the Christianity of tomorrow? It is not a question of even comparative recent year. One of our most distinguished American theologians of the Lutheran Church, the Rev. Dr. Charles P. Krauth, put the question in the following language more than 50 years ago. "What form of Christianity is to conquer the world? Shall it be the form in which Christianity now exists, the form of intermingling and of division, of internal separation and warfare? Is the territory of Christendom forever to be divided between antagonistic communions, or occupied by them cojointly? Shall there be to the end of time the Greek, the Roman, the Protestant Churches, the sects and the heretical bodies? Or shall one or the other of these specific forms lift itself above the tangled mass and impose order on chaos? Or shall a form yet unrevealed prove the church of the future?"

Answer to Question.

To this the answer seems to be that the logic of the question, supported by 18 centuries of history, renders it probable that some principle, or some combination of principles now existent will assuredly, however slowly, dertermine the ultimate world dominating type of Christianity.

Let me call your attention to the fact that each of us has certain values which we have held and emphasized and that Christianity of the future must somehow be a big enough thing to include all these values which now seem somewhat separated. What has the Lutheran Church to contribute in the way of values which must be preserved and shared with all other Christian people? That is the question.

Bearing the name of the great Reformer, the champion of liberty, who, in the words of Carlyle, wrought a mighty work for the world when he broke the shackles of certain serfdom, it should not seem strange that we, as Lutherans, held fast to the Bible as the Word of God, as the only rule of faith and practice.

Luther at Worms, standing before the Emperor, before princes and potentates, before ecclestiastical and civil dignitaries simply said "Convince me from Holy Scripture or by clear argument. Unless I am thus convinced, I am bound by the Holy Scriptures, and my conscience is captive to the Word of God, Here I stand. God help me. Amen."

Here we stand after 400 years, conscience-bound, holding fast to the idea of a transcendent God, as well as an imminent God, continuing to believe that He must needs reveal Himself, objectively; that God continues to come to the thought, and heart, and life of the individual through the medium of external agencies; that the personality of God touches the personality of man, through the mediation of His incarnate son, Jesus Christ our Lord, who is the word made flesh.

The second great heritage which we, as Lutherans, cherish, in the technical language of the church, is known as the "Material Principle of the Reformation Justification by faith alone." Some may stumble over these terms as too technical, too theological. Let me give you, in the word of Luther then another statement. In his "Christian Liberty," Luther lays down two propositions, the declaration of which looks very much like a paradox:

"A Christian man is the most free lord of all, and subject to none; a Christian man is the most dutiful servant of all and subject to everyone." Surely we know what Luther meant by this. We know that Luther was thinking of an emancipation that had to be effected by one with supreme authority, and power; that by a simple declarative act, because of a positive act of faith in Him on the part of the individual, this most free lord of all came into being. If the Son of Man shall make you free ye shall be free indeed. In the second part of this declaration of Luther we have the suggestion that there was more, is more, to be done than simply profess and sing and make long prayers, and carry out a long list of don'ts. A Christian man is the most dutiful servant of all, and subject to everyone; that is the foundation of the social gospel, as proposed by the church, that is carrying out the principle of Jesus Christ, when He said to His disciples: "He that would be

(Continued on last page.)

RE-OPENING OF GRACE LUTHERAN CHURCH

Week of Worship and Society Meetings.

Altar Installed, Choir Vested and Minister Gowned.

Former Ministers To Be Present and Speak.

On Sunday, March the 4th, Grace Lutheran Church will re-open her doors for worship, after having been closed for four months, during which time the congregation worshipped in the Sunday school rooms, which had previously been enlarged and refurnished, while the Church was being renovated.

Last July the ground was broken in the rear of the Church and a 30x65 ft. brick addition was erected to meet the needs of the Sunday school, the basement of which has been fitted out as a social hall. This addition can either be divided into four class rooms or thrown into one by the use of Wilson rolling partitions. The walls and woodwork re-painted, and stationary chairs placed in block formation for the use of the individual classes on main floor. This portion of the Church is heated by its own heating plant, installed by the Westminster Hardware Co. Taken altogether it has made for more efficient work in this vital organization of the Church.

The latter part of October, the work on the interior of the Church was begun, which consists of refurnishings, namely, altar with retable and reredos, altar rail, pulpit, lactern, clergy chairs, paneled wainscoting for rear and side-walls of sanctuary, choir screen and pews, all of which were built by the American Seating Co.; a new non-display, electric pneumatic duplex, two manual pipe organ built by M. P. Moller Organ Co., of Hagerstown, Maryland, has been installed; the walls re-frescoed in a rose model Tiffany blend and the sanctuary in gold with original decorations, containing a few Christian Church symbols; a large painting of "The Ascension" has been placed above the altar, which is an original by Mente, a world recognized artist; also new lighting fixtures in mosaic, which, along with the frescoeing, were executed by Mr. H. B. Hankinson, of Newark, N. J., formally connected with the Tiffany Studios of New York; a new floor has been laid and re-carpeted, and vestibules tiled; a baptistery built which will support a new marble font; the altar will be furnished with new altar clothes, a large brass cross, candelabra, vases, altar desk, alms-basin and offering plates in silver. The choir will be vested and the minister gowned.

At the service of the re-opening, three former pastors the only ones now living will be present and take part in the Sunday services and the week. Rev. William H. Hetrick, D. D., of Connelsville, Pa., will preach at the opening service and the Rev. H. C. Holloway, D. D., of Harrisburg, Pa., who organized and built the first church, will deliver the sermon at the evening service, at which time the re-dedicatorial service will take place.

Monday evening at 7:45 o'clock, the Rev. P. H. Miller, D. D., of Baltimore, will deliver the sermon to the Women's Societies of the Congregation.

Tuesday evening will be the Sunday School and Young People's Societies' night, which will be addressed by the father of the present pastor, Rev. D. E. Rupley, D. D., of Philadelphia, Pa.

Wednesday has been designated as Men's Night, and will be addressed by Rev. R. H. Bergstresser, of Hanover, Pa.

Thursday evening there will be an organ recital by Mrs. Noah Schaeffer, organist and choir directress, and a sacred musical by the choir. At all the evening services an organ recital will be rendered, and at all services special music by the choir.

Friday evening will be known as Fellowship Night, at which time the local and visiting pastors will bring greetings, followed by a social hour. This service will be held in the Sunday school rooms and social hall. All are cordially invited to be present at any of these services.

JUNIOR CLASS PARTY

The Junior Class of Westminster High School held a class party on Tuesday evening, February 27th, at the home of Ruth Stoner, Green street.

Those present were Misses Mary Hull, Mary Mathias, Elizabeth Diffendal, Ruth Lindsay, Ethel Royer, Mary Anna Frock, Margaret Essich, Anna Plummer, Miriam Myers, Katherine Crumbine, Catherine Bell, Dorothy Baker, Kathryn Wright, Katharine Brown, Alice Brown, Lillian Welty, Eva Leister, Ruth Stoner, Truth Maus, Margaret Rinehart, Mary Campbell, Evelyn Harris, Ethel Mitten and Elizabeth Crapster. Messrs. Clarence Walsh, Richard Wills, Thomas Martin, John Barnes, Roscoe Harman, William Walkman, Guy Stoner, Arnold Flohr, Robert Plummer, Theron Koons, Leslie Leister, Oscar Essich, Louis Flater and Maus Rinehart.

Yesterday, after the meeting of the board of directors of the Pleasant Valley Bank, Mr. Nevin Crouse, the cashier, entertained the members with a fine luncheon at his home.

OBITUARY

BENJAMIN F. MATHIAS

Benjamin F. Mathias died Sunday, February 25, 1923, at the residence of his nephew (George B. Mathias) 1444 West 36th. street, Baltimore, aged 79 years.

The funeral services were held Tuesday from the above residence and the interment was in Pleasant Valley Cemetery, this county.

J. FRANK WEANT

J. Frank Weant, a former resident of this county, died Tuesday, February 27, 1923, at his late residence, 1903 Homewood avenue, Baltimore, aged 53 years.

The funeral services were held yesterday at the above residence, at 3:30 P. M., and the interment was in Woodlawn Cemetery, Baltimore.

MRS. JOHN W. ENGLAR

Elizabeth C., wife of the late John W. Englar, died Monday, February 26, 1923, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Carrie Schofield, 5227 Linden Heights avenue, near Belvedere avenue, Baltimore.

The funeral services were held Wednesday and the interment was in the Methodist Cemetry, Uniontown, this county.

MRS. THOMAS SMITH

Mrs. Minnie V. Smith, wife of Thos. Smith, of near Harrisville, this county, died February 23rd, 1923, aged 34 years, 1 month and 16 days. She is survived by her husband and 9 children.

The funeral services were held Monday at her late home, Elder A. P. Snader officiating, and the interment was in Sam's Creek Cemetery.

H. M. Snyder funeral director.

JOHN D. STONER

John D. Stoner, a son of the late Emanuel and Maria Stoner, of this city, died Tuesday, February 27, 1923, at his home in Santa Barbara, California, aged 66 years. He was born in Union Bridge, this county. Besides his widow, he is survived by a son, Earl Stoner, and two daughters, Misses Grace and Nellie Stoner, at home. He was a brother of Messrs. S. C. and J. E. Stoner, this city.

MRS. LUTHER M. BUSHEY

Alice J. widow of the late Luther M. Bushey, of Freedom district, this county, died Wednesday, February 28, 1923, at the residence of her son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert D. Wampler, Freedom district, this county, aged 82 years.

The funeral services were held this Friday afternoon at 1 o'clock at the residence of her son-in-law and daughter, and the interment was in the Westminster cemetery.

MISS MOLLIE TAGG

Miss Mollie Tagg, daughter of the late William Tagg, of Union Mills, this county, died Wednesday night, February 28, 1923, at 11:55 P. M., at her home in Union Mills, following a sudden attack of paralysis, aged 58 years, 11 months and 7 days. She is survived by three brothers, Rev. Dr. F. T. Taggs, of Arlington, Baltimore, a retired minister of the Methodist Protestant Church; Milton H. Tagg, of Littlestown, Pa., and Harvey Tagg, at home, and by a sister Miss Lucretia Tagg at home.

The funeral services will be held to-morrow, Saturday morning, meeting at the house at 10 o'clock, and further services at Moorhead M. E. Church, Union Mills, of which the deceased was a prominent and exceedingly active member. Interment in the adjoining cemetery.

Wednesday about 10 P. M., Miss Tagg was returning from the residence of John W. Flickinger, of Union Mills, where she had gone to get some milk, and just after entering her home she was stricken with paralysis. Her brother and sister, Mr. Harvey and Miss Lucretia Tagg, who had retired came promptly to Miss Mollie's assistance, who yet had sufficient strength to alarm them.

Dr. J. J. Stewart, the family physician, was called from Westminster, and he found her left side entirely helpless and her speech much impaired. At 11:55 she died, as above stated.

Miss Tagg was a leading and hard working member of Moorhead M. E. Church and recently was appointed to take charge of the Union Mills postal station. During the World War she was an earnest worker in the interest of the Red Cross Society. She was a most highly esteemed lady and her death has cast a gloom over the whole neighborhood.

PETER H. HELFRICH

Peter H. Helfrich died Friday morning, February 24, 1923, at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Curvin Ament, Manchester, this county. Besides his widow he is survived by the following sons and daughters: Mrs. Annie Warner, Mrs. Curvin Ament, Mrs. Susan Weller, and George H. Helfrich, of Manchester; Mrs. Rena Sullivan, of Baltimore; Mrs. Horatio Black, of Hanover, and Peter H. Helfirich Jr., of Asbury Park, N. J.; also by one brother, Mathias Helfrich, of Columbia, Pa.

The funeral services were held Monday last and interment was in the Lutheran Cemetery, Manchester.

DOROTHY GRAF

Dorothy Graf died February 23, 1923, at the home of her grandparents at Plane No. 4, Frederick county, aged 2 months and 10 days.

Funeral services were held Sunday afternoon at New Market, Frederick county, and interment was in the local cemetery.

H. M. Snyder, of Ridgeville, this county, funeral director.

CHARLES R. SEABROOK

Charles R. Seabrook, youngest son of Rev. and Mrs. W. L. Seabrook, of this city, died last night in Pittsburgh, Pa., of pneumonia. Yesterday Mr. Seabrook received a telegram to come to the bedside of his son who was extremely ill.

The remains will be taken to Gettysburg for burial. At the time of going to press the funeral arrangements had not been completed.

MRS. J. FREDERICK REINHARDT

Ada May Green, wife of J. Frederick Reinhardt, of Liberty Heights, this city, died Thursday, March 1st, 1923, at her late residence, aged 58 years, 11 months, and 11 days.

Besides her husband she is survived by a son, J. Howard Reinhardt, and 5 brothers, Howard, Morris, Elmer, Edward, and Simon Green. She was a daughter of the late William Green, of this city.

The funeral services will be held tomorrow at her late residence at 2 P. M., Revs. J. B. Rupley and W. H. Hetrick will have charge of the services, and interment will be in the Westminster Cemetery.

The pallbearers will be Messrs. Harry Schwam, Elmer Caples, Oliver Crouse, Walter Grumbine, Herbert Kiler, and Reverdy N. Snader.

F. A. Sharrer and Son Funeral directors.

PHILIP L. HAM

Another long life was rounded out when Philip L. Ham passed peacefully away on Monday morning at the residence of his son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur P. Rainey, of Green street, this city.

Mr. Ham was in his ninetieth year but until within a very few days of his death had been in his usual good health and took daily walks about the city.

He was a member of Centenary M. E. Church and a regular attendant up to the last.

For many years Mr. Ham was in the mercantile business in Hudson, New York, but about seventeen years ago retired from active business and since that time has made his home with his daughter and son-in-law.

Funeral services, conducted by his pastor, Rev. R. N. Edwards, were held at his late residence on Wednesday afternoon and the remains taken to Hudson, New York, for burial in his family lot.

Besides his daughter of this city, Mr. Ham is survived by two daughters, Miss Cornelia Ham, of Baltimore, and Mrs. H. A. Downs, of Cambridge, Mass.

Harvey, Bankard and Son funeral directors.

HARRY E. BYERS

Harry E. Byers died Sunday, February 25, 1923, at his residence, 1329 North Fulton avenue, Baltimore, by being asphyziated by gas fumes which escaped from a gas hose in the kitchen of his home. He was 40 years old.

Awakened by her daughter, who noticed the odor of gas, Mrs. Byers ran to the cellar to shut off the flow of gas. George W. Knight, 1307 North Fulton avenue, was awakened by Mrs. Byers' screams and ran to the Byers home and shut off the flow of gas with a wrench. Dr. J. D. Quinn, 1507 North Fulton avenue, was summoned, as was the resuscitating apparatus, but efforts to revive the man proved useless. Dr. Quinn pronounced the man dead.

Besides his wife the deceased is survived by a twelve-year old daughter, Evelyn; one brother, George Byers, Baltimore; and two sisters, Mrs. Harry Leister, Hanover, and Mrs. Harry Strevig, Littlestown.

The funeral services were held Tuesday at the home at 11 A. M., with further services at Krider's Lutheran Church, near this city, Rev. J. F. D. Bowersox officiating, and the interment was in the adjoining cemetery.

The pallbearers were Clarence Stoner Clarence Hyle, Joseph Hunter, A. H. Manger, Walter Fritz, and Wesley Geiman.

James M. Stoner funeral director.

FIRE AT McKINSTRY'S MILL

Westminster Firemen Make Run On Cold Night.

Late Friday night, February 23, 1923, the Westminster firemen received a call from McKinstry's Mill, this county to come help save the property of the village where a destructive fire had broken out in the storeroom occupied by Mr. Murray Baile as a general country store.

In response to the call eight members, with driver Claude Buckingham, at the wheel and Chief Frank T. Shaeffer in command, started, in bitter cold weather, the thermometer registering 10 degrees above zero, with a stiff west wind blowing, for the scene of the conflagration.

Driver Buckingham headed the fire truck for New Windsor and on through the town to Linwood where the state road was left and a soil one had to be negotiated. The cold weather had made the latter very hard and traffic had worn a rut wide enough to admit the front wheels of the truck and the "going" was not so bad.

Within a few minutes after leaving the state road the firemen, having passed through Linwood at a pretty good "clip," were at the scene of fire. It took but a few seconds to place the truck alongside of the mill race, and break the thick ice, in order to throw the large suction hose in. In the meantime driver Buckingham had gotten his engine under way and when the stream of water started the force was so strong it took four stout firemen to hold the nozzle and direct the flow.

When the firemen arrived the large storeroom, dwelling adjacent, garage, and barn all situated very close together, were beyond saving and burning fiercely. By direction of Chief Shaeffer, a stream was thrown on the large brick dwelling immediately across the county road from the storeroom, and on other buildings which caught fire.

By about 2:30 A. M. the firemen had extinguished all fires, thereby saving the large mill and a number of dwellings all of which but for their efforts would have been destroyed.

At 3 A. M. the firemen were back in their building, after a very cold ride, during which, in order to keep from freezing, they were forced to keep moving about on the truck. We are glad to report that we have not heard of any of them feeling any effects of their cold ride.

The distance was about 12 miles and the run was made in 18 minutes.

WESTERN MARYLAND BANQUET HELD FRIDAY LAST

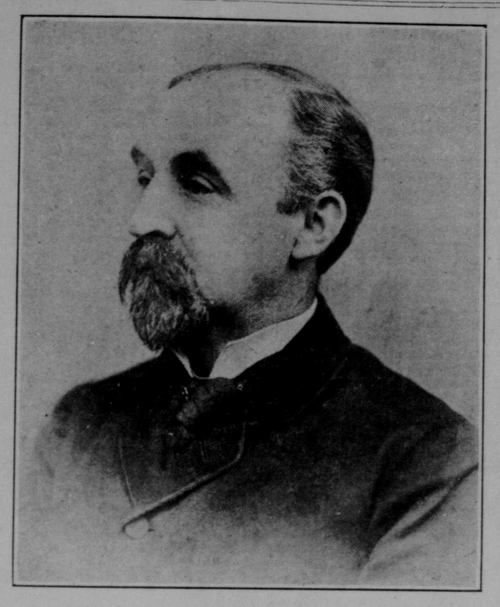
The Western Maryland College annual banquet took place Friday evening, February 23rd, in the banquet hall of the Emerson Hotel, Baltimore, with the success with which it was previously heralded. Two hundred and seventy-three people gathered together to enjoy the menu, to hear speeches from guests and acquaintances, and best of all to renew the "College ties which can ne'er be broken formed at W. M. C." Mr. Burdette Webster introduced the toast-master, Mr. Robert R. Carman, who in turn interspersed his introductions with pleasantries apropos of the speakers: Dr. A. N. Ward, Rev. W. P. Roberts, Adj. Gen. Milton Reckord, Mr. C. O. Clemson, Mr. Caleb O'Connor, Mrs. G. W. Dexter, and Mrs. Charlotte Newell. The guest of honor was Dr. Ferdinand Bonnotte, who accepted in a gracious manner the bouquet of roses and the tribute paid to him for his faithful service of 25 years to the college. Mr. Woolsey led in the singing of old college songs, supported by Gaul's orchestra. A novel feature of the evening was the hanging of class pennants back of the guest table. As each class was called the members present stood and from the fifty-five classes there were not more than a dozen classes unrepresented. The decoration of the hall was especially pleasing and made an admirable setting for so happy an achievement.

MISS ELIZABETH HERR

Miss Elizabeth Herr, formerly of this city, and for many years a teacher in the Sunday School of Centenary M. E. Church this city, where she endeared herself to everyone with whom she came in contact, died suddenly Monday night, February 26, 1923, at the home of her sister Mrs. Hettie Trump, widow of the late Dr. Luther Trump, Manchester, this county.

Funeral services were held yesterday and interment was in Westminster Cemetery.

She was a sister to the late Samuel K. and Frank K. Herr, of this city.



THE LATE FRANK T. SHAW

Hon. Frank T. Shaw, one of Westminster's most venerable citizens, died Saturday night, February 24, 1923, at the residence of his son-in-law, Edward O. Weant Esq., Willis and North Center streets, this city, aged 82 years, 4 months and 18 days. His wife died a number of years ago. He is survived by two daughters (Mrs. Ernest J. Sponseller, and Mrs. Edward O. Weant, of this city) and by two sons (John Shaw, of Washington, D. C., and Frank Shaw, residing in the Northwest.

The funeral services were held Tuesday morning at Ascension Episcopal Church, this city, Rev. George W. Dame, the rector, officiating, and the interment was in the Westminster Cemetery.

The pallbearers were Former Judge James A. C. Bond, Judge William H. Thomas, F. Neal Parke, Edward O. Cash, John Shank, and John L. Reifsnider Jr.

The floral offerings were numerous and beautiful and a large number of friends, many of a lifetime, attended the funeral.

F. A. Sharrer and Son funeral directors.

Frank T. Shaw, was of Scotch descent, and was born October 7, 1841, in the town of Woodsboro, Frederick county, Maryland. He was small in stature but large intellectually and was a "self made" man indeed.

In his boyhood he attended the public, or what was then called "common," school at Woodsboro, but in his very early manhood financial conditions of his parents forced him to seek employment. He obtained a position as clerk in a general country store in Woodsboro, where he worked during the day and at night studied the only books of which he could obtain possession. These he read and re-read, at the same time seeking more books of valuable knowledge.

The duties of a clerk becoming uninteresting and irksome young Shaw decided to seek admission to the School of Medicine of the University of Maryland and, with that end in view, procured the books necessary to prepare himself for his matriculation. Entering the University in 1862 he graduated in 1864.

After his graduation Dr. Shaw sought a promising place wherein to locate. After many years of hard manual work and study and the expense of a doctor's diploma the then young doctor found himself almost penniless. However, with that dauntless moral courage, for which he was noted in after life, the young doctor journeyed to Uniontown, then one of the leading social and financial centers of Carroll county, where he formed a partnership with Dr. William N. Martin, who had more practice than he could attend to properly.

When the young Doctor arrived in Uniontown the Civil War was in progress and partisan feeling ran high. Uniontown was Republican by a large majority, and the young Doctor was a Democrat, but very conservative and not given to argumentation. He cared nothing for politics, what he wanted was a practice by which he could maintain himself and help others who were then depending upon him for some help.

From 1864 to 1873 Dr. Shaw followed the practice of his profession in the usual manner of country doctors, riding over the country, mostly on horseback, in all hours of the day and night, and in all kinds of weather.

In 1873 the Democratic party of Carroll county, having a few years before wrung control of the county from the Republican party, in the good old fashioned county convention way, nominated Dr. Shaw for Clerk of the Circuit Court of the county and, at the ensuing November election he was elected by a substantial majority. Thus began his political life which continued almost uninterruptedly until 1921.

In 1879 Dr. Shaw was renominated by his party for Clerk of the Circuit Court and, after one of the bitterest political battles ever fought in the county, elected by a majority of 79 votes.

During his terms as clerk of the court Dr. Shaw took a deep interest in law matters and when he resigned in 1885 to go to Washington as a member of the 49th Congress from the Second Congressional district, he was equipped to assume his duties intelligently.

When Dr. Shaw entered Congress he found the House of Representatives Democratic by a comfortable majority, with President Cleveland, the first Democratic president since the Civil War, established in office, and a crowd of hungry Democrats crying out for appointment to office. However, with that political sagacity for which he was noted, the Doctor managed to satisfy a large majority of his constituents so well that in 1886 he was renominated and re-elected to the 50th. Congress.

Like all new members of Congress, during his first term Dr. Shaw's time was taken up with "learning the ropes," and looking after the claims of people of his district, especially those of Union soldiers who were seeking pensions. During his second term, however, his talents were recognized by his party and he was appointed Chairman of the Committee on Claims, in which position he was able to bring into use all the law he had learned while serving as Clerk of the Circuit Court.

The Chairmanship of the Committee on Claims is one of the very important chairmanships of the Congress and during his incumbency of it Dr. Shaw rendered most intelligent and distinguished service. The many opinions which he wrote would be highly creditable to many distinguished and learned judges of courts. With the exception of a speech on a pending tariff bill Dr. Shaw's entire time was taken up with his duties on the Committee on Claims.

Just when Dr. Shaw was getting to be a most valuable Member of the Congress, that ubiquitous and persistent candidate for Congress, J. F. C. Talbott, through the machination of machine politics, defeated Dr. Shaw for renomination and at the expiration of his second term he retired to private life, much to the disappointment and dissatisfaction of his host of friends in this county.

In 1889 the Democratic party of Carroll county, still unwilling to be deprived of the services of one of its most distinguished members, nominated Dr. Shaw for member of the Maryland House of Delegates and he was elected by a very comfortable majority. When the session of 1890 began the Doctor was made Chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means, and, by virtue of his office, leader of his party on the floor of the House.

Shortly after the adjournment of the legislature of 1890 Dr. Shaw was appointed Tax Commissioner of the state and held the office until 1894, when he was appointed by President Cleveland United States Collector of Customs at the Port of Baltimore, an office which he held until 1898, and whose duties he performed with that same distinguished ability he had filled all other offices held by him.

The office of Collector of the Port of Baltimore has been considered a "political graveyard" by all political parties; and so it proved to be in the case of Dr. Shaw. Having just a few political jobs to be distributed among his many friends and workers, his ambitious political enemies made it appear that he had a much larger number and, when any good and faithful Democrats wanted a job these same political enemies would send them to the Doctor who, of course, could do nothing for the large majority of them. Thereafter the disappointed ones became his political enemies and helped to wreck a political career which should have

(Continued on last page.)

©Maryland State Archives, msa_sc2900_scm2316-0071