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The Kent News:

PUBLISHED WEEKLY, AT
CHESTERTOWN, KENT COUNTY, MARYLAND.
Office in the Masonic Hall.

Jas. H. Plummer & Wm. B. Usilton,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

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ADVERTISEMENTS occupying the space of eight lines brevier type, will be inserted three times for One Dollar, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion. Obituaries half price.

Job Printing of every description executed with neatness and dispatch.

The Kent News.

A FAMILY NEWSPAPER: Devoted to Literature, Agriculture, Politics, General News and Advertising.

VOL. 31. CHESTERTOWN, SATURDAY, JULY 2, 1870. No. 8.

Phil. & N.Y. Commission Merchants.

MYERS & ALLEY,
Wholesale Commission Dealers
—IN—
DOMESTIC FRUITS, &c.,
288 and 288½ West Washington Market,
NEW YORK.
je25-2m*

COOPER & ROGERS,
207 N. Water St. & 206 N. Del. Avenue,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
General Commission Merchants
FOR THE SALE OF
Grain, Flour, Feed, Dried Fruits, &c.
SPECIAL ATTENTION given to consignments of GRAIN.
REFERENCES BY PERMISSION:
Union Banking Co., Philadelphia, Pa.
J. W. E. Sudler, Sudlersville, Q. A. Co., Md.
Dr. W. J. Sudler, " " "
Jacob Highly, Kennedyville, Kent co., Md.
June 25, 1870—y.

GEO. E. WEBB,
Commission Merchant in all kinds of
PRODUCE,
21 *Del. Avenue Market, Philadelphia.*
CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.
Send for Weekly Price List.
REFERENCES:—Dixon, Sharpless & Co., Hickman & Cottingham, Philadelphia. J. Townsend, Camden, N. J. my28-3m.

E. L. USILTON. W. H. MICHAEL.
USILTON & MICHAEL,
Commission Merchants,
FOR THE SALE OF ALL KINDS OF
COUNTRY PRODUCE,
No. 52 NORTH WATER ST.,
PHILADELPHIA.
Our arrangements are such as will enable us to give entire satisfaction to all who may consign us FRUIT or PRODUCE of any kind.
REFERENCES:—Hon. Geo. Vickers, Jesse K. Hines, Wm. W. Parks, Chestertown; Jas. A. Roseberry, Dr. Hamon, Still Pond; John M. Hudson, Lewin Usilton, R. J. Lusby, Kent co.; Jacob Fisher, Clayton, Del.; Lester, Walkup & Co., Union National Bank, and Kensington National Bank, Philad'a. mh12tf.

JAMES A. BRAMBLE, Dorchester co., Md. JAMES BELL, Kent co., Md.
BRAMBLE & BELL,
Commission Merchants,
For the Sale of all kinds of
PRODUCE, FRUIT, POULTRY,
EGGS, OYSTERS, FISH, &c.,
No. 314 South Front St., Philadelphia.
May 7, 1870—5m.

JAMES L. BEWLEY & CO.,
404 S. DELAWARE AVENUE, PHILADELPHIA,
GENERAL
Produce Commission Merchants
Also, Agents for the sale of the best
SUPER-PHOSPHATES,
AND PURE GROUND BONES,
Prepared in Pennsylvania.
REFERENCES:
Messrs. Drexel & Company, Bankers, Philada.
D. B. Cummins, Pres't Girard National Bank.
Hon. Judge Robinson, Queen Anne's county.
T. W. Ellison, Chestertown, Kent Co.
John S. Harlock, Kent county. d25-6m.

PFEIL & CO.,
Produce Commission Merchants
No. 10 NORTH WATER STREET,
PHILADELPHIA,
SOLICIT consignments of all kinds of Produce. Also, Butter, Eggs, Poultry, &c.
Philadelphia References.—N. C. Musselman, Esq., Pres't Union Banking Co.; Messrs. Allen & Clifford, and Messrs. Henry Sloan & Son.
N. B.—Please send for Weekly Price Current free of charge. mh5-6m.

THOS. NORRIS & SON
141 PRATT ST., Near Light,
BALTIMORE,
SOLE AGENTS for the following FIRST CLASS STANDARD MACHINES.
Woods' Self-Rake Reapers $165.
Self-Rake Reaper and Mowing Attachment $205.
Woods' Joint Bar Mower,
4 ft. 3 in. cut, $125.
These Machines are too well known to need any commendation from us.
WESTINGHOUSE THRESHERS AND CLEANERS,
PELTON OR TRIPPLE GEARED POWERS
Warranted to suit purchasers or no sale.
Bickford & Huffman Drills,
The Farmers' favorite, with improvements for the next season, making them the most superior Drill in the wide world.
Novelty Wheel Horse Rake,
the simplest and most complete Rake in use, PRICE $45.
McKenney's GRUB and STUMP PULLERS, these are worthy the attention of those who have new ground to clear and old peach orchards to take up; takes up old peach trees with the greatest facility.
Constantly on hand and for sale every variety of implement and Machine needed on the Farm, from a PORTABLE STEAM ENGINE to a Hand, Grain or Hay Rake.
Fresh Field and Garden Seeds, &c., &c.
THOMAS NORRIS & SON,
je5-tf. 141 Pratt St., Baltimore.

BURNS & SLOAN,
132 Light Street Wharf,
BALTIMORE, MD.,
OFFER FOR SALE A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF WELL-SEASONED
Building Lumber
LATHS AND SHINGLES,
FENCING AND PALES,
ASH, OAK & WALNUT,
AT LOWEST PRICES.
ALSO, DOORS, SASH & BLINDS.
May 16, 1869—y.

OXEN.
ONE GOOD YOKE OF OXEN FOR SALE.
N. BARNARD,
ap16tf. Still Pond, Kent co., Md.

CUSHINGS & BAILEY,
BOOKSELLERS
AND
STATIONERS,
262 BALTIMORE STREET,
BALTIMORE, MD.
THE LARGEST and best assorted stock in the city of
SCHOOL, LAW,
DENTAL, MEDICAL,
CLASSICAL, AND
Miscellaneous Books.
GENERAL BANK and COUNTING-HOUSE STATIONERY OF ALL KINDS.
BLANK BOOKS made to order in any style of binding and ruling. mh5-6m

DENTISTRY.
GOLD FILLINGS—smallest $2. Silver $1.
Call and see for yourselves. Work guaranteed.
DRS. JAS. H. & H. I. SCOTT,
68 N. CHARLES STREET,
sep4-y. BALTIMORE, MD.

Tobacco, Segars,
AND CONFECTIONERY.
RICHARD B. RUSSELL respectfully calls the attention of all who love good Segars and Tobacco, to his fine assortment now on hand.
SEGARS of all kinds,
OF MY OWN MANUFACTURE,
by the box or single one, kept on hand. Those who can appreciate good Cigars are invited to give us a call. Storekeepers will be supplied at city prices.
TOBACCO, of superior brands, always on hand. Also, a good assortment of SMOKING TOBACCO, SNUFF and PIPES.
We have also in store a variety of CONFECTIONERY, which will be sold at low prices.
We return our thanks for the liberal patronage extended to us in the past, and hope by untiring efforts to please, to secure continued favor and patronage.
GIVE ME A CALL. Store just below Mr. Thos. B. Hynson's.
jan8. RICHARD B. RUSSELL.

BECK'S MILL.
FLOUR and MEAL.
THE subscriber offers to the citizens of Chestertown and others, a superior quality of FLOUR and MEAL, at a lower price than it can be purchased at the Stores at retail, or can be had from Baltimore.
FLOUR and MEAL
can always be had at the Mill, and orders left at the Clothing Store of Mr. Jos. A. Catlin, Chestertown, will be promptly filled.
FEED ground for one-tenth.
mh26 3m. B. F. BECK, JR.

Attention Farmers.
The undersigned having taken the
WHEELWRIGHT SHOP
In connection with the
BLACKSMITH SHOP
AT KENNEDYVILLE,
is prepared to do all kinds of work in both branches in a workmanlike manner.
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO REPAIRING of all kinds.
I intend to keep a good stock of material on hand, and will be prepared to furnish all kinds of NEW WORK usually made in country shops.
I keep on hand Smyrna CASTINGS; also on hand a large lot of Steel Cultivator Teeth, &c.
Thanking the public for its past patronage, I hope a continuance of the same.
TILGHMAN SHAFER,
ap2-6m. KENNEDYVILLE, MD.

NEW GROCERY
AND PROVISION STORE.
LIME and HAIR.
THE subscriber has opened a New Store in the room formerly occupied by Jos. W. Edwards as a Harness Shop, where he will keep on hand a general assortment of
Family Groceries and Provisions,
which will be sold at a very small profit for cash or country produce.
Also, LIME and HAIR kept constantly on hand, and will be sold low. Lime can be had by the barrel, bushel, or smaller quantity.
COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange or Goods at the highest market prices.
JOHN W. CARROLL.
N. B.—I am still Auctioneering Sales, and always ready to serve in that capacity.
Chestertown, March 19-tf J. W. C.

1870. Spring & Summer 1870
DRY GOODS.
EDWIN HALL & CO.,
28 South Second Street
Invite the attention of purchasers on visiting Philadelphia, to their large and elegant
STOCK OF DRY GOODS,
CONSISTING IN PART OF
Black and Colored SILKS,
Plaid and Stripe SILKS,
Plain Japanese SILKS,
Figures, Stripes and Plaids do.
Plain Silk POPLINS, select shades,
Corded Silk Poplins,
Silk Serges and Wool Poplins,
Best Makes Alpacas and Mohairs,
Mixed Mohairs and Poplin Alpacas,
Grenadines and Organdies,
Lawns, Percales and Chintzes,
Calicoes a low priced Dress Goods.
DRESS GOODS of the LATEST STYLES constantly receiving.
Black Dress Goods in Great Variety
Broche and Paisley SHAWLS,
Thibet and Blanket Shawls,
Spring and Summer Shawls,
LACE POINTES. LACE SACQUES.
CLOTHS and CASSIMERES,
Table Linens and Napkins,
Sheetings and Shirting Muslins,
Counterpanes, Blankets, Spreads,
Piano and Table Covers, &c.
WHITE GOODS, LACES, EMBROIDERIES,
GLOVES, HOSIERY, &c.
N. B.—We deal in good Goods, and endeavor to sell at such prices that will give satisfaction. The Chestnut and Market Street cars will convey you to within a few doors of the store. EDWIN HALL & CO.,
a8-3m. 28 South Second St., Philadelphia.

TURNER'S AXES and POST AUGERS, for sale at low prices by L. S. FOWLER.

1870. JUNE 18th. 1870.
SATURDAY,
NEW AND SEASONABLE
GOODS,
NOW BEING RECEIVED AND OPENED.
GROCERIES, &c., for Harvest Hands.
SHOES for Ladies, Misses and Children.
SHOES for Farm Wear. Our Stock of Shoes was never better than now.
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
and an elegant Line of WHITE GOODS.
CASSIMERE CLOTHING, and Low Priced Clothing, and which we will offer upon the Best Terms.
OUR STOCK OF GOODS now on hand will be found full and complete in every branch of our Trade and adapted to the particular wants of the Season.
THOMAS S. WICKES.

BLACKSMITH AND
Wheelwright Shops.
THE subscriber hereby notifies his friends and the public generally, that he has opened the Shops near the Foundry, in Chestertown, where he is prepared to execute all orders for NEW WORK or REPAIRS with neatness and dispatch, and at low prices.
HORSE-SHOEING.
Having employed a first class horse-shoer, I will give particular attention to this branch of the business, and guarantee satisfaction.
WHEAT CRADLES made to order, or repaired, and Reaper and Mower Knives ground and repaired at short notice and fair prices.
I respectfully request a share of the public patronage. C. A. A. STANLEY.
June 18, 1870—tf.

REMEMBER
B. STRAUSS'
CLOTHING STORE,
Whose Clothes are known out South and West!
Who keeps the FINEST and the BEST!
Who sells them CHEAPER than the rest!
We beg to inform our patrons that we are now selling SUITS OF CLOTHES at
Small Prices and Small Profits.

We have on hand PANTS at	$1.25
Good Cassimere "	3.50
Cassimere Vests	1.25
Good Heavy Coats	3.00
Cassimere "	5.00
Overcoats	from $10.00 to $20.00

PEOPLE WILL DO WELL
TO CALL AT B. STRAUSS'
BEFORE BUYING ELSEWHERE.
I will guarantee the prices Cheaper and the goods better than they can be bought anywhere in this town. B. STRAUSS,
Corner of High and Cross Street,
Dec. 18. at the Cheap Corner.

New Seasonable Goods
AT KENNEDYVILLE.
C. W. WARREN,
HAS NOW IN STORE a large, well-selected stock of Seasonable
Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.,
bought on good terms, and will be sold as low, for cash or Produce, as they can be purchased anywhere in this county.
Ready-Made Clothing,
A LARGE STOCK, OF ALL KINDS, AT LOW PRICES.
MALLALIEU'S CELEBRATED
Cassimeres and Kerseys
IN GREAT VARIETY.
Call and see our Stock. No trouble to show Goods. C. W. WARREN,
Kennedyville, Jan. 15, 1870.

Farmers Look to Your Interest
AT THE
Galena Machine Shops
By W. A. HYLAND & CO.,
YOU CAN GET REAPERS, MOWERS, THRESHERS, HORSE POWERS, JACKS, CORN SHELLERS, CULTIVATORS, CULTIVATOR TEETH and PLOWS.
We have on hand about 15 TONS OF CASTINGS as good as can be bought in the State.
Also, ONE-HORSE POWERS, suitable for shelling Corn and other light work; a No. 1 article, as tested by some of our best Farmers.
REPAIRING of all kinds neatly and promptly attended to.
Old Iron wanted at market prices.
GIVE US A CALL. "Good Work and Fair Dealing" is our motto.
jan29 10m. W. A. HYLAND & CO.

Notice to Farmers
AND HORSEMEN.
YOU CAN BE SUPPLIED AT THE
"PEOPLE'S HARNESS STORE,"
with everything in my line of business at CITY PRICES. We have a fine stock of
NEW HARNESS
now on hand, which we are selling at very low figures. A good stock of
SADDLES
which I can guarantee. BITTS of all styles, and SPURS of all kinds.
We also keep the best assortment of Wagon and Plough COLLARS in the County.
My stock consists, not merely of a few articles, but an assortment of everything connected with this business. Give me a call.
REPAIRING done in the best manner, and the shortest notice.
JOHN F. HOWARD,
Oct. 24. Opposite the Court House

EDWIN CROUCH, JR.,
MILLINGTON, MD.,
AGENT FOR THE SALE OF
Schuylkill Lime,
Delivered at any landing on Sassafras or Chester Rivers. mh6-tf.

JUST RECEIVED at the People's Popular Store, a large lot of Mattings and Floor Oil Cloths. WM. A. VICKERS.

NEW GOODS!
Up Town Cheap Dry Goods Store
MY DRESS GOODS are ALL NEW,
BOUGHT IN NEW YORK.
Best Makes of PRINTS,
WHITE GOODS,
Stripe and Plaid Muslins,
Marseilles, Irish Linens,
Brown Linens,
White Quilts,
Shirt Fronts,
Bleached and unbl'd Muslins,
CASSIMERES for Men and Boys' wear,
Spring Shawls and Black Shawls,
Silk Sun-shades and Parasols,
Men's and Ladies' Hose,
Ladies' Gaiters,
LADIES BALMORAL SHOES,
6-4 MATTING, RAG CARPET,
OIL CLOTH,
GOBLETS VERY CHEAP.
CALL AND SEE.
MRS. S. E. BARRETT.
April 16, 1870—4m.

TO FARMERS!
THE HIGHEST PRICES
PAID FOR GRAIN,
DELIVERED AT ANY STATION
ON THE
Kent County Railroad
ON THE ORDER OF
ELIHU JEFFERSON, New Castle, Del.
GRAIN BOUGHT EXCLUSIVELY ON COMMISSION, and satisfaction guaranteed.
Orders solicited for RAMBO'S and WHITE'S LIME. Also, for WHANN'S and BAUGH'S PHOSPHATE, PLASTER, &c.
Orders by mail promptly attended to.
THE MELLISH PEACH BASKET
Will be furnished for 15 cents.
All other PEACH BASKETS that Farmers require, at the usual rates.
A. T. STOOPS,
apr30y. MASSEY'S, KENT CO., MD.

LIVERY! LIVERY! LIVERY!

Horses & Carriages
FOR HIRE.

I am prepared to furnish all who want to hire HORSES and CARRIAGES, with good, safe and quick animals, and with substantial easy Carriages, on liberal terms.
Parties sent to any part of the county.
A good, safe turnout, can always be obtained by applying to
SAMUEL L. RAWLEIGH,
my7-3m. Queen Street.

Livery and Exchange Stables.

HORSES

Mules and Carriages
FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.
I am prepared to supply Farmers and others with good FARM AND DRIVING HORSES on liberal terms. Five head of Horses and one Pair of Mules now on hand for sale or exchange. Also, a number of CARRIAGES.
Those in want of anything in my line will find it to their interest to call and see me
JOHN K. WILLIS,
feb12-6m. Chestertown.

NEW STOCK
—OF—
BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS,
For Ladies, Gentlemen and Children,
JUST OPENED BY
JOHN W. COLLINS.
CALL AND SEE MY STOCK. They are of the best quality and cannot fail to give satisfaction. April 16.

DR. J. J. VANDERFORD,
DENTIST,
No. 91 Saratoga Street, Baltimore.
Special attention paid to Children's Teeth.
REFERENCES:—Hon. H. G. S. Key, Hon. B. G. Harris, Jos. H. Key, Esq., Dr. F. C. Neale, St. Mary's county, Md. Hon. B. T. Biggs, Rev. John Patton, D. D.; Rev. John Collins McCabe, D. D., New Castle county, Del. Hon. Hiram McCullough, Rev. Henry Mathews, Cecil county, Md. George Earle, Esq., Assist. Postmaster General. Hon. Chapman Billingsly, St. Mary's county, Md. my28-6m.

Wall Paper & Window Shades
HOWELL & BROTHERS,
Manufacturers and Dealers in the above articles, offer inducements to
COUNTRY MERCHANTS
and others.
Their Stock consists of all grades and qualities, which they are offering at the lowest factory prices.
Gold band and painted Window Shades of great variety, always on hand.
260 *Baltimore Street, opposite Hanover,*
sep25y BALTIMORE, MD.

PEACH BASKETS.
The undersigned having received from Mahood & Maguire, Clayton, Delaware, the permanent agency for the sale of their PEACH BASKET, is prepared to fill all orders at short notice, on easy terms and at a very low price.
Sample basket seen at all the principal places in the county. R. E. WALLIS.
June 11, 1870—7t. Kennedyville.

PEACH BOXES.
The undersigned, as agent for A. J. Horsey, Laurel, Del., is prepared to supply Peach Growers with Boxes of the best quality, at the lowest prices, delivered at any of the Landings on Chester or Sassafras rivers. Specimen boxes may be seen at the store of Wm. Bacches, in Chestertown. GEO. Q. BACCHUS,
je11-2m. Chestertown.

PEACH BOX SLATS AND HEADS.
Just received a large lot of Peach Box Stuff. Also, keep on hand a lot of BOXES made up.
Store. WM. VANNORT.
je25.

THE RAINBOW.

When but a child—'twas long ago—
My nurse this story told:
She said, whoe'er might chance to know
The spot whereon the bright rainbow
Touched the green earth, would find below
A pot of shining gold.

Therefore, on many a summer even
When rains were passed away,
And the fair arch spanned all the heaven,
Have I from hill to hill-top striven,
Until the cloud born colors seven
Faded to misty gray.

And with a boy's simplicity
I marveled, half in fear,
That ever as I ran with glee
Toward the spot where I could see
The rainbow touch, it seemed to me
To vanish in the air.

When grown a youth I often smiled—
Remembering this gold—
To think how, when a silly child,
I was so easily beguiled,
And credited the legend wild
The doting dame had told.

But with maturity of years,
Gray hairs and bearded chin,
The legend now a type appears
Of human life: how worn with cares
We follow where Hope's rainbow cheers
Some visioned prize to win.

Passing at length on the last hill,
Whose feet Death's waters lave;
From that dark river deep and chill
We shuddering shrink with awe, until
We see the rainbow, arching still
The lands beyond the grave.

Indolence.

If nature abhors a vacuum, to adopt the axiom of the natural philosopher, so surely does she also abhor anything like indolence. A healthy child is of course often at rest, but never indolent. It is always at work in its own way; it will be ever ready to do something, to work at one thing or another. The very mischief of a young child is merely misdirected industry. A child is never so happy as when it is busy. The embryo soul puts out feelers into the strange world in which it is placed, and tries, step by step, and moment after moment, to fit itself to work. It is forever imitative; its very voice, and the motion of its tongue, are to be learned; and gradually, and by much practice, are these mysteries to be acquired and understood.

A child is seldom a heavy sleeper; it will awake with the sun; and the chief thing which it dislikes is to go to bed.—Waking with the sun in the morning, to be out and about, to commence the day with refreshed strength and a reinvigorated appetite, is too often chid into indolence, and taught to be lazy, until from repeated lessons it gains a bad habit, and "custom lies upon it with a weight heavy as frost, and deep almost as life."

Yet if there be one thing which can conquer the ills of life, which will make all things pleasant, and all difficulties easy, it is industry, the great opponent and conqueror of that rust of mind of which we have been speaking. "There is no art or science which is too difficult for industry to attain to; it is the very gift of tongues," said Lord Clarendon, "and makes a man understood and valued in all countries." It is the philosopher's stone, and turns all metals and even stones into gold, and suffers no want to break into his dwelling. As indolence makes all things difficult, and gives a man pain even to walk to his door, and loll in his carriage, so industry makes all things easy.

"He who rises late," writes old Fuller, as wisely as quaintly, "must trot all day, and shall scarcely overtake his business at night." Laziness, on the other hand, travels so slowly that Poverty soon overtakes her. This law is universal. It may seem very pleasant to indulge in idle whim-whams, to fold the arms, to loll and do nothing; but the man who does so, does it at his own cost and peril, and soon sorely rues it. His body can not be so healthy, his mind must stagnate, his soul become corrupt. The rough Abernethy's advice to a lazy rich man, full of gout and idle humors, unhappy and without appetite, troubled with over-indulgence, and pampered with soft beds, and rich food, was to "live upon a sixpence a day and earn it;" a golden sentence, a Spartan maxim which would save half the ill-temper and quarrels, the bickerings and wranglings of the poor rich people, and would rub the rust off many a fine mind, which is now ugly and disfigured from want of use.

THE correspondent of a New York paper who is traveling through the South, speaks thus of the chief city of Georgia: "It is much to say of a Southern city that it is up to the level of before the war, and Savannah is even above it, having somehow charmed away much of the trade that used to centre at Charleston, and showing none of the desolation and decay which marks that city. The negroes share in the general prosperity, fewer of them being seen in the streets lounging or engaged in petty trades which can hardly produce enough of profit to keep soul and body together, and more being steadily at work for hire. There are no unoccupied buildings, and many new structures have already been put up to accommodate a growth of population and business.—The wharves are lined with vessels, even though Charleston still commands most of the Northern invalid and pleasure travel, which at this season of the year is considerable. There is a general air of hopefulness and activity among the people in marked contrast with the sister city of South Carolina; and this in spite of the presence of the troops who have their quarters in the heart of the city, and are an ever visible proof that the National Government has not yet loosed its grasp on Georgia.

A SENTIMENTAL youth says he prefers hanging on the neck to hanging by the neck, but that both are dangerous.

Is It Vulgar to Work?

The New York *Star* complains of a numerous class of persons among us who have got it into their heads that it is vulgar to work. The editor thinks it is a question which should occupy the thought of our law-givers, our reformers, and all honest men, how this terrible growth of idleness and scorn of honest labor may be blessed. Respect for labor must be inculcated in the minds of the young. As we have said, about half the world endeavors to live without it, and of those who do work, it is safe to say that half do so only from necessity, and not from the conviction that work is honorable and idleness degrading. They work merely to live, and strive to win wealth, that at some day they may turn their backs upon the degradation of labor. There is no gospel more needy to preachers than the gospel of labor. The pulpit, the platform, the press, the school, and above all, the household, should be made places in which the dignity of labor is constantly taught. Parents should bear in mind that *they who educate a child to idleness educate it to crime.* Further on, we are told it is one of the miseries of our land that the apprentice system is dying out. The few masters who will take apprentices, the *Star* says, find it difficult to obtain them. Boys consider themselves too fine to learn trades. "Mechanic" has a vulgar sound to the ears of young America. The master mechanic has hardly a response to his advertisement for bright, capable boys to learn a trade, which, once acquired, is sure to afford steady employment and comfortable wages; while lawyers' and brokers' offices are besieged by hundreds who must work for years for a pittance, with little hope of advancement, and no hope of learning a business on which they can rely for even a decent support.

AN AWKWARD MISTAKE.—"Many a shaft at random sent" hits something or other which the "archer little meant" to touch. We have heard an anecdote illustrative of this truth, which has probably not appeared in print before, and which has been told us as a piece of genuine history. It happened in a large city, never mind what city. There were two pretty sisters who had married, one an eminent lawyer, the other a distinguished literary man. Literary man dies, and leaves the younger sister a widow. Some years roll away, and the widow lays aside her weeds. Now, then, it happens, that a certain author and critic has occasion, on a broiling day in summer, to call on the eminent lawyer, husband of the elder sister. He finds the lawyer pleading and sweltering in a crowded court, sees that the lawyer is suffering dreadfully from the heat, pities him, rejoices that he himself is not a lawyer, and goes for a cool saunter under the sheltering trees of a fashionable park and garden. Among the ice, ea i ng, fanning, there he meets the younger of our two sisters, and for the moment he thinks he is speaking to the elder. "Oh, Mr. ——," answered the lady, "how dreadfully hot it is here!" "Yes, madame," replies our luckless critic, "it is hot here, but I can assure you the heat of this place isn't a circumstance, when compared with the heat of the place your poor husband is suffering to-day!" A horror-stricken expression comes over the face of the lady, she rises from her chair and flounces indignantly away. And "Me miserable," soliloquizes our wretched critic, "I have been mistaking the one sister for the other, and she thinks I meant to say that her husband is not in heaven?"—*Galaxy.*

SUBSTITUTE FOR MANURE.—*Hearth and Home* says, the following recipe for raising potatoes is worth the price of any paper for one year to any farmer who is short of manure. It is as good as the super-phosphate of lime, and will not cost half as much. It has been tried two years and is good on dry land: "Take one cask of lime and slack it with water, and then stir in it one bushel of fine salt, and then mix in loam or ashes enough that it will not become mortar; it will make about five barrels. Put half a pint in a hill at planting. All manures containing potash are particularly suitable for the potato. Ashes contain more than any other natural fertilizer, and should be freely used and carefully saved. Any farmer seeing the analysis of the ashes of potatoes can readily imagine what fertilizers produce the greatest effect, and what the plant most needs."

WHAT A MAN DOES IN HALF A CENTURY.—According to a French statistician, taking the mean of many accounts, a man of fifty years of age has slept 6,000 days, worked 6,500 days, walked 800 days, amused himself 4,000 days, was eating 1,500 days, was sick 500 days, &c. He ate 17,000 pounds of bread, 16,000 pounds of meat, 4,600 pounds of vegetables, eggs and fish, and drank 7,000 gallons of liquid, viz: water, coffee, tea, beer, wine, &c., all together. This would make a respectable lake of 300 square feet surface and three feet deep, on which a small steamboat could navigate. And all this solid and liquid material passing through a human being in fifty years!

A WEDDING in Bridgeport, Conn., was interrupted for a moment, the other day, by an apparently sane gentleman, who stepped up to the bridegroom at the altar, tapped him on the shoulder, and said in an audible whisper: "Before this little affair goes any further, I would like to know one thing, who will build the fires?"

"IF you wish to appear agreeable in society," says Talleyrand, "you must consent to be taught many things which you know already."

White Supremacy.

The New York *Day Book* devotes an entire page of its issue, in small type, to the reproduction of the sentiment of Northern journals openly advocating the doctrine of white unity for white supremacy against the dogmas of the black Radical party. Since the XVth Amendment came to be practically enforced in the North, and its white citizens have been brought face to face with negro suffrage and negro equality, there has been one of the most remarkable uprising of and reaction in popular sentiment that has occurred in the political history of the country. The Radical party that has been built up on the negro question.—The negro dogma is returning to plague its inventor, and the white men of the North, in the providence of God, are to be the avengers of the South and of a violated Constitution upon the authors of these great wrongs. There can be but two parties in this country in the present aspect of political affairs. The Radical party is the negro party. It cannot shake off either its title or its responsibilities as such. It undertook to sink or swim with him, and he is fast proving the mill-stone about its neck. The other party is, *per force*, the white man's party—in other words the Democrat party. On one or the other side, when the battle comes to be joined, every man will have to place himself; or else to step out of the sweeping current of political action, and twirl his fingers in ignoble sloth, while the question is being determined whether negroes or white men shall rule America. When we consider the intensity of the antagonism, the immense provocation and insult to the white citizenship of the country, and the vast disparity in the numbers of the two races, it needs no prophet to foretell the result. In the day of Democratic white triumph the poor negro will at last awaken to the truths that have been so often poured into his deaf ear, and will find how cruelly he has been used and his best interests abused in being made the dupe and instrument of the Radical party. He has pinned his fortunes to a party that could not long live in a white country, and he has been cajoled, and flattered, and imposed upon to his final political ruin.—*Mobile Register.*

THE NIGGER FRENZY.—The nigger fever still rages. All sorts of fevers rage at different times, but the greater part run out in a few months or two or three years. None was ever before known so tenacious as the nigger fever. The hen fever, the shorthorn fever, the California fever, with other fevers too numerous to mention, have burned out a certain amount of human vitality, and displayed human weakness in various ways, but they are mere sparkles in this respect to the great blaze of this nigger fever, that set the country on fire more than a dozen years ago, and has apparently abated none of its violence yet. How long ago it seems since we heard the pitiful appeals as to whether or not the negro was not "a man and a brother," and what a wonderfully different attitude he assumes now? Compare the time when the fanatic Garrisson was barely saved from hanging at the hands of a Boston mob because of his nigger notions, with the time when the House of Representatives of the United States votes the use of its hall for a rhetorical breakdown to celebrate Sambo's accession to citizenship—for only by a comparison of these periods can any one rightfully judge of the extravagance of the delirium induced by this nigger fever. The fever must burn out soon; for surely it is at its height, with a nigger in the Senate and oyster-man Downing installed as one of the political magnates of the capital. In Grant's inaugural we had a happy piece of political philosophy to the effect that the best way to insure the repeal of an obnoxious law was to rigidly enforce it. This applies generally as well as in law, and there is no more certain way to disgust the country and awaken a reaction against the negro than the glorifying course assumed by his fanatic admirers.—*N. Y. Herald.*

POSTMASTER GENERAL CRESWELL has been selected to lead the coming campaign in our State, and marshal and make effective the negro votes. As a preliminary step to this undertaking, money is to be raised, and all office-holders under the Federal government, hailing from Maryland, are assessed one and one-half per cent. per month, on salaries from $500 to $2,000, and two per cent. per month, on salaries exceeding the latter sum.—Those who object are allowed to resign, and more loyal persons placed in their position. By money and negroes, the only remaining allies of the Radical party, it is expected that our State can be carried for that faction. This they will find a great mistake—Maryland can be reached by no such agencies. The white men of this State have the reins of power and authority in their hands, and mean to retain hold thereof. At the last election not a Radical was chosen to any position in the gift of the people. All were repudiated—cast out as unclean. And that, too, on a poll when sixty thousand white men did not think it necessary to take part in a contest so manifestly and confessedly one-sided. Now, however, when the negro is marched into the field under the lead of the Radical party to interfere with the rights of white men, not a man will be absent from the polls, and hundreds of decent white men, who formerly voted with the Radicals, will be found in the Democratic ranks, and the State be swept by a more decided majority than on the former occasion. Mr. Creswell may pocket the money of his clerks, but he cannot place Maryland under the control of negroes.

SINGULAR FUNERAL.—At Springfield, Ill., lately a young lady died, and in accordance with her dying request, the pall-bearers selected for the sad and solemn service of attending the remains to the last resting-place were six young ladies, robed in white, friends of the deceased in life, who performed the sad duties assigned them, even to that of lowering the body to the grave, with a natural grace which was most beautiful, becoming and appropriate.

POLITENESS almost invariably requires a gentleman to agree with a lady; but when she speaks of the great beauty of some other lady, it is always safe for the man to say there are other styles of female loveliness that he admires more.