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The Kent News.

SATURDAY..... NOV. 6, 1880.

GARFIELD'S majority in the State of New York will be about 8,000.

HANCOCK'S defeat is alone attributable to the reduced majorities in New York city and Brooklyn.

NEW JERSEY gives 1,500 majority for Hancock, and elects Ludlow, dem., governor. The legislature is republican on joint ballot.

THE POPULAR VOTE.—The Philadelphia *Times* estimates Hancock's majority on the popular vote at nearly one hundred thousand.

JOHN L. THOMAS will go out, but who comes in? Morrison Harris or E. H. Webster? Creswell will boss the job, and none but Grant men need apply.

THE Philadelphia *Times* says that at present figuring the Senate stands: Democrats, 39; Republicans, 37. House: Democrats, 141; Republicans, 146; Greenbackers, 6.

AN exchange says: "Ohio has renewed its contract to run this country for four years more." We beg to differ. She threw up the contract after the Maine election and Grant and Conkling took it.

THE NEXT CONGRESS.—Fair's election to the Senate in Nevada will secure the United States Senate to the Democrats. The next House of Representatives is very close, but the indications point to a small Democratic majority, without counting the greenback members.

THANKSGIVING DAY.—In a proclamation President Hayes assigns Thursday, the 25th instant, as a day for general thanksgiving and praise. The President acknowledges in formal manner our duty of thankfulness for the "firm and faithful adherence by the great body of our population to the principles of liberty and justice, which have made our greatness as a nation, and the wise institutions and steady framework of government and society which will perpetuate it." Thus the unadorned truth is naturally spoken on such an occasion. The people are loyal to the country's institutions and are sincere in their grateful recognition of manifold and accumulated blessings, and for this reason they will heartily unite in keeping the appointed festival of Thanksgiving Day.

NATIONAL PROSPERITY.—Ex-Gov. Seymour, of New York, in a recent conversation on political topics, expressed himself as being anxious to dispel the illusion that national prosperity was due to the acts of any party or administration, and not to the industries of the whole people.—Any such belief, he held, was not only untrue in business, but false in morals. If it were true we ought to look to government alone and not to labor and intelligence for the rewards of business. But the argument was false, and much more familiar in despotisms like that of Russia than in countries like ours. We sell more than we buy; we are growing rich, not because of things done or left undone at Washington, but because our labors have yielded more than we need to consume. Our previous distresses came from the false notion that men could get rich by schemes and speculations in place of honest industry. But the panic exploded these; we have learned economy and wisdom, and thus prosperity was brought back. Before the presidential canvass began there was no thought of attributing this to the effect of political measures. Industry had revived and the activity of one branch of trade helped another from the slough. The farmers and their crops restored the railroads, the increasing receipts of these in turn revived the stock markets, and our foreign exports gave the people money with which to buy the products of manufactories. As the ex-Governor said: "The money paid to our farmers for grain and provisions has been expended by them for merchandise, for the improvement of their buildings or other objects necessary to their comfort, or in facilities for cultivating their land. The cost of these has been paid out to other classes and has given activity to mechanical and manufacturing pursuits." Here is a complete circle of mutually helpful industries, in which politics plays no part at all, and in which the prime factor in promoting the revival of prosperity, agriculture, is just the one which has least concern for or interest in the maintenance of special legislation, of very high and prohibitive tariffs especially, creating taxation beyond the necessities either of wholesome production or of revenues.

From a special to the Baltimore *American*, sent from New York on the night of the election, we find the following:

A significant circumstance that attracted prompt notice and comment was the fact that, although the registration had been 33,000 greater than in 1876, the total vote was about the same, indicating a large abstention on the part of Democratic voters. This is credited to the depressing effect of the local ticket headed by Grace, which is very unpopular. John Kelly is charged with treachery to the party and with having bargained with General Arthur to give the Republicans the State while he should have the city. Tammany Hall was a cave of gloom as the returns came in, and Kelly seemed to be genuine dumbfounded at the slaughter of Democratic majorities. With a greatly increased registration, both in New York and Brooklyn, Hancock had not gotten over two-thirds of Tilden's majority in those two cities. Your correspondent asked Kelley what he thought was the cause of it, and he said he could not understand it; he did not know what had gotten into the people. Some of the Tammany small-fry, however, loudly declared that the Irving Hall faction had played the traitor. The Republicans lose two congressional districts by the defeat of Wm. Walbridge Astor in the Seventh district, and the defeat of Vanderpool in the Albany district. The Democrats gain from eight to ten assemblymen under the new apportionment, but the Republican ascendency in the legislature is unimpaired, and the election of a Republican successor to Kernan is assured.

HANCOCK SERENE BUT SORRY.—The New York *Express* of Nov. 3 gives the following account of the meeting that morning between Generals Hancock and McClellan: "For a man who had met the one crushing defeat of his life General Hancock sustains himself nobly. At nine o'clock this morning he went to his official headquarters and was soon immersed in the daily military correspondence. He had read the morning papers at breakfast and knew the result. Not a word fell from his lips, not a movement of his impassive face gave token of emotion within. Two or three visitors called and were received by Gen. Mitchell in the office. At 10 o'clock the ferry yacht brought over to Governor's Island a gentleman who had once himself tasted the bitter experience of a soldier candidate for presidential honors, Gen. Geo. B. McClellan. It was a kindred feeling doubtless that drew these two men together. 'Well, General,' was the visitor's only greeting. 'Mac, I am glad to see you,' responded Hancock. 'I am sorry, 'Mac, sorry, too, but only for the people and the party.' The other visitors withdrew, leaving the two generals alone."

PENNSYLVANIA polled the largest vote ever cast in the State. The aggregate will be close to or quite 850,000, or nearly 100,000 more than was polled in 1876. Philadelphia gives Garfield a majority of 20,000, and the latest reports indicate a majority of 30,000 in the State. The Republicans appear to have elected 18 Congressmen and the Democrats 9. The Legislature is Republican in both branches, which defeats the re-election of Senator Wallace.

A SPECIAL term of the Circuit Court for Caroline county will be held in Denton on the 7th of December next, to try three indictments found by the late grand jury against Col. James E. Douglass, President of the School Board of Caroline county. A full bench will sit in the case, and it expected that the Attorney General of the State will assist in the prosecution.

THE Democratic Blue Hen's chickens got a good scare yesterday, but they all got home safe to the Bayard roost. The Deputy Marshals and repeaters made it lively for them in Wilmington, but the rural districts did their own voting and steadied the Bayard line.—*Phila. Times.*

THE air was full of feathers down in Delaware and the old Blue Hen clucked anxiously for her chief chicken, but she saved him and will send him back to the Senate.

GETTYSBURG did well for the hero of its great battle field. Where Hayes had a majority of 100 Garfield gets but 57.

MORBY died in vain. The question of the authenticity of the Chinese cheap labor letter is laid on the table.

Defeated, but "Not Dead Yet!"

The great national contest is ended, and the Democracy defeated. Such a result has been its fate so often that, in common parlance, it may be said it's "got use to it." It never before gave up the struggle in consequence of defeat, and will not this time. We'll pick the flint and try it again; and if old Grant don't find a political grave at the hands of a Blaine or a Sherman in '84, the Democracy will be on hand with sharper tools than to-day, and with firmer resolve and steadier stroke, will dig him a grave and "plant" him so deep that even Conkling will give up the struggle for imperialistic honors in despair.

By that time it is to be hoped the people will become better informed upon the *tariff* question; that the "Tammanyites" and "Irving Hall" crowd may have learned wisdom by experience; that the New York *Sun* may be in the radical ranks with the same spirit towards *its* candidates and party leaders that it has exhibited toward ours in this campaign, and the *World owned* by genuine democrats, and thus prepared to exhibit more *heart* in the good cause than it can possibly do as a "stock-jobbing" concern. And further, that greenbackism may be banished to "Kamtschatka," and "readjusters" to the uttermost isles of the sea! It may also be wise to select our vice-presidential candidate with reference to his *heart* as well as his *purse*. Hancock was a good candidate—one that the people could "holler" for; a brave and noble soldier, a pure patriot, and with a personal record untarnished. With all the malignity and bitterness of the exciting campaign just closed his private character comes out unsullied—unscarred. But it does seem that Mr. English is not the sort of man to inspire enthusiasm in *his* behalf, to say the least of it. It is not much to say that he is a far superior man in every respect to Mr. Arthur, his opponent.

Many things have operated in the present campaign to defeat us—a few we have hinted at above. Others we do not care to waste time to name. They may not be so much in our way again, but, in the language of as noble words as ever escaped the lips of mortals, we say: If so they be "*We will not bow down and worship thee, O King!*"—nor the shadow of a King expectant, in the person of Ulysses Grant!

THE ELECTION IN KENT.

The election in this county on Tuesday passed off quietly, but the returns show a decrease of 375 votes from last year. The fact is the voters of this county never have turned out at a Presidential election and in all probability they never will. It seems to require a powerful stimulus—something like an expectant collectorship, road supervisor, or other inferior position—to secure their presence at the polls on election day. It seems to be taken for granted that the county and State will go Democratic, and this is deemed by many a sufficient excuse to stay at home. Instead of giving our noble and patriotic standard bearer 400 or 500, as might easily have been done, we have put him off with the miserable pittance of 116 majority. The following is the vote:

KENT COUNTY—OFFICIAL.

	Districts					
	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th.	Total
Hancock	505	390	266	409	399	1969
Garfield	348	332	297	517	359	1853
Hancock's maj						116
Covington	505	390	266	410	399	1970
Smith	348	331	297	517	359	1852
Covington's maj						117

For Weaver, (greenback) 1 in 3d and 1 in 5th dist. For Henry Page, 1 in 2nd dist.

First Congressional District.

The result in this District gives Mr. Covington about 3,060 majority over Dr. Smith. The following are the figures, which may be changed somewhat by the official count:

	Covington.	Smith.
Cecil county	300	...
Kent	117	...
Queen Anne's	643	...
Talbot	185	...
Caroline	221	...
Dorchester	...	122
Somerset	...	150
Wicomico	600	...
Worcester	900	...
	3,086	272
Covington's maj		2,814

A DASTARDLY ACT.—On election night, about 8 o'clock, while a large crowd of persons were standing around the bon-fire in the middle of Main street, a brick was thrown into the crowd, but fortunately struck no one. It came from the direction of the old engine house, and immediately after a colored man named Wesley Giles was seen coming from the same point and making his way toward a crowd of his color on the opposite side of the street. A number of the whites, incensed at the outrage, and naturally concluding Giles to be the guilty party, went for him, and for a time much excitement ensued, but no serious casualties occurred.

Now show your big corn. A farmer, near Chestertown, leaves at our office two ears of Dent corn, neither of which measure over 9½ inches in length but are so perfectly filled as to count 1250 grains each. He claims them a fair specimen of the field from which they were taken.

J. A. Pearce, Esq., also brings us several specimen ears of corn grown upon one of his lots near town. They are about the size of the first named and well filled, but have not as *solid* appearance. Their distinguishing feature is the large grain, some measuring seven-eights of an inch in length, with over 1100 grains to the ear. One ear of the first named weighs 1 lb. 5oz.; one of Mr. Pearce's 1 lb. 7 oz.

EXTRA POLICE.—Our town Commissioners did a wise thing in appointing additional police for duty on election night. But for their presence on Burchinal's corner at a critical moment riot and bloodshed might have resulted. The extra force consisted of Wm. H. Palmer, Geo. C. Adkinson and James U. Coleman.

SOLD.—Mr. S. L. Rawleigh has sold the lot up town recently purchased by him from Mrs. Dugan, to Mr. B. F. Fleming for $1550. Mr. R. is to complete the improvements, which will be a two-story frame building, arranged for two store rooms and two dwellings. So look out for further "spreading out" up town. Sam insists upon keeping his money in circulation.

A NEGRO MAN named Thomas Floyd assaulted deputy-sheriff Silcox during the row on Burchinal's corner on election night. When the deputy told him he was an officer of the law he defied him. Floyd was arrested on Wednesday afternoon and taken before 'Squire Thomas, who imposed a fine of $10 and committed him to jail for thirty days. Floyd admitted that he kicked the officer.

A CORRESPONDENT thus cruelly taunts us:

"How about the Hancock streamer floating proudly above the Garfield flag now? L."

Well, "our flag is still there!" And she's waving proudly too, and the chicken crows!—old Maryland, and better still, old Kent, is as solid as a rock for the right! This is something to rejoice over surely. The "proud waving" needn't signify anything further now!

WHAT IS IT?

MESSRS. EDITORS:—I noticed the other day a number of colored individuals hoisting a queer looking concern about four feet square under the Garfield banner. What is it? Upon one side there appears two faces making grimaces at the figures "329," and as there is no feature indicating who is meant, we naturally conclude from the association that one must be Garfield. It is too bad to continue thus to taunt him. No wonder he makes a wry face!—those figures stick to him like a leech. I am sorry that such is the fact; he is now the elected President of a great nation, and it ought devoutly to be desired that the people all might forget the great shame of which "329" was the price! That woeful look, pictured on the banner, indicates that Garfield would blot it out if he could, but some of his Chestertown admirers are of a different "turn of mind," and "glory in his shame."

A HANCOCK BOY.

It is learned that the amount lost by Mrs. Dr. E. J. Power, of Millington, will not exceed two hundred dollars.

The Result in the State.

It is estimated that Gen. Hancock's majority in Maryland will be fully 17,000. His majority in the city of Baltimore is 10,344. In Baltimore county it is 1,900. Five democratic Congressmen are elected. In the sixth district, comprising Allegany, Garrett, Frederick, Washington and Montgomery counties, Hon. Milton G. Urner, rep., the present Representative, is elected. As regards politics there is no change in the delegation.

The counties which have gone republican are Allegany, Dorchester, Frederick, Garrett, Somerset, St. Mary's, Washington and perhaps Charles. In 1876, the republican counties were Calvert, Frederick, Garrett and St. Mary's. In 1879, the republican counties were Allegany, Charles, Frederick, Garrett, Somerset and St. Mary's.

The latest returns from the sixth district give Urner's (rep.) majorities: Allegany 273, Frederick 676, Washington 250—total 1,076, with indications that the republicans have carried Garrett, leaving Montgomery, which does not overcome the majority in the upper counties.

The democrats elect Congressmen as follows:

First District—George W. Covington.
Second District—J. F. C. Talbott.
Third District—Fetter S. Hoblitzell.
Fourth District—Robert M. McLane.
Fifth District—Andrew G. Chapman.

Messrs. Covington, Hoblitzell and Chapman take the places of Representatives Henry, Kimmel and Henkle, who were also democrats. Mr. Edwin H. Webster, republican candidate in the second district, carries Harford by 225 majority. Mr. Talbott received majorities in Baltimore, Carroll and Cecil counties.

Talbott, for Congress, in the second congressional district, has 1,686 majority. In 1876 Mr. Talbott's majority over Milligan and McCombs was 4,953.

The total vote of Baltimore city for President was 55,000, the largest ever polled. Hancock received 32,672 and Garfield 22,328; majority for Hancock, 10,344. The total vote for President in 1876 was 54,257; majority for Tilden, 10,141. For Governor in 1879 Hamilton, dem., had 29,184, Gary, rep., 17,911; total 48,095.

In the third congressional district, comprising the first nine wards, Hoblitzell, dem., received 13,651; Horner, rep., 9,958—majority for Hoblitzell, 3,693.

The vote in the fourth congressional district, comprising the wards from the tenth to the twentieth, except the seventeenth, was: For McLane, dem., 15,702; Maund, rep., 13,540—majority for McLane, 2,162.

In the fifth congressional district the majority of Gen. Andrew G. Chapman, dem., for Congress is 1,666 over Dr. Wilmer, rep.

Every ward gave a majority for Hancock except the sixth, where Garfield had 2 majority. Hoblitzell carried all the wards of the third congressional district except the sixth ward.

Weaver, the greenback candidate for President, received 130 votes in Baltimore.

The following is the vote in detail:

	Hancock.	Garfield.
Allegany	2,872	3,093
Anne Arundel	m276	.....
Baltimore City	32,772	23,338
Baltimore county	6,589	5,164
Calvert	m200	.....
Caroline	m200	.....
Carroll	3,354	2,998
Cecil	m300	.....
Charles	1,279	1,480
Dorchester	.....	m100
Frederick	.....	m674
Garrett	.....	m85
Harford	m500	.....
Howard	1,574	1,152
Kent	m116	.....
Montgomery	m582	.....
Prince George's	m28	.....
Queen Anne's	2,307	1,666
Somerset	.....	m150
St. Mary's	.....	m300
Talbot	m185	.....
Washington	3,982	4,082
Wicomico	.....	m600
Worcester	.....	m900
Totals	58,986	44,292

Weaver (Gbk.) received 139 votes.

The Electoral Vote.

The latest information we have indicates that the electoral vote will be as follows:

	Garfield.	Hancock.
Alabama	...	10
Arkansas	...	6
California	...	6
Colorado	3	...
Connecticut	6	...
Delaware	...	3
Florida	...	4
Georgia	...	11
Illinois	21	...
Indiana	15	...
Iowa	11	...
Kansas	5	...
Kentucky	...	12
Louisiana	...	8
Maine	7	...
Maryland	...	8
Massachusetts	13	...
Michigan	11	...
Minnesota	5	...
Mississippi	...	8
Missouri	...	15
Nebraska	3	...
Nevada	3	...
New Hampshire	5	...
New Jersey	...	9
New York	35	...
North Carolina	...	10
Ohio	22	...
Oregon	3	...
Pennsylvania	29	...
Rhode Island	4	...
South Carolina	...	7
Tennessee	...	12
Texas	...	8
Vermont	5	...
Virginia	...	11
West Virginia	...	5
Wisconsin	10	...
	213	156

FRIGHTENED YET.—Some of our republican friends in Chestertown were badly frightened Thursday night by the rumors about New York, and yesterday the telegraph office was thronged with persons seeking the latest news from that State. The democrats were serene, though not happy. The republicans doubtless have a vivid recollection of the democratic disappointment of '76, when Tilden was as honestly elected as is Garfield to-day. Possibly they think it may be "their turn" for a swindle this time!

THE POLK-AYDELOTTE SUIT—*Verdict for Defendant.*—The suit of W. C. Polk and wife against Col. Wm. J. Aydelotte for damages to the amount of three thousand dollars on account of Aydelotte's alleged indecent conduct towards Polk's wife last November, in Pocomoke City, was begun on Friday night of last week and concluded at 1 o'lock Tuesday morning, the jury finding for defendant. Aydelotte had been acquitted on the criminal charge last May. A. P. Borne and Henry Page were counsel for the plaintiffs, and George W. Purnell and John H. Handy for defendant. Page's speech to the jury is acknowledged to have been the most powerful ever delivered in that court.

LOCAL OPTION.—The voting on prohibition of liquor in six counties resulted in favor of license in Allegany by 850 majority; in Carroll by 577 majority, and in Charles by a considerable majority. Montgomery votes against license by 953 majority, and Cecil the same way by 1,643 majority. In Washington county the vote was by districts, and is divided.

QUEEN ANNE'S.—The *Observer* extra gives the following semi-official returns of Queen Anne's county: Hancock 2,307; Garfield 1,666—majority 641. Covington 2,309; Smith 1,666—majority 643.

REV. C. B. MIDDLETON delivered his lecture on "Poets and Poetry" in Westminster last week. The *Advocate*, while complimenting Mr. M. for his brilliant effort, makes the objection that "he carried his own feelings too much in his theme. He went into ecstacies over the virtues of the description and was entirely blind to the faults. He disclosed all the bright sides, but had nothing to do with the shady ones."

MRS. IDA M. GREENFIELD, wife of the Rev. D. L. Greenfield, of Centreville, and daughter of John Mason, Esq. of Easton, died last Monday. Mrs. Greenfield was a most estimable lady, beloved alike by the members of her own church and all others.

A MEETING of the Local Preachers' Association will be held at Templeville, commencing on the 19th of November.

IS NEW YORK IN DOUBT?

WHAT THE DEMOCRATS CLAIM.

New York cor. Phila. Times, Thursday.

A statement from the National Democratic Headquarters in New York, says Grace is elected Mayor of New York by a majority of about 1,500. Hancock's majority in the city, as allowed by the Republican Bureau of elections, is about 40,000. There is nothing definite and final about the State yet. The Democratic gain in Albany is larger than expected. New York would insure Hancock's election, with six votes to spare. The *World* and *Times* estimate Garfield's majority in the State at about 8,000, but a reduction of all the estimates is hourly going on. It is however certain that New Jesey has gone Democratic, and you may say with confidence that Garfield's election depends upon the vote of New York, which is not yet assured. In this city returns are being withheld in the most scandalous manner, especially from the eighth district, which is controlled by the notorious John J. O'Brien, the Chief of the Bureau of Elections. From a large proportion of this district no returns have yet been published nor have the poll clerks' lists been sent to the Mayor's office, as required by law and as has been done in other portions of the city. If the Republicans were sure of the State they would not pursue this course in order to insure the pretended majority. The vote as returned from police headquarters will not be the honest vote of New York city. The difference caused by the swindle will probably be the cause of Garfield's election if he be declared elected.

THE "WORLD'S" OPINION.—The New York *World* of Thursday says: The vote of New York State will be given to General Garfield, not because General Garfield is the choice of a majority of the voters of New York, but because, not for the first time in the history of our municipal parties, local and personal interests have been preferred to the general welfare of the party and of the country. New York has secured a Democratic city government, which is so far a good thing, but it remains to be seen whether New York could not have secured this at a less cost than that of the 35 electoral votes which, added to 138 from the South, 9 from New Jersey and 3 from Nevada, not to mention California and Oregon, would have elected General Hancock President of the United States.

The Board of Aldermen, sitting as a board of city canvassers, will meet at noon on Tuesday next to canvass the vote, and will be in session for ten days.

The Result in Delaware.

The republicans carried New Castle county for their whole ticket by a majority of 104 for electors and 207 for Houston for Congress. Kent county gives a democratic majority for the Hancock electors of 621 and Sussex of 282. The majority in the State for Hancock is 799, and for Martin, dem., for Congress, 518. The Legislature will be: House, 14 democrats, 7 republicans; Senate, 8 democrats, 1 republican—a majority of 14 on joint ballot, thus insuring the return of Mr. Bayard to the United States Senate.

NOTED CHARACTERS ON ELECTION DAY.—A New York dispatch says:

General Hancock came to the city at noon and returned to Governor's Island at 5 P. M. He had but one visitor to-day, a blacksmith from this city, who carried a steel horseshoe made by himself and silver-plated. He was received by Mrs. Hancock, who accepted the gift. When General Hancock returned to the island he received the salutation of a friend with a smile and a hearty handshake and said, in reply to his congratulatory remark: "We shall know more about the election later." Then he went to his room and saw no visitors, except such as had especial business with him. In the course of the night he received several hopeful dispatches from friends. But later the news changed, and at half-past nine he went to bed, after giving orders that no more news dispatches be read to him.

Mr. Tilden left his house in Grammercy Park at 1 P. M., and walked unattended to the polling place in Fourth avenue. He was recognized by the throng, which crowded around him. He uncovered his head reverently and proffered his ballot. The inspector asked his name. The voter said, in a low tone, "Samuel J. Tilden." The inspector called at once to his fellows, "Tilden, S. J.," then Tilden deposited his vote and went away.

At Tammany Hall the meeting to hear the returns opened with great enthusiasm, which increased as more favorable returns came in. Early in the evening John Kelly made a speech, claiming the State by 55,000 majority. He called Dr. Newman "Grant's father confessor," and spoke bitterly of the *Herald* and Bennett, who had opposed Grace. Later returns changed the looks of things and the enthusiasm was greatly checked. In an interview with a reporter Kelley, who seemed greatly depressed, said he did not understand what had caused the Democratic defeat in the State.

General Grant spent much of the day at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, in the Republican State committee rooms, where he also passed the evening. As the favorable returns came in his countenance relaxed and he began to talk actively. Later, in his rooms, he was visited by many prominent Republicans.

At national Democratic headquarters denunciation of John Kelley as the main cause of the unexpected Republican strength in New York city was loud and frequent. It was asserted that his enmity to Mr. Tilden was the main cause of the disaster to the Democrats.

A Mentor (Ohio) dispatch says Gen. Garfield exhibited great coolness whilst receiving election returns Tuesday night, but when assured of his election he said to some friends around him: This means the American people believe in the nationality of the government.

THERE is a colored baby in Chestertown bearing the euphonious title of "Abraham Lincoln Garfield Arthur Hackett."

DIED:

Fell asleep in Jesus, on Kent Island, Oct. 23, SUSAN A., the beloved wife of Louis Bryan, aged 56 years.

At Myersdale, Pa., Oct. 14, 1880, LEAH WILLET, aged 73 years and 8 days, widow of Col. Richard France.

On the 17th ult., at the residence of Benjamin Teat, his son-in-law, in Queen Anne's, WILLIAM NICKERSON, in the 79th year of his age.

At the residence of J. F. Burton, near Price's Corner, Oct. 30, Mrs. SARAH E. WHEELER, aged 57 years, 9 months and 24 days.

In Centreville, on Monday, Nov. 1, at 3½ A. M., in the 27th year of her age, IDA MILLINGTON, precious wife of Rev. D. L. Greenfield, and beloved daughter of John and E. A. Mason, of Easton, Maryland.

At his residence near Church Hill, on Sunday, the 17th ultimo, of a complication of diseases, WILLIAM W. WOODALL, aged 59 years and 4 months. He leaves a wife and seven children to mourn their loss. His remains were interred in Chester cemetery.

Near Chestertown, Oct. 31, 1880, of diptheria, ISAAC NEWCOMB, son of Isaac W. and Emily L. Matthews, aged 3 years, 8 mos. and 12 days.

Our precious little darling is gone
Up to his Heavenly Father's throne,
There to dwell with the blest,
And his darling form at rest,
He was the idol of my heart,
The darling of my love;
But he is called from us to part,
To dwell with God above.
And I shall never see him more,
Until we meet on Canaan's shore;
Grieve not, parents, for your loss,
But prepare to meet him at God's throne.

On the 24th ult., at 9 P. M., at Govanstown, Baltimore county, MARY, in the 70th year of her age, beloved wife of Col. John N. Denning.

The decessed's maiden name was Williams, and her marriage with Col. Denning was solemnized in the city of Baltimore Dec. 27, 1835. She leaves one daughter—Mrs. Wm. J. Vannort—and three grand-daughters. The deceased was a lady of sterling qualities of head and heart, while her genuine Christian virtues were acknowledged by all with whom she came in contact. In early life she united with the Methodist Episcopal Church, and during all the intervening years her walk was in accord with her profession of faith and trust in the Lord Jesus. During a residence of six or eight years in Chestertown from 1867 the deceased was a communicant of the Methodist Protestant Church here, and then it was that the writer of these lines made her acquaintance and marked her sincere piety—her humility of spirit—her fervency in prayer, and faith unfaltering. For several years she has been an invalid, and bore with patient resignation all her sore afflictions. The weary earth-life is finally ended—the gentle spirit, loth to sunder the ties of affection here, yet "anxious to depart" has ascended to the realms of an endless life beyond! And—

"Our loss is her infinite gain;
A soul out of prison released,
And freed from its bodily pain.
With songs let us follow her flight,
And mount with her spirit above—
Escaped to the mansions of light,
And lodged in the Eden of love." W.

LADIES' COATS at low prices.
J. H. SIMPERS.

INGRAIN, Rag and Hemp Carpets, very cheap. J. H. SIMPERS.

FOR cheap BOOTS or SHOES call on Oct. 6. J. H. SIMPERS.

A PROTRACTED MEETING will commence in Broad Neck M. P. Church on Sabbath Nov. 7th. Rev. JOHN R. NICHOLS is expected to preach at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M., and to be in attendance through the week.
1t. DANIEL W. BATES, Pastor.

SAGE AND PEPPER, &c., &c., —at— LEARY'S PHARMACY.
n6-6t*

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Our Entire Stock of
MEN'S and BOYS CLOTHING,
as we intend to discontinue business.
Nov. 6—3t. S. MERRITT.

SELLING OFF TO CLOSE OUT!
Our Large and Well Selected Stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING at Cost.
Nov. 6—3t. S. MERRITT.

A COOK WANTED.—At the M. E. Parsonage, in Chestertown, a reliable WHITE WOMAN is wanted as Cook. oc30-3t.

FOR SALE—
ONE PAIR OF MULES,
on ten months' time.
Oct. 30—3t. CHARLES ROLPH.

Caution Notices.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against trespassing, after this date, with dog, gun or otherwise, upon the farm or premises of the undersigned, in Still Pond Neck. The law will be strictly enforced.
Nov. 6, 1880—3t. N. BARNARD.

NOTICE.—All persons are hereby cautioned against trespassing after this date upon the farm occupied by the undersigned, with dog, gun, or for any other purpose. The law will be strictly enforced against all who disregard this notice. GEO. H. WATTS.
Nov. 6, 1880—3t*

NOTICE.—All persons are hereby cautioned against trespassing, after this date, upon the farms occupied by the undersigned with dog, gun, or for any other purpose. The law will be strictly enforced against all who disregard this notice. S. J. ROSEBERRY,
Nov. 6, 1880—3t.* WM. ARCHIBALD.

NOTICE.—All persons are hereby forewarned from trespassing with gun, dog, or otherwise, on the premises of either of the subscribers, under penalty of the law, as it certainly will be enforced. H. T. JUMP,
Nov. 6, 1880—3t. J. HENRY JUMP.

NOTICE TO TRESPASSERS.
All persons are cautioned against trespassing upon the premises of the undersigned in Broad Neck, with dog or gun, or otherwise. The law will be rigidly enforced against all who disregard this notice. W. J. VANNORT,
BENJ. F. JOINER,
Nov. 6, 1880—3t. JOSEPH E. GILPIN.

CAUTION TO GUNNERS.
All persons are hereby forewarned not to trespass with dog, gun or otherwise, on the premises occupied by either of the undersigned, after this date, under penalty of the law.
S. LECATES, ISAAC PARSONS,
WM. MORRIS, J. W. FOWLER,
T. C. PARSONS, J. E. NEWCOMB,
C. BACON H. I. PARSONS,
E. J. WATSON, EDWARD CREW,
P. JEFFERSON, E. FOWLER.
F. NIECKE. Nov. 6, 1880—3t*

NOTICE.—Fox-hunters and others, are prohibited from trespassing with dog, gun or otherwise upon the farm of the undersigned, as the law will be strictly enforced against all such disregarding this notice.
JOSEPH RASIN,
Oct. 30, 1880—3t* LANKFORD.

CAUTION TO TRESPASSERS.
All persons are cautioned against trespassing, with dog or gun, or otherwise, upon the premises of which I reside in Fairlee Neck, under the penalty of the law.
THOS. L. BOWERS (of Wm.)
Oct. 30, 1880—3t*.

CAUTION TO TRESPASSERS.
All persons are hereby cautioned against trespassing, with dog, gun or otherwise, upon the farm on which I reside in Morgan's Creek Neck. The law will be enforced against all who violate this notice. J. M. J. BYRON.
Oct. 30, 1880—3t*.

CAUTION TO TRESPASSERS.
All persons are hereby cautioned against trespassing after this date, with dog or gun, upon the farms, in Quaker Neck, upon which we reside. The law will be enforced against all who disregard this notice.
E. M. WILKINS,
Oct. 30, 1880—3t. JOHN W. LOUD.

CAUTION TO TRESPASSERS.
All persons are hereby warned not to trespass upon the lands occupied by the undersigned, in Morgan's Creek Neck, with dog, gun or otherwise. The law will be strictly enforced against any one disregarding this notice.
JOHN GREENWOOD (of Wm.)
JOHN B. HARRIS.
Oct. 30, 1880—3t*.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against trespassing, after this date, with dog, gun or otherwise upon the premises of either of the undersigned, under penalty of the law. ROBERT NICHOLSON,
WM. W. STEPHENS,
RICHARD C. SMYTH,
Oct. 30—3t. ROB'T G. NICHOLSON.

CAUTION TO TRESPASSERS,
All persons are hereby warned not to trespass on the lands occupied by the undersigned with dog or gun.
V. HENDRICKSON, WM. J. SHRIVER,
H. W. CARVILL, WILLIAM FORD,
JOSIAS RINGGOLD JOSIAS RINGGOLD, Ja,
WM. H. STEWART, E. WALRAVEN.
E. N. ROLAND. Oct. 30, 1880—3t.

NOTICE.—All persons are hereby forewarned not to trespass upon the premises of the undersigned with dog, gun or traps. Any one disregarding this notice will be dealt with to the fullest extent of the law.
GEO. R. PARROTT,
Oct. 23, 1880—3t. Still Pond.

NOTICE.—All persons are hereby cautioned against gunning or fox-hunting upon the premises of either of the undersigned, in Quaker Neck, after this date. The penalty of the law will be enforced against all violators of this notice. PHILIP E. TREW,
Oct. 23, 1880—3t. WM. G. TREW.

CAUTION TO TRESPASSERS.
All persons are hereby warned not to trespass on the lands occupied by the undersigned with, dog, gun or otherwise, or in any manner to cross over the same. The law will be rigidly enforced against any one disregarding this notice. I. C. TAYLOR,
Oct. 23, 1880—3t. B. I. TAYLOR.

CAUTION TO GUNNERS.—All persons are hereby forewarned against trespassing upon the premises of the undersigned with dog, gun, or otherwise, after this date, under the penalty of the law.
MRS. M. R. WILSON,
J. F. WILSON,
WILLIAM WATTS,
Oct. 23, 1880-3t* C. H. PRICE.

CAUTION TO GUNNERS.
All persons are hereby prohibited from gunning upon my premises from this date. All who disregard this notice will be prosecuted.
Oct. 16, 1880—5t. JOHN Z. CLARK.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby forbidden to trespass upon the premises of the undersigned after this date, with dog, gun or otherwise, under penalty of the law. This notice is intended to apply also to duckers.
WILLIAM JANVIER,
A. HENDRICKSON,
G. W. HOWARD,
Oct. 16, 1880-5t. G. W. PRICE.

NOTICE TO GUNNERS.
All persons are hereby forewarned not to trespass on the farms occupied by the undersigned with dog or gun.
MORGAN BROWN, GEO. W. WALBERT,
T. H. HAGUE, W. S. LEAVERTON,
J. C. H. MASLIN, DANIEL McKEE,
ROBT. HADAWAY. [Oct. 16, 1880.]

GRAIN WANTED
—BY—
W. W. CANNON, Masseys, Md.
Wheat and Corn wanted, for which the highest market price will be paid, delivered at any Station on the Q. A. & R. and Kent Co. Railroads.
W. W. CANNON, Masseys, Md.,
oc30-2m. Agents for WARR & CANBY, Phila.

ATTENTION TAX PAYERS
OF
FIRST DISTRICT.
For your convenience I will be at Sassafras on Monday mornings; Masseys in the afternoon; Galena Wednesday mornings; Chesterville in the afternoon; Millington Saturday afternoons when the weather is fit, until Jan. 1, 1881, and after that time you may expect your bills collected in the shortest possible manner.
Remember this, the money is not mine; it belongs to others, and they demand it of me. It is out of my power to wait longer than Jan. 1, 1881. My bond urges me to collect at once, and I intend to do it. Don't think hard if you find your property advertised, Jan. 1, 1881; then, I want the whole of your bills, not a part.
R. F. MOFFETT,
Nov. 6—tf. Tax Collector 1st District.

NOTHING SO GOOD
to cure that
Hacking Cough, Cold or Croup, as J. F. LEARY'S HERBATINE COUGH SYRUP.
Sold by all Druggists at 50c.; also, at TOULSON'S DRUG STORE, Chestertown.
CANBY, GILPIN & CO., Balto.
Oct. 30, 1880—3t*. Agents.

FOR SALE—
A Very Valuable
DRIVING MARE,
eight years old, belonging to Mrs. John W. Startt. Apply to CHAS. T. WESTCOTT,
oct30-3t. Att'y, Chestertown.

THE HYLAND
CORN SHELLERS
At the ELKTON and DOVER FAIRS, were acknowledged superior to any Shellers on exhibition. These celebrated Shellers may be had in Galena or Chestertown.
oc23-6t. W. A. HYLAND & CO.

L. M. BEAN,
DEALER IN
GRAIN, LIME, COAL, Fertilizers,
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, &c.,
MASSEYS, MD.
I take pleasure in informing the farmers on the line of the Del. R. R. and its branches, that I have perfected arrangements for purchasing GRAIN for one of the most reliable firms in Philadelphia, and will always be found in the market prepared to pay the highest cash prices for all kinds of Grain delivered on said Railroads.
☞ I want 100,000 bushels of CORN.
LET IT COME. L. M. BEAN.
Nov. 6, 1880—2m.

LARGE SALE
—OF—
VALUABLE
PER