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KENT NEWS

THE KENT NEWS

CHESTER TOWN, MD.

Saturday Morning, November 7, 1846.

V. B. PALMER,

South East corner of Baltimore and Calvert sr reets, Baltimore—No. 59 Pine street, Philadelphia—No. 160 Nassau street, (Tribune Buildings,) New York, and No. 16 State street, Boston, is our authorized AGENT for receiving advertisements for, and subscriptions to, the "KENT NEWS," and collecting and receipting for the same.

The Army and the War.

We publish to-day, an interesting account from the army, in the form of a letter from one of the Baltimore volunteers We have read a number of letters, of the same strain, but being unable to copy the whole, have contented ourselves with translating one of them to our columns.

It had almost grown into an adage, that no reliance can be placed on soldiers in battle, unless they are regularly drilled and trained to the soldiers life—that militia and volunteers were alike, and being unused to the din of battle, could not stand the "shock of arms." But, the fallacy of such an opinion was proved by the valor of our own county-men, in the late war, upon our own soil—and the victory of Monterey has verified the decision of 1814.

The ardor, enthusiasm, recklessness of danger, and bold and daring intrepidity, which distinguished the volunteers, will compare with the noble traits of conduct which characterized the regular soldery. Having vanquished the Mexicans in the open field; and behind the almost impregnable fortifications of Monterey, the question occurs, will the Mexicans sue for peace?

They have long been engaged in civil war. War, seems to be the occupation of many of her ablest men; and of the "rank and file." They have been accustomed to fight for military Leaders, with almost empty Treasuries, and the common soldier with his knapsack of corn and the privilege of a little plunder, appears as willing to fight, as the husbandman to till his soil.

They are a vain, egotistical, bigoted, and in a great degree, an ignorant people. Everybody says, that the war is not ended, but that more troops and munitions of war, will be sent to Mexico! We presume that the administrators of the Government will speedily cause these and all necessary supplies to be furnished—for as matters now are, we consider the army Gen'l Taylor in a critical condition! They are few in numbers compared with the enemy—they are in an enemy's country—surrounded by foes—liable to have all their provisions and supplies cut off by the marauding parties—and if they make an attack, they storm forts and battlements at the canon's mouth, exposed to raking fires of grape, shell and musketry, while their enemies are mainly under cover and secure.

We have unbounded confidence in the chivalry of Gen'l. Taylor's army, and of the skill, science and courage of the Old Soldier and his officers, but they cannot do impossibilities, and men who have thrice hazarded their lives, should be succoured and reinforced, in a manner that shall carry easy and certain victory, upon the American Eagles.

Let it be Remembered,

That the Liverpool Standard says:—"That the New Tariff in the United States is a measure which will be received with infinite satisfaction by the British Merchant and Manufacturer."

LET IT BE REMEMBERED, That the same paper in speaking of this matter, says—"The general effect must be to increase the value of the American market to the British Manufacturer whilst it may arrest the progress of the people of the Eastern States in Manufacturing skill."

LET IT BE REMEMBERED, That the Montreal Courier, *Canada*, referring to the passage of McKay's bill says:

"*As Englishmen* we are of course pleased that the Tariff is abolished as taken in conjunction with the abolition of the corn laws, it will open an immense market for us, but if we were *Americans*, we would be Tariff men."

INQUEST.—Coroner James Mansfield held an Inquest on Thusday last over the body of a man, found dead in the woods of Mr. James L. Bowers, about five miles from Chester Town. His name was supposed to be Alex. Layman or Lemon, born in Glasgow and aged about 27 years. He had in his pockets $7 16. Verdict—death supposed from exposure to the weather.

OUR PAPER.—The number of advertisements in our columns to day, has crowded out some of our selected matter.

LADY'S BOOK.—This handsome and entertaining periodical, has come to hand for Nov'r, and is as usual interesting and attractive. The print of 'Saturday Evening,' being an engraving of a mother, scouring the head snd face of her strapping dirty boy, whose cries are suppressed by the fingers and the suds, is true to the life,

The Siege of Monterey.

Very interesting details.—The Killed and Wounded of the Baltimore Battalion.

The following letter from a soldier of the Baltimore Batallion is one of the most interesting yet published. It has been furnished to us for publication by the gentleman to whom it was addressed:

MONTEREY, 26th Sept., 1846.

MY DEAR SIR—The American arms are once more victorious after one of the most glorious contests on record. The enemy fought us five days and surrendered yesterday. The City of Monterey, with all its public buildings and records; its Cathedral, armed to its dome; its plaza, a complete net work or masonry—in some places eight feet thick; its distilleries and ten yards, all turned into forts, and in our hands impregnable, besides *five regularly built* forts of the strongest kind—all are ours,—42 pieces cannon, mortars, howitzers and 18-pounders; small arms and ammunition innumerable, together with a large number of prisoners are olso ours, Monterey, the place where Mexico has heretofore been invulnerable—the spot where she once defeated the combined forces of Old Spain and France 17,000 strong, has fallen into our hands.—The regular and volunteer *infantry* fought like lions, charging in several instances right up to the fort wall, six foot thick; jumping and wading the dykes and ditches; climbing the walls and shooting the cannoniers at their guns, without any support from artillery whatever. Such a thing was never heard of before. Our Battalion charged upon the city with three forts pouring a continual cross-fire upon us, while every roof window and door sent forth one uninterrupted stream of musket and rifle balls; bomb shell, 18, 24-pounders, grape, canister and round shot of all sizes fell around us and passed over us *in millions*, and many a gallant heart that beat high on the glorious 21st of September, lies cold around and within the city of Monterey. Honored be their memory. The brave and chivalrous Col. Watson, after making two different charges on the city, after the 3d Infantry Regiment of Regulars and flying Artillery had retreated as ordered, on his return to the eastern section of the city, and while again charging on a fort tannery and distillery, fell mortally wounded with a musket ball passing through his neck and separating the jugular vein. He never spoke, but died in three minutes, and lies buried in a grave in the fort. It was reported that our gallant Captain, now Colonel Stewart had fallen early in the action, but I found him twice down town in the thickest of the fight, and while death was claiming many around him, alternately *leading* and *urging* on his own men and others (for we were all huddled together) to another charge, or directing and pointing out the best shelter a mud hole, hedge, fence or sapling would afford. He made a gallant stand after we were ordered to retreat, killing with his own hand an officer and driving back, with a few more, a large body of Lancars who were charging upon the volunteers. He succeeds to the command of the Battalion by seniority and with, I may say, the universal approval of the officers and men, and Governor Pratt would do great injustice to the son of an old defender, to a brave and cool officer and warm-hearted gentleman, were he to entertain for one moment the idea of commissioning any other person as Colonel. Captain Boyd of the Chesapeakes was also reported to have fallen early in the action, but I saw him soon afterwards bravely leading his men up to the cannons' mouth, followed by volunteers from other regiments. Captain Kenley bore himself gallantly in the fight also pressing into the very thickest of the fray; and Captains Piper and Waters both behaved well. Captain Brenaugh's company were on guard and not in action. The 1st Sergeant in Captain Waters' company, (orderly Truscott, a man about 42 years of age) and whose place is *at my elbow* in line had his head blown about 40 feet in the air by a 12 pound shot. There are eight men in my mess. Wm. P. Alexander, one of them, has not been recognised since the action of the 21st. The Lancers killed all the wounded and I fear he has been buried without being recognized. Robert Caples, another, was mortally wounded and I fear in the groin—the ball was taken out of the back. M[illegible]m Wilson, another, was wounded in the arm by a musket ball. Three out of eight killed or wounded; besides, W G. H., another, was in the first fort taken all night and R. W. R., another, after charging on the fort once and down town twice was cut off, and taken prisoner, but succeeded, two hours after the Americans had retreatd, by the aid of a Mexican officer, in making his escape, running the gauntlet of three batteries without receiving a scratch. After being forced into the little shelter which a small hole in an open field, raked by three forts, afforded, raising my head a few momens after I found forty Lancers within one hundred yards of my right, and 5 or 600 between me and the American Army.—Knowing that their mode of warfare is to show no quarter, and cut the throats of the wounded, you may know I did not feel comfortable, and was glad to see Gould and Freburger, the only two of our company then on the field. I feel grateful to God that my life was spared amid such hopeless circumstances, and a general feeling of gratitude to the Almighty God of Battles seems to pervade our men. We had to run near three miles in making the different charges. Poor Watson said to me a few moments before he fell, "Who will dare say now that American volunteers cannot be depended upon in any fight." They were the last words I heard him utter, being separated from him when wounded. Albert Hart, our color sergeant, has lost an arm, and the flag staff of the banner presented to the brave Steuart, by the ladies of Baltimore, through the Old Defenders, has a wound upon it, from the same ball. *That flag* was the *first* and only one that floated gallantly in the breeze yesterday from the *first fort* taken from the enemy. Joseph Files has lost an arm, and Wm. Lee was wounded slightly in the abdomen. I merely mention the killed and wounded in our company, knowing you will see an official list General Worth, with two brigades, was led around by a secret pass behind the town, (by a Mexican, to save his neck,) and coming into the Saltillo road, cut off the enemy's supplies and utterly surprised him by a brisk cannonading and bombardment in his rear. Unfading laurels are due Worth for his scientific, soldierlike and highly praiseworthy part in the bloody battle of Monterey. The fight commenced, on our part, Monday morning early, and ended late Wednesday night. They had fired upon us, however, for three days before but with little success. Our glorious little batalion has covered itself with honor, and with the exception of a very few, who will be duly reported, every individual seemed to think the result depended on him *All* in Captain Steuart's company not here mentioned as wounded, escaped unhurt and are well. An armistice has taken place for eight weeks, and we hold this whole country as security for the expenses of the war. It is said the enemy were 14,000 strong at least and our force in the field was less than 6,000. I had forty-odd wounded Mexicans placed under my charge by Col. Steuart, night, before last. Miserable objects of compassion some of them are, and they and the stench of the dead lying around the damp, the dirt and the want of food for almost eighteen hours, almost overcome me Monterey is the strongest place naturally I ever saw with the eye or in print. There is an open plain, three to four or five wide in front, except a range of hills, about forty feet high, behind which the town lies.—In the rear, and on the right and left, the mountains back right up to it, and rise several hundred feet high abruptly almost perpendicularly, while the only pass is through a mountain-gorge directly in its centre. I was within ten feet of General Taylor, in the town, the 21st. He was as cool as a cucumber, and ordered us to pass into the city and break opon the houses. God knows how any of us got out. R.

ITEMS OF NEWS.

Fate of Lt. E. R. Price.

Intelligence was received at Natchez on Monday last of the fate of Lieut. Ezra R. Price, who, in company with two other United State Volunteers, had left Carmago some weeks since to join the command of General Taylor during his advance to Monterey. The information states that the bodies of Mr. Price and his two companions, were found lying in the grass some distance from the road leading from Camargo to Monterey, completely riddled with bullet holes. The bodies of *seventeen Mexican soldiers were lying scattered around them.*

Upon the disbanding of the Louisiana Volunteers, he determined still to devote himself to the cause of his country, and proceeded to Camargo for that purpose, meeting with the above utimely fate. As he and his two companions were armed with revolving pistols, it is supposed tha they must have killed the *seventeen* Mexicans in a most desperate encounter.—*N. O. Tropic, Oct. 3.*

DISTANCE FROM MONTEREY TO MEXICO.—The following is the distance from

Monterey to Saltillo	95 miles.
Saltillo to Trenillo	181 "
Trenillo to Agualzcientes	124 "
Agnalzcientes to Leon	55 "
Leon to Villa de Leon	25 "
Villa de Leon to Guanaxuato	42 "
Gnanauxato to Salamanca	25 "
Salamanca to Juan del Rio	83 "
Juan del Rio to Tula	45 "
Tula to Mexico	50 "
Monterey to Mexico	724

THANKSGIVING, is to be observed on the 26th November, in the following States:—New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island, New York, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Ohio and Michigan.

WM. HUDSON, was tried in Franklin county, Va., last week, for the murder of his wife, three children, and sister in law, found guilty of murder in the first degree and sentenced to be hung.

THE CECIL WHIG of Saturday contains an editorial recommending Col. John C. Groome, of Cecil, as the next Whig candidate for the Gubernatorial Chair of Maryland.

A LONDON paper says:—Of twelve persons married on Sunday week at preston, only one could write his name, and of twelve witnesses not one could write."

☞The Albany Atlas says it has information from private source, entitled to belief, thal no more troops will be called out till the opening of Congress.

U. S. SENATOR.—The Legislature of Rhode Island has elected John H. Clarke, Esq., of Providence, Whig, a Senator of the United States from the 4th of March, 1847, in place of Mr. Simmons, whose term will then expire.

☞A salute of 100 guns was fired at New York, in honor of the victory achieved by our army at Monterey.

☞Babe, the pirate, has sailed for Europe from New York.

☞Beman, Whig, is elected to Congress in place of Yancy, Locofoco, resigned.

☞There has been built in Pittsburg this year about forty steamboats.

☞Mr. Lane of Norfolk, Va., was robbed of $4,344, at a theatre in New York.

☞On the 17th ult., Buffalo, N. Y., was visted by a snow storm.

☞The White Mountains are already covered with snow from base to summit.

COMMUNICATION.

To the Editor of the News:

I perceive by the last number of the Kent News, that the concern has changed hands, and as they say, "a new broom sweeps clean," we shall expect you to give us a legible paper, with a variety of reading matter. I am labouring under a grievance, which I have been trying to make known for sometime, but being afraid of giving offence and not well skilled in writing, have delayed to do so, from time to time. As you are a "new man at the bellows," as the old saying is, perhaps you can aid me in matter of my difficulty.

My circumstances are those of a good liver only, and I have to till the soil with many times, a "brow of sweat," to make the "two ends of the year meet." I have been a subscriber to your paper, for a number of years, and have always thought that I was remunerated for my money, by the advertisements and local news, to say nothing of the other reading matter, which sometimes has been very excellent. My family have also been generally pleased with parts of the paper—but to the point, as I did not intend to compliment, when I commenced, but to state my grievance and ask you how I can remedy it.

My neighbours are excellent people, clever and kind, but they invariably borrow my county newspaper, sometimes, before my family are done with it, although they are quite as able as I am "to pay the printer." Sometimes the paper is not returned—sometimes returned soiled or torn and if whole, frequently at a late period of the week. I do not like to complain, but should be very glad if "borrowing," were to cease. I mean, of newspapers, only, for I am willing to loan anything else, from a "crow-bar," to "an ox-cart"—from "a hoe," to "a horse."

CULTIVATOR.

DREADFUL TRAGEDY.—*Murder and Suicide*—The Louisville Journal says, that on the 19th ult., in Overton county, Tenn., a brute in human form, named Edward O'Neil, murdered his wife and five of his children, set his house on fire, and then committed suicide, throwing himself upon the horrid pile of murdered victims. It is scarcely necessary to say the man was a habitual drunkard and was drunk at the time. A daughter of sixteen escaped the general massacre.

IT IS stated that the officers of the Army who fell at Monterey were among the very flower of the servcice. We are indeed paying dearly for this effort to bring Mexico to terms. Already, a Ringgold, a Brown, a Watson, a McClung and other noble spirits have been offered up as victims to the gory fiend of war; while of the rank and file, many an honest heart has given out its last gasp on the battle field.—*Penn. Inq.*

MARRIED,

On Thursday, the 29th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Newman, Capt. Samuel C. Waters, to Miss Frances Jane Waters, both of Queen Ann's county.

DIED,

At his residence in this county last week, Mr. John Moody, one of our eldest farmers.

Near Chester Town, at Mr. J. Milby's, on Sunday last, Mr. John Taylor (of Thomas.)

At his residence in Kent county, on Tuesday last, Mr. William C. Lassell, aged about 76 years.

In Centreville, on Tuesday last, Mr. John B. Haines, formerly of Kent county, after a very brief illness, leaving a wife and several children to lament his loss.

The death of Mr. Haines was very distressing. He was engaged in keeping a confectionary in Centreville and had gone across the street to get change for a customer. On returning a horse was passing down the street rapidly with a dray and Mr. H. came unexpectedly in contact with one of the shafts—he was knocked to a considerable distance, and arose and walked a short distance before he fell. He lived about 24 hours, and all the skill of the faculty to save him, in vain.

Let all the world know that Sellers' Vermifuge is the best in use! Here is the proof.

LICKING STATION, Ky. Dec 17th, 1846.

Mr. R. E. Sellers:—I have the pleasure to inform you that I have used in my practice your celebrated Vermifuge with the most happy results. I have formerly used Fahnestock's but being persuaded to try yours, I have found it far superior in every respect, and can say without the fear of contradiction, that your Vermifuge possesses more virtue than any I ever used, and most cordially recommend it to the attention of the public. I will state a case where I gave one vial of your Vermifuge: My brother's child was *pining and wasting to a mere skeleton;* in 30 hours after I gave the Vermifuge, the enormous quantity of *upwards of six hundred worms* were passed. The child that was given up as lost, is now well and as hearty as any in the neighborhood

AMBROSE ARNETT, M. D

Those who wish, can see Dr. Arnett's letter

Prepared and sold by R E SELLERS, No 57 Wood st Pittsburg.

E M DAWSON & BROTHER, Druggists, Easton, Md. General agents, for E Shore.

☞For sale in Chester Town by Simon Wickes, Jr. Druggist.

Hance's Compound Syrup of Horehound.

TO SETH S HANCE.—Dear Sir.—Having been afflicted with a severe cough and pain in the breast, I was persuaded by a friend to make trial of your Compound Syrup, and purchased two bottles of Mr Rob't Keyworth, and am happy to say they certainly relieved me Yours,

Sold by Seth S. Hance, corner of Charles and Pratt streets, and at the new stand, 108 Baltimore st. Baltimore, and by the following agents:

Simon Wickes, Jr Chester Town
Gooding & Frazier, Geo Town X Roads
B C Wells, head of Sassafras
C R Hackett, Massey's X Roads
M V Boyer, Apothecary, Millington
Wm R Forman, New Market
Samnel H Cooper, Urieville

☞Hance's Sarsaparilla, Vegetable, or Blood PILLS—(FIFTY PILLS in a box—the cheapest Medicine ever sold)—Removing the, correcting disorders of the stomach and bowels, costiveness, dyspepsia, swimming in the head, &c. Persons of a full habit, who are subject to headache, giddiness, drowsiness, and singing in the ears, arising from too great a flow of blood to the head, should never be without them, as many dangerous symptoms will be entirely carried off by their immediate use

In purchasing these Pills, let me add one word of caution—Always ask for Hance's Pills, and purchase of none but those advertised as agents

For sale by Seth S. Hance. 108 Baltimore st and corner of Charles and Pratt sts. Baltimore, and by the following agents:

Simon Wickes, Jr, Chester Town
Gooding & Frazier, Geo. Town X Roads
B C Wells. Head of Sassafras
C R Hackett, Massey's X Roads
M V Boyer, Apothecary, Millington
Wm R Forman, New Market
Samuel H Cooper, Urieville.

Religious Notice.

BY Divine Permission the third Quarterly Meeting for Kent circuit of the Methodist Protestant Church will take place at Urie's School House the 21st day of November.

nov'r 7, 1846.

WAYNE'S ATTENTION!!

You will meet at your Armory on this (SATURDAY) Evening, at 7 o'cl'k, as business of importance will be transacted. The members are requested to be punctual in their attendance.

By order,
J. W. PARSONS, O. S.
nov. 7, 1846.

CAUTION.

I take this opportunity of imforming the Public, that John M. Curtis, has no authority to sell or deliver any wood or other property off the farm, belonging to V. Primrose, Queen Ann's county, and having without authority disposed of some quantity of Wood, bills will be rendered and recoved according to law.

WILLIAM WALLACE, Jr.
Philadelphia.

Nov. 7, 1846. 3w

A FINAL DIVIDEND.

BY ORDER of the Orphan's Court of Kent county, a final Dividend on the personal estate of Richard Graves, late of Kent county, deceased, will be struck before the Orphan's Court, on Tuesday, the 1st December, 1846. All creditors holding claims or judgements against the said deceased, are hereby notified to file their claims with the Register of Wills, duly proved and passed, on or before that day, as they will otherwise be debarred from any portion or the estate.

WM. GRAVES.
Adm'r. of Richard Graves, dec'd.

November 7th, 1846. td

KENT COUNTY—ORPHANS' COURT.

November 3, 1846.

ORDERED that the sales made and reported by James Mansfield and George Vickers Executors of James Mansfield, late of Kent County dec'd, of the larger part of the real estate of said, deceased, and under the direction in the will, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof, be shown, on or before the seventh day of January next; provided, a copy of this order be inserted in some news paper printed in Kent County Maryland, once in each of three successive weeks, before the fourteenth day of December next. The report states the amount of sales to be $2275.75.

GEORGE S. HOLLYDAY.
EDWARD WILKINS.

True Copy. Test
EBENR. WELCH,
Register of Wills.

Chester Town, November 7th, 1846.
4w

POSTPONED
TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of a DECREE of the High Court of Chancery, the undersigned will expose to public sale to the highest bidder, on MONDAY, the 30th of Novenber 1846, at 10½ o'clock A. M. at the tavern porch of Capt. Carl L. Strandberg in Chester Town, about.

47 1-2 acres,

of land, the propety of Dobbs Joiner deceased, lying near Mr Bacchus' mill, in Kent county, adjoining the mill pond, and on the east side of the road leading from Belle Air, and near the farm of George S. Hollyday, Esq.

About three fourths of the land is arable and the residue in *fuel*.

THE TERMS OF SALE

as prescribed by the Decree are that the purchase money shall be paid in six, twelve snd eighteen months, from the day of sale, in three equal instalments, with interest from the day of sale, to be secured by the bond of the purchaser, with approved security.

GEORGE VICKERS,
Trustee.

Chester Town, Nov'r 7, 1846. } tds

POSTSCRIPT

IN ADVANCE OF THE MAIL!

By sloop Gen. Washington, Capt. Browne.

New York Election.

Philadelphia, 10 o'clk, P. M. Nov. 5.

Returns have now been received from 46 counties, which show a gain for Young, the whig candidate for Governor, of near 20,000 votes, as compared with the last Governor's election. The remainder of of the counties to hear from gave Fillmore, (whig) in 1844, about 1,000 majority, so that Young's majority will be from 10,000 to 12,000.

There are 21 whigs elected to Congress, whilst two others are looked upon as probable, and two others doubtful. The locofocos have elected 7, and have a prospect of 2 more.

There are 5 whig Senators elected, and 2 locofocos—one yet to hear from.

The whigs have elected 57 Assemblymen; the locofocos 39, and the anti-renters 10.

CONGRESSIONAL.—In the last Congress there were 21 locofocos, 9 whigs, and 4 natives.

Silas Wright the great champion of '44 is beaten by Jno. Young, the whig candidate. In 1844 Wright's majority over Fillmore, (w) was 10,033.

New Jersey

Has elected 4 out of 5 whig members of Congress—a large majority of the Assembly and have the popular vote by a large majority.

☞There has been no tidings of the Hibernia yet, further than that the Boston telegraph wires were cut, which is generally considered a premonitory warning that that the news is near at hand. She has now been out seventeen days, which is a long time for a Boston steamer.

THE GEN'L WASHINGTON brings no further news from the Army. A letter from the city of Mexico dated September 27, to a gentleman in N. Y. thus speaks:

"The infernal dissensions are more furious than ever. Civil war is fermenting on every side, a violent and frightful anarchy must soon follow the incessant conflict of opinions and parties which all have tendencies subversive of political and social order, and of the most wholesome laws that protect the welfare of humanity. Robbery and murder stalk abroad, and we have reached a point where there is no safeguard for person or property except in the use of defensive weapons, without which we dare not stir a step.

Markets.

BALTIMORE, November 6, 1846.
Red Wheat—95 to 108.
White wheat—105 to 125.
Old corn—70.
New yellow corn—56 to 58.
New white corn—56.
Oats—28 to 29.
Rye—70
Family flour—$650 to 700.
Super fine flour—$575.
Beans—100 to 106¼.
Mercer potatoes—62½ to 70.

PROPOSALS will be received at the Alms House, until the 2nd December, for Pork—each hog to weigh from 180 to 250 lbs. No proposals will be received for less than 500 lbs.

By order of the Trustees,
JOSEPH HARRIS, Sec'y.

Nov. 4, 1846. 4w

Sheriff, & Collector's NOTICE.

THE undersigned, respectfully inform the public, that his Books have been completed, and he is now ready and waiting, to receive, public dues.

The late period at which he was enabled to complete his books and the present advanced stage of the season, will render absolutely necessary, that he should visit his collections, to meet the urgent demand of the State, for money to discharge the accruing interest of her public debt.

The State Government has adopted and prosecutes, a rigid system of accountability and collection, from public officers and a failure to pay promptly, is visited with suits upon their Bonds, with a denial of continuance, and an award of Judgment and Execution at the first term. No excuse can stay the power of the State or alter her determination. It cannot therefore be expected, that the collector will incur such heavy and serious responsibilites and expenses, and wait from month to month for the convenience of those who may be indebted. The expenses of the county are considerable and requires speedy payment, and the collector's duty, to the State and county—to his securities and himself, forbids delay.

The Sheriff and Collector, therefore, with a pressing earnestness, calls upon all persons indebted for

TAXES AND FEES,

to call at his office and liquidate their accounts,—not in *part*, but in *full*. His anxious desire, is to avoid, everything unpleasant in the execution of his office, but he cannot, under *any circumstances*, suffer himself and securities to be sued, and therefore invokes every one indebted, to make immediate payment.

GEORGE W. SPENCER,
Sh'ff and Collector.

Chester Town, Nov. 7, 1846 } 6w