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THE KENT NEWS.

Frustra,laborat, qui omnibus, placere, studet—"He labours vainly, who endeavors to please every one.

BY E. MANSFIELD. CHESTER TOWN, Md. $1 50 PER ANNUM, in advance

VOL. 12 SATURDAY, APRIL 3, 1852. NO. 49.

BOOTS & SHOES,
AT MODERATE PRICES
FOR CASH

THE SUBSCRIBER has a supply of *Leather*, and is prepared to make all kinds of

BOOTS & SHOES

in the best style, and at low prices, *for cash*

His Capital is in the hands of his customers, and he is not able to continue selling on credit.

He regrets the necessity which forces him to adopt

The Cash System,

as it will compel him to discontinue accounts with many good and highly prised customers, who he would be glad to work for on credit, if he was able to do so. He hopes that this frank explanation will be ample apology, and that his customers, who have heretofore failed to pay when he needed the money, will relieve him from the very unpleasant task of declining to send out work without the money, by uniformly paying their bills, when their work is done

WILLIAM CONYER

Jan'ry 31, 1852

N. B.—All persons indebted to me are requested to call and settle; and if they neglect this notice I will be obliged to place their accounts in the hands of an officer for collection.

W. C.

Udolpho Wolfe's

Aromatic Schiedam Schnapps.

A pure and genuine article, manufactured by him in Schiedam, Holland expressly for medical use, and strongly recommended for a sure and permanent cure of the Gravel; and all obstructions of the urine, arising from the Kidneys or Bladder. For sale by

SIMON WICKES.

Jany 10, 1852.

ROBERTS' Embrocation for sale by S. WICKES.

WRIGHT'S Ague and Fever mixture. "*No cure no pay.*" For sale by S. WICKES.

BALSAM Wild Cherry for sale by S. WICKES.

PAIN KILLER for sale by S. WICKES.

ETHERIAL OIL just received and for sale by S. WICKES.

LAMP OIL just received, and for sale by S. WICKES.

HAMPTON'S Vegetable Tincture for sale by S. WICKES.

BROWN'S Essence of Jamaica Ginger, for sale by S. WICKES.

A CHOICE lot of CIGARS and TOBACCO, just received and for sale bs

SIMON WICKES.

Feb 21, 1852

BOOTS AND SHOES.—The largest assortment ever offered, (many of them made expressly for my sales), can be seen by calling at the Corner where I shall be happy to show them to all who may favor me with a call

ABEL J. REES.

ETHERIAL OIL—An article warranted superior, for sale by

ABEL R. REES.

SUGAR of all grades and prices, from 5 cts per pound upwards—for sale by ABEL J REES.

NAILS—A large stock of Cumberland Nails for sale low by the keg—together with a large assortment of building nails; hardware—to which attention is invited, by A. J. REES.

BRIDLES, Collars, Halters, Trace chains, Trace ropes, Plough lines, &c., &c., for sale low, by

ABEL J. REESE.

FORKS, Shovels, Spades, Hoes—together with a very large stock of Farming Implements, to which the attention of Farmers is respectfully solicited, by ABEL J. REES.

GARDEN SEED'S—A large variety, from the Shaker and Long Island seed growers, for sale by

ABEL J. REES.

SADDLES, for Ladies and Gentlemen, just received and for sale low, by

ABEL J. REES.

WANTED, all kinds of Country Produce, for which the highest market price will be paid, *in cash* by

ABEL J. REES.

Feb. 28. '52.

HORSE BILLS

Neatly Printed at the office of the Kent News.—We'll be us a call.

Ploughs and Castings.

WILEY Ploughs, Nos. 3 and 4; Wiley Improved Ploughs, X and 56; *Minor* and Horton do., Nos. 18 to 21; 2 Furrough and Choenaworth.

T. W. ELIASON has a supply of the above Ploughs, of Baltimore and New York manufacture; for sale at moderate prices. He has also a supply of New York Plough Castings.

Mch 20 1852.

Debt. Judgment, 28th May, 1851, before Emory Sudler Esquire, a Justice of the Peace. James Whiting & Co vs Jonathan Hand.

for $55.47 debt, with interest from the 29th day of March, 1851 till paid, and 83 cents cost. The subscribers having purchased the Real Estate of Jonathan Hand, the defendant above named at a sale thereof in virtue of a Execution, Vendi Exponas, issued upon the foregoing Judgment, made on the 9th day of February, 1852, by John W. Carroll Constable, hereby give notice that they intend to apply to the Circuit Court of Kent county, at its session to be held in Chester Town, on the second Monday of April next for a confirmation of said sale, when and where the said defendant, Jonathan Hand or his creditors, or any other person or persons claiming any interest in the matter, will have an opportunity of making their objections if any they should have, why the said sale should not be confirmed, and for that purpose are hereby warned to appear. The property purchased by the subscribers consists of Mill, Mill Seat, Dwelling and premises at the head of Still Pond Creek, containing 25 to 30 Acres of Land, more or less, and which was sold to the said Jonathan Hand by G. Vickers, Trustee under the Decree of Chancelor in the case of Emily Sanders vs. Mary Ann Bell, as will appear by reference to his report of said sale.

JAMES WHITLING & CO.

March 20, 1852

Guano! Guano! Guano!

THE subscribers are now receiving from ships "Seringapatam," "Reform," and "Persian," their Spring supplies of Peruvian Guano and offer the same in quantities to suit at the very lowest market rates.

They also offer the cargo of Patagonian just imported in Bark Christina. This is one of the best recently imported, being very rich in Phosphates and Ammonia; and is in fine order for sowing, as it is quite dry, and free from stones or other foreign substances. On soils requiring Phosphate, this is decidedly the cheapest manure which can be applied, as we will dispose of it in small lots at the reduced price $22.50 per ton—about one half the price of Peruvian

Mexican Guano closely resembling Peruvian in appearance and containing over 57 per cent. of Phosphate, at $25 per ton, in lots.

These Guanos are all of recent importation, regularly weighed and inspected, and their purity is guaranteed in every case,

1,000 bushels Ground Bone, Kettlewell's Renovator; Ground Plaster, Clover and Timothy seeds, Tar, Salt, Fish, &c.,

W. WHITELOCK & CO.,
Corner Gay and High sts., Baltimore.

March 20, 1852.—3t

IN CHANCERY,

1st MARCH, 1852.

ORDERED, that the sale of the Real Estate of William Shaw, made and reported by the Trustee, J. Earle Rochester be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the first day of May next, Provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Kent county, once in each of three successive weeks before the 20th day of April next.

The Report states the amount of sales to be $2900,00.

True Copy, Test,
LOUS GASSAWAY,
85 Reg. Cur. Can.

Mch 13, 1 2.

Fresh Groceries, &c.

I have just received and for sale, sup. Extra and Family FLOUR, loaf crushed and brown SUGAR; Coffee, Tea, Molasses, Soap, Candles, Rasins, Figs, Almons, Apples, Oranges, Bacon, Lard, Butter and Cheese all cheap—Principee, Havanna Spanish and common Cigars, anti-nervous cavendish and common Tobacco, Traces, Lines, Buckets, Tin and Wooden Ware, Ready made Clothing; blk doeskin pants, blk. and fig silk Vests, sack and other Coats, all cheap—green baize Jackets, Powder and Shot, Gun Caps, Garden Seed, &c. Butter, water, sugar and dyspepsia Crackers. All kinds of produce taken for Goods. My friends and the public are invited to give me a call

WM. BACCHUS.

March 13 '52.

8th Reg't Cav. Dist. Attention!

The Officers and non-commissioned Officers of the 8th Reg't Cav'l, Dist. M. M. are requested to meet at the Hotel of John McDaniel, in Chester Town on the 12th day of April, 1852, at 3 o'clock P. M., as business of importance will be laid before them.

JOHN B. CAMP,
Acting Adg't,
8th C. D. M. M.

March 20, 1852.

THE KENT NEWS.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
Devoted to Agriculture, Politics & Gen'l News.
IS PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.
EDWARD MANSFIELD,
PROPRIETOR.

TERMS:

$1,50, payable in advance—$2 at the expiration of the first six months, or $2,50 at the end of the year—5 copies for $6—10 copies for $10. No subscription received for a shorter period than six months, and no paper will be discontinued until all arrears are paid.

Terms of Advertising.

Advertisements not exceeding twelve lines will be inserted three times for $1, and 25 cents for each insertion thereafter. Larger ones in proportion. A liberal deduction will be made to yearly advertisers. Advertisements must have the number of times marked, or they will be published till forbid, and charged accordingly.

All communications must be post-paid.

POETRY.

JOHN JONES.

A PARODY.

O don't you remember lame Sally, John Jones?
Lame Sally with nose so brown?
Who looked like a clam if you gave her a smile
And went into fits at your frown?
In the old goose pond in the orchard, John Jones,
Where the goslins were learning to swim.
Lame Sally went fishing one wet, windy day,
And by mistake tumbled in.

Under old Sim's brush fence, John Jones,
That winds at the foot of the hill,
Together we've seen the old camel go round,
Grinding cider at Appleton's mill—
The mill wheel is oven wood now, John Jones,
The rafters fell on to a cow,
And the weasels and rats that crawled round as you gaze,
Are lords of the cider mill now.

Do you mind the pig pen of logs, John Jones.
Which stood on the path to the barn?
And the shirt button trees where they grow on the boughs,
Which we sewed on our jackets with yarn?
The pig pen has gone to decay, John Jones;
The lightning the tree overcome,
And down where the onions and carrots once grew,
Grow thistles as big as your thumb.

Don't you remember the school, John Jones?
And the master who wore the old wig?
And the shady crook by the nook of the brook,
Where we played with aunt Catharine's pig.
Mice live in the master's wig, John Jones;
And the brook with the crook is now dry—
And the boys and the girls that were playmates then,
Have all gone to Wisconsin.

There's change in the things I love, John Jones,
They have changed from the good to the bad,
And I feel in my stomach—to tell you the truth
I'de like to go home to my dad.
Twelve months—twenty have passed, John Jones,
Since I knocked off your nose with a rail;
And yet, I believe, I'm your only true friend,
John Jones of the Hurricane gale,

Your Babies are not my Babies.

About thirty years ago, there resided in the town of Hebron, a certain Dr. T., who became enamored of a beautiful young lady in the same town. In due course of time they were engaged to be married. The doctor was a strong and decided Presbyterian, and his lady-love as strong and decided a Baptist. They were sitting together one evening talking of their approaching nuptials, when the doctor remarked:

"I am thinking, my dear, of two events which I shall number among the happiest of my life."

"And pray, what may they be, doctor?" asked the lady.

One is the hour when I shall call you my wife for the first time."

"And the other, if you please?"

"It is when we shall present our first born for baptism."

"What, sprinkled?"

"Yes, my dear, spinkled."

"Never shall a child of mine be sprinkled"

"Every child of mind shall be sprinkled."

"Shall be, ha!"

"Yes, my love."

"Well, sir, I can tell you then, that your babies won't be my babies. So, good night, sir."

The lady left the room and the doctor left the house. The sequel to this true story was that the doctor never married, and the lady is an old maid.

"ABRAHAM, my pet, where is your father." "Don't know mother; but guess he's gone over to Deacon Dillberry's pasture after his black sheep, kase I seed widder Higgins goin, over that way."

That boy got a licking before breakfast, next morning.

A Happy Home,

BY MINNIE.

The first year of a married life is a most important era in the history of man and wife. Generally as it is spent so is is almost all subsequent existence The wife ane the husband then assimilate their views and their desires, or else conjuring up their dislikes, they add fuel to their prejudices and animosities forever afterwards.

"I have somewhere read" says Rev. Dr. Wise, in his Bridal Greetings, "of a bridegroom who gloried in his excentricities. He requested the bride to accompany him into the garden, a day or two after the wedding. He then threw a line over the roof of their cottage.—Giving his wife one end of it, he retired to the side, and exclaimed,

"Pull it over."

She pulled at his request as far as she could. He cried,

"Pull it over."

"I can't," she replied.

"But pull with all your might," shouted the whimsical husband.

But in vain were all the efforts of the bride to pull over the line, so long as her husband held on the opposite end. But when he came round, and the both pulled at one end, it came over with great ease.

"There!" said he, as the line fell from the roof; "you see how hard and inefectual was our labor when we pulled in opposition to each other; but how easy and pleasant it was when we both pulled together! It will be so with us, my reader, through life! If we oppose each other, it will be hard work; if we act together it will be pleasant to live. Let us always pull together.

In this illustration, homely as it may be, there is sound philosophy. Husband and wife must mutually bear and concede, if they wish to make home a heaven of joy and bliss. One alone cannot make home happy. There must be unison of action, sweetness of spirit, and great forbearance of love in both husband and wife to secure the great end of happiness in the domestic love.

Ladies' Repository.

SINGULAR FACTS.—If a tallow candle be placed in a gun and shot at a door, it will go through without sustaining any injury; and if a musket ball be fired in water it will rebound and be flattered as if fired against any hard substance. musket ball may be fired against a pane of glass and if the glass be suspended by a thread, it will make no difference, and the thread not even vibrate. Cork, if sunk two feet in the ocean, will not rise on account of the pressure of the water. In the Arctic regions, when the thermometer is below zero, persons can converse more than a mile distant. Mr Jameson asserted that he heard every word of a sermon at the distance of two miles on a still day, with perfect distinctness.

Useful Receipts.

Preparation for cleaning tin covers.—Boil rotten-stone and a small quantity of prepared whitening in sweet oil for two hours, until it acquires the consistency of cream.

Glue Paste.—Instead of pure water for mixing the flour, use glue water, to which add some alum and rosin to keep it from turning. It must be made very thick.

To take Iron Stains out of Marble.—Mix equal quantity of fresh oil of vitrol and lemon-juice in a bottle; shake it well; wet the spots, and in a few minutes rub them with a soft linen until they disappear.

To Purify Stagnate Water—One part of chalk and two of alum will speedily purify stagnate water; and four parts of animal carbon, and one of alum, are sufficient to purify a thousand parts of muddy river water.

Essence of Nutmeg—This is made by dissolving one ounce of the oil in a pint of rectified spirits. It is an expensive, but an invaluable mode of flavoring in the art of the cook or confectioner.

Essence of Ginger.—Let four ounces of Jamaica Ginger be well bruised, and put into a pint of rectified spirits of wine. Let it remain a fortnight, then press and filter it. A little essence cayenne may be added, if wished.

Philadelphia Bunns.—Take a pound of flour, the rinds of three lemons grated fine, half a pound of butter melted in a coffeecup of cream, a teaspoonful of yeast, and three eggs. Mix; add half a pound of finely powdered white sugar; work well, let it stand to rise well, and it will make 39 buns.

A notorious thief, beginning to be tired of his life, admitted the robbery he was charged with. The judge hereupon directed the jury to find him guilty upon his own confession. The jury having laid their heads together, brought him *not guilty*, The judge bid them consider it again; but they still brought it in *not guilty*. The judge asked the reason.—The foreman replied, "there is reason enough, for we all know him to be one of the greatest liars in the world."

Louisiana Whig Convention.

The following resolutions were adopted by the Whig State Convention of Louisiana on the 16th inst:

Resolved, That our mission as a Republic is not to propagate our opinion or impose on other countries our form of government by artifice of force, but to teach by example and show by our success, moderation and justice, the blessings of self government and the advantage of free institutions.

Resolved, That we regard the series of measures known as the Compromise measures as a final settlement in principle and substance of the exciting subjects to which they refer, and that as such they should be faithfully adhered to and executed.

Resolved, That MILLARD FILLMORE is the decided choice of the Whigs of Louisiana, for the next Presidency.

Resolved, That the name of HENRY CLAY is one which has been associated with the great struggles of the Whig party—that it ought not to be omitted now, and that while we deeply mourn the sad prospect of a near termination of his earthly career; we are consoled by the reflection, that only that of him which is mortal can perish, and that his true patriotism, noble courage, splendid eloquence, profound wisdom and wise counsels, will live forever in the hearts and minds of his countrymen, as monuments for their admiration, and as lessons for their instruction and guidance.

Second and only second to the illustrious Clay, in the estimation of the Whigs of Louisiana, in his connection with the past struggles of their party and with these Compromise Resolutions stands the name of DANIEL WEBSTER, whose fame fills the Union; whose patriotism embraces the length and breadth of the land; whose pure self-devotion, on a recent memorable occasion, proved that he knew no South no North; who will at all times, be named with praise on every sea, and in every land in which the banner of the Union may be unfurled.

Confident that our Delegates will be guided by the well known wishes of the party in selecting men of well tried national patriotism, we pledge ourselves to the cordial support of the nominees of the National Convention

Resolved, That we hereby recommend the Hon. JOHN J. CRITTENDEN of Kentucky, for the office of Vice President of the United States.

Resolved, That, as we have an abiding confidence that the Whig National Convention will nominate for the Presidency and Vice Presidency, candidates who are sound on the Union and Compromise measures, and in favor of maintaining their finality in principle and substance, we therefore appoint delegates to said Convention, to aid in making said nomination in accordance with the above views.

WALTER BRASHEAR,
Chairman,

Mr. N. R. Jennings, of Orleans, submitted the following additional resolutions, which were read and adopted:

Resolved That notwithstanding the Whigs of Louisiana declare that Millard Fillmore is their first choice for President, they feel a lofty pride in the conviction that they have in their ranks other able and distinguished men under whose banner they would do battle with equal zeal and energy.

CLAY AND KOSSUTH.—The following is from a lengthy article in the New Orleans Crescent:

But we have a question to ask here: There is the man Kossuth, and there is the man Henry Clay.—Which is the truer man of the two? We say, Henry Clay. There is more real physical courage in Henry Clay than forty Kossuths. Henry Clay would lead armies, or what is more, sacrifice presidencies, to do what he thought right. Had he been Kossuth, the armies of Hungary would have known his lofty figure in their midst—would have heard his voice and seen his person in the thickest of the battle's fray. Had he been Kossuth, when Kossuth learnt Gorgey's threats and qualed, he would have swung the traitor from the highest turet of the nearest castle. Is there an American who doubts that?

This is the difference betwen the two men. Kossuth has vanity and eloquence; Clay is imperial in will, but democratic in sentiment and impulse. Kossuth is a demagogue in will, an aristocrat in sentiment, and has no impulse. He was an aristocrat in Hungary, a Red Republican at Marseilles, a Constitutional Monarchist in England, and is a Republican in this country; he did not wish our intervention at one time, and now, inflated with a hurra, he wishes the extreme of intervention.

Here are two personal influences widely different. Which is the nobler? We say, the bold, fearless unhesitating American statesman—the man who is the same thing always; changed only by convictions, and not by latitudinar expediency; and who dies uninvested by the Presidency, only because he was true to himself.

Report of the State Agricultural Chemist.

The second annual report of Dr. Higgins, the State Cemist among other important agricultural statistics, gives the analysis of eight specimen of pure Peruvian Guano—the first of which presents the following result:—

Water,	16.16
Organic matter and salts of Amm	57.13
Sand,	1.17
Earthly phosphates,	19.46
Arkaline salts,	6.08
	100.00

Ammonia supplied by this specimen 18.94 Samples are then given of adulterated Guano, which yield only 11.89 in the 100 parts. These investigations were made in England, and in reference to these Dr. Higgins remarks:

"What must be thought now of Guano containing 35 per cent. of sand, of those which contain but 4 to 10 per cent. of ammonia, or of that which contains 3 flour barrels of pebble-stones to a ton. Be they purposely adulterated, which I do not charge; be they impurities natural to it, the phase of the matter is not charged to the purchaser—he should receive an equivalent for his money, that equivalent is not to be found in sand or gravel stones. The above analysis from samples taken with the greatest care, show what we have a right to expect in No. 1 Peruvian Guano. The average of all the analysis made by this gentleman show the average composition of undamaged Peruvian Guano to be of

Ammonia,	17.41 per cent.
Phosphate of lime	24.12 "
Potash	"

In England this manure is offered for sale *guaranteed* to contain 16 per cent. of ammonia by the ton of 2240 lbs., at a less rate than it is sold here with no guarantee for 2000 pounds, because protected (?) by an inspection which allows in some instance 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 6 and 17 per cent. of ammonia alike to pass as No. 1."

Whatever (says the Clipper) may be the cause of the adulteration of Guano, the actual quantity should be known to the purchaser, that he may know whether or not he is receiving an equivalent for his money. To purchase Guano as genuine when it possesses only from four to ten per cent. of the most fertilizing properties, instead of from 16 to 18, is a bad business for the cultivator of the soil. To prevent this injustice, the Legislature provided for the appointment of an inspector, who from the nature of the business, should be a good practical chemist. We presume that the article is sold by the importer as is received; but this does not diminish the injustice done to the purchaser; who, paying the price for the genuine article, should not be asked to receive one of very inferior quality. But how is the evil to be corrected? It might be required of the inspector to give an analysis of all Guano offered for sale, and that it should be sold by such analysis—in which case the purchaser would know the precise character of the article he buys. If farmers become convinced that they are deceived in the quality of the article which they purchase, Guano must soon cease to be a popular fertilizer, or be greatly diminished in price.

CULTIVATING FRUIT TREES.—The Prairie Farmer in speaking of the injury to young orchards occasioned by the common practice of sowing them to grain and seeding to grass, makes this fair comparison. "Small grains in the orchard are worse than pepper in Lemonade.—So we think." He might have added that they are about as nourishing to fruit trees, as ten penny nails would be to a horse, or a Scotch-snuff pudding to young children.

When did Great Britain require the aid of all her philosophy?

When the genius of Hobbs exposed the fallacies of their profound Locke, and America and her seers did not allow John Bull to save his Bacon.

☞An Irish paper says that among those mortally wounded at Waterloo, was Major O'Brien, *afterwards* Mayor of Dublin.

☞"Landlord," said an exquisite, "can you enable me to realize from your culinary store the pleasure of a few dulcet murphies, rendered innoxious by igneous martyrdom?" He asked for a sweet potatoe baked.

Magistrate—"What brought you here sir?" Prisoner—"Two officers, please your honor."—Magistrate—"Then I suppose liquor had something to do with it?" Prisoner—"Yes, sir, they were both drunk."