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THE KENT NEWS.

Frustra, laborat, qui omnibus, placere, studet.—"He labours vainly, who endeavors to please every one.

BY E. MANSFIELD. CHESTER TOWN, Md. $1 50 PER ANNUM, in advance.

VOL. 14. SATURDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1853. No. 22.

Shell Lime.

THE subscribers having greatly enlarged their means for burning Shell are now prepared to fill all orders for Shell Lime. They therefore would confidently say to farmers that they need not fear getting a supply at any time when it may suit their convenience to order either SHELLS or SHELL LIME.

B. S. & P. HOLT,
Foot of West Falls Avenue.
BALTIMORE, Aug. 10, 1853.—3m.

Important to Farmers,

THE undersigned have for sale the remainder of the stock of SEED DRILLS, PIERSON'S PATENT. They are desirous of occupying the building in which they are stored for other purposes, and will sell the Drills at a very considerable deduction if called for soon.

This will probably be the only opportunity to procure this superior Drill, the low price we offer them at being no inducement to continue their manufacture. Persons not acquainted with the merits of the Drill, can see the most satisfactory "Recommendations" at the office of the subscribers, on second and Lombard streets, Wilmington, Del.

BUSH & LOBDELL.
Aug. 13, 1853.—2m.

Tax Notice.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the tax payers of the 1st Election District of Kent Co., that their taxes for the present year are due, and in his hands for collection. He also begs leave to remind them that the law allows to the Collector a very short period for the settlement of his accounts, hence he can not practice much, if any, indulgence in the discharge of his duties, therefore it should not and need not be expected.

The subscriber's place of doing business is in the Sheriff's office, in Chester Town.

JNO N. McDANIEL,
Deputy for James Mansfield.

N. B—All persons who pay their taxes on or before the 1st of September, will be entitled to a deduction of 4 per cent on their State Tax.
Aug. 13, 1853.

Carriage, Harness Making, &c

THE undersigned having taken the establishment formerly occupied by Messrs. T. & O. P. Jones, would inform the public that he is prepared to do

All Work

in his line, in the best manner.

JOHN GREENWOOD.
July 30, 1853

N B.—All persons indebted are requested to call and settle without further notice, as he is in want of money.

JNO. GREENWOOD.

BUSINESS NOTICE

THE subscriber has just received in the city with a lot of fresh *FLOUR—Family, Extra and Superfine,* and a fresh lot of

GROCERIES,

and with a good lot of *BRANDIES, WINES, & HOLLAND GIN,* which will be sold low for the cash.

JOHN BORDLEY.
July 16, 1853.

YEAST POWDER, a very nice article for family use. 12½ cts. per box.
WM. P. FRANCIS.
July 03, 1853

PLOUGHS and Plough Castings, constantly on hand and for sale by
WM. P. FRANCIS
Apr. 30, '53.

LAND WARRANTS.

THE highest price will be paid for Land Warrants at the Office Kent News.

A good supply of Bridles, Collars, Traces, lines, Buckets, Tubs, and also fine Table Salt in bags.

WILMER & WALKER.

JOS. N. GORDON.
COMMISSION MERCHANT
No. 9 Bowley's Wharf,
BALTIMORE.

SHINGLES.

A SUPPLY of good *Cypress Shingles* well seasoned and in a good condition to make a tight roof, just received and for sale by T. W. ELIASON.
July 16, 1853.

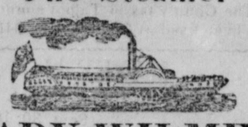
BLACK SILKS.

T. W. ELIASON has just opened a very fine assortment of Black Silks of superior quality.
July 16, 1853.

Change of Hour

On and after Monday next, August 1st,

The Steamer



LADY WILMER

Captain William Wilson,

WILL run as follows, until further notice:

Leave Port Deposit on Mondays at 9 o'clock A. M. for Fredericktown and Georgetown.

Leave Fredericktown and George Town on Mondays at 2 o'clock P. M. for Philadelphia.

Leave Philadelphia on Tuesdays at 2 o'clock P. M. for Fredericktown and Georgetown.

Leave Fredericktown & Georgetown on Wednesdays at 2 o'clock P. M. for Philadelphia.

Leave Philadelphia on Thursdays at 2 o'clock P. M. for Fredericktown and Georgetown.

Leave Fredericktown & Georgetown on Fridays at 2 o'clock P. M. for Philadelphia.

Leave Philadelphia on Saturday at 2 o'clock P. M. for Port Deposit *direct,* touching at Turner's Creek, Ford's Wharf, Port Herman, and other intermediate Points.

WM. H GILPIN, Agent.
Phila., July 30, 1853.

Lumber Yard.

BOARDS, RAILS, SCANTLING, SHINGLES, &c., &c.

A FULL ASSORTMENT of White Pine and Hemlock Boads, Plank, and Rails; White Pine and Hemlock Flooring (some of it suitable for barn and granary floors, *very low priced*) of 1, 1¼, 1½, and 2 inch thickness and full lengths—Siding or ½ inch Weather Boarding, Joists, Studding, Cypress Shingles, &c., &c., now on hand and for sale on very accommodating terms, by CHAS. H WICKES.

☞Some of this Lumber is thoroughly seasoned and perfectly dry.
July 23, 1853.

Farm
FOR SALE.

A FARM situated in Broad Neck, Kent County, Maryland, and lying on the navigable waters of Langford's Bay, containing

110 ACRES,
MORE OR LESS.

The land is improved, and the BUILDINGS in excellent condition. FISH, OYSTERS, &c, may be found in abundance, near the premises; FRUIT of the best kind may also be had.

This is a beautiful water situation, and the purchaser could procure more land, adjoining, if the farm be too small. For terms, &c., address the Editor Kent News, or

JACOB G. MASLIN.
Chestertown, July 23, 1853.

Valuable Farm
FOR SALE.

THE subscriber will sell at private sale, his FARM & PLANTATION, about one mile from Chester Town, and containing

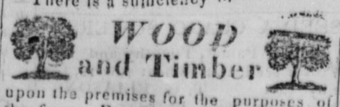
481 *ACRES.*

This Farm lies beautifully on Chester River and is one of the best locations in the county. It is divided into nine fields, six of which is well watered, and enclosed by good fencing. There has been 25 600 bushels of lime put upon the premises within the last few years. The land is of fine quality.

The improvements consist of TWO BRICK DWELLINGS, and a frame Dwelling upon the lower part of the farm; and the new road from Chestertown to Millington divides the farm in half, and there could easily be made two farms

with a DWELLING upon each. The said dwellings are each one and a half stories high, and to one of them are attached a Kitchen and Bake House, a Wash and Smoke House, 18 by 16 feet, a large Barn, 45 by 50 feet, (nearly new) together with Stables, Poultry Houses, &c., &c.

There is a sufficiency of



upon the premises for the purposes of the farm. For further particulars address JOSEPH GOUFF.
Chestertown, Md., July 23, 1853.

FRANKLIN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA.

THIS old and solid Company, with a surplus fund of $1,315,534 invested to pay losses, will make Insurance against fire, on Dwellings, Stores, and Farm Houses, also on Furniture and Stocks of Goods. Liberal settlements, and prompt payments, have characterized the operations of this Company.

Address GEORGE CAREY, Agent,
Baltimore, Md

July 23, 1853.

New & Cheap Cash SADDLE, HARNESS, TRUNK & COLLAR ESTABLISHMENT.

A. W. Russell & Co,

WOULD respectfully inform their friends and the public generally, that they have commenced the above business in all of its various branches, and will manufacture to order and keep constantly on hand a full assortment o

SADDLES, BRIDLES, TRUNKS, COLLARS, COACH, CARRIAGE, CART, AND WAGGON HARNESS; CARRIAGE, RIDING & CART WHIPS;

FLY NETS, TRACE CHAINS, CARPET BAGS, HALTERS, HITCH REINS,

And all other articles usually kept in our line of business, which we will sell low for the CASH.

☞REPAIRING DONE WITH NEATNESS AND DISPATCH

They hope, by strict attention to business, to share a large portion of the public patronage, and do particularly solicit a call before purchasing elsewhere.

Choster Town, July 9, 1853

T. McCAFFREY,
MARBLE CUTTER,
EAST PRATT STREET,
BETWEEN PRESIDENT AND ALBEMARLE,
BALTIMORE, MD.

MONUMENTS, TOMB & GRAVE STONES, of every description, done in the neatest style, and on the most reasonable terms. All orders thankfully received, and punctually attended to. All work forwarded free of charge.

For further particulars see Editor Kent News.
July 23, 1853.—1y.

LINEN TABLE DAMASK

BLEACHED and Brown Linen Table Damask & Scotch Dispers, for sale cheap by T. W. ELIASON.
July 16. 1853.

LUXURIES.

SEGARS, Tobacco and Snufs, variety of kinds, of the best quality, for sale by

JOHN RUSSELL.
May 14, 1853.

AN Assortment of Plough Castings Hollow ware, Spades, Shovels & Forks, at

W. N. E WICKES.
May 7, '53.

REFINED *MACHINE OIL* and Lamp Oil, for sale by
T. W. ELIASON.
July 23, 1853.

Ladies Dress Goods.

BEREGE DE LAINS—Bereges—Challa's Armenia Cloths, Organdies, Lawns, Embroidered, dotted and plain Swiss, Plaid and plain Cambric Muslins &c., a very large assortment, for sale by W. N. E. WICKES.
May 7, 1853.

HARDWARE—Shovels, Forks and Spades.—T. W. Eliason has a good supply of Shovels, Forks, Spades, Knives and Forks, Scissors, Locks Hinges, Spoons, &c, for sale cheap.

TWENTY THOUSAND Assorted Brands of Segars which will be sold to suite the taste of all Lovers of good Segars. WM. P. FRANCIS.
April 30, '53.

BUCKETS, TUBS & BROOMS—A good supply on hand and for sale by WM. P. FRANCIS.
July 30, 1853.

TO RENT.

FOR the ensuing year the BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, on Maine street, (up town) now occupied by Dr. Anderson. Apply to

JAS. W. PHILLIPPS.

Chestertown July 30 '53.

A good supply of Wheeler's Slippers and Walking Shoes on hand and for sale by WM. P. FRANCIS.
July 30, 1853.

THE KENT NEWS.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
Devoted to Agriculture, Politics & Gen'l News.
IS PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.
EDWARD MANSFIELD,
PROPRIETOR.

TERMS:

$1,50, payable in advance—$2 at the expiration of the first six months, or $2,50 at the end of the year—5 copies for $6—10 copies for $10. No subscription received for a shorter period than six months, and no paper will be discontinued until all arrears are paid.

Terms of Advertising.

Advertisements not exceeding twelve lines will be inserted three times for $1, and 25 cents for each insertion thereafter. Larger ones in proportion. A liberal deduction will be made to yearly advertisers. Advertisements must have the number of times marked, or they will be published till forbid, and charged accordingly.

All communications must be post-paid.

POETRY.

Is the Whig Party Dead?

THE WHIG PARTY DEAD! When truth is forsaken,
And Reason, confounded, retires from her throne—
When the solid foundations of Virtue are shaken,
And madness shall stalk forth in triumph alone;

When Liberty's host in dismay are disbanded,
And the Star-spangled Banner no more be unfurled;
When Freedom shall weep for the ship of State stranded,
And Freedom's last hope shall be banished from the worlded—

When anarchy dire shall reign throughout the Nation,
And darkness shall hover over Freedom's last fires,
And Tyranny triumph in wild exultation,
Then the Whig party, with Freedom, expires.

MISCELLANEOUS.

INVENTIONS.

Having accidently come across the dates of the following inventions, we did not know that we could make a better use of them than to pass them over to fill some vacant corner in your paper.—They may be of some convenience to your readers for reference:

Glass windows were first used in	1180
Chimneys in houses —	1236
Lead pipes for conveying water	1252
Tallow candles for light —	1292
Spectacles invented by an Italian	1299
Paper first made from linen —	1302
Woolen cloth first made in England	1331
Art of painting in oil colors —	1410
Printing invented — — —	1440
Watches made in Germany —	1477
Variation of compass first noticed	1540
Pins first used in England —	1543
Circulation of human blood first discovered by Harvey — —	1619
First newspaper published —	1630
First steam-engine invented —	1649
First fire-engine invented —	1663
First cotton planted in the United States — — — — —	1769
Steam engine improved by Watt	1767
Steam cotton-mill erected —	1783
Stereotype printing invented in Scotland — — — —	1785
Animal magnetism discovered by Mesmer — — —	1788
Sabbath school established in Yorkshire England — —	1789
Electro-magnetic telegraph invented by Morse in — —	1832
Daguerrotype process invented	1839

[*Lewiston Farmer and Mechanic*

The above summary of important inventions and discoveries is believed to be generally correct, and we republish it for the benefit of our readers. But at least one item is erroneous—that which attributes to the year 1630 the publication of a newspaper. Long before that time, about 1563, *written* sheets were occasionally prepared in time of war, and read as political bulletins now are on election days. Those who availed themselves of the privilege of hearing the the news read paid a small coin called *gazetta,* from which is supposed the common name of gazette is derived.—This custom originated in Venice, and even when a regular journal had been established there, and the art of printing was well known, it long continued to be distributed in manuscript.

However, the compiler of the above list probably intended *printed* newspapers. But it is well known that an English newspaper was begun in 1588, at the epoch of the Spanish Armada, when the Spanish fleet were in the English channel. It was entitled *The English Mercurie* and several of the earliest numbers may be seen in the British Museum.

The history of journalism, from the days of these brief and official announcements to the present, regularity, enterprise, and influence of the press, affords a chapter of enlightened progress well worthy the study of inquirers into the causes of our advancement in the arts and sciences; it will well explain the gradual diffusion of intelligence and correct principles of thought in morals, and the happy expansion of political and social blessings.—*Nat. Intelligencer.*

Awful Tragedy.

One of the most awful tragedies that ever happened in this county, occured at "Plaindealing," the residence of T. R. Loockerman, near Royal Oak, on Thursday night, about 10 o'clock, which resulted in the death of John Loockerman, aged about 17 years. As near as we can ascertain, the following are the circumstances: It appears that for some time past, the inhabitants of "Plaindealing" have been troubled by the discharge of bricks and other missiles, at the house and the inhabitants. On the night stated, bricks were thrown, and R. Hughey overseer, and Wm. H. Kercheval, gardener, were on the watch with guns, accompanied by T R. Loockerman. A brick was thrown, when Hughey fired without effect. Kercheval then said he saw a man a short distance from them, when Loockerman told him to fire at him. He did so, and upon arriving at the spot, John Loockerman, a brother of T R. L., who, it is said, had just come out out of the house, was found dead, a rifle ball having pierced his head just above the temple. Kercheval immediately started for Easton, and upon his arrival gave himself up and was committed for examination. Loockerman was arrested yesterday morning by Sheriff Clark, and committed to jail in default of bail, for threatening the life of Kercheval.

Kercheval is an old man, a native of England, and is very fond of the Loockermans, and is greatly distressed at the occurrence. It was very dark where the affair occurred. He is not, we believe, censured by the community.—Young Loockerman was very much liked by his acquaintances, and was a quiet peaceable youth, and pleasant companion. Loockerman is evidently much affected at the loss of his brother under such heart-rending circumstances.

The jury of inquest rendered the following verdict: that Mr. John Loockerman came to his death accidently, by a ball or slug fired from a gun or rifle, supposed to be in the hands of Wm. H Kercheval.—*Easton Gazette.*

A Riot at Somerset Ohio.—The Philadelphia Sun says it is feared that the attache of Gen. Welch's Circus, killed during the late riot at Somerset, Ohio, is Mr. Geo. Russel, his well known treasurer. The riot originated in consequence of a laborer from the railroad having refused to quit smoking a pipe among the audience.—He was about to be put out, when his comrades came to his aid, and seized and carried out one of the circus men. A severe fight ensued, during which one of the laborers was killed. This exasperated the rest, who were joined by others. They seized a number of arms belonging to the State, loaded a cannon with spikes and stones, and were about to fire on the circus, but fortunately a boy spiked the touch-hole with a file. Various skirmishes ensued, until the military were ordered out, the rioters disarmed, and peace was proclaimed. Besides having one man (who was quietly attending to the horses) killed, the circus lost six horses, and 2 or three of its men were wounded. It is reported that fourteen of the rioters were shot down by the military. The murderer of the circus man and the leader of the riot were arrested.

AN ITEM FOR THE MARVELLOUS.—The following remarkable statements were made to us by Mr. Robert L. Ellis, of Milford, deacon of the first Baptist Church in that town, and a very excellent man. On Wednesday evening last, a Mr. Edwards, a member of a band, died suddenly at his residence on Ship street. Mr. Ells kindly called upon the afflicted family to tender his services to perform those offices required at such a time. He had been in the house but a few moments when he heard the notes of a post-horn coming seemingly from an apartment in the house; the sounds—the same notes were repeated at intervals of from five to ten minutes, at least half a dozen times. Annoyed by it, he searched the house and vicinity to discover the cause, but without success. There were ten or twelve other persons in the room and all of whom heard the sounds, and were utterly at a loss to account for them. Mr Litchfield, a very respectable man who occupies a part of the house, suggested that the sound proceeded from a certain closet. It was opened, and they were more distinct. On [illegible] the post-horn of the deceased [illegible] by request, the sounds [illegible] been heard. It was remo[illegible] ed. It was remo[illegible] ceased and have not since [illegible]
—*Boston Chronicle, 2d.*

A FREE FIGHT.—The following is a description of a free fight in Western Virginia, as related by one of the eye witnesses thereof. Premising that there was but one man struck, in answer to an interrogatory as to who he was, the narrator replies:

"I reckin he was from low down on Guyan, some whar. Jes as they war jawin, a chap rode up on a clay-bank hoss—I reckin he was Messinger stock, a scrowgin an *emil a leetle* mite blind of both eyes—a peert lookin chap enough, an' when he got ferment the place, ses he, "Is this a free fight?" an' they told him it wor. "Well," ses he, gitting off and hitchin his old clay bank to a swingin limb, "count me *in!*" He hadn't mern'n got it out, afore some one fetched him a lick, an' he drapt. He riz dreckly with some *difickulty,* an' ses he, "Is this a free fight, and they told him it arr. "Well," ses he, unhitching his hoss, an' putting his left leg over the leather, "count me *out!*" an' then he marvelled."

Table talk, or knocking, sometimes leads to embarrassing results, as is proved by the following gossip current at Berlin. A party met, the other night, and formed a chain, and when the fluid was in movement, a married lady present, put the question—

"How many children have I?"

Tap, tap, tap, tap—or four, replied the table.

"True; wonderful!" exclaimed the lady, and all others.

Presently her husband came in, and asked the same question.

Tap, tap—or two, was the answer.

The effect produced by this may be better conceived than described. This might be termed "scandalous table-talk."

☞"Will you help me out of this mud hole," said a travelling druggist who had just been compelled to stop his team in a mud hole because he couldn't pull the wagon out. "No, I can't stop," said the Yankee, who was heavy loaded, and was fearful that he would be too late for the cars. I would take it as a great favor, besides paying you" said the former. "What are you loaded with?" said the Yankee. "Drugs and medicines," said he. "Well I guess I'll try to get you out then, for I am loaded with tombstones." They were seen traveling together after that.

GAMBLING AND MURDER.—The Lewisburg (Va.) Era states that six men who went to Lick Creek Church, in that county on Sunday, the 4th, instead of listening to the sermon, retired to a place near by, commenced gambling, and finally got into a terrible fight, which started the whole congregation. On several of those in church reaching the spot, they found three of them lying upon the ground insensible. One of them, Philip Boyer died in five minutes after having received several mortal stabs; another was fatally, and the third severely wounded. The other three had fled.

WORTH REMEMBERING.—If a person falls in a fit, and the face be pale, let him remain on the ground; for should it be fainting or temporary suspension of the heart's action, you may produce death by raising the body or by bleeding. But if the face be red or dark colored, raise the body and keep it constantly in an upright position, throw cold water on the head, and have the person bled immediately, or fatal pressure on the brain may ensue.

☞The little darling: he didn't strike Mrs. Smith baby a purpuss, did he?—It was a mere accident, wasn't it, sonny?

Yes mar, to be sure it was, and if he don't behave himself I'll crack him again!

"John, I wish it was as much the fashion to trade wives as it is to trade horses."

"Why so, Pete?"

"I would cheat somebody most shockingly bad before night."

☞Why is a clock the most humble thing in existence?

"Because it always holds its hands before its face, and however good its work may be, it is always running itself down."

☞"If it was not for hope the heart would break," as Mrs. Perkins said when she buried her seventh husband, and looked anxiously among the crowd for another.

☞An Irishman, in writing a sketch of his life says, that he ran away from his father because he discovered he was only his uncle.

☞There is an old fellow in High-Gate, who snores so loud that he is obliged to sleep at a house in the next street, to avoid waking himself.

☞"I'll take your part," as the dog said when he stole the dinner.

☞There was a white frost at Louisville, on the 21st.