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THE KENT NEWS.

Frustra, laborat, qui omnibus, placere, studet---"He labours vainly, who endeavors to please every one.

BY E. MANSFIELD. CHESTER TOWN, Md. $1 50 PER ANNUM, in advance.

VOL. 14. SATURDAY, APRIL 1, 1854. No. 48.

A. J. REES & CO.,
REES' CORNER, Md.
GENERAL DEALER IN
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
Hardware, Cutlery.
IRON, STEEL, NAILS, CASTINGS. AXES, CHAINS, SHOVELS, FORKS, HOES, Queenware, China, Glass Tin & Stoneware
BOOTS, SHOES & BROGANS, SADDLERY, HATS, CAPS AND BONNETS,
Drugs & Medicines,
Paints, Oils, and Dye Stuffs,
WINDOW GLASS AND PUTTY,
PAINT BRUSHES,
PERFUMERY, FINE SOAPS AND BRUSHES
Spices, Snuffs, Manufactured Tobacco.
PATENT MEDICINES,
FANCY ARTICLES,
Superior Inks, Letter and Cap Paper Steel Pens, and Stationery,
SCHOOL BOOKS, &c.
Together with a large assortment of fresh and seasonable goods all of which have been selected with special regard to the wants of this section of country, and will positively be sold at the lowest market prices.
Feathers, Flax Seed, Tallow, Bees Wax, Lard, White Beans, Dried Fruit, and other Country Produce received in exchange, at highest market price.
Jan. 2, 1854—tf.

TO THE ADMIRERS OF FINE HORSES
IN KENT COUNTY.
THE SPLENDID young Stallion "VALENTINE," (grand son of Badger's imported Valentine) bred in Talbot county, Md., by Commodore John N. Hambleton, U. S. N.
Valentine
will be five years old the coming April, 15½ hands high, a beautiful blood bay, with legs, mane and tail, well broke to harness, and is a fine saddle horse. His time will be let to mares the coming spring, commencing 10th of March and ending 10th of June. The subscriber desirous of affording a chance to the farmers of Kent, and the public generally, has concluded to let this horse at the moderate sum of $8 the season. For Pedigree, &c., see printed handbills.
The public are respectfully referred to Col. W. Minnick, Esq., Kent county, Md.
EBEN. W. NATZ, Owner.
St. Michaels, Talbot Co., Md. }
April 1, 1854,—3m. }

REMOVAL!
CHEAP, CASH BOOT & SHOE STORE.
The subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has removed his Boot and Shoe Store to the shop lately occupied by Wm. Coulter, where he will keep on hand, and manufacture to order all kinds of
Boots & Shoes
at shortest notice, and in the most workmanlike manner, and on accommodating terms FOR CASH. As he uses the best materials, he feels confident that those who may patronise him will have no cause to complain. MENDING done with neatness and despatch. He hopes by strict attention to business to receive a share of the public's patronage.
EVAN W. LYNCH.
April, 1854.—6m.

Notice.
The Steamer "LADY WILMER," Captain WM. WILLSON, On and after Wednesday next the 22d inst., will leave Philadelphia, from Race street wharf, at 4 o'clock, P. M. for Wilmer's Point, touching at Turners Creek, Cassidy's, George Town and Fredericktown.
Returning, leaves Wilmer's Point on Thursday, at 9 o'clock, A. M., George Town and Fredericktown at 2 o'clock P. M. for Philadelphia, touching at intermediate places, and arriving in Philadelphia early on Friday morning.
March 18, 1854—tf

HARDWARE—Shovels, Forks and Spades.—T. W. Eliason has a supply of Shovels, Forks, Spades, Hoes and Forks, Scissors, Locks, Spoons, &c., for sale cheap.

BROWN, Crushed and Loaf Sugars, Rio and Laguyra Coffee, a fresh Teas on hand and for sale by
B. B. PERKINS.
dec. 17, 1853.

VALUABLE Farm for Sale.
THE subscriber, intending to leave the State, offers at private sale his Farm, lying on Chester River, adjoining the Spencer land and others, containing
301 Acres,
situated on the public road leading from Millington to Chester Town, four miles of the from the former and eight from the latter place. The Farm is divided into six fields, and under good fencing 240 Acres is in arable Land, of kind soil and well improved—the remaining 60 Acres, is in
WOOD & TIMBER.

The Buildings consists of a new two story Frame Dwelling and Kitchen—the out buildings, Corn Houses, Granary, Stabling, Carriage House, Meat House; &c. are all new and in good order.
There is on the Farm a Peach Orchard of 2300 Trees—a part of the orchard is in full bearing. This Farm is convenient to Church, Mill and markets, and one of the best neighborhoods in the county. If sold by 1st March, possession will then be given.

Apply to J. T. PALMATARY,
Chestervilie, Kent co. Md
Jan. 21, 1854—2m
Del. Republican copy law 4w and send bill to this office.

To Farmers, Merchants & Others.
THE undersigned still carries on the
Iron Foundry
in Chester Town, and has on hand a large quantity of materials which he will manufacture to order. His workmen are among the best in the county. The moulder having served his time in New York, the
CASTINGS
which his establisment shall turn out will be equal to any manufactured in that city.
CARTS, WAGGONS, PLOUGHS &c., &c.,
made to order at the shortest notice and low rates.
Blacksmithing, &c.
done in the best manner.
He would particularly call the attention of the Merchants and Farmers of Kent and the adjoining counties, to his castings—they will be sold as cheap as can be purchased elsewhere.
H. W. ERNEST.
Feb 18, 1854.—tf.

PROPOSALS.
THE subscriber desires to contract with a master builder for the erection of a large
GRANARY AND STEAM BOAT PLATFORM WHARF,
in this town, and invites personal application. An addition will also be put to his House and Stableage to prepare it for a
First Class Hotel.

Advances will be made to a contractor for material, and the cash paid for the whole when finished, which is desired to be as soon as possible.
JAMES E. BARROLL.
Chester Town, }
March 8, 1854. } 3t.

LUMBER
AT LOW PRICES
FOR CASH
AT
Wilmer's Point.
W. ADDISON LONG, Agent.

GUANO,	PLASTER,
FISH,	SALT,
FLOUR.	PLOWS.

AND PLOW CASTINGS.
W. ADDISON LONG, Agent,
Wilmer's Point

Grain Wanted
AT WILMER'S POINT.
Apply to
W. ADDISON LONG, Agent
Feb. 25, 1854.

HARDWARE, Queensware, Hats Caps, Boots and Shoes, Wheelers Morocco Slippers and walking Shoes, on hand and for sale low by
B. B. PERKINS.
dec. 17, 1853.

LOCAL LAWS.
FOR KENT COUNTY.

An Act,
Imposing a Tax on Dogs to protect the raising of Sheep in Kent County.

SECTION, 1.—Be it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That from and after the passage of this act, all Dogs in Kent County shall be Taxed at the following rates, that is to say for every dog kept by any person or persons, the owner or owners shall pay annually, the sum of fifty cents for the first dog, and for each and every one thereafter, the sum of Twenty-five cents, and it shall be the duty of the commissioners, and they are hereby authorised and required, to cause an accurate list to be taken, annually, by some person or persons appointed, by them, for that purpose in the said county, of all dogs of three months old and upwards, owned, or possessed by any person or persons, within said county, or kept about their premises.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, That when the commissioners of said county shall have ascertained the number of Dogs, they shall Levy and cause to be collected the sum of fifty cents for the first dog, and Twenty five cents for each and every one thereafter and to be collected in the same way and manner, as the State and County Taxes are now collected, and for which the said collector or collectors of the said tax shall receive six per cent or more if deemed inadequate by the said commissioners or a majority of them, and it shall be the duty of the commissioners or their Clerk to keep a separate account of the money raised from said tax, and it shall be and is hereby Levied collected retained and appropriated as a fund indemnifying any and all losses of sheep by dog or dogs to any person or persons, Provided nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to indemnify any person or persons, who may have been damaged by his own dog, when it appears that the said dog or dogs were in the habit of worrying sheep and the same being known to him or her.

SEC. 3. And be it enacted, that when any person or persons in said county shall have any sheep killed crippled or worried, by any dog or dogs, he or she may apply to any Justice of the Peace in the county who shall and is hereby authorised to appoint three disinterested and qualified persons, who shall be authorised and required to ascertain the damages so sustained, to the owner or owners of such sheep killed or crippled &c. when they have ascertained the damages so sustained they, or a majority of them shall certify under oath to the commissioners of said county, who shall draw upon the collector or collectors, so appointed to collect said tax, for the amount of damages, but, if there should be no funds in the hands of the said collectors, he or she may then refer to acceptance of the collector, and be entitled to the first money in hand, arising from the said tax, and in no case shall the appraisers estimate the damages higher than the cash value, and all appraisement shall be in accordance with the damages done, and the appraisers fee shall be each 33⅓ cents, and the Justice fees the same as in State cases.

SEC. 4 And be it enacted, that every dog kept or permitted to remain on or about the premises of any person or persons of said county it shall be deemed sufficient evidence of ownership to authorise the collector or collectors, to return the said person or persons as the rightful owner of said dog, or dogs, and any person evading the Law by sending their dog from place to place, and proof had of the fact, he or she shall be liable for double tax, and every dog returned as having no owner may be lawfully killed by the collectors, or any one authorised by them or either of them, and for so doing shall be entitled to fifty cents, and more if deemed necessary by the commissioners, to be paid out of the fund raised from the tax upon dogs

SEC. 5. And be it enacted, That if any dogs shall be seen or known to worry sheep it shall be lawful for any citizen seeing or knowing the fact, to kill such dog, or dogs, and any person or persons having a dog or dogs, that is known to have worried sheep, and the fact being made known to him or her and he or she does not kill said dog or dogs, and they be seen, or known to worry or found at the place where any sheep may be killed by dogs, it shall be proof of their guilt and the owner or owners, shall be liable for the amount of said damiges.

SEC. 6 And be it enacted, That no free negro or Mulatto shall keep but one dog and before he or she shall be so entitled to keep said dog, shall first obtain from some Justice of the peace in and for said county, a certificate and any negro or mulatto, failing to comply with the provisions of this act shall pay the sum of one dollar in addition to the tax, upon said dog, and the collector is authorised and required to kill said dog or dogs, and for every dogs killed under the provision of this act belonging to negroes or mulattoes, the person so killing said dogs shall be entitled to 25 cents for each and every dog so killed, and the collectors are authorised to demand, in every case, the certificate, in each and every year, and nothing herein contained shall authorise and permit any negro or mulatto to keep a bitch, and for any violation of this act, by keeping a bitch, he or she shall pay the sum of five dollars.

SEC. 7. And be it enacted, That any money that may be in the treasury or the hands of the collector or collectors so appointed to collect or hold said fund at the expiration of one year, from the time of assessment, and in each and every year thereafter: provided it be over and above paying all demands of damagys sustained to said inhabitant, in the loss of sheep by dogs, and shall be by said treasurer or collector upon the warrant of the commissioners be paid over to the Clerk of county or the trustees of Primary Schools, for said county, provided that they or a majority of them shall deem it expedient.

SEC. 8 And be it enacted, That nothing herein enacted shall be, so construed, as to apply to Incorporated towns governed by municipal laws and regulations, that is to say no tax shall be levied upon any one of its inhabitants, for any dog or dogs, to be applied to the sheep fund, and nothing contained shall be so construed as to permit free negroes or mulattoes of said towns to keep more than one dog

SEC. 9. And be it enacted, That the commissioners aforesaid shall have power to employ any person or persons to take a list of all dogs as required by the first section of this act, in such manner, at such time, and on such terms as to them may seem most exspedient, and useful, for the purpose contained in this act, and the compensation of such person or persons taking said list of dogs, shall be fixed by the said commissioners and payable out of the fund arising from the tax on dogs, as herein authorised, and out of no other fund.

SEC. 10. And be it enacted, That the commissioners may, in their discretion if deemed necessary or expedient increase or diminish the said tax.

March 25, 1854.

AN Act amendatory to the Act of eighteen hundred and two, chapter eighty one, to promote the more general diffusion of information respecting the proceedings of the Commissioners of Kent county.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland,* That so much of the second section of the act of eighteen hundred and two, chapter eighty one, as requires notice to be given, by written statements set up in the various election districts, of the several counties of the State, of all monies levied for county purposes, be and the same is hereby amended, so far as the same relates to Kent county, so as to permit the County Commissioners of said county to cause said notice to be given either in the manner prescribed, by said section, or by advertisement in a newspaper printed in said county, for at least three successive weeks prior to the first Wednesday of November next and so in like manner, in each and every year thereafter; Provided that not more than seventy dollars be allowed to any paper for any one year.

SEC. 2. *And be it enacted,* That this act shall take effect from and after its passage.

AN act to suspend the operation, for a limited period, of the sixth section of the act "entitled an act to provide for the election of Road Supervisors in the several counties of this State," passed at the session of eighteen hundred and fifty three, in the counties therein mentioned.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland,* That the County Commissioners of Queen Ann's co. and Kent county, be and they are hereby authorized to increase the compensation of road supervisors, in those respective counties, beyond the amount now allowed under the sixth section of the act, "entitled an act to provide for the election of Road supervisors, in the several counties of the State," passed at the session of eighteen hundred and fifty three, in the counties therein mentioned, for the years 1854 and 1855.

SEC. 2. *And be it enacted,* That this act shall take effect from its passage.

AN act amendatory to a supplement to an act, "entitled an act for the relief of the poor of Kent county, passed December session eighteen hundred and thirty, chapter one hundred and fifty one.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland.* That the Commissioners of Kent county, be, and they are hereby authorized and required, at their meeting on the second Monday of April next, and in each succeeding year thereafter, to appoint three discreet and proper persons, qualified agreeable to the provisions of the original act, one of whom shall be taken from the first election district, one from the second election district and one from the third election district, to be Trustees of the poor of said county.

SEC. 2. *And be it enacted,* That from and after the second Monday of April next, the overseer of the poor shall have full power to receive any applicant for admission, between the times of meeting of the said Trustees, and at the first meeting thereafter, the said applicant so admitted, shall be heard.

SEC. 3. *And be it enacted,* That any thing in the original act to which this is amendatory to a supplement to an act passed December session, eighteen hundred and thirty, chapter one hundred and fifty one, relating to Kent county, which is contrary to or inconsistent with the provisions of this act, be and the same is hereby repealed.

SEC 4. *And be it enacted,* That this act shall take effect on the tenth day of April next.

THE KENT NEWS.
A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
Devoted to Agriculture, Politics & Gen'l News
IS PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.
EDWARD MANSFIELD,
PROPRIETOR.

TERMS:
$1,50, payable in advance—$2 at the expiration of the first six months, or $2,50 at the end of the year—5 copies for $6—10 copies for $10. No subscription received for a shorter period than six months, and no paper will be discontinued until all arrears are paid.

Terms of Advertising.
Advertisements not exceeding twelve lines will be inserted three times for $1, and 25 cents for each insertion thereafter. Larger ones in proportion. A liberal deduction will be made to yearly advertisers. Advertisements must have the number of times marked, or they will be published till forbid, and charged accordingly.
All communications must be post-paid.

POETICAL.

American Poetry.

The following beautiful little song, written by the late Dr. Costill, of this city, at the time when the Cherokees were ordered to leave Georgia,—was first published in the "U. S Gazette" 1830.—It is well worthy of republication.—*Phil. Ledger.*

THE INDIAN'S SONG.

Lo! the poor Indian!—POPE.

Land where the brightest waters flow,
Land where loveliest forrests grow;
Where the warrior drew the bow;
Native land farewell,

He who made yon stream and tree,
Made the white, the red man free;
Gave the Indian's home to be
'Mid the forrest wilds.

Have the waters ceased to flow?
Have the forrest's ceased to grow?
Why does our brother bid us go
From our native home?

Here in infancy we play'd:
Here our happy wigwams made.
Here our father's graves are laid:
Must we leave them all?

White man tell us God on high,
Is pure and just in yonder sky,
Will not then his searching eye
See the Indian's wrong?

Extraordinary Scene in an Indiana Court.

The Richmond Palladium of last week has the following account of very singular scene which occured on the opening of the court in New Castle, Henry co., Indiana:

At New Castle we found quite an excitement existing in regard to the President Judge of this Circuit, Hon. Judge A—. The court met on Monday morning, but, before proceeding to business, a member of the Henry county bar presented a petition, signed by every member of the bar in that court, asking, in most respectful terms, his honor to resign his seat upon the bench. The gentleman who presented the petition stated, however, that, in case he would not resign, the petitioners had agreed among themselves that they would not do any business in the court so long as he presided. Another gentlemen addressed the court, re-asserting the determination they had agreed to, and urged in very plain terms the necessity of a resignation. Another followed, expressing the high personal esteem he entertained for the Judge as a gentleman and a *tavern keeper*, but justice required him to say that he regarded the present incumbent of the bench as utterly unqualified for the place he occupied, and hoped he would resign. He was followed by another, and he by another, until every member had in plain terms expressed his opinion of his incapacity, &c. With a nonchalance peculiar to his honor, he told the gentleman of the bar that he would think of the matter, and in the mean time would proceed to business. He called the called the cases upon the docket, and every case which had not been compromised was *continued* until the next term of the court.—Court was adjourned for dinner, and in the afternoon a petition signed by the jury was presented to the Judge asking him to resign. His honor asked time to consider, when the lawyers proposed to him that, if he would agree in writing never to come to that county again for the purpose of holding court, and would send some one in his place, they would be content to drop the matter, so far as they were concerned. The Judge again took the matter under *advisement*, and, we are told, finally promised never to come to that county again for the purpose of holding court until he should be sent for, and would either send some other Judge to hold the court, or permit the Judge of the Court of Common Please to hold court in his stead. So ended the matter for the present.

FACTS FOR MECHANICS.

St. Paul was a mechanic; a tent maker. Our Saviour was a mechanic; a carpenter. The great Architect of the universe, in the mechanism of the heavens and the earth, with its productions, animate or inanimate, displays a power and skill which human hands and human wisdom may attempt to imitate, but which they can never equal or ever approach.

Next to farmers, mechanics are the most numerous and the most important class of the community. Whatever promotes their interests, of course promotes the interests of the public. Ever mechanic, in every operation, brings into use some principle of science, which principle it is, of course, his interest and his convenience to understand.

Every apprentice boy, no matter how assidious or how rigorous his employment, if he spends a few moments daily in useful reading and other modes of improvement, is certain to be a man of future influence and respectability.—That apprentice who seeks most assiduously the interests of his employer, promotes most effectually his own interests; as character is the best capital a young man can have for the commencement in business

Mechanics, like farmers, make safe and enlighted statesmen. They are well educated in schools of experience. Who can be better qualified to make laws for aiding these operations of business than those engaged in these operations?

In 1820 a few farmers in a small village in Massachussetts, organized a society entitled the "Milbury Branch of the American Lyceum," its object, the mutual improvement of its members and the "diffusion of knowledge over the globe." From that humble but dignified origin has arisen the general institution of lyceums, now in almost every section of the country, and many Islands of the Atlantic and Pacific.

It is evident that if farmers and mechanics throughout the country should enlist in earnest in the great work of self education, they might reform and perpetrate our republican institutions and hand down pure Christian republicanism to posterity. Without that step it is equally evident that though the American Republic may retain its name, republicanism, especially in America, will soon be known only among the things that were

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ANAGRAM.—The following anagram of Napoleon's name, is translated from a French journal, which says that the name is composed of two Greek words. Napos and Leon, which signify the Lion of the Desert." The letters of the same name, ingeniously combined, present a phrase which offers a singular analogy with the character of that extraordinary man,

1	Napoleon.
6	Apoleon.
7	Poleon.
3	Oleon.
4	Leon
5	Eon.
2	On.

By striking off the first letter of this word, and pursuing the same course with each following word, six Greek words are formed which, litterally translated in the order designated by the figures, signify, Napoleon, being the lion of the people became a destroyer of cities.

To make a young man look wretched tell him that his miserly, rich old uncle is a getting better very fast.

The man who made a shoe for the foot of the mountain, is now engaged making a hat for the head of a discourse.

The man who "took a seat" is requested to bring it back again.