THE AMERICAN UNION

Sixty-Fifth Year. DENTON, MARYLAND, THURSDAY AFTERNOON, MARCH 2, 1922 $1.00 Per Year.

DEATH OF THE REV. MR. Z. H. WEBSTER

Well Known Minister Had Been Confined to Bed for Fifteen Weeks

END CAME FRIDAY EVE.

After an illness lasting several years, the last 15 weeks of which confined him to his bed, the Rev. Mr. Zack H. Webster, quietly and peacefully passed over the Unknown River last Friday evening, Frebruary 24th, a little after 8:30 o'clock. Mr. Webster was a patient sufferer, never complaining and always with a cheery smile and a kind word for every one. During his last confinement he was in such condition that he was not permitted to have any visitors. Previous to this he had been in the best health he had known for several years.

Mr. Webster was in his sixty-third year, having been born on Deals Island, Md., October 18, 1858, a son of Samuel and Sarah Jane Webster. He attended the public schools on the island until he was 17 years old and then followed the sea for five years, from 1875 to 1880. He then taught in the county schools until 1886, at which time he felt that he was called to the ministry. He was appointed a supply and sent to the Pocomoke Circuit being taken into the conference the following year. He served the following charges during his ministry: Delmar, Del.; Asbury M. E., Wilmington, Del.; Laurel, Del.; Rising Sun, Md.; Milton, Del.; St. Michaels, Md.; Townsend, Del. He occupied the pulpit in the Denton M. E. Church from 1894 to 1899.

At the annual conference in 1920, Mr. Webster retired from active service, due to bad health and moved to Denton, where he has lived until his death.

In December, 1882, Mr. Webster married Miss Elizabeth Brewington, of Deals Island. This marriage was blessed with seven children, all girls, five of whom are living. Mrs. Webster died in 1898.

On November 18, 1902, Mr. Webster again married, the bride being Miss Salile Violett Stevens, of Denton, who survives him.

During the years of his ministry, Mr. Webster was greatly interested in the temperance work and did much for that cause. During his pastorate here, in 1895 he started the present chapter of the Epworth League of the M. E. Church.

Funeral services were held in the Methodist Church here Tuesday afternoon at 1 o'clock, the Rev. Mr. Vinal E. Hills, officiating, assisted by visiting clergy of this section. Those attending were, the Rev. Messrs. Dudley, Denton M. P. Church; Pilcher and Revelle, of Hillsboro; MacSorley, Federalsburg; Jones, of Delmar; Leach, of Greensboro; White, of Ridgely; and Zack H. Webster Wells, of Wilmington. The latter was named for Mr. Webster. The services at the church were very short and only the usual services at the grave were performed. Many beautiful floral decorations were received by the bereaved family in honor of the esteem in which their husband and father was held by their many friends.

Mr. Webster is survived by his widow, one brother, George W. Webster and one sister, Mrs. Sarah J. White, both of Baltimore; five daughters, Mrs. Edward M. Fowler, of Laurel, Del.; Mrs. Lawrence J. Harrington, of Moore, Pa.; Mrs. T. Barton Freeney, of Delmar, Del.; Mrs. H. Ernest Conwell, and Miss Helen Webster, of Wilmington, Del., and one grand child.

Chautauqua Date Set

June 6th is the date set for the Denton Chautauqua this year, according to a letter received by Secretary of the Chautauqua, W. I. Norris, last week.

Swarthmore Chautauquas are well known in this vicinity and every one is looking forward to the good program they have in store for this week in June. It will not be long now until the tickets are here and then the week of real pleasure under the brown tent.

Want Pastor to Return

At the meeting of the members of the Methodist Protestant Church last evening, Dr. M. Bates Stephens was elected as delegate and Mr. J. Ed Nichols, alternate, to attend the annual conference which will be held in April at Chestertown, Md.

By unanimous consent, the delegates were instructed to request the return of their pastor, the Rev. Mr. J. A. Dudley.

Dinner Party Tonight

Mr. and Mrs. H. Clay Hopkins entertained this evening several friends at a 5 o'clock dinner. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Edward E. Nuttle, of Federalsburg; Mr. and Mrs. Henry T. Nuttle, of Andersontown; Mr. and Mrs. Harry F. Knotts, Queen Anne, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel G. Nuttle and Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Hobbs, of Denton.

ROE—MURPHY

Mr. Thomas Clayton Roe, Jr., of Tuckahoe Neck, and Miss Mary Elizabeth Murphy, of Andersontown, were married last Saturday evening in Federalsburg, by the Rev. Mr. MacSorley.

Mr. Roe is a son of Mr. and Mrs. A. Clayton Roe and Mrs. Roe is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Murphy. They will reside in Delmar where Mr. Roe is working.

The wedding took place at the home of the groom's grand mother, Mrs. S. E. Williams, in Federalsburg.

Miss Harriet Murphy fell from the porch at her home and broke her leg just below the knee.

POST MORTEM FINDINGS OF CAROLINE COUNTY TUBERCULIN TEST REACTORS

Recently a shipment of 31 head of tubercular cattle, tested by Dr. A. H. Bryan, was made to Wilchens Staats & Co., Wilmington, Del., for slaughter under Federal Meat and Inspection service regulations. A deputation of three farmers, representing the Federalsburg reacting cattle owners were present at the first day's kill. The gentlemen present were the Messrs. C. A. Pepper, G. W. Ruff and Harry McMahon. The postmorten work was carried out by Dr. C. Repp, chief of Wilmington Federal Meat Inspection Force and Dr. A. H. Bryan who tested the cows. Of the first ten cattle that were slaughtered, two were generalized cases, in other words the whole carcasses were involved, and badly tubercular. The remaining eight all showed well marked lesions in various organs of the body, but mostly lung lesions. The following day after the deputation had returned home, the remaining 21 head were slaughtered. Eight of the 21 were extremely bad cases and were condemned for fertilizer. Of these eight, two showed well defined tubercular nodules in the udder or mammary glands, which is significant in that the milk from these cows must have been infected. One calf of 6 months old, showed lesions throughout the entire intestinal (gut) tract, which meant that positive evidence was there, that the calf must have been infected with tuberculosis through drinking the tubercular mother's milk. Every one of the 31 reactors showed well defined tubercular lesions, proving that the tuberculin test was 100 per cent. perfect. Official confirmation, or detailed reports covering any animal slaughtered may be obtained by applying to the U. S. Bureau of Animal Industry, 825 Fidelity Bldg., Baltimore, where complete post mortem records are kept of every tubercular animal slaughtered.

Twenty head of Denton reactors will be shipped today to the Baltimore Union stock yards. Mr. W. A. Cawley will be on hand to represent the Denton owners and watch the slaughter of the cattle, and observe the tubercular lesions check up the test. The accuracy of the tuberculin test will again be proved by the post mortem findings.

POTATO CLUBS DEMONSTRATE VALUE OF DISEASE-FREE SEED

Because 225 boys in Butler County, Pa., showed that the use of disease-free seed potatoes last year resulted in increasing the yield one-third, Butler County farmers have ordered 10 caroloads of disease-free seed potatoes for planting this year. The boys were enrolled in 11 potato clubs conducted in cooperation with the United States Department of Agriculture and the State College of Agriculture. Each boy purchased 1 busnel of disease-free potato seed brought from New York, which was planted beside home-grown seed for comparison and to demonstrate the value of disease-free seed. Field meetings were conducted in August to show diseases and differences in appearance under growing conditions.

In October the potatoes were dug and club demonstration meetings were held. It was found that the disease-free seed was responsible for about one-third of the increase in yield over home-grown seed, the other two-thirds being due to better cultural methods.

Sixty-five of the boys secured an increase of 39 per cent. with disease-free seed, as compared with their fathers' home-grown seed. Each boy was given a bushel of disease-free seed.

This Is the Month—

To gather sap.

To order nursery stock.

To watch the wood and coal piles dwindle.

To help the "egg factories" to get going full blast.

To start tomatoes and cabbage in hot houses or in boxes in the house.

To supply green food for the poultry. Alfalfa sprouter is ideal; farmer clover is also good.

To keep the houses warm after extreme in the cold. Lack of care may mean a serious loss.

To burn brush. See that all the trash is gathered from the fields and lots.

To keep a record of eggs laid. Such a record many times is most interesting and full of surprises.

To spread the accumulated manure. Better get it out now than to wait until next month when the spring rush starts.

To make sure all harness and implements are in shape to go into the field. Next month you will want every minute for plowing.

To spend some of the long evenings with the children with their lessons. The children will appreciate it and you will have more regard for their teachers.

To look at the label on Farm Life and see that your subscription is renewed.

Celebrated Weeding Anniversaries

Last Monday evening Mr. and Mrs. Tilghman Fisher entertained at dinner Mr. and Mrs. Vide Lednum and Mr. and Mrs. Fred Johnson.

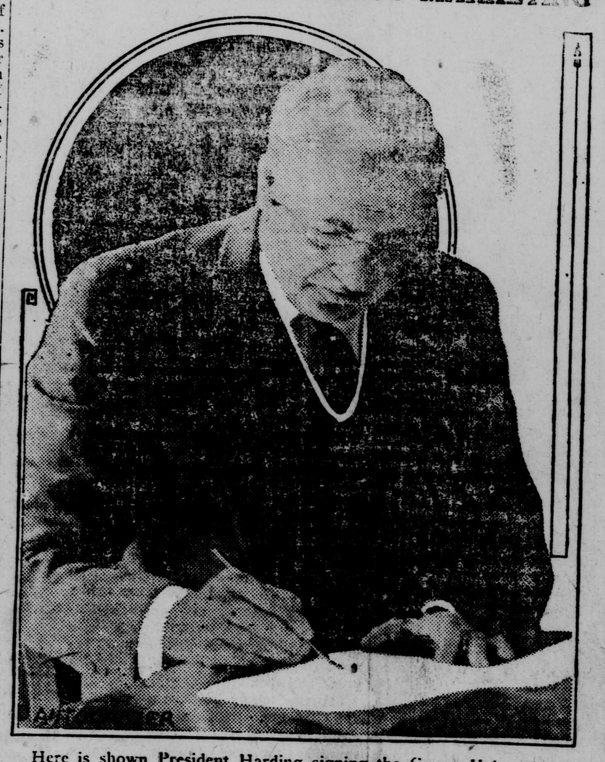
The dinner party was given in honor of the wedding aniversaries of the three couples, the date for the first two being the 27th and for the latter, the 26th. A very enjoyable evening was spent and the dinner served was delicious.

Stockholders Meeting

There will be a general meeting of the stockholders of the Farmers Supply Co., Inc., in the Court House, Denton, Md., on Saturday, March 4th at 1 p. m. A full attendance is desired as four new directors are to be elected.

By Order of the Board of Directors of The Farmers Supply Co., Inc. ad

FARM BLOC GETS DIRECT MARKETING



Here is shown President Harding signing the Capper-Volstead bill which makes legal, co-operating marketing by farmers. It is the first signal victory for the Farm Bloc in Congress. This new law permits farmers to pool their crops and sell direct to consumers, thus doing away with the middleman's profits.

BRUSH MAN AT DENTON HAS AN ATTRACTIVE LINE

R. H. Bunney, Fuller Brush representative for Caroline county, now at Denton, is canvassing this territory, introducing to local housewives the many useful features of the Fuller brushes. His line is meeting with uniform approval. Those already acquainted with the brushes are doubly pleased with the quality and labor saving features and are strongly recommending them to their friends. Mr. Bunney makes personal calls with a complete line of brushes, demonstrating their uses, and acquainting housewives with the many ways in which the brushes eliminate disagreeable features of housekeeping. Especially welcome and pleasing is the gift brush being presented free of charge to each housewife. Also the prize contest being run during the month of March by Mr. Bunney is stimulating much interest among the local people. Twenty-five valuable prizes are going to be given away to 25 lucky people of Caroline county on April 1st. Be sure and read full details about this contst on page seven. Attention is also called to Fuller Brush advertising in the Saturday Evening Post and the Ladies' Home Journal.

Lenten Services in Christ Church

Lenten services will be observed by the members of Christ Church, Denton during the lenten season, as follows:

Ash Wednesday, morning prayer, litany and penitential office with an address by the rector at 10 a. m.

First Sunday in lent, March 5th. The Rt. Rev. George W. Davenport, S. T. D., will visit the parish and celebrate the Holy Communion at 11 a. m.

Celebration of the Holy Communion will also be observed on Sunday, April 2d, at 11 a. m.

Other Sundays in lent, morning prayer with sermon at 11 a. m., except Sundays, March 12th and April 2d when there will be evening prayer with sermon at 7:30 p. m.

Special services will be held on every Wednesday at 4 p. m. and every Thursday at 7:30 p. m.

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The Rev. Mr. Alward Chamberlaine will visit Holy Trinity, Greensboro, and make an address on Thursday, March 2d at 7:30 p. m.

The Rt. Rev. George W. Davenport, S. T. D., will visit Holy Trinity Church and administer confirmation on Sunday, March 5th, at 7:30 p. m.

The Rt. Rev. Mr. Davenport will also hold confirmation services in Christ Church, Denton, on March 5th at 11 a. m., and at Hillsboro, at 3 p. m. of the same day.

Classified Ads Bring Results

In last week's issue of The American Union a lost ad was inserted for an auto tag. The paper was published about 6 o'clock Thursday evening and by 8:30 the next morning the owner was notified that the tag was found.

Another man had several incubators to sell. A classified ad sold the incubators and the man had several other requests.

Classified advertisements placed in The American Union pay and will pay you. What have you to sell or what do you want to buy? Put in an ad and see the results.

Parent-Teachers' Asso. to Meet

The March meeting of the Parent-Teachers Association will be held in the High School auditorium Monday, March 6, at 8 p. m.

An interesting program, which includes the appearance of such noted artists as Caruso, Kreisler, Alma Cluck, etc., has been arranged. It has also been learned from good authority that refreshments will be served also.

NOTICE TO DAIRYMEN AND CATTLE OWNERS

An unscrupulous cattle dealer is attempting to buy tubercular cattle, for $10 a head, and in turn sell them at a big profit in the cities. The Maryland State Board of Agriculture, and U. S. Bureau of Animal Industry, dispose of tubercular cattle through their veterinary inspectors to reputable packing houses, where the highest possible prices are paid the farmers. Many tubercular cattle in the early stages of the disease, in good beef condition bring from $15 to $45 dollars, depending upon how much of the carcass is condemned. Cattle owners are advised to have nothing to do with such dealers, unless the Veterinary Inspector, or Official of the State and Federal Departments of Agriculture sanctions the dea.

This same dealer is busily engaged in advising farmers who have not had their cattle tested yet, to sell him all their cows at about ten dollars a head to avoid the possibilities of having their cows condemned later, and receive nothing for them. Such statements are utterly false. The government and state pays indemnity to all cattle owners, who submit their herds to the test, on all reactors. The owner of tubercular cattle, however, must prove six month's ownership before he can receive the indemnity. This prevents unlawful trafficing of suspicious or reacting cattle. Also dairymen should take notice that tuberculin testing is at present not compulsory in Caroline county, so under no circumstances have anything to do with dealers who come to you with such stories. The work of tuberculosis eradication is extremely important in its relationship to the health of a community. There are dealers who are endeavoring to use the "tuberculosis scare," to obtain cattle at very low figures, and sell them at high prices. Have nothing to do with them. The federal and state departments of agriculture are co-operating with dairymen and cattle owners by furnishing the services of qualified veterinarians and further indemnifying farmers, by paying for reacting cattle to make up the farmer's loss. The proposition is absolutely square, and straightforward, so do not believe people who try to make you believe otherwise, especially if they want to buy your cattle for a small amount.

Dr. A. H. BRYAN,
Veterinary Inspector, U. S. Bureau of Animal Industry, Baltimore, Md.

Entertained at Dinner

Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Davis last Friday evening, in honor of Mr. Davis' birthday, gave a very delightful card party and dinner at their home on 5th avenue.

Those present were, the Messers W. S. Butler, George Wilson, Howard Pastorfield, Judge Steele, George Dever, Frank Redden, John MacIntosh, Reuben Rairigh, T. R. Green, William Rickards, W. H. Dean and Brewster Dean. A very elaborate dinner was served consisting of five courses. An enjoyable evening was spent playing cards.

Birthday Party

Friends of Mr. Charles Steelman, last Wednesday evening gave him a party in honor of his 19th birthday.

Twenty-six friends were present at the gathering, some of whom were: Miss Esther Dunham, Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Porter, Miss Marie Eaton, Nellie West, Edna Speicher, Marion West, Ida Culver, Mattie Moore, Rebecca Cohee, Mildred Colson, Daisy Bowdle, Hazel Towers, Elaine Porter, Grace Hubbard and Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Murphy, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Roe, Messrs. Thomas Griffin, Harry Piickering, Charles Belle, Boone Beauchamp, the Rev. Mr. J. A. Dudley and Mrs. John Steelman. A very pleasant evening was enjoyed by those present. Refreshments were served.

Job Printing?—The American Union

WORK OF CHILDREN'S BUREAU EXPLAINED

Established in 1912 After Long, Hard Campaign With Opponents

PAMPHLETS ON CHILD CARE

As we take up this brief study of the Children's Bureau of the United States, and what we may do to assist in making it of real service in our own community, and to all the mothers and children in America, let us think of it as our "Children's Bureau". It is a part of the work of our Government; every piece of work carried on, every survey made, every bit of literature sent out is our work.

It is our "Children's Bureau" whether we have children or not, because we are Americans and we are interested in all of America's children.

The Children's Bureau was established in 1912 as a result of the conviction on the part of many individuals and organizations that there should be such a service in the Federal Government.

It was not an easy matter to secure the Act which provided for this Bureau. The American Child, the quarterly magazine issued by the National Child Labor Committee, in its November 1921 number says: "The long campaign for the establishment of the Children's Bureau was one of the dramatic events in Washington during the last decade. The proponents of the measure urged the importance of safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children as well as conserving forests and waters and spreading the gospel of better garden seed and livestock, while the opponents of the bill drew alarming pictures of the invasion of domestic privacy by agents of the federal government and fought their futile fight with all the aid that ignorance, misapprehension and self-interest could render."

Perhaps it was not strange that this "ignorance, misapprehension and self-interest" had to be overcome for the establishment of the Bureau. Too little thought had been given to community responsibility, to nation responsibility for the welfare of the child. Children, like Topsy, just "grew" and responsibility for physical growth and moral degeneration was laid upon the parent only.

Today, the fact is being emphasized, that what affects one child in the community affects many children; that no child is safe until all children are safe, that if we would protect and care for the individual home, we must protect and care for the community.

In the Act which established the bureau it was directed to perform the following functions: "Investigate and report to said department upon all matters pertaining to the welfare of children and child life among all classes of our people, and shall especially investigate the questions of infant mortality, the birth rate, orphanage, juvenile courts, desertion, dangerous occupations, accidents, and diseases of children, employment, legislation affecting children in the several states and Territories.

In the Act which provided for the Bureau, special emphasis was laid upon the following objectives: Infant mortality, birth rate, juvenile courts, dangerous occupations, diseases of children, employment, legislation affecting children in the several States and Territories.

We know of the remarkable work of Miss Lathrop, Chief of the Bureau, in behalf of the recently passed Maternity-Infancy Bill; of the great work for a well enforced birth-registration law in every state; of the surveys covering Juvenile Delinquency and the pamphlets on Juvenile Courts; of the Child Labor Surveys; of the many pamphlets and leaflets of special help to the young mother.

As we read the pamphlets issued by the bureau, as we consider the many big pieces of constructive work which have been carried on, as we read the annual reports of the chief, Miss Lathrop, we rejoice in knowing that in the nine years since it was established the Children's Bureau has accomplished more than its advocates could have asked or hoped for, under the appropriation allowed.

The Bureau sends out this information regarding its present system of work:

"At the present time the bureau does no administrative work. The methods which it uses to promote the welfare of children include scientific research through field investigations and the compilation and summary of published material; the presentaiton of the results of these studies in the form of technical reports, which are of value to students and to persons engaged in child welfar work; the preparation of popular bulletins and dodgers adapting to the use of individual mothers the results of the bureau's researches; the preparation of material for magazines and newspapers; experimental work particuiarly in rural areas, and the means by which they may be met; correspondence with individual mothers and with representatives of public and private agencies and personal consultations with representatives of such organizations by members of the staff.

The bureau is divided into five divisions: Hygiene, industrial, social service, statistical, and editorial.

The work in the Hygiene Division includes the prepartion of bulletins on the care of infancy and childhood, intended for the use of individual mothers; rural surveys on maternal and infant care; co-operation with other divisions in studies of infant mortality and the relation of industry to child welfare; and the operation of health demonstration units.

The last-named activity includes the work of the Child Welfare Special, which is a motor unit, the staff con-

(Continued on Page 8)

NATIONAL CANNED GOODS WEEK

Blessings of Canned Products Brought to Mind by National Observance

EXPERT METHODS USED

National Canned Foods Week, which is being observed throughout the country March 1st to 8th, under the auspices of canners, food brokers, jobbers, retailers and allied organizations, may seem somewhat like "painting the lily". With most of us, every week is canned foods week. But we have come to take canned foods so much for granted it is undoubtedly well for us to be reminded of just what the invention of canning really means to us. Although less spectacular, the science of cannnig was a discovery only equaled in importance by such inventions as the telephone, the wireless and the aeroplane. When we stap to realize that food, shelter and clothing are man's most vital needs, and what a large proportion of our food is preserved for us and brought to us today in canned form, we better understand the full significance of this important discovery.

Pickling or drying were the only methods of preserving foods that were known up until about a century ago. In 1795 the necessities of war prompted the French Government to offer a reward of 12,000 francs for a better method of food preservation. The prize was awarded to Nicholas Appert and his method stands today as the real basis of our present process of canning, namely, hermetic sealing and sterilization by heat.

This discovery has added immeasurably to the world, because it has meant that at times of harvest the surplus crops, which it is impossible to get to market before they spoil, have not had to go to waste, but have been preserved for use at other periods of the year when Nature is producing less and when, but for science of canning, we would have to subsist on much less attractive fare. This is conservation in the broadest and most economic sense of the word.

But the process of canning not only benefits the world at large; it has very definite advantages for each of us as individuals, for that much talked of Mr. Average-Man-in-the-Street and his Housewife-in-the-Kitchen. "Canning" eliminates the seasons. In effect, it "makes summer last all the year around", and in midwinter brings us the crops of midsummer.

And canning also eliminates space or sectionalism, for those of us who live in the interior may still enjoy oysters, crabs, lobsters and other sea foods whenever we wish; and those of us who live in the eastern states may nevertheless have access to the delicious fruit crops of California and Hawaii. And so on the world over. The pioneer in Alaska, the miner in the mountains of South America, the explorer in the Anarctic, men and women everywhere on the fringes of civilization all have at hand thanks to the can, the same wholesome appetizing foods that are served to the most exacting guest in an exclusive New York hotel.

Because the science of canning has so done away with time and space with respect to food, the can has come to be known as the a modern genie of the home. The housewife whose pantry shelves are well stocked with canned foods is able to chose her meal from whatever corner of the world her whim suggests.

There are very few women in the country that do not know the great convenience of canned foods, that comfortable feeling which comes from knowing that you have directly at hand practically every sort and kind of food, literally from soup to nuts foods that are cooked and ready to serve, requiring at most no more than a few moments preparation.

And women have the satisfaction of knowing, too, that they have a quality of food that they may serve to the particular guest or to the most delicate child. For canned foods are selected at just the right point of ripeness or other condition, that makes them best for eating. And then makes them best for eating. And then, being cooked or prepared within the can, they retain all the nutritive value and delicious flavor of the fresh product. Indeed, there are conditions surrounding the marketing of make them inferior to the canned.

The wholesomeness of canned foods —scientifically prepared under conditions of the most scrupulous sanitation has long been recognized. There is perhaps no more emphatic evidence of this than the views of military and medical authorities who point out that in event of an epidemic, requiring that a community have pure and wholesome food, no more safe and certain means of protection could be adopted than to eliminate the use of all but canned foods.

Even after years of usage there are still many of us who do not fully appreciate the infinite possibilities of canned foods. It is for education along these lines that Canned Foods Week was instituted and grocers throughout the country are now displaying their wide variety of canned foods, while manufacturers tell us by printed word how we may use their many products to best advantage for our health and happiness.

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to thank all our friends and neighbors for the many acts of kindness shown us during the sickness and burial of our dear husband and father.

Mrs. W. E. CRANE,
MILO L. CRANE.

For unusual and beautiful Easter and birthday cards, see our stock, just received.—The American Union.

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