THE JOURNAL.

WM. HENRY LEGG, Editor.

DENTON, SATURDAY MORNING, March 1, 1873.

Increased Congressional Pay.

We predicted, a week or so since, in our remarks on the effort in Congres to increase the salaries of the President, Vice-President, members of Congress, &c., that, though the effort was, for the time being, defeated, that it would ultimately be successful. The Credit Mobilier swindle has been exposed, and the ring broken up. So much bribery and corruption has one way or another been unearthed, that the Congressional pick-pockets and thieves seem almost afraid to ply their old vocation.

Beast Butler whose thievish propensity is too strong to be easily overcome, and whose ready wits are always equal to any emergency, organized a raid upon the treasury under cover of the law, by nearly doubling their own salaries at the end of the session, when these salaries are fixed by law, and they well knew this fact, and the amount when they were begging and pleading with the *dear good people* to send them to Congress. Twenty-five hundred dollars each is to pocket, under cover of law, over and above the salary fixed by law. The President is offered $100,000 to sign the bill in the form of additional salary.

"Mr. Butler, the House being in committee of the whole, a few nights since renewed his motion for increase of salaries." "Mr. Upsor moved to amend by making it apply only to the next Congress."

Mr. Butler warmly advocated his motion of increased salaries to the present, as well as to future Congreses, ridiculed the virtue and modesty of those that apposed it. He said he could give a remedy to every gentleman who did not think this increase of salary a proper one. Let him not take it. (Approving Laughter.) Knowing the material that he was working with, and their propensity to extortion and steal, he continues, "sign a pledge not to take it (ironically) virtuous men, and true men, come up and sign the pledge. (Laughter and applause.) Mr. Randall sustained Mr. Butler, and did not think this an occasion for an over exhibition of virtue.

Mr. Hawley (Conn.) opposed Mr. Butler's amendment, and declared 'that the gentleman who belonged to the dominant political party were digging the grave of that party. (Sneering laughter, and remarks of "We are not alone." I know they are not alone in it. I am perfectly aware of that. One party has already its grave dug, and the other wants to be side by side with it. (Laughter and excitement.)

Back of these two political parties are American people who will have something still further to say on this question. I care so little about parties or elections that if this is to be the style of legislation I am willing to assist at the funeral, and I do not care what party comes after it. I am against it from beginning to end, and will not vote for it. (Laughter and applause.).'

Mr. Upson's amendment was rejected—60 to 67.

Mr Holman, at 1 o'clock (night) moved that the committee rise, negatived—47 to 71.

"Mr. Donnan said that if any other question had been before the House there would not have been a quorum for the last three hours."

"Mr. Garfield moved that the committee rise, but the proposition was met with derision. The vote was then taken on Mr. Butler's motion—to increase the salaries as above stated—and it was agreed to—81 to 66. Various other propositions to increase the salaries of the employees of the House were offered and carried amid considerable confusion. The House at twenty minutes past one (at night) adjourned." This could keep them up, and together until long after midnight, robing the people by their votes where they were expected to guard, protect and defend them. The Credit Mobilier swindle is not more thievish than this, and Butler, Randall & Co., that have carried this measure through the House, are not any better, if so good, as Ames Brooks, Colfax & Co., of Credit Mobilier notoriety. Such thieves will never impeach a thief or expel one; an honest man would, we fear, be in much greater danger of either one or the other, *impeachment* or *expulsion*.

THE CREDIT MOBILIER.—Here is a lucid description of the Credit Mobilier, furnished by the Louisville Courier-Journal: "An unlettered correspondent in the interior writes to ask 'what is this Credit Mobiher the papers are talking so much about?' Well, it is simply a double-jointed, back-acting swindling machine, modeled after a French invention, but is of such intricate construction that we couldn't well describe it without the assistance of a quantity of diagrams and the portraits of half the members of Congress."

The inauguration committee received a communication a day or two ago from a gentleman in Ithaca, New York, earnestly recommending that instead of a grand ball a grand prayer meeting should be held upon the fourth of March. As General Butler has publicly announced that "this is a bad year for the righteous," so many of the Christian statesmen having slipped their tether, the suggestion is a good one, and should not be dismissed without due consideration.

The Colfax Impeachment Committee.

The judiciary committee of the House, which was authorized to consider and report upon the question of the impeachment of Vice-President Colfax, has done its work quickly. Mr. Bingham, the chairman of the committee, being implicated in the Credit Mobilier scandal, the task of drawing up the report was devolved upon General Butler. He takes up two cases—that of Mr. Brooks, as a Government officer, and that of Vice-President Colfax. Mr. Brooks is dismissed with the declaration that, being a member of the House, he is not an officer of the United States to whom the constitutional remedy of impeachment applies. Of Vice-President Colfax the committee say "that drawing such inferences as a jury might from the evidence relating to him, it may be claimed that the stock was sold to him to influence him as a member and Speaker of the House, and that it did so influence him in favor of the Union Pacific road, and incidentally in his own favor as a stock and bondholder," but they contend that the impeachment law is remedial, and is intended to secure the removal of an improper official rather than a punishment; that expulsion has often been harshly and wrongfully ordered on political grounds; that it is time to put a stop to such proceedings; that expulsion and impeachment are analogous cases, and that as there is no precedent for expelling Mr. Brooks, or, indeed, any of the inculpated members of the present Congress, who were bribed in a preceding one, neither is there any precedent for impeaching a Vice-President, guilty though he is declared to be, for offenses committed by him whilst simply a member of Congress.

Messrs. Eldridge, of Wisconsin, and Voorhees, of Indiana, both Democrats—to their eternal shame be it spoken—concurred in the report; whilst the third Democrat on the committee, Mr. Potter, of New York, dissented from the conclusions in regard to impeachment, but agreed in the recommendation that the committee be discharged on the ground that there was not time to consider the matter in the few days of the session yet remaining. The only really dissenting member of the committee was a Republican—Mr. Goodrich, of New York. He emphatically repudiated the idea that an officer of the Government is not liable to impeachment for any offense committed prior to the term of office in which the articles of impeachment were presented. To the plea that there was no precedent, he cited the case in which a Judge of the Supreme Court of the State of New York was impeached—adding sturdily, and with brave contempt for the shallow sophistry of the committee—"But whether there was a precedent or not, he for one was willing to establish one at this time." All honor to Milo Goodrich, of New York, Republican in politics though he be.

A motion that the committee be discharged, and the report laid on the table, was made by General Butler, who pressed it to an immediate vote by demanding the previous question. In this, however, he was foiled by the persistence of some of the members of the House, and, finally, the consideration of the report was postponed, on motion of Mr. Cox, until to-morrow. Whatever may be the ultimate result, it is satisfactory to know that the committee find that Vice-President Colfax was bribed, and that the fact of being bribed influenced his action as Speaker of the House, although they claim there is no precedent that sanctions his impeachment. So the verdict is—"Guilty, but let him go."—*Balto. Gazette.*

Help Your Town.

We cut the following from one of our exchanges, and trust our citizens will keep the views contained therein constantly in mind. If they do, our town will be more prosperous than it now is:

"The way to make a town is to help as much as possibly every industry in your midst. Judiciously aid every enterprise that promises to add strength and character to the place. If your neighbor builds a house help him to pay for it. If you are a property holder every new house strengthens you, and it is but right to reciprocate. Don't hide a dollar with a penny. Look ahead. Consider what is best for you in the long run. Don't be so jealous. If you can draw advantage from an enterprise forwarded by an enemy, support it if it does enrich him. By all means support your local paper, do unto the publisher as you would have others do unto you—trade with you! Should a man start up a legitimate business in an obscure part of the town, whether or not a friend, or even an acquaintance, say a good word for him whenever occasion presents itself, it will cost you nothing, and may do him incalculable good, always remember that 'bread cast upon the waters will return after many day.'"

THE OLDEST MAN.—Th oldest man in the world has at length been discovered. His name is Jose Martino Coutinho, a resident of Cape Frio, in the the province of Rio Janeiro, Brazil, who was born on the 20th of May, 1679, and is therefore nearly one hundred and ninety-four years old! It is said that he has forty-two children by six wives, and can count one hundred and twenty-three grand-children, eighty-six great-grand children, and twenty-three great-great-grand-children, and twenty children of the last.

ON Wednesday, the House proceeded to discuss the Poland Credit Mobilier report, which is to expel Messrs. Ames and Brooks from the House, owing to their connection with the Credit Mobilier swindle. All of the other guilty parties are to be allowed to escape.—Ames being the head and front, must go to appease the public wrath, and Brooks is a Democrat and must go to keep him Company—wright or wrong.

"Mr. Beck denounced the whole Credit Mobilier business, but held that the House had no power to punish members for acts committed before election. Mr. Voorhees followed in an elaborate defense of Mr. [illegible] Bingham, after a denunciation of the press of the country for its presumption in demanding the punishment of members of Congress also defended Messrs. Brooks and Ames. Mr. Stevenson declared the whale investigation showed one of the most outrageous robberies on record. Mr. Whithorne did not think the resolution of the committee went far enough into the matter. Messrs. Niblack and Banks sustained the report of the committee. A recess was then taken until 7.30 P. M. On reassembing the House concurred in the Senate amendment to the West Point appropriation bill. Mr. Butler then took the floor, and argued in favor of his views in relation to the Credit Mobilier cases, holding that there is no constitution warrant for the expulsion of members for acts committed five years ago. He continued in a specious defense of Mr. Ames, anb incidentally of Mr. Brooks. Speeches were then made by Messrs. Shellabarger, Wilson of Indiana, Young and Sargent. Mr. Ritchie made another ineffectual effort to get his substitute before the House."

PENNSYLVANIA is trying a "local option" liquor law. As this appears to be, at present, the favorite form of prohibitory enactment, it may be necessary to say that it is merely giving to the inhabitants of each county the right to refuse the granting of licenses within its borders. The argument is an appeal to the will of the majority—always a popular cry in this country. If the majority in a county, or a district, or even in a village, are opposed to the sale of liquor, say the advocates of these laws they have a perfect right, which should be guaranteed them by the State, to forbid such traffic. They are injured by drunkenness and consequent disorder far more than the State. It is to them an immediate wrong, and to the State only a remote one. So Pennsylvania and other States have passed laws giving to the counties, as the best defined communities, the liberty to refuse to allow the sale of licenses. In Pennsylvania five counties have already voted on the question of license or no license, and all of them have given large majorities adverse to licensing. Furthermore, says a Lancaster paper, "We believe that Lancaster county and every other county in the State will vote the same way."

A CORRESPONDENT, writing from Athens, curiously contrasts the mixtures to be found there of ancient and modern civilizations. Railroads spin their trains amid the temples of three thousand years; steamers dash their swells upon the Pireus, and the scream of their whistles resounds from Athos, Pentelicus and Cytheron to Olympus and the heavens beyond their gods.—Dr. Ayer's world-renowned medicines, those consummations of modern science, are posted on the Acropolis, the Parnon, the Areopagus and the Thesion, while the modest cards of Cherry Pectoral, Ayer's Sarsaparilla, Ague Cure and Pills look from the windows of the shops in the streets of Athens, where they are sold.—*N. Y. Sunday Globe.*

THE SHIP CANAL.—We are advised that the bill before the Delaware Legislature authorizing the Ship Canal Company, chartered by Maryland, to construct its canal through Delaware, is likely to fail of being passed. It is objected that the bill is not for an act of incorporation, but only for authority to construct the canal; that the dimensions proposed are too small for a "ship canal," the proposed depth of fifteen feet being, it is said, too little for the ships that ought to be accomodated, while the width of sixty feet is open to the same objection, and then the indefinite terms of some parts of the bills are such that if constructed the canal may after all be nothing more than another ordinary canal, and so only a rival to the present one from Delaware Bay to Chesapeake City.

THE Spanish Republican begins to feel the stress of the storm which inevitably follows any change of government in that land. The army is, in part at least, discontented and disorganized, and many officers, who probably will find plenty of employment before long, have resigned their commissions. The Carlists are encouraged, and are increasing in numbers and aggressiveness.—Throughout the whole of Spain, in fact, there is an unrest, and an obvious opinion that the Republic cannot endure that bodes ill for President Figueras and his ministers. Even Portugal, that staid and sober monarchy, is arming, in anticipation of a civil commotion.—It is, at least, certain that the Republic does not mean peace within its own borders.

Samuel Sloan was elected president of the Delaware and Lackawana Railroad yesterday. at New York. no dividend was declared.

CONGRESS.

In the United States Senate, on Saturday, a report was presented from the centennial commission, detailing the progress of the work. Notice was given that the Caldwell bribery case will be called up to-day. A bill was introduced, authorizing the extension of the Frederick and Pennsylvania railroad into the city of Washington. In the House a report was presented upon the charges against Judge Chas. P. Sherman.—The matter was referred to the judiciary committee, with instructions to report whether any further action is necessary with a view to his impeachment. The sundry civil appropriation bill was taken up and passed with amendments. The committee on elections was ordered to investigate the charges of procuring false registration and voting preferred against J. Hale Sypher, of Louisiana. The river and harbor appropriation bill was taken up, and pending its discussion the House adjourned. The appropriations in the sundry civil bill, as passed by the House amounts to nearly $29,000,000.

In the United States Senate, on Monday, the credentials of General John B. Gordon, Senator elect from Georgia, were read and laid on the table.

In the House, the committee on the judiciary submitted a report upon the resolution directing inquiry as to the impeachment of any officer of the United States Government, in which it is held that there is nothing in the conduct of Vice-President Colfax in his Credit Mobilier transactions to warrant impeachment. Dissenting reports on certain points were submitted by Messrs. Potter, Wilson and Goodrich. After debate a resolution was adopted ordering the report to be tabled—yeas 133, nays 0. The House bill relating to the distribution of the Geneva award was substituted for the Senate bill.—The House concurred in the majority of the Senate amendments to the naval appropriation bill.

In the United States Senate, on Tuesday, the message of the President in relation to the fishery clause in the treaty of Washington was read and ordered to be printed. A number of bills were reported from committees, and the bill allowing the sale of a lot of ground near Cumberland, Md., formerly used as a soldiers' cemetery, to the Hebrew congregation of that city, was taken up and passed. A message was received from the President urging the necessity of action upon the question of the Louisiana State government, and a long debate took place upon the subject. The day in the House was devoted to the discussion of the report of he Credit Mobilier investigating committee, presented by Judge Poland, Mr. Butler offered a substitute referring the whole matter of the charges to the Grand Jury of the District of Columbia for its action, but Mr. Poland refused to accept it. Mr. Poland then addressed the House in favor of the report of the committee, and stated the reasons for which the expulsion of Messrs. Brooks and Ames was demanded. Mr. Ames had read a long statement in defense of his action in the Credit Mobilier transactions. Mr. Farnsworth denied that the evidence taken before the committee warranted the expulsion of any member. Mr. Merrick defended the report of the committee, which, he claimed, was made in a spirit of fairness and justice. A recess was then taken until 7.30 P. M., when the debate was renewed, and addresses were delivered by Messrs. Wakeman, McCrary, Hawley and others.

Shocking Murder and Suicide.

A horrible case of premeditated murder and suicide occurred at Waseca, Minn., Monday last. It appears that a German, named Alexander Busen, and [illegible] the former married and the latter unmarried, owned and worked a farm together, and that Busen was driven away and Ruff took full possession of the farm and Busen's family.—Recently the grand jury found and indictment against Ruff and Busen's wife adultery.

On Tuesday morning neighbors on going to Busen's house found it shut up, and on breaking in discovered Mrs. Busen and the youngest child lying on the bed with their throats cut from ear to ear. On the floor beside the bed lay the lifeless body of Ruff with his throat cut; From letters left by both the man and the woman it is evident they agreed upon this tragic method of escaping from the clutches of the law.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FARMINGTON INSTITUTE.

J. P. GORDY, Principal.

YOUTH fitted for business, and thoroughly drilled in a preparatory course for College.—Special attention given to Music and Book-Keeping. For terms address J. P. GORDY, Farmington, Del. mar1-tf

QUICK & CLARK,

Merchant Tailors,

No. 27 Park Avenue, (North) Corner of Lexington Street, Baltimore, Md.

KEEP constantly on hand French, Austrian, English, Belgoe and Domestic CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, AND VESTINGS, from the medium to the finest in the market, to which they invite the attention of the dressy of Caroline and the neighboring counties. N. B.—Great inducements offered to cash buyers. mar1-y

NOTICE.

THE office of the Building and Loan Association of Caroline county, is now in the front room of J. W. Bryant's Law office. feb22-tf JOSIAH WHITE, Sec'y.

Examiner's Notice.

WE, the undersigned, having been appointed by the County Commissioners of Caroline county, to examine, and if found necessary, to locate a new County Road to begin at or near Castle Hall school house, on the road leading from Greensborough to the River Bridges, running through the lands of L. S. Hough and G. W. Buck until it intersects the County Road leading from Sandtown to Goldsborough, hereby give notice that they will meet at the proposed point of commencement of said road, on THURSDAY, 3rd day of April, 1873, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of executing said commission. The County Surveyor is requested to meet the Examiners on the day and at the time and place above named. ROBERT JARRELL, HENRY C. CULBRETH, HENRY SAULSBURY, Examiners. mar1-tm

Mortgagee's Sale.

BY virtue of the power contained in the Mortgage from Sarah Benton to Andrew M. Frantz, bearing date the 8th day of January, 1871, and recorded in Liber T. H. K., No. 84, Folio 391 and 392, one of the Land Record Books for Caroline county, the undersigned, as Attorney for the said Mortgagee, will sell at public auction in front of the Court House door, in the town of Denton, Md., on

TUESDAY, 25th day of March, 1873,

between the hours of 1 and 4 o'clock, P. M., all the right, title and interest of the said Sarah Benton, in and to all that tract or parcel of land situated in the Fourth Election District of Caroline county, on the County road leading from Keene's Landing, on Choptank River, to Federalsburg, and about two miles from the former place, containing

105 Acres, more or less,

and is the same lands and premises described in the said Mortgage.

The improvements consist of a

DWELLING HOUSE

1½ stories high, four rooms, and kitchen attached, stabling, &c., an old Apple Orchard, and 200 young Apple Trees just in bearing, Peach, Cherry, Pear, and Quince Trees. There is about 15 acres in wood, and the balance arable land. The soil is of good natural quality and easily improved. Churches, Schools and Mills are very convenient. Sale peremptory.

TERMS OF SALE—CASH.

ROBT. J. JUMP, Att'y for ANDREW M. FRANTZ, Mortgagee. mar1-ts

1873. SPRING 1873.

The Finest of the Season

THOMPSON & KERSEY

Easton, Md.,

HAVE just received a magnificently beautiful stock of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, COATINGS, SUITINGS, VESTINGS, &c., &c. direct from the hands of the Importers, which are unsurpassed, if equaled, by any in the market; and to an examination of which they very respectfully invite the

GENTLEMEN OF CAROLINE AND THE ADJACENT COUNTIES.

In addition to the above we are displaying a very large and beautiful line of

Ladies' Dress Goods,

just suited to the early

SPRING TRADE,

to an inspection of which we very cordially invite the Ladies' of the counties. THOMPSON & KERSEY. Feb1-mar1-y

NOTICE.

THE freighters of grain by the Schooner "Royal Oak" are hereby notified that from this date, all grain shipped by this vessel will be at the owner's risk. JAS. G. REDDEN, M. GAREY, R. C. CARTER. Denton, Feb. 22, 1873.

S. J. CARMAN

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Grain, Flour, Lime, Fertilizers, Ground Plaster, Salt, Seed. Coal. R. R. Ties,

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ALSO, ALL KINDS OF AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

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First Yard South of Pratt St. Bridge,

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FLOORING, PARTITION, SHINGLES, JOIST & SCARNLING, PAILINGS, FENCING, FACED SHELVING, LATHS, POPLAR, OAK, &C. feb22-y.

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Buy and Sell Exclusively on Commission.

Consignments of Grain, Wool, Fruits, &c., respectfully solicited. feb22 y.

PRIVATE SALE OF TWO FARMS.

BY virtue of power contained in a Mortgage from William Williamson and wife to John Heath, the undersigned will sell at private sale all that Farm, near Denton, Caroline county, formerly occupied by Wm. Williamson, and is the same lands described in said Mortgage, recorded in liber J. J., No. 31., Folio 446 and 447, one of the Land Record Books for Caroline county. This Farm contains

200 Acres, more or less,

and is situated on the county road from Denton to Bursville, about three miles from Denton, and is improved by two sets of DWELLINGS and out buildings. The tract can be divided, without expense, into two farms of about 100 acres each, and will be sold separately, or in one Farm. The owners have instructed me to sell this property for the best price attainable, but to sell at an early day, without reserve—so I am prepared to sell on terms of great advantage to the purchaser.

Terms of Sale.

One-fourth cash; balance in one and three years, purchasers giving note with approved security, bearing interest. Possession given on day of sale. J. W. BRYANT, Attorney for Mortgagee. Jan25-tf

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers at private sale, a HAUL SEINE & BOAT. The Sein is 50 fathom in gear, and fishes 9 feet water all around. This Seine is out of No. 18 twine, and is almost as good as new. The boat is in good repair, and is 20 feet long.—This Boat and Seine will be sold a burgain. Any one wishing to purchase will apply to SAULSBURY CARROLL, Bethlehem, Caroline co. Md., or to the Ed. of THE JOURNAL. jan25-tmos

In the District Court of the United States, For the District of Maryland.

In the maiter of WILLIAM T. ELLIOTT, Bankrupt. } In Bankruptcy.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, that a petition has been presented to the Court, this 12th day of July, 1871, by William T. Elliott, of the County of Caroline, State of Maryland, and District aforesaid, a Bankrupt, praying that he may be decreed to have a full discharge from all his debts, provable under the Bankrupt Act, and upon reading said petition:

IT IS ORDERED BY THE COURT, that a hearing be had upon the same, on the 15th day of MARCH, 1873, before the Court, in the City of Baltimore, in said District, at 10 o'clock A. M., and that notice thereof be published in the Baltimore Gazette and the Denton Journal, newspapers printed in said District, once a week for three weeks before that day; and that all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said Petition should not be granted. JAMES W. CHEW, Clerk of District Court for said District. feb22-3w

Trustee's Sale OF A HIGHLY IMPROVED FRUIT FARM.

BY virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court of Caroline county, the undersigned, as Trustee, will sell at public sale, in front of the Court House door, in the town of Denton, on

TUESDAY, 11th day of March next,

between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock, P. M., the following real estate, to wit:

NO. 1.—All that farm or tract or parcel of land situate on the east side of the county road leading from Denton to Greensborough, and on the south side of the county road from Townsend's X Roads to Adams' Landing, and about one and a half miles from Denton. This property is now in the occupancy of Josiah White, and contains

53 Acres of Land,

more or less, and is the same lands described in a mortgage from Restore B. Lamb to Benjamin Ridgely, said mortgage is recorded in Liber T. H. K., No. 33, Folio 392 and 503, one of the Land Record Books for Caroline county. This property is highly improved by a two story Dwelling, nearly new, together with Stable, Carriage House, &c.—There is on this property 2000 thrifty Peach Trees, five years old, in full bearing. Also, 500 choice Peach Trees one year old; 15 Acres in Blackberries, in full bearing, 10 Acres in Raspberries, and 3 Acres in Strawberries.

NO. 2.—All that tract or parcel of land situate on the west side of the county road from Denton to Greensbrrough, and on the south side of road from Townsend's X Roads to Denton, and immediately opposite to Lot No. 1, as contained in a deed from Joseph Ireland to Restore B. Lamb, and contains

97 Acres, more or less,

improved by a small single story dwelling, and has six acres in Asparagus, full growth and very thrifty, and 14 acres in Blackberries and Raspberries, very fine, and in full bearing.

NO; 3.—Is the property on the east side of Choptank River, and adjoins Lot No. 2, and is known as Adams' Landing, and is the same property contained in a deed from Wm. W. Medford to Restore B. Lamb, and recorded in Liber T. H. K., No. 23, Folio 213 and 214 one of the Land Record Books for Caroline county, and contains

12 1-4 Acres, more or less,

and is improved by a single story dwelling, stables, wharf and granary, and four acres in thrifty Asparagus.

TERMS OF SALE.

The terms of sale as prescribed by the decree are: One-half cash, balance in 6 and 12 months; credit payments to be secured by the bond of the purchaser, bearing interest from day of sale. Title papers at expense of purchaser. J. W. BRYANT, Trustee. J. W. LOOCKERMAN, Auctioneer. feb15-ts

12 SAMPLES sent by mail for 50c. that retail quick for $10. R. L. WOLCOTT, 181 Chatham square, N. Y.

EMPLOYMENT, $100 per week. Agents & others to sell a new article, indispensable to merchants and manufacturers. Add. with stamp, E. B. Smith & Co., 95 Liberty st. N. Y.

AGENTS! A RARE CHANCE!! We will pay all agents $40 per week in CASH, who will engage with us at once. Everything furnished and expenses paid. Address, A. COULTER & CO., Charlotte, Mich.

WANTED. IF YOU WANT TO BUY A SEWING MACHINE for family use, or act as agent, address WASHINGTON SEWING MACHINE CO., Boston, Mass.

A FIRST-CLASS BUSINESS for a reliable man, with the assurance of making from $2,000 to $3,000 a year, can be secured, in connection with an agency for the exclusive sale of works by Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, William Cullen Bryant, Harriet Beecher Stowe, &c. Write for particulars to J. B. FORD & CO., New York; Boston; Chicago; or San Francisco.

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Double Elevated Oven, Warming Closet, Broiling Door, Fender Guard, Dumping and Shaking Grate, Direct Draft. FULLER WARREN & CO., 236 Water Street, N. Y.

Vick's FLORAL GUIDE FOR 1873.

The GUIDE is published QUARTERLY. 25 cents pays for the year, which is not half the cost. Those who afterwards send money to the amount of ONE DOLLAR or more for Seeds may also order 25 cents worth extra—the price paid for the Guide. The First number is beautiful, giving plans for making RURAL HOMES, DINING TABLE DECORATIONS, WINDOW GARDENS, &c., and a mass of information invaluable to the lover of flowers. 150 pages on fine tinted paper, some 500 Engravings, and a superb Colored Plate and Chromo Cover. The first Edition of 200,000 just printed in English and German. feb15-4w JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y.

BRIGGS & BROTHER'S ILLUSTRATED FLORAL WORK!

FOR JANUARY, 1873, NOW OUT. Issued as a Quarterly. The four numbers sent to any address, by mail, for 25 cts. The richest and most instructive Illustrated and Descriptive Floral Guide ever published. Those of our patrons who ordered Seeds last year and were credited with 25 cents, will receive the four Quarterlies for 1873. Those who order seeds this year will be credited with a subscription for 1874. The January number contains 400 Engravings, Two Superb Colored Plates, suitable for framing, and also Tinted Plates of our gorgeous Floral Chromos: information relative to Flowers, Vegetables, &c., and their cultivation, and all such matter as was formerly found in our Annual Catalogue. You wil miss it if you order seeds before seeing Briggs & Bro.'s QUARTERLY. We challenge comparison on quality of Seed and prices and sizes of packets. Our "Calendar Advance Sheet and Price List for 1873," sent free. Address BRIGGS & BROTHER, Seedsmen and Florists, ROCHESTER, N. Y.

The immense sale, 10,000 IN ONE MONTH our LIVINGSTONE 28 years in AFRICA is having. PROVES it *above all others* the book the MASSES WANT. It goes like WILDFIRE. Over 600 pages, only $2.50. More Agents wanted.

Notice.—Be not deceived by misrepresentations made to palm off gigh-priced inferior works, but send for circulars and see PROOF of statements and great success of our agents. Pocket companion worth $10, mailed free. HURBARD BROS., Publishers, 723 Sansom st., Phila.

NOTICE.

MR. W. GREEN having placed his bills in my hands for collection, all persons indebted to him will please call and settle immediately, as I must close the accounts, before the 25th of Feb. O. E. ROCHESTER. feb1-tf

FLOUR by the pound or bbl. BLACKISTON & BURGESS.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Caroline county, sitting as a Court of Equity, the undersigned will sell at public sale, in front of the Court House door, in Denton, on

TUESDAY, 4th day of March next,

between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock, P. M., all that valuable farm formerly the residence of Richard H. Loockerman, and situated in the 3rd Election District of Caroline county, State of Maryland, and is the same lands described and contained in a deed of Mortgage from Mary E. Loockerman and Richard H. Loockerman to Nathaniel Smith, recorded in Liber T. H. K., No. 33, Folio 472 and 473 one of the Land Record Books for Caroline county, and contains

165 Acres, more or less,

It is in a good state of improvement having been highly marled within the last few years, and is now very productive. It has on it one of the best MARL BEDS in the State which makes it one of the most valuable farms in the community.

This farm lies immediately on the publ is pleasantly located, in a good neighborho is convenient to churches, schools and mi has on it a good well of water, a young Apple o

PEACH ORCHARD.

Woodland sufficient for the use of the farm. The buildings consist of a single story

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

with two rooms below, cook room attached, and three rooms above. The out-buildings consist of a barn, stables, carriage-house, meat-house and dairy, all in good repair.

TERMS OF SALE.

The terms of sale as prescribed by the decree are: One thousand dollars cash, balance of purchase money in equal instalments of one and two years thereafter, purchaser giving note with approved security for deferred payments, bearing interest from day of sale. Title papers at expense of purchaser. J. W. BRYANT, Trustee. J. W. LOOCKERMAN, Auctioneer. feb8-ts

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S RESTAURANT AND EATING SALOON.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has fitted up the buildings on Washington street, adjoining the Norris House, in complete order, and has opened a first-class

RESTAURANT,

where Oysters, Terrapins, Beef and Pork Steaks, Mutton Chops, Coffee, and everything eatable, may be obtained in their season, at all hours, at short notice, and at reasonable prices.

☞ Private rooms for ladies and parties.

He has also fitted up a BOWLING ALLEY, BILLIARD SALOON and BAGATELLE TABLE, where the lovers of these sports can obtain recreation, and pass away a dull hour.

His BAR will be supplied with the purest and finest LIQUORS, and his PROVISIONS will always be fresh and of the best quality.

The best of order will at all times be preserved, and every effort be made for the comfort and pleasure of his guests. T. H. HUBBARD, Easton, Md. febs-tf

HOME ENTERPRISE.

Choptank Nurseries,

READY to supply all demands for Trees, Plants, Vines, &c., for

SPRING OF 1873,

One, two and three year old

APPLE TREES.

most approved, early market and finest summer and autumn varieties, Southern Winter Apples, thirty varieties, obtained from Georgia, North Carolina and Virginia, and by test, will keep in this climate.

PEACHES.

Thirty varieties of most popular and thoroughly tested market varieties—grown from Natural Seed, and budded under my own inspection. Being grown from Natural Seed, guaranteed free the greatest enemy of peach culture—the Yellows.

PEARS, STANDARD AND DWARF, One and two years old.

Orange Quinces, One and two years old.

HEWES VIRGINIA CIDER CRAB, The finest and best tested Cider Apple ever grown in this climate, cider equal to Champaign Wines and sells for ten and fifteen dollars per bbl.

CHERRY TREES, STANDARD AND DWARF.

PLUMS, STANDARD AND DWARF.

APRICOTS.

YARD AND SHADE TREES, extra assortment and fine size.

EVERGREENS & ORNAMENTAL TREES, large and handsome assortment.

Small Fruits, Blackberries, Raspberris, Gooseberries, Currants, Strawberry Plants, &c.

RHUBARB.

GRAPE VINES, Concord, Clinton, Taylor's, Bullet, &c., one and two years old.

ROSES, a well selected assortment.

Public patronage solicited, and all orders by letter guaranteed to receive same care as when given personally. T. H. KEMP, Prop. Denton, Caroline county, Md. Feb. 1, 1873. 1y.

WM. H. SHERMAN & Co. PRODUCE

Commission Merchants,

FOR THE SALE OF *Grain, Lumber, Tobacco, Fruit, Stock, Poultry and all kinds of Country Produce.* Dealers in Clover, Timothy and Other Field Seeds.

Removed to 114 Light Street, BETWEEN CAMDEN AND CONWAY STREETS, BALTIMORE, MD.

☞ Advances made on Consignments. ☞ All Orders for Goods promptly attended to. feb15-6mos.

Examiner's Notice

WE, the undersigned, having been appointed by the County Commissioners of Caroline county, to examine, and if found necessary, to locate a new County Road to begin at a point on the County Road leading from Willoughby's School House to Denton, at the division line on said road, between the lands formerly belonging to the heirs of Stephen Colescott, dec'd., Wm. Willey and Wm. G. Horsey, and through the lands of Joel Atwell and others to the new County Road from Wesley's Chappel to Anthony's Mill, hereby give notice that they will meet at the proposed point of commencement of said road, on MONDAY, 3rd day of March, 1873, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of executing said commission. J. BOON DUKES, SAULSBURY HOBBS, JOEL ATWELL, Examiners. feb1-tm

PLOWS and PLOW CASTINGS at H. BLACKISTON'S.

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