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FURS
All the latest in Coney, Tiger Coney, Red Fox, Isabella Fox and Black Lynx.

J. L. Everngam

GLOVES
Chamois, Suedes, Mochas, Dressed and Undressed Kids for Men, Women and Children.

Suits and Overcoats for Men

The Suits

A variety of styles for Young Men and Men of conservative taste. Of new Serges, new effects in Cheviots, Homespun and Pencil Stripe materials, as well as neat Tartan Check fabrics. All Sizes.

The Overcoats

include the new and ever popular Balmacaans. Some of Chincilla, and others of fancy fabrics.

AUTUMN SUITS AND COATS FOR WOMEN

To get an adequate idea of the number of styles we carry in stock it is necessary to see the garments. So come see for yourself, examine them carefully, compare with Suits and Coats anywhere in the county, and you will be convinced, as we are convinced, that ours are the most varied and the most complete stocks to be found in Caroline.

The Coat sketched is $14.50 in astrachan baby lamb and fancy worsteds.

New Wool Dress Goods

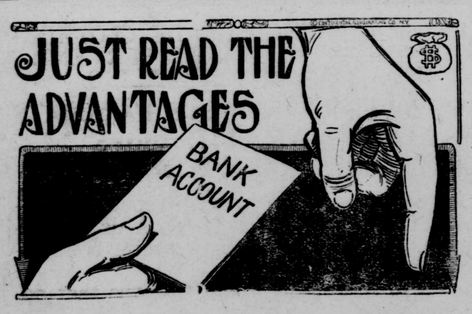
Poplins, Gabardines, Serges in Taupe, Belgian Blue, Deep Blue, Burgundy, Russian Green, Navy and Black.

Boys' Overcoats

Heavy Grey or Blue CHINCHILLAS with Hats to match

$5.75.

J. L. EVERNGAM, DENTON, MD.



SAFETY: Your money is safer in the bank than in your cash drawer.

PRESTIGE: Your prestige in business is increased greatly by being able to give a bank reference.

DISCOUNTS: Notes may be discounted and loans often obtained, if you have a commercial bank account.

CONVENIENCE: You have the great convenience of paying bills by check, which is a receipt for the amount paid.

These are only a few advantages of a bank account; come in and see us and we will tell you more.

The Peoples National Bank
DENTON, MD.
ALBERT G. TOWERS, Prest. T. F. JOHNSON, Cashier.

The Denton National Bank
CAPITAL STOCK, $75,000
SURPLUS and Undivided Profits, $126,000

United States Mails

were used last year by swindlers who, according to the report of the Postmaster General, secured the enormous sum of $53,873,841 from the American people in exchange for paper nicely engraved and very attractive looking but—ABSOLUTELY WORTHLESS! ADVICE ABOUT INVESTMENTS is a service this bank is always ready to give when called upon.

How About Your Deposits?

T. C. WEST, Cashier. *HARVEY L. COOPER, President.*

Workmen's Compensation Insurance
Becomes compulsory in Maryland on and after November 1st, 1914.
Cooper, Wright & Cooper
is the oldest and most experienced firm in the insurance business in the County.
Rates are now ready for quotation. Full information as to all particulars furnished promptly upon inquiry.

Subscribe for The Journal and get all the county news.

GERMANS' NEW DRIVE BLOCKED

Three Batteries of Invaders Put Out of Action.

CASH FOR CALAIS MAY BE ON

The French Artillery Is Battering Its Way Toward Metz—Berlin Claims Gains In Argonne.

London, Dec. 3.—Although it cannot be said with official authority that the Germans have started as yet on what is believed by many to be their final dash for Calais, the resumption of severe fighting in the western theater of the war gives color to that belief.

The kaiser, according to report, has decreed that the French coast town must be taken by Dec. 10, and recent shifts of the German forces in Flanders and the arrival of heavy reinforcements indicate that an important movement there is under way or imminent.

The renewal of military operations on quite an extensive scale just below the Belgian border in France tend to bear out the report that the dash to Calais is to be made in that region rather than along the shore of Belgium.

The transfer of German troops to Zeebrugge on the North sea is regarded as evidence that the kaiser may suspect an attempt by the allies to land troops in that vicinity in an effort to surprise his extreme right flank.

According to Amsterdam advices another British war fleet is reported to have put into the North sea and is lying off Ostend.

A correspondent of the Daily Mail in West Flanders, telegraphing on Nov. 30, says:

"Every one believes that the last dash for Calais is beginning. The general hopefulness on our side depends in no small degree on the great confidence in General Foch, whose grasp of the situation was largely responsible for the victory on the Marne, and General Potain, who has so consistently repelled the insistent German attacks at Arras. These two names ought to be familiar to all the allied nations."

The sound of cannonade continues all along the Aisne and on the Arras-Bethune-Armentieres line. The German artillery is showing no signs of weakening its terrific fire. Bloody hand-to-hand fighting is reported from west Flanders, being carried on chiefly by small detachments which are detailed to seize groups of houses and patches of small wood land held by the enemy. The fierceness of the fighting is fully attested by the enormous trains of wounded that are daily arriving at the base hospitals.

The Germans are making vigorous demonstrations east of Ypres, evidently under orders from the kaiser to give the English no rest and to account for as many British soldiers as possible.

The fierceness of the struggle between the Germans and the allies in the northern part of France and west Flanders has for some weeks overshadowed the operations elsewhere along the 300-mile battle front, but the presence of General Joseph Joffre, the French commander-in-chief of the eastern end of the line, has for the time being shifted some of the public interest into that quarter.

The French army which has cut its way northward through the Moselle valley to Arnaville, nearly within artillery range of the outer circle of forts at Metz, is carrying on a vigorous bombardment of the fortress there is an effort to move further to the north.

The following are the official bulletins:

FRENCH.

"In Belgium our lines have been subjected to a violent bombardment from Lampernisse to west of Duxmude.

"In the Argonne the enemy has blown up the northwestern salient of the wood of La Grurie, which had been mined.

"In a general way we have affirmed and developed our progress on this part of the front.

"In Alsace our troops have captured Aspach-le-Haut and Aspach-le-Bas, southeast of Thann.

"In the region to the south of Ypres and Saint Eloy, an attack of the enemy against an entrenchment taken by our troops during the day was repulsed by us. Our artillery inflicted damage on a group of three batteries of heavy artillery of the enemy.

"At Vermelles the chateau and the park surrounding it, two houses in the village and some trenches were brilliantly occupied by our forces.

"There has been a spirited artillery exchange in the vicinity of Fay, to the southwest of Peronne.

"In the region between Vendresse-Craonne there has been a violent bombardment to which the French artillery replied with success, accomplishing the destruction of a battery.

"In the Argonne a German attack against Fontaine Madame was repulsed, and we made some progress in the occupation of a trench in the forest of Court and Chaussees, and a minor fortified position near St. Hubert.

"On the heights of the Meuse, in the Woexre district and in the Vosges there is nothing to report."

GERMAN.

"In the western theater of the war the enemy made insignificant advances which were checked.

"In the forest of Argonne a strong point of support of the enemy was taken by the Wuertemburg infantry regiment, No. 120, his majesty the kaiser's own regiment. On this occasion two officers and about 300 of the enemy's troops were made prisoners."

GENERAL VON KLUCK.

German Commander Ready For Final Drive Against Allies.

Photo by American Press Association.

General von Kluck, one of the best known German commanders, now located in the Arras district, is preparing for a final drive against the allies' center, the outcome of which will probably decide the fate of the German movement in that district. This is the most recent picture of General von Kluck.

TURKS LEVY $20,000 ON AMERICAN SCHOOL

Demand Big Payment From College in Beirut.

London, Dec. 3.—According to advices from Beirut, Syria, the Turks have demanded $20,000 from Dr. Bliss, principal of the American college in that city, says a dispatch to the Times from Cairo.

The Turks declined Dr. Bliss' offer of $5000 for a full settlement of the claims they made.

Turks Sink Ships.

Paris, Dec. 3.—The war has brought about an appalling state of affairs in the Ottoman empire.

The Turks appear to have become everywhere thieves and brigands at the expense of the subjects of the allied nations.

The Paris Le Temps gives a melancholy picture of conditions in Syria. All steamers and boats at Beirut have been sunk to prevent the allies from eventually using them. Even a German steamer which brought a cargo of dynamite and explosives suffered the same fate.

The only boat which escaped was an Austrian ship, which preferred to risk capture and started just as the Turks were about to scuttle her.

All persons leaving Beirut are being searched and allowed to take away only £8 ($40), and other sum they may have being confiscated as a war tax.

At Jaffa all Europeans of prominence were imprisoned. Jaffa is now like a dead city. The able-bodied population has been mobilized and all provisions requisitioned.

AUSTRIANS TAKE BELGRADE

Servian Capital Falls to Foe on Sixty-sixth Anniversary of Emperor.

Vienna, Dec. 3.—Austrian troops occupied Belgrade, Servia.

The occupation of the city was announced in a telegram to Emperor Francis Joseph from General Frank, commander of the Fifth Army corps The message follows:

"On the occasion of the sixty-sixth anniversary of your reign permit me to lay at your feet the information that Belgrade was occupied by the Fifth Army corps."

The city of Belgrade, which was the capital of Servia until the seat of government was removed shortly after the outbreak of the war, has been under attack by the Austrians much of the time for the last four months.

Explosion Alarms Bradford, Eng.

Bradford, Eng., Dec. 3. — A large stock of lyddite exploded in a chemical works near this city. Six men were killed and many others injured. Hundreds of windows in Bradford and nearby villages were broken. The people were in great alarm, some of them believing that the noise was the roar of guns of an invading German army.

Two Louisiana Negroes Lynched.

Shreveport, La., Dec. 3.—Two negroes were lynched at Sylvester, La., as a result of the murder of C. C. Hicks, postmaster of that place. The slayers dragged the body into a store and set the building on fire. The body was recovered.

Four of Family Die In Fire.

Wilmington, N. C., Dec. 3. — Miss Hannah McNeill, twenty one years of age; her two brothers and a sister, children of Mr. and Mrs. A. P. McNeill, of Delgado, a suburb of Wilmington, were burned to death when a fire destroyed their home.

Robbed and Slain by Footpad.

Scranton, Pa., Dec. 3. — Thomas Ross, twenty-eight years old, of Jessup, was held up, robbed and murdered by highwaymen. Louis Shambrone, twenty-three years old, has been arrested by the police, charged with the crime.

VILLA JOINED BY GUTIERREZ

Expected to Proceed to Palace in Mexico City.

RUMOR ROW WITH ZAPATA

Washington Discredits Story of Friction Between Generals—Bullets Fly Across Border.

Washington, Dec. 3.—General Eulalio Gutierrez, the new provisional president of Mexico, and General Villa have reached the outskirts of Mexico City, and will proceed to the national palace and there be installed, according to official advices.

State department officials declared they had no evidence in reports thus far received that there was any friction between Zapata and Villa, and they did not credit the report of a clash in Mexico City between the two chiefs.

It was pointed out that Zapata had been in Mexico City in full command for several days and that he had refrained from assuming any extraordinary powers.

The town of Pancco, in the oil fields, was reported to be occupied by Carranza troops after the withdrawal of Villa's forces from that neighborhood. It is said to be Villa's purpose to leave to General Caballero the task of controlling the state of Tamaulipas, while Villa and Zapata take Vera Cruz and drive the Carranza forces south to the Isthmus of Tehuantepec.

Border Bullet Hits Cleric.

Washington, Dec. 3. — Additional casualties from bullets from the Mexican side of the border at Naco, Ariz., were reported to the war department in a dispatch from Colonel Hatfield, forwarded by Major General Bliss.

The message said that two Mexican boys and three Mexican girls were shot; that a clergyman, Rev. Dr. Withrow, had been struck by a bullet, "but not materially injured," and that Allen Cain, a cavalryman, had received a serious wound, during the past week.

Colonel Hatfield also reported that intermittent artillery fire from the west, and "sniping" continued.

Mexicans Recruited In U. S.

San Antonio, Tex., Dec. 3.—United States immigration officers report that between 600 and 700 Mexicons were recruited on the Texas side and had crossed the Rio Grande in the last few days. Orders have been issued to the border patrol to shoot at sight in case of the discovery of armed filibusters crossing.

Carranzistas Execute Looter.

Vera Cruz, Dec. 3.—A Mexican soldier who was detected in an attempt to steal ammunition was condemned by court martial here and shot.

GERMAN FLEET IN NORTH SEA

London Hears Kaiser's Ships Have Sailed.

London, Dec. 3.—Telegraphing from Copenhagen, the Daily Mail's correspondent says:

"Realizing Great Britain's preponderance in dreadnoughts, work at the German dock yards is being concentrated on the construction of submarine and air craft, and also on what are called 'floating batteries.'

"The German theory appears to be that the British fleet can be beaten only by launching against it huge submarines and air attack.

"It is reported that the German fleet again has steamer into the North sea."

It is learned from an authentic source that the British battle fleets off the west coast of Scotland and the north coast of Ireland have been notified by wireless to keep in readiness to proceed at once into the North sea.

Cows and Horses Die In Fire.

Norristown, Pa., Dec. 3.—The large barn of Edwin Binns, at General Muhlenberg's headquarters, Valley Forge, was destroyed by fire, with a loss of several thousand dollars. Forty-two cows and a half dozen horses were burned. Mr. Binns is in Pittsburgh, where he formerly lived.

Plank Signs With Federals.

Gettysburg, Pa., Dec. 3. — Eddie Plank, of the Philadelphia Athletics, signed a Federal league contract. Harry Goldman, treasurer of the Baltimore club, came here and obtained the star pitcher's signature to a general contract, but it was not made known to which club in the Federal league Plank will be assigned. It is believed that Plank will pitch either for St. Louis or Chicago.

GENERAL MARKETS

PHILADELPHIA — FLOUR quiet; winter clear, $4.75@4.90; city mills, fancy, $6@6.50.

RYE FLOUR firm, at $5.50@6 per barrel.

WHEAT steady; No. 2 red, $1.13@1.16.

CORN quiet; No. 2 yellow, 81@81½c.

OATS firm; No. 2 white, 54@54½c.; lower grades, 53c.

POTATOES steady; per bushel, 58@62c.

POULTRY: Live steady; hens, 12@14c.; old roosters, 10@11c. Dressed firm; choice fowls, 19c.; old roosters, 13c.; turkeys, 21@22c.

BUTTER firm; fancy creamery, 36c.

EGGS steady; selected, 45 @ 47c.; nearby, 40@42c.; western, 40@42c.

Live Stock Prices.

CHICAGO—HOGS weak; bulk of sales, $7.25@7.45; light, $6.80@7.40; mixed, $7.10@7.55; heavy, $7.10@7.55; rough, $7.10@7.20; pigs, $4@6.50.

CATTLE unsettled; native steers, $5.85@10.25; western, $5.40@8.90; cows and heifers, $3.50@9.10; calves, $8@11.25.

SHEEP firm; sheep, $5.50@6.50; yearlings, $6.50@7.30; lambs, $7@8.90.

GEN. VON ALBORI.

Commander of the Austrian Army Fighting the Servians.

EUROPEAN PEACE NOT IN SIGHT YET

President Wilson Told Time to Act Has Not Arrived.

Washington, Dec. 3.—Henry White, former ambassador to France, and who recently returned from Germany, discussed the European situation with President Wilson.

"Europe is not ready for peace yet," said Mr. White. "There is not the slightest chance at present of getting a hearing for suggestions of peace. It will be time later for the United States to act."

Conditions in Europe were also discussed at a conference at the White House between President Wilson and Dr. Henry Van Dyke, minister to the Netherlands.

After his visit to the White House Dr. Van Dyke said: "There is a phrase in the Bible, 'The preparation of the gospel of peace'—which expresses our state of mind now."

He added that in Holland, as well as in other neutral countries close to the conflict, where the agonies of war could almost be heard, the desire for peace was strong. He believed the neutral countries would use every effort and influence to co-operate with the United States when the time to press for peace arrived.

Dr. Van Dyke also discussed with the president the relief of the Belgians.

"It is highly desirable," he said afterward, "that all shipments of food and clothing for the Belgians should be sent through the American commission in Belgium.

"While the people of Holland are making no appeals for outside aid for the relief of Belgian refugees in Holland, I know they will welcome gifts of food and clothing from Americans, and these should be sent in care of the American leagtion at The Hague."

EXPECT BOOM IN EXPORTS

Year of War Will Add $500,000,000 to Our Foreign Commerce.

Washington, Dec. 3.—That one year of the war in Europe will add $500,000,000 to the foreign commerce of the United States is the estimate of Edward E. Pratt, chief of the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce.

Mr. Pratt has just completed a study of the reports of American consuls and commercial representatives abroad, of agents of his bureau in this country and of the new orders for American manufactures and products reported in commercial periodicals.

If the ratio of increase recorded since August, when the war began, is maintained until next August, he estimates that new orders placed on the books of American firms will total $500,000,000.

Anti-German Riots In Chile.

Buenos Ayres, Dec. 3. — Anti-German riots are reported to have occurred in Valparaiso, Chile. The outbreak followed the announcement of an increase of tariffs charged on the city tramway lines. These lines are owned by German interests. Street cars and the building containing the German consulate were stoned.

WEATHER EVERYWHERE.

Observations of United States weather bureaus taken at 8 p. m. yesterday follow:

	Temp.	Weather
Albany	50	Clear.
Atlantic City	52	Cloudy.
Boston	48	Rain.
Buffalo	46	Foggy.
Chicago	42	Cloudy.
New Orleans	46	Cloudy.
New York	56	Foggy.
Philadelphia	54	Foggy.
St. Louis	40	Rain.
Washington	54	P. Cloudy.

The Weather.

Partly cloudy today and tomorrow; variable winds.

Czar Lost 24,152 Officers.

Petrograd, Dec. 3.—The casualties admitted by the Russians in fighting up to Nov. 2 include 972 officers killed, 19,501 wounded and 3679 missing.

War's Three Armies.

A great war leaves the country with three armies—an army of cripples, an army of mourners and an army of thieves.—German Proverb.