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There Are in Every Town and City in This Country Certain Charming Women and Girls Who Are Always Well Dressed

Extreme, eccentric or fictitious styles do not appeal to them. Yet their attire is marked with distinction, for every line follows the dictates of Parisian fashion modified to meet the requirements of well-bred American women.

It is for them and those who would be like them that we have selected our new Spring Silks. The result of discrimination in our choice is that we have on our shelves the most beautiful and most widely varied display of Silks that we have ever had. Pussy willow taffetas, plain taffetas, crepe de chines, peau de soies, messalines, serges and wash silks all have their place in Spring's fashion book, and we have a splendid line of each kind in stripes and plaids, as well as plain colors. Prices, 1.00 to $1.75.

BOYS' SPRING CLOTHES

Boys, we have just opened up our new suits, and they are "swell duds." If you want a light suit, we have them in homespuns and plaids. If you want a dark suit, we have them in serges and striped worsteds. The trousers are made full and long enough for even the tallest boy, and all fasten by a good, strong, non-slip buckle. The coats are made in the belted style, with gathered back and wide notched lapels. Prices range from $2.50 to $9.00.

J. L. EVERNGAM
DENTON, MARYLAND

The Denton National Bank

MEMBER OF REGIONAL BANK

In Past Centuries

it was necessary for the people to demand by mob violence each new and desirable measure of Government.

In this, the greatest century of all, the Government which is of the people, constantly seeks new and beneficial measures.

Greatest of all is the measure giving to the people the new Regional Bank System. This law guarantees the country's freedom from money "corners," which have in years that are past so troubled business men by the thousands, in all parts of country.

By banking with a national bank—a member of the Regional Bank—you can feel the security of the grestest combination of resources. The individual strength of THE DENTON NATIONAL BANK is about a million. The Regional Bank strength is many, many millions—and this great power stands like a stone wall in defense of steady and prosperous business life in this county and neighboring territory. Unite your financial strength with it and get the benefit of the business partnership.

T. C. West, Cashier.

SAMUEL G. NUTTLE
DENTON, MD.

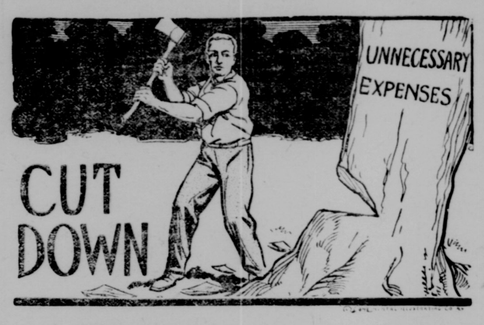
Fire, Windstorm and Accident Insurance

Best Policies in the Best Companies.

I have several well-located farms for sale at right prices on reasonable terms.

SAMUEL G. NUTTLE.

Phone No. 121 Room No. 1, Telephone Building, DENTON, MD.



One Safe Way to Increase Your Profits

is to cut down the Unnecessary Expenses. Money saved is money earned—an old proverb which we are only too apt to forget. Most of us pay out considerable money each year, which upon analysis would be found to contain numerous items that could well be eliminated.

These are the Items

which keep gnawing away at your resources and eating up your biggest profits just like the little insects which slowly but surely destroy the finest trees in the orchard. There are positive remedies for both cases. In business, the best protection against the evils of the superfluous expense accounts is the check book which enables you to keep accurate account of every penny expended and shows in a compact way just where the leak occurs.

Have you a check account with

The Peoples National Bank
DENTON, MD.

ALBERT G. TOWERS, Prest. T. F. JOHNSON, Cashier.

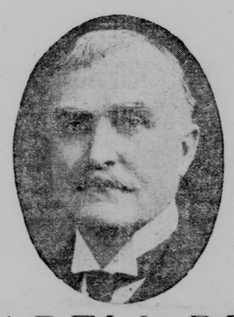
FRANTZ BROS.
(Successors to M. K. FRANTZ.)

PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS

READING TERMINAL MARKET PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Highest market prices paid for fresheggs, poultry etc

ANOTHER QUESTION ON BEHALF OF



W. CABELL BRUCE

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE FOR UNITED STATES SENATE

Is not W. Cabell Bruce, Democratic Candidate for the United States Senate, warranted in saying that in proposing Government Ownership of the telephone David J. Lewis is merely tendering to the Maryland farmer another gold brick like that tendered to him by the Greenback Movement, or by the Populist Movement for the issuance of treasury money directly to the People?

The proposition of Mr. Lewis is that, if the government were to operate the telepeone in this country through the agency of the Postoffice Department, the telephone would be a more abundant and efficient, and a cheaper instrument than it now is under private management.

A comparison between telephone conditions in this country and telephone conditions in Great Britain, France, Germany, Russia, Austria, Hungary, Italy and Spain—all countries in which the telephone is owned and operated by the Government—shows the utterly visionary nature of the idea.

AS TO ABUNDANCE

So pinched is the telephone development in these foreign countries, as compared with our own that the comparison need not be between the United States and them, but only between American cities and them. THERE ARE ABOUT AS MANY TELEPHONES IN NEW YORK CITY AND CHICAGO AS IN THE WHOLE OF GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND; THERE ARE MORE TELEPHONES IN CHICAGO THAN IN ALL FRANCE; MORE IN PHILADELPHIA THAN IN ALL OF RUSSSIA; MORE IN BOSTON THAN IN ALL AUSTRIA; MORE IN LOS ANGELES THAN IN ALL ITALY; MORE IN PITTSBURGH THAN IN ALL HUNGARY. The United States have only one-fifth of the population of Europe; it has almost two and a half times as many telephones. There are more telephones in New York city than in London, Paris and Berlin combined; about as many as in all France. While the United States have nine telephones per 100 inhabitants, Great Britain has only one and a half, Germany only two, the Netherlands only two, Switzerland only two and France only four-sixths of one. THE UNITED STATES GAINED IN 1913 NEARLY AS MANY STATIONS AS GREAT BRITAIN HAD IN 1914 IN HER ENTIRE TELEPHONE SYSTEM.

But most noteworthy of all is the hopelessly limited development of the telephone in rural communities abroad. The farmer to whom Mr. Lewis is appealing will probably think a second time when he is told that private management of the telephone in the United States is the only agency that has ever in any substantial sense realized the dream of connecting every farmhouse with the city. About 60 per cent. of our telephone development is found in exchanges of 300 stations or less. Abroad, the average rural development of the telephone represents but 21.2 per cent. of the corresponding urban development. THERE ARE, OR WERE A SHORT TIME AGO, ONLY 2,300 FARMERS' TELEPHONES IN GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND; IN THE UNITED STATES THERE ARE SOME 3,000,000. There is practically a telephone for every other farmhouse in the United States, and there is practically one for every farmhouse in Kansas.

AS TO EFFICIENCY

As respects efficiency, foreign telephone csnditions would to an American be simply intolerable. In this country telephone service is continuous throughout the 24 hours, including Sundays and holidays. In Europe and Australia only only a small percentage of the stations are open the 24 hours, and many are closed on Sundays and holidays.

Turn to Switzerland and New Zealand—the two Utopias which most frequently rise up before the deluded vision of Mr. Lewis when he is out on a course of chartless aberration. In SWITZERLAFD 96 PER CENT. OF THE EXCHANGES CLOSE AT 9 O'CLOCK P. M.; and 46 per cent. operate from 7 A. M. to noon, then close until 2 for lunch, then operate until 6 P. M., then close until 8 P. M. for supper, and then operate until 8.30 P. M., when they shut up for the night. IN NEW ZEALAND, WHERE POLITICAL FANTASIES LIKE THOSE OF MR. LEWIS HAVE LOADED ITS PEOPLE WITH A DEPT OF ABOUT $400 PER CAPITA, 84 PER CENT. OF THE TELEPHONE EXCHANGES ARE NOT OPEN ON SUNDAYS, 80 PER CENT. ARE NOT OPEN ON HOLIDAYS, AND 60 PER CENT. ARE OPEN ON WEEK DAYS ONLY FROM 9 A. M. TO 5 P. M.

Abroad toll service is "urgent" or "ordinary." If you choose the "urgent," you get at a high rate a service no better than ours. If you choose the "ordinary," you are given an "assignment," and are told that you can talk with your friend, say at 10 o'clock; perhaps that day, or perhaps not until the next day, if there are too many assignments ahead of you. At 10 the connection is made for you. If you are not on hand you are charged, and, if you are on hand, you talk three minutes. If you try to talk any longer, you are cut off, and cannot talk again until your turn comes around again. When you are connected up for a long-distance call even to nearby points, you are charged whether you actually reach the person you wish or not.

ABROAD—IN ENGLAND, GERMANY, FRANCE, EVERYWHERE—AMERICAN TELEPHONE SERVICE IS ADMITTED TO BE THE MOST EFFICIENT IN THE WOTLD.

AS RESPECTS CHEAPNESS.

If the telephone service abroad is of poor quality and conducted at a loss (as it is) why should an American ask whether it is cheaper than ours? IN REALTY IT IS NOT, THOUGH WAGES ABROAD ARE FROM 2 TO 2½ TIMES LOWER THAN THEY ARE IN THIS COUNTRY. On a very clearly average basis—such as for instance a comparison of gross earnings per telephone (exchange service) European charges for telephone service in actual money value are considerably in excess of the corresponding American charges. It would be easy to mention many American cities in which telephone rates are lower than in foreign cities, in the same telephone scale, such as St. Paul in comparison with Budapest, San Antonio in comparison with The Hague, Omaha in comparison with Tokio, Rochester in comparison with Amsterdam, St. Joseph in comparison with Rotterdam, etc.

79 per cent. of the subscribers in New York, 90 per cent. of those in Philadelphia, and 91 per cent. of those in Chicago pay less than the sole Paris rate of $77.20 (to which is added an extra charge of $20 for the instrument).

THE MORAL OF ALL THIS, OF COURSE, IS THAT THE TELEPHONE IS MORE ABUNDANT AND EFFICIENT AND NOT REALLY DEARER (DESPITE THE VAST DIFFERENCE IN WAGES) IN THIS COUNTRY THAN IN EUROPE BECAUSE THE TELEPHONE IS OPERATED HERE BY THE VITALIZING, ALERT AND FAR-SEEING AGENCIES OF PRIVATE MANAGEMENT, REGULATED BY THE INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION AND PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSIONS, AND THE TELEPHONE ABROAD IS OPERATED BY THE SLUMBROUS ROUTINE AND SHORT-SIGHTED AGENCIES OF BUREAUCRATIC RED TAPE.

The one country in Europe where the private ownership of the telephone is still predominant is Denmark, and Denmark has twice as many telephones per 100 inhabitants as even Germany.

[Published by authority of Carroll Gorman, political agent for W. Cabell Bruce.]

SPRING TAILORING
—FOR—
LADIES AND MEN

The Very Best Satisfaction

is obtained always for LADIES and MEN who wish to be well-dressed by having their suits

Made to Order

by competent tailors. Very many people know this by experience. In this work I have been engaged many years—for a considerable time at Smyrna, Del.,—and to any well-known person there I would confidently refer. I have located in Denton, and occupy the dwelling on Fourth street, lately vacated by Mrs. Isaac D. Anderson, and I respectfully ask the public generally—the ladies and men who wish Spring Suits—to call and inspect samples. The best Paris and New York styles are showing.

Remodeling, cleaning, repairing, and dyeing carefully and promptly done. Dry cleaning, scouring, etc., also attended to at short notice.

Eveything at very reasonable prices.

Jacob Cohen (Merchant Tailor) Denton, Md.

Subscribe for the JOURNAL and get all the county news.

FAMOUS SERMON STIRS THE MEN

Rev. Sunday Sways Thousands By His Attacks on Liquor.

VAST PLEDGE FOR DRY VOTE

Waves American Flag As He Walks Around the Platform—Gets Row Of Study American Boys To Stand Behind Him.

STATISTICS OF TWENTY-FIFTH DAY OF CAMPAIGN.

	Attended.
Morning	17,000
Afternoon	19,000
Evening	20,000
Women's and Children's Meetings About City	7,300
Total	63,300
Former Days	717,700
Total	781,000

Trail-Hitters.

Morning	97
Afternoon	498
Evening	198
Total	793
Former Days	9,785
Total	10,578

Baltimore.—Twenty thousand deep voices thundered approval; 20,000 men, moved as Baltimore men have never been moved before, rose, sprang, leaped to their feet as one; thousands of hats, handkerchiefs, gloves, canes were thrown into the air in the wildest enthusiasm—and then Billy Sunday, waving Old Glory above his head, turned from the audience and cried:

"Come, Rody! Play America!"

This was the scene witnessed in the tabernacle Sunday afternoon—a scene such as Baltimore never had before, a scene such as Baltimore may never have again.

Billy Sunday's famous sermon, Booze, did it.

Baltimore knows now why Sunday boasts it was this sermon that made Colorado dry; that it was this sermon that decreased by thousands and hundreds of thousands of gallons the liquor consumption in those territories where the evangelist has preached. No matter what the skepticism before of that part of Baltimore represented in the tabernacle Sunday afternoon, there is now belief that the boast is justified.

"Personal Work."

When you take down the telephone receiver, and the operator says: "Number, please," first ask her if she is a Christian.

This was Rev. Billy Sunday's suggestion in his sermon on "Personal Work" at the tabernacle. Here are some other ways by which, he said, persons may help him in his campaign to win Baltimore for Christ:

When the mailman stops at your door with a letter, ask him if he is a Christian. Put the same question to the milkman, the butcher's boy, the book agent, the insurance collector, the old clothes man and the gentlemanly individual who leaves the sample of soap for you to try. Or, and Mr. Sunday laid particular emphasis on this, call up the newspaper offices and ask "them" if they are Christians. Mr. Sunday did not explain just whom he meant by "them"—whether editors, reporters, compositors, pressmen, advertising men or printer's "devil."

"Go from house to house in your neighborhood," was another of the evangelist's suggestion, "or write letters, but spend a two-cent stamp; don't use a postcard."

Too Much Second-Hand.

One must experience religion to know God, Sunday said in his sermon. "There is too much second-hand stuff in the church."

God doesn't do things by halves," he said, and he repeated the legend that the birds were first made without wings and couldn't sing, and God made wings for them, and as soon as they started to fly they began to sing. Sunday branded this as a fake. "When the Lord does a job He finishes it right and you cannot improve upon it," he said.

"You must have your eyes in the back of your heads, you must be idiots if you can't see that the spirit of God is moving on Baltimore as it never has before; if you can't see that the time of a great awakening is at hand; that the old ship of Zion is sweeping down your streets, floating her standard, 'In hoc signo vinci!'"

Billy Sunday hurled the foregoing at 20,000 people at the tabernacle, and the applause that he received gave emphatic indorsement to the utterance.

Urges Personal Influence.

His text was "No man cared for my soul (One Hundred and Forty-second Psalm), and, logically, he expatiated upon the power of personal influence and the duty of individual effort to further the cause of Christ.

"I can name 50 men in Baltimore," he declared, "whose influence is so potent that if they'd take their stand now for Christ 25,000 would follow them into Christ's kingdom inside of two weeks."

Replies To a Charge.

In delivering his sermon, in inspiring the members of his congregation to march forward down the sawdust aisles and shake his hand, Sunday was extraordinarily earnest. But at no time was he more vehement than when he digressed from his sermon to defend himself from the charge by his opponents that he lacks vital interest in the spiritual welfare of the thousands to whom he preaches.

"Do you mean to tell me," he challenged, springing upon his chair and whirling about to face all sections of the building, "that if I didn't care I'd stand here and work as I have had to do and as I will continue to do? I can go out and in a week earn enough to keep Mrs. Sunday and myself for a year. You let a couple of pugs stand up and pay them $150,000 to see them pound each other for 15 minutes, and yet when a minister gets a little money for preaching the word of God you call him a damned grafter.

"Yes I care. And there are many here in Baltimore who care. Every board in this tabernacle will bear testimony that Baltimore cares for the spiritual welfare of others."

Novel Reading Curse Of Day.

Novel reading was condemned in scathing terms by Rev. Billy Sunday.

In the first place, Sunday said, he had no use for the book that doesn't treat Christ and the Gospel as they should be treated. Too many such books are read until they are worn out, while the Bible lies unopened on the center table.

"One reason why people have such low moral standards," said Sunday, "is this damnable novel reading. One of the curses of this country today is novels. All the authors have different ideas of religion, and not one of them has the right idea."

Sunday's sermon was on "Sin," and he warned his hearers that if they didn't repent they would "go to hell so fast" they couldn't be seen for the dust.

Jolts For Church Members.

Church members came in for some hard jolts. Some of them, he said, "don't know the A B C of religion," and that is the great fault of today.

"Look at a lot of the stuff they call religion nowadays," said Sunday. "It's so close to hell that God wouldn't recognize it."

If church members would quit playing cards there would be an end to gambling, he said. "If church members would quit voting for booze the saloons would go to hell in a jiffy."

"If you want to know why blessings don't fall upon you," said Sunday, "it's because you're too devilish." God's promises to the man who confesses his sins and accepts Christ are numerous. "God can make Carnegie and Rockefeller look like plugged cents," he said, "so let's try to be millionaires in grace, not panhandlers at God's door."

HOT SHOTS FROM SUNDAY'S SERMONS

Booze gives you bats in your belfry, floating giblets, inflammation of the gizzard and discoloration of the mazuma.

For every dollar you spend on wet goods you will spend one cent on dry goods.

If the people of the country would cut out the booze I would show them one of the greatest revivals of business in the history of the nation.

The trouble in this country is not in the overproduction; it is the under consumption.

There will be so many church members in hell for voting in favor of the saloon that their feet will be sticking out the windows.

If to kill the saloon would mean to kill business, then I say, "Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord."

I hope in the wise providence of God that I may be permitted to preach the funeral service over the liquor traffic.

You might as well try to run a powder mill in hell as to regulate the liquor business with high license.

If the church isn't against the saloon, then to hell with the church; and if the preachers and priests are not against the saloon, then to hell with them.

I claim the distinction of being the only man in America who has been able to make the liquor people quote Scripture.

Whiskey is God's worst enemy and the devil's best friend.

The anti-saloon element in America holds the balance of power.

The difference between the high-class saloon and the low-down saloon is the one smells bad and the other stinks.

INTERESTING NOTES FOR ALL

A recent census disclosed 20 dogs to eight babies in a fashionable colony at Palm Beach.

One drop of petrol will kill a wasp instantly, but if applied to a bee or a fly it will be quite ineffective.

The cat, sheep and turkey are exceptions to the rule that animal species increase in size after domestication. An average wild sheep weighs 100 pounds more than his farmyard cousin.

It Sounded Big.

"She talks at different times of 'my maid,' 'my cook' and 'my laundress,'" said the woman with the mackinaw.

"Has she actually so many servants?"

"No," said the accompanying male person. "She means that her hired girl is a lightning change artist."—Detroit Saturday Night.

Extreme Ennui.

"I fear hers is a hopeless case. She's tired of everything."

"Everything?"

"Yes; even of going to the doctor."—Kansas City Journal.

Cured.

"Bacon lost a lot of money in a big sugar deal. That cured him of speculation."

"Sugar cured, so to speak."—Boston Transcript.

Only evil grows of itself. For goodness we want effort and courage.