DENTON JOURNAL.

HOWARD MELVIN, EDITOR

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1889.

IT IS NOW generally believed that Blaine is to be Secretary of State.

A BILL HAS BEEN introduced in the Delaware Legislature, providing for a constitutional convention.

THE GREENSBOROUGH FREE PRESS has attained its ninth birthday. The paper has been a lively sheet from the start, and in the past year has been more than ever successful. May even greater success attend the efforts of the Messrs. Plummer.

HON. CHARLES H. GIBSON'S efforts in behalf of his constituents are usually availing. What he asks for is generally granted. The daily mail service on the Choptank River route is another public benefit which business men much appreciate.

THE BALTIMORE SUN says it was the Prohibition party, and not the Republican party, that took about a thousand votes from the Democratic ticket in the First Congressional district last fall. The majority of the Republicans are unchanged and unchangeable. They are "dyed in the wool."

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT Judge Morris has dismissed without costs the libel suit of Robert A. McGuinn, a colored minister, against the owners and captain of the steamer Mason L. Weems for damages for the treatment on board to which McGuinn was subjected because of his color. In July, 1887, he bought a first-class ticket to Millenbeck, Va. When the supper bell rang he seated himself at the table, and upon his refusal to move, the food and dishes were removed to another table, the passengers all taking seats at that table and leaving him alone. Afterward the passengers threatened him, which was the cause of his leaving the boat before reaching his destination.

The judge held that when a first-class price is demanded and paid the persons paying that price must have the same accommodations, but when public sentiment demands a separation of passengers it must be granted to some extent. While this sentiment prevails, the carrier must not be compelled to sacrifice his business in order to combat it. In this case the petitioner was not sufficiently protected and suffered humiliation, but not enough for damages.

IT HAS COME to be considered a very expensive business to procure an election to the United States Senate and the Senate shows a marked tendency to become a rich man's club. But in recent elections there has not been the usual amount of talk about bribery, and such as there has been in Minnesota goes to show that a Senatorship is not quite so expensive a luxury after all. As the result of a partial investigation of the charges of bribery made against both Washburn and his competitor Sabin, these facts have been made public: "One man said he had received an offer of a good government position if he would vote for Sabin; another man said that an offer was made to him of $1,000 to vote for Washburn, while a third said Washburn gave him wine until he was so drunk that he did not know whether he received any money or not." Probably a goad deal of the money handled on such occasions sticks to the fingers of the dispensing agents, but making all allowances on this score, a seat in the United States Senate is evidently cheaper in Minnesota than it is further east. It is quite as serious a question there as elsewhere, however, whether the distinction of representing the State in the upper branch of Congress shall be at the command of the longest purse.

Democrats, Unite!

In order to carry this State there must be a united party. The Republicans are well organized and disciplined. It is admitted in Washington that the Democratic party has not got the right kind of leadership, and that was the cause of the party's defeat in the last election. To insure success, fair and equal justice must be done to every living member of the Democratic party. The voice of the people has got to be heard. The time is approaching when we are going to have a very important election in this State, including the selection of a United States Senator. The candidates must be selected by the people, be of the people, and come direct from the people. If this is done the Democrats will carry this State, and if done all over the country that party will again get control of the government of this country. If the Democrats do not conform to the fundamental principles of the party it deserves to go down. ISIDOR RAYNER.

The Race Question.

Senator John T. Morgan.

It is irrational to attribute these race antipathies and aversions to the laws of this country or to anything in the manner of their administration and enforcement. They rest upon foundations that men have not built, and are supported by ordinances that human power can neither enact nor amend nor repeal. After we have done all that we can to abolish or to neutralize these race distinctions and the feelings that grow out of them—attempting to set aside the eternal laws of nature—we shall find that we have only marked more plainly the differences between the races, and that we have rooted race prejudices more deeply in the hearts of the inferior races and the whites, at least so far as the Chinese and Negroes are concerned. The Negro question is not, therefore, a southren question, but a race question, that appears in every phase of human existence as directly as distinctly in the North, wherever a considerable number of Negroes is found, as in the South.

Disfranchisement as a Punishment.

The subject of election bribery is now receiving more attention from statesmen and politicians than ever before. In the February *Century* Dr. Gladden has a long article. He argues that the complete disfranchisement of men who have been guilty of the lesser offenses would not be just or expedient. Such men ought to have space for reformation. The first term of their disfranchisement might well be brief. Conviction for drunkenness or disorderly conduct might exclude from the polls for one year. More serious misdemeanors might entail a longer disfranchisement. And it would be well to give large discretion to the authorities who grant pardons, and who regulate indeterminate sentences, that they may restore the suffrage more speedily to those whose conduct in prison has been exceptionally good. But we should make sure that every conviction under the criminal law work some temporary forfeiture of political privilege. We should make it plain to the dullest mind that good conduct is the indispensable condition of the possession of the franchise; that those who wish to take part in making the laws must refrain from violating the laws.

Some offenses should be followed, as now, by perpetual disfranchisement. That all "felonies" should incur this penalty is not at all clear; many of those committed to our prisons for crimes of passion may, under proper care be reformed and rendered useful members of the state. That door should by no means be forever closed against them, nor should the opening of it be left to executive clemency. The felon's record, in prison, should determine whether he may, after a space, be restored to full political privileges. But there is one class of crimes for which the laws of many of our States do not entail any political disabilities, which ought to be punished everywhere by the final forfeiture of political power. These are the crimes against the suffrage itself—bribery, both in the briber and the bribed, fraudulent voting, the falsifying of returns, and the like. No man convicted of one of these crimes ought ever to be permitted to vote again. Some of the States, with a moral obtuseness on this point which is positively grotesque, provide that a man caught in attempting a crime of this nature shall lose his vote "in that election"! What a sense of the sacredness of the suffrage the men must have had who could frame into a statute such a grinning jibe as that! The man who strikes with a poisoned dagger at the very heart of the Republic—he shall not be allowed to vote "in that election"! Could the force of anti-climax—and of *a priori* theory—go farther? Such an offender deserves to be banished and forbidden ever again to set foot upon our soil under penalty of death; certainly the lighest punishment that can with justice be meted out to him is perpetual exclusion from the franchise.

MRS. JAMES G. BLAINE JR., has signed a contract to play in society drama next year under the management of Daniel Frohman.

Wanamaker's.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, Jan. 28, 1888

This is for you, madame; about your Dresses. How many of them fit just right? Have you one Dress that sets exactly as you wish? Isn't there a draw, or a wrinkle-spot or a hunch-up place in the best of them? Doesn't it pinch a little here and slouch a little there?

Of course it does. Needn't. Heard that before? Very likely; *but we prove it.*

There's no guesswork about the fit of a waist that comes from the Pollock Garment-Fitting Frames. Can't be.

A cuirass of flexible metal tapes does the business. Being adjustable in all its parts by a series of hooks and eyelets, it is fitted perfectly to the form, removed in sections, laid flat upon the material to be cut, a pencil sketch is made, a few snips of the scissors, and the garment is ready to put together. No shearing and shaving to "make it fit." Science touches a secret spring in dressmaking and the lines of beauty fall into place.

Throat curves carried out; shoulder slopes not marred by straight, unyielding seams; darts that defy straining or stiffness in outline; sleeve that might serve to mould the arm of a Venus, easy in any position—sharp elbows especially invited.

The only perfect waist measurement system we ever knew—and invented by a man!

Think of the time lost in trying to be fitted; add the plague of the almost certain misfit; take note of the cost of ruined material, ruined nerves, and ruined hopes.

Then hail the deliverer.

You are asking "what will all this perfection cost?" Absurdly little.

$1 *for waist and sleeves lining perfectly fitted and basted realy to put on.*

$2 *for waist and sleeves lining and* cloth *basted together, but you must furnish the cloth.*

The paper patern and the wasted stuff by the common way would about balance this cost.

The wind whipping the spray from the crests of high running billows is the metaphor for the early sales of rare Ginghams. The new styles for this year are the song and laughter of color. Some many "flew like the down of a thistle" soon as opened, and are still flying. But the glory is not all to the Scotch. Yankee "me too." Massachusetts Ginghan in plenty, delicate as "Summer evening's latest sigh." To enjoy the rare day in June, when it comes, buy and prepare now. Let no hurry then disturb the peace of glorious Summer.

There are styles by the hundreds. Mostly novelties. 20 to 60 cents.

Dress Robes $4 to $10 each! Rich stuffs for panels and trimmings, and strong, handsome plain weaves to combine. Yard-cost would be double or more.

We hear of Women's $6 Shoes reduced to $4, and other like doings about town. Do you gulp such stories down without looking into them? It isn't safe, if you care to save money. We were shown a pair of $4 from $6 Shoes recently that came from not a thousand miles away. We had'nt a regular $4 Shoe in stock that was'nt better made. of better stuff, and better finished. You can be extravagant in Shoes as easy as in anything else you wear.

JOHN WANAMAKER.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE
—OF—
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE!

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from Robert B. Culbreth and Sarah G. Culbreth, his wife, and Esma Lowe and Margaret A. Lowe, his wife, to Isaac S. Lapham, bearing date the 4th day of February, 1888, and recorded in Liber L. H. G. No. 52, folio 259, etc., one of the land records for Caroline county, the undersigned, attorneys named in said mortgage, will offer at Public Sale, in front of the Court House door in Denton, on

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 19TH, 1889,

At 3 o'clock P. M., all that valuable tract or parcel of land whereon Henry C. Culbreth now resides, called and known as "POPLAR NECK," or by whatever name or names the same may be called and known, as follows:

No. 1—All that part of said farm or parcel of land which lies on the opposite side of the county road from the dwelling house, and which contains

208 Acres of Land, More or Less,

Of which there is supposed to be about 30 acres in wood and timber. There is also an Orchard supposed to contain from

800 TO 1000 PEACH TREES,

From twelve to fifteen years old.

No. 2.—All that part of said farm on which the dwelling house is located, and on the same side of the county road, containing

250 Acres of Land, More or Less,

Of which thirty-five acres are supposed to be in wood and timber. The improvements on this tract consist of a

Two-Story Dwelling House,

In fair order, with Corn House, Granary and Stables, in ordinary condition. There is on this tract an **Orchard** supposed to contain **about 2,400 Peach Trees,** of which between 300 and 400 are supposed to be eight or ten years old, 1,000 about two years old, and 1,000 one year old this spring.

This property will first be offered in two parcels as above, and then as one tract, and if the bid for the whole tract exceeds the aggregate bids for the two parcels, the bidder for the whole tract will be declared the purchaser; otherwise the bidders for the parcels will be declared the purchasers.

This property is eligibly located, being convenient to churches, schools, mills, and in about a mile-and-a-half of Goldsborough and of Henderson, two stations on the line of the Delaware and Chesapeake Railway, and offers rare inducements to purchasers seeking either a home or an investment.

—TERMS OF SALE.—

Four thousand five hundred (4,500) dollars in cash on the day of sale, and the balance in two equal payments of one and two years; to be secured to the satisfaction of the undersigned, and to bear interest from the day of sale.

☞ Title papers at the expense of the purchaser.

GEGRGE M. RUSSUM.
HENRY R. LEWIS,
Atty's named in the Mortgage.
HENRY IRWIN, Auctioneer.

("Union" please copy.)

Examiners' Notice.

We, the undersigned, having been appointed by the county commissioners to lay out a public road in the First Election District, commencing at or near a gum tree, near the outlet of Wesley Dendelsbeck's place, on the land of the late John Daily, and running through the land of the said Daily's heirs, through the land of Dendelsbeck, J. E. Stafford, William Biddle, and I. S. Joslin; thence down the line of the lands of John Biddle and I. S. Joslin until it interects the county road leading from Marydel to Hartnett's Corner, hereby give notice that we will meet at the said place of beginning on THURSDAY, 28th day of FEBRUARY, at ten o'clock a. m., to execute our warrant.

H. C. GOODEN,
JACOB RICKARDS,
WM. T. ROBERTS,
1 26 Examiners.

ROAD NOTICE.

We, the undersigned, give notice that we will, thirty days after date, petition the County Commissioners of Caroline county to lay out and construct a Public Road, beginning at or about an apple tree on the county road between Marydel and Mount Zion, and running through the lands of W. W. Rickards, Matilda Vane, Charles H. Conly, William H. Bickling, William Dennison, and others, and to intersect the new road known as the "P. W. Downes road."

WM. DENNISON,
W. W. RICKARDS,
CHAS. H. CONLY,
WM. H. BICKLING,
MATILDA VANE.

January 26, 1889.

MARSHALL S. MUTCHLER,
SOLICITOR-IN-CHANCERY,
DENTON, MD.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

Harry Madara and Mary A. Madara. vs. Collins Madara, Martha Martin, Jacob Martin, Jacob Madara, Jennie Madara, Helen Madara, Laura Madara, and Edgar G. Miller and Thomas Hill, trustees and mortgagees.	In the Circuit Court for Caroline County, In Equity.

The object of this suit is to procure a decree for the sale of certain real estate in Caroline county and State of Maryland, of which William A. Madara died seized and possessed, free and unencumbered from a certain mortgage resting upon said lands and premises, from the said William A. Madara and wife to Edgar G. Miller and Thomas Hill, trustees and mortgagees; and that the said Edgar G. Miller and Thomas Hill, trustees and mortgagees, may be decreed and ordered to take the said mortgage indebtedness and the interest thereon out of the proceeds of the sale of the said real estate; and that the balance of the proceeds of said sale may be distributed between and amongst the several parties to this proceeding according to their respective interests, and for other relief.

The bill of complaint states that heretofore a certain William A. Madara, late of Blair county and State of Pennsylvania, was in his lifetime seized and possessed of a certain farm or tracts or parcels of land, situate, lying and being in the second and sixth election districts of Caroline county, in the State of Maryland, to wit: All that tract of land or farm, known as the "Perry Farm," and fully described in a deed from Esther C. Perry and husband to the said William A. Madara, bearing date of December 27, 1883, a certified copy of which deed is filed with said bill of complaint, marked Plaintiff's "Exhibit A," and prayed to be taken as a part of the said bill of complaint.

That the said William A. Madara and Mary A. Madara, his wife, during the lifetime of the said William A. Madara conveyed the said lands and premises by way of mortgage to Edgar G. Miller and Thomas Hill, trustees and mortgagees, which said mortgage is conditioned for the payment of the principal sum of forty-four hundred dollars to the said trustees and mortgagees, three years after the 15th day of June, in the year 1887, with the interest thereon payable semi-annually.

That the interest on said mortgage debt has been promptly paid when due up to the present, but the principal of said mortgage indebtedness is still unpaid. A certified copy of said mortgage is filed with said bill of complaint, marked Plaintiff's "Exhibit B," and prayed to be taken as a part of said bill of complaint.

That the said William A. Madara being seized and possessed as aforesaid of the said lands and premises, departed this life about the month of April, in the year 1888, intestate as to the said lands and premises by reason of the defective attestation of a paper writing purporting to be a last will and testament of the said William A. Madara, a certified copy of which paper writing is filed with said bill of complaint, marked Plaintiff's "Exhibit C," and prayed to be taken as a part of said bill of complaint.

That the said William A. Madara left to survive him, as his only heirs and legal representatives, a widow—Mary A. Madara, and the following children, to wit: Martha Martin, formerly Martha Madara, who has intermarried with one Jacob Martin; Harry Madara, Collins Madara, Jacob Madara, John Madara, Jennie Madara, Laura Madara, and Helen Madara.

That the said Collins Madara, Jacob Madara, John Madara, Jennie Madara, Laura Madara, and Helen Madara, defendants, are infants, under the age of twenty-one years.

That the said Collins Madara, Martha Martin, Jacob Martin, Jacob Madara, John Madara, Jennie Madara, Laura Madara, and Helen Madara, defendants, are non-residents of the State of Maryland and do not reside therein, but reside in the State of Pennsylvania.

That the said real estate is not susceptible of partition amongst the parties aforesaid; that it cannot be divided amongst the said parties without loss and injury to all of them, and that it will be for the benefit, interest and advantage of all the said parties, infants as well as adults, to sell the aforesaid lands and premises and to divide the proceeds thereof between the parties, in proportion to their respective interests.

That the said lands and premises are comparatively unproductive and the income therefrom is not sufficient to pay the taxes thereon, the necessary repairs and the interest on said mortgage, but by reason of the contiguity of said lands and premises to the town of Ridgely the same could be sold for from eight to ten thousand dollars, if sold free from the incumbrance of the mortgage aforesaid.

It is thereupon this 5th day of January, 1889, ordered by the Circuit Court for Caroline county, in Equity, that the plaintiffs by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper printed and published in Caroline county aforesaid, once in each of four successive weeks before the 11th day of February, 1889, give notice to the said absent defendants of the object and substance of this bill, warning them to appear in this court in person or by solicitor on or before the 27th day of February next, to show cause, if any they have, why a decree ought not to be passed as prayed.

LUTHER H. GADD, Clerk.

True copy—test:
LUTHER H. GADD, Clerk.

LATE COLLECTOR'S SALE
—OF—
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE
—FOR TAXES!—

By virtue of authority in me vested by the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim, interest and estate at law and in equity of Elizabeth Gifford, in and to all that certain tract or part of a tract of land, situate, lying and being in the Preston Precinct of the Fourth Election District of Caroline county, being part of a tract of land described in a mortgage deed from Stephen Gifford and wife to Julia A. Bowen, and beginning for the outlines thereof at a bridge over Skillington Creek, on the public road leading from Poplar Neck to Hog Island Wharf, and runs thence with said road north 80 degrees east 33 perches; then south 47 degrees east 45 perches; then south 37 degrees west 91 perches; then north 54 degrees west 36 perches, to Skillington Creek; then up said creek to the place of beginning, containing

23 ACRES OF LAND,

more or less; and I hereby give notice that on

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 19TH, 1889,

between the hours of one and three o'clock p. m., of that day, at the front door of the court house in Denton, I will offer for sale the property so seized and taken in execution at public auction, to the highest bidder for CASH, to pay and satisfy the State and county taxes for the years 1886 and 1887, now due and in arrears by the said Elizabeth Gifford, with the interest thereon, together with all the costs incurred in making the sale. The taxes are as follows, to wit:

County taxes for 1886	$30.19
State taxes for 1886	6.19
County taxes for 1887	30.09
State taxes for 1887	6.16

☞ A plat of the above described lands and premises will be exhibited on day of sale. Title papers at expense of purchaser.

BURTON W. PARKER,
Late Collector of State and County Taxes for the Fourth Election District of Caroline County for the Years 1886 and 1887.

SEND 25c. for Complete Farm and Stock Record & Account Book. Valuable hints. A.S.CORE, 170 Front St., New York. 22

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvelous purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than ordinary kinds and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weights, alum and phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.*

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO.,
4 21 1y. 106 Wall Street, N. Y.

GET THE BEST.

THE PHILADELPHIA TIMES.

THE MOST COMPLETE NEWSPAPER PUBLISHED IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Engagements already made with writers and artists for the coming year embrace the following names: Edward Everett Hale, Will Carleton, Joaquin Miller, Bret Harte, Marion Harland, Blakely Hall, Grace Greenwood, Anna Katherine Greene, Olive Logan, Frederick Schwatka, Amos J. Cummings, Dr. William A. Hammond, Bishop Coxe, De Grimm, Karl Blind, Emilio Castelar, Rose Elizabeth Cleveland, "The Duchess," Emily, Etelky, Laura C. Holloway, John P. Jackson, Comptesse de Jacournassy, Gaston Jollivet, Clara Lanza, Pere Hyacintha Loyson, Florence Marryat, Louis N. McGargee, Annie Jenness Miller, Alfred Naquet, Henry Norman, Howard Paul, Theodore L. Stanton, John Swinton, August Vitu, Edgar L. Wakeman, Thomas Wharton, Bab, Franklin File, Emile de Laveleye.

THE TIMES is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspaper published in Pennsylvania. Its discussion of public men and public measures is in the interest of public integrity, honest government and prosperous industry, and it knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public issues. In the broadest and best sense a family and general newspaper.

THE NEWS OF THE WORLD—The Times has all the facilities of advanced journalism for gathering news from all quarters of the Globe, in addition to that of the Associated Press, now covering the whole world in its scope, making it the perfection of a newspaper, with everything carefully edited to occupy the smallest space.

JOURNAL OF SOCIETY—The full and accurate record of social movements and entertainments, the doings of influential people and the current topics of drawing-room conversation is a recognized feature in The Times. Throughout the social season events of importance are reported daily and the "Journal of Society" in the Sunday edition is of acknowledged interest and authority.

OUR BOYS AND GIRLS—No other newspaper gives the same careful attention to the needs and tastes of young readers. The page devoted especially to them commands the services of the best writers and is edited with scrupulous care, with the aim of making it entertaining and instructive and helpful to the sound education as well as to the pure amusement of both big and little boys and girls.

THE TIMES aims to have the largest circulation by deserving it, and claims that it is unsurpassed in all the essentials of a great metropolitan newspaper.

SPECIMEN COPIES of any edition will be sent free to any one sending their address.

TERMS—Daily, $3 per annum; $1 for four months; 30 cents per month; delivered by carriers for 6 cents per week; Sunday edition—sixteen large, handsome pages—128 columns, elegantly illustrated, $2 per annum; 5 cents per copy. Daily and Sunday, $5 per annum; 50 cents per month. Weekly edition, $1 per annum.

Address all letters to

THE TIMES,
Philadelphia.

Notice to Physicians.

The physicians of the Caroline County Medical Association are cordially invited to meet in Denton, at the Court House, at 2 o'clock p. m., on Tuesday, February 12. A full attendance is earnestly desired.

THOMAS HACKETT,
President.
ENOCH GEORGE,
Secretary.

Luxuriant Hair

Can only be preserved by keeping the scalp clean, cool, and free from dandruff, and the body in a healthful condition. The great popularity of **Ayer's Hair Vigor** is due to the fact that it cleanses the scalp, promotes the growth of the hair, prevents it from falling out, and gives it that soft and silky gloss so essential to perfect beauty.

Frederick Hardy, of Roxbury, Mass., a gentleman fifty years of age, was fast losing his hair, and what remained was growing gray. After trying various dressings with no effect, he commenced the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor. "It stopped the falling out," he writes; "and, to my great surprise, converted my white hair (without staining the scalp) to *the same shade of brown* it had when I was 25 years of age."

Ten Years Younger.

Mrs. Mary Montgomery, of Boston, writes: "For years, I was compelled to wear a dress cap to conceal a bald spot on the crown of my head; but now I gladly lay the cap aside, for your Hair Vigor is bringing out a new growth. I could hardly trust my senses when I first found my hair growing; but there it is, and I am delighted. *I look ten years younger.*"

A similar result attended the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor by Mrs. O. O. Prescott, of Charlestown, Mass., Miss Bessie H. Bedloe, of Burlington, Vt., Mrs. J. J. Burton, of Bangor, Me., and numerous others.

The loss of hair may be owing to impurity of the blood or derangement of the stomach and liver, in which case, a course of **Ayer's Sarsaparilla** or of **Ayer's Pills,** in connection with the **Vigor,** may be necessary to give health and tone to all the functions of the body. At the same time, it cannot be too strongly urged that none of these remedies can do much good without a persevering trial and strict attention to cleanly and temperate habits.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by Druggists and Perfumers.

READ THIS! READ THIS!

Maryland Institute for the Promotion of the Mechanic Arts,

MR. C. P. KNIGHT, BALTIMORE, NOV. 5th, 1886.
GENERAL AGENT NEW JERSEY ENAMEL PAINT CO.

Dear Sir—In reply to yours of the 1st inst., as to the opinion of the Board of the Maryland Institute of the merits of the Liquid Enamel Paint, manufactured by the New Jersey Enamel Paint Co., and applied to the exterior of the Maryland Institute Building, I am happy to say, after careful inspection of the paint since its application, by myself and other members of the Board, that it appears first-class in every particular, and fully justifies your representation as to its beauty, durability and economy.

Very Respectfully Yours,
JOSEPH M. CUSHING, President.

From the Baltimore Evening News.

The Maryland Institute.

THE FINE OLD BUILDING IN A BRAN NEW DRESS.

Persons who have passed by the Maryland Institute lately have been struck by the transformation in the appearance of the building produced by the repainting of the entire structure in attractive and tasteful colors. One of the officials of the Institute stated to a *News* reporter that the renovation of the building was accomplished by means of the appropriation recently made by the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore. The work was done under the personal supervision and direction of Mr. Theodore Oster, inspector of building, and only the very best material was used. The paint used was that manufactured by the New Jersey Enamel Paint Company, the excellence of which has become known to the public through the fact that it has also been used upon *The American* and *Sun* buildings, Ford's Grand Opera House, the Carrollton Hotel, and many other conspicuous structures. Mr. Oster was requested by the president of the Institute and several of the directors to use this paint when the appropriation was made. He was at first disinclined to acquiesce in the suggestion, owing to the fact that he did not believe in ready-mixed paints. His opposition arose from the fact that he had experienced the worthlessness of many articles put upon the market under the name of ready-mixed paints, some of which were imitations of the article suggested by the Institute officials, and none of which were satisfactory to a gentleman so thoroughly capable of judging the excellence of a paint as Mr. Oster. When, however, his attention had been called to the buildings mentioned above, and he had seen a practical demonstration of the qualities of this paint, he consented, with his usual courtesy, to the wish of those who had urged him to use the article and the result has more than equalled the anticipations of those who had urged the use of this paint.

Mr. C. P. Knight, No. 211 E. Lombard street, (new number,) who is the general agent here, stated to a *News* reporter that he had been selling the paint since 1871, and that in not a single instance had it failed to give satisfactipn to his customers. He also stated that sample cards showing the different colors were furnished gratis, on application to him by mail or in person. The numerous large buildings upon which the paint has been used are an ample guarantee of its exceptional merit, and it will pay anyone who proposes to do any painting to consult Mr. Knight before having the work done.

From the Baltimore American.

Owing to the want of space, produced by the great pressure upon our columns in reporting the proceedings of the different committees relative to the re-union of the Society of the Army of the Potomac, recently held in Baltimore, we have been unable to call the attention of our readers and the public generally to the new spring dress of *The American* building, except to announce we had given the contract to Mr. C. P. Knight, No. 211 East Lombard street, (new number). The paint used on the builing is the liquid enamel paint, made by the New Jersey Enamel Paint Co., which has been sold in this market for fourteen years, and endorsed by our late Mr. Charles C. Fulton and many representative men of our city, such as Mr. John S. Gilman, president of 'Second Nat. Bank; Mr. Jacob Hartman, president of the Metropolitan Savings Bank and Washington Fire Ins. Co.; Thomas J. Myers, of Thomas J. Myers & Co.; J. D. Mallory, of Reuter & Mallory; Armstrong, Cator & Co., and many others. The selection and combination of colors were painted on a drawing of the building and submitted to Gen. Agnus for his approval in advance of the work, and we are most happy to say they have come up to our expectations, and we cordially invite the public to inspect the same. For seashore work, which is so very severe on paint, it has some splendid endorsements, and we suggest, for the benefit of our patrons, to write Mr. Knight for sample cards and testimonials.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS IN BALTIMORE

Painted with this Celebrated Paint.

The American Office,

The Armstrong & Cator Building,

The Maryland Institute Building,

Ford's Grand Opera House,

The Carolton Hotel,

The Mansion House Hotel,

And hundreds of elegant residences all over the country.

Sample Cards furnished gratis on application by mail or otherwise.

From the Baltimore County Union.

THE NEW JERSEY ENAMEL PAINT.—This article has been on the market in Baltimore since 1871, and is handled by the sole general agent, Mr. Charles P. Knight, No. 211 East Lombard street, (new number). It has been used extensively on public and private buildings, and the best testimonial as to the general excellence of the article is the fact that it has never failed to give entire satisfaction None but the best materials are used in compounding the Enamel Paint and wherever it has been applied the general excellence of the work and beauty of finish show for themselves, and any person of experience needs no better evidence as to its utility and value. These paints—all colors, which are shown upon sample cards—are put up in gallon cans and mixed ready for use, which is a great advantage as compared with the ordinary paints in the matter of handling as well as of applying them. The Enamel Paint is of uniform quality and Mr. Knight, the sole agent in Baltimore, handles immense quantities of it, showing that it is not new to the public; but is really a staple article, the demand for it increasing with each year. Many of the finest buildings in Baltimore have been covered with this paint, and where properly applied it has never failed to give entire satisfaction. The residence of H. C. Longnecker, in Towsontown, has lately had two coats of this paint applied to it and the manner in which it is covered and the excellence of the finish speak for themselves. Those who propose doing any painting are invited to inspect this house and see for themselves that everything we have said about the Enamel Paint are facts. We have no hesitation in recommending it.

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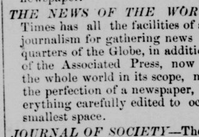

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Chronic Rheumatism.

Prompt, Permanent Cures.

Once Cured, Always Cured.

Fort Madison, Iowa, Feb. 24, 1887.
Suffered severely with rheumatism in knee; could hardly move. Two applications of St. Jacobs Oil completely cured me. No return in 2 years.
J. H. DUFFERS.

Once Cured, Always Cured.

Canajoharie, N. Y., Feb. 10, 1887.
Awoke with excruciating pain in shoulder; tried various remedies with no effect. Went to my office, pain became insufferable, went home at 11 o'clock and used St. Jacobs Oil. The effect was magical, pain ceased; returned to work at 1 o'clock. Cure has remained permanent. WILLET F. COOK.

Once Cured, Always Cured.

Lowell, Mass., Oct. 29, 1886.
Had severe rheumatism in knee; tried many remedies without relief; tried St. Jacobs Oil and was promptly cured. No return of pain in several years.
DAVID LAWRENCE.

Proof.

The testimony cannot be disputed. It has been verified and renewed after a lapse of year. No return of pain. No competition can show like results.

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THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

MOSES GOTTLIEB,
PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER and JEWELER,
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WEDDING AND BIRTHDAY PRESENTS;
WATCHES, CLOCKS, FINE JEWELRY, SILVER-PLATED WARE, SPECTACLES,
EYEGLASSES AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Twenty-four years' practical experience in the business enables me to guarantee satisfaction in every case.
Thanking the public for past patronage, I earnestly solicit their trade for the future.

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W. D. Sult, Druggist, Bippus, Indiana, testifies: "I can recommend Electric Bitters as the very best remedy. Every bottle sold has given relief in every case. One man took six bottles, and was cured of rheumatism of ten year's standing." Abraham Hare, druggist, Bellville, Ohio, affirms: "The best selling medicine I have ever handled in my twenty years' experience, is Electric Bitters." Thousands of others have added their testimony, so that the verdict is unanimous that Electric Bitters do cure all diseases of the Liver, Kidneys or Blood. Only a half dollar a bottle, at George & Redden's Drug Store.

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WINTER IS HERE AT LAST!

BUT W. J. BLACKISTON IS READY!

With a nice Line of Novelties from Northern Importers, which has been selected with great care, and will be offered at Close Figures.

SPECIAL DRIVES!
—IN—
Ladies' Dress Goods—
—and Trimmings!
—CONSISTING OF—
SILKS, SATINS, PLUSH, VELVETS, MORIES,
And a Beautiful Line of Silk Gimps and Pasementeries, Silk Girdles and Silk-Finished Henriettas, forty-five inches wide, in all the leading shades. Cashmeres, Tricot s, and many other beautiful patterns.

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Let us say a word about Rusching. We have them in
OLD GOLD, SILVER, STEEL BEADED AND BALL COMBINATIONS,
And in fact the Very Latest Novelties.
AMERICAN AND ENGLISH CASSIMERES!
For Gentlemen's Wear, with all grades of Linings.
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And in fact a General Line of Merchandise.

To all of the above we invite your attention and comparison, believing we can please you, both in price and quality. We hope for an early call.

Respectfully,
W. J. BLACKISTON.

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WINTER CLOTHING!

WINTER CLOTHING! WINTER CLOTHING!

GOING! GOING!
—AND WILL SOON BE—
—GONE!—
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You can now buy a Winter Overcoat 10 per cent. Cheaper than you could a month ago.

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With Bowers' Patent Slip Point Shares, it can always be kept sharp.
Does more work with greater ease to Horses and Plowman than any other Plow.
There are 5000 Western and Northern Plows now in Maryland, discarded on account of the difficulty of obtaining repairs.
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