DENTON JOURNAL.

MELVIN, STEELE & JOHNSON.
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

SATURDAY MORNING, JAN. 7, 1899.

SHALL WE HAVE A GREATER AMERICA!

Consistency is not a jewel in Republican eyes; the important thing is to "get there," by any manner of means. Their inconsistency was never more protuberant than in the new year panegyrics on the greater glory coming to this glorious country this year, when it has spread itself half way round the globe; when the white sails of our merchant marine shall dot the great oceans on either side of our continental territory; when the islands of the sea, and the land of the despised and proscribed "heathen Chinee" shall have been penetrated by sellers of of our matchless manufactures, and our erstwhile competitors in trade have given up the race in despair. Therein does their inconsistency most appear. In the same breath they extol the skill of our mechanics and the enterprise of our manufacturers and belittle both with idiotic cry of "protection" for both. They would have the markets of the world wide open to our manufactures and products, and our ports well-nigh closed to those of other countries. The position of the Democrats has ever been more logical, and more conducive to the country's permanent hold of its place at the head of the manufacturing nations, by removal of every unnecessary obstacle to unlimited international commerce.

We have the eyes of the world upon us now, chiefly because of our victories in the little brush of war with Spain last year. We will be measured according to our opportunities this year, and it should be our pride to have said of us, next new year, that we have made the victories of peace greater than those of war. To do that we must demonstrate that American courage is above bullying; that American patriotism is above greed; that American franchise is above belittling by indiscriminate bestowal upon savages and illiterates, and that American manufacturing industries are above having the government for a wet-nurse. Shall we rise to the occasion in this year of grace, or shall we be fast-bound to the old Republican car of Juggernaut—protection? The Republicans have our future, by their legislative and executive action this year, much in their own hands. Let us see what start they give toward the spread of independence and individualism in the nations where the light of Democracy in government is just breaking.

THE CAUCASIAN WILL RULE.

Captain R. H. Fitzhugh, a brother of Rev. George S. Fitzhugh, of this place, and the financial agent of the Colored Orphans' Industrial Home of Kentucky, has recently written letters to the colored people of the South which have attracted much attention throughout the country. These letters were called forth, evidently, by the recent race troubles in North Carolina, and as Maryland is not far distant from some of the sections where similar troubles sometimes threaten, the Captain's observations are of general interest. He deals candidly with the questions, and is in that respect unlike the politician, with an eye on suffrage, for selfish reasons. What he says, moreover, is based on experience gained in his many years of labor to educate, Christianize, and improve in material things the destitute and friendless colored people. He very truthfully says the nation has not dealt frankly with the negroes, and that insincerity and timidity have marked every approach to the question. For more than a quarter of a century majority rule, so far as the colored people are concerned, has been denied. At no time, in fact, since the days of reconstruction, have the white people, in any community, submitted to negro domination, whatever the majority of the colored voters. It is the practical decision of the people of the country that negroes should not be permitted to rule over the white people in any State, or anywhere. Applying the principle of majority rule this does not bear out the constitution of our government; but it is nevertheless a fact, and well-wishers of the colored race must meet it fairly. It cannot be put aside, let the agitator do what he will. The Caucasian race has made the present world about all that it is; it is rightfully a proud and imperious race, and it is not to be wondered at that it should resist the domination of any race of less dignity and glory, be it African, Mongolian, Malayan, or what not. Captain Fitzhugh therefore earnestly advises the colored people to give up trying to do the impossible.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The beginning of the year eighteen hundred and ninety-nine marks an epoch for the married women of Maryland. They may regard it as the date of their emancipation from the restrictions of out-of-date laws concerning her right to make disposition of property absolutely her own, without the concurrence of her husband. And with the increased privileges come also greater responsibilities. The law enacted by the last legislature did not go into effect until the first day of the present year. By it a wife is given the power to make contracts, but she is held responsibile for any wrong committed by her either before or after marriage. She can sue and be sued separately, nor is the husband liable for any wrong committed by his wife out of his presence, without his consent or participation. In fact, the new law practically places husband and wife on an equal footing, as the husband is given the right of dower in the wife's real estate, as the wife now has in the husband's.

Germany has adopted radical measures against drunkenness. The courts are authorized to appoint a "curator" for each habitual drunkard, and the appointee is empowered to put the person whom he regards as a dipsomaniac anywhere he pleases, there to undergo treatment for the malady as long as the "curator" pleases. And the new law formulates a fine, broad definition in telling what a habitual drunkard is. It says that the term includes everybody "who, in consequence of inebriety, cannot provide for his affairs, or endangers the safety of others."

The report of the United Charities Hospital, of Dorchester county, has been received. The report states that the association has engaged a building of sixteen rooms, and fitted it up at a cost of $1,500, all of which was raised by private subscriptions. The association has provided a surgical operating room. The good work of the charitable citizens of our sister county is highly commendable. In no way could they have shown a more worthy Christian spirit than in providing an institution for the alleviating and cure of the sufferings of the sick and destitute poor.

Prof. W. F. Massey, of the North Carolina Experiment Statiou, who has been more than once heard by a Caroline audience, says many good words for Maryland in a recent interview. He thinks there is a bright future for our farmers and fruit-packers.

THE PROPOSED RUSSIAN MILLENNIUN.

To the Editors of the JOURNAL.

The Czar of Russia appears to be a very nice, well-meaning man, "according to his lights," but I hardly think it necessary for us to crowd each other to hurt in order to gush over him, for several reasons. First, he is a young man yet, educated, like all the "crown heads," in a peculiar and artificial sphere, and what he may develop into before the end we have no means of knowing—it takes the eye of an Elijah to penetrate the soul of a Hazel. It is said that Marat, of bloody fame in the French Revolution, was peculiarly tender-hearted in his youth, and it will be remembered how the Dictator and Emperor came out as "citizen Bonaparte" for the rights of man, liberty, equality, fraternity, and all that sort of thing; but time makes changes and opportunity is dangerous. Shakespeare says "the means to do ill deeds makes ill deeds done;" "put not your trust in princes" warns the seer, "whose breath is in their nostrils, for wherein are they to be accounted of." Let us allow, for argument's sake, (a very generous allowance under the circumstances), that Nicholas II is only actuated by noble and generous motives, and will so continue to be; that the money now expended for war material will be devoted to the development of his land and the elevation of his people; and he would not be the first noble and generous monarch that has lived. The question arises, "How long will his reign of peace endure?" and as Solomon said (Ecc. 2nd) that he knew not what kind of a man his successor would be, "whether a wise man or a fool," so may we doubt the expediency of over enthusiasm in the present instance. Again, we must not forget what that man stands for and officially represents, namely, an autocratic government that grants the fewest liberties to its people of any government in Europe. There is no freedom of the press in Russia; no freedom to travel, without a passport; no freedom of religion. It is a land behind even Spain in civilization. It shocked the world a few years ago with the expulsion of the Jews, and at present our interest centres in Count Tolstoi's efforts to rescue the "Spirit Strivers," with the unpronounceable name, by shipping them over to this country, from further persecution and extermination. Moreover, it is well known that the Czar, by raising his finger, could have stayed the hand of the Turk in the massacres of the Armenians, but for "State reasons," or otherwise, that finger was never raised; yet this is the government, this the governor, we are invited to worship, as the bearer of peace and good-will among men. "How beasts pull upon the mountains," and so forth.

Why did the founders of this country go to war with England? If they wanted peace they could have had it on George's terms; but they dumped his old peace into Boston harbor because it was not the kind they wanted. Any freeman who would sue for peace from a cruel and tyrannical government, a hundred fold worse than George's, must indeed be hardup for a rest. Yet all sects and denominations of Christians are just now falling over each other in their strenuous efforts to be first to kotou to his Most Gracious Royal Majesty. Fortunately no one is deceived but the self-deceived, for since the first pronouncement of this famous peace edict the arsenals are working over-time, and new keels for war ships are being laid by the dozen, and the nations are beating their plowshares into swords and their pruning-hooks into spears with redoubled effort.

This is a world of ideas, not men, as some suppose. The man perishes; the idea endures. It is the true spirit of the dead—the sheeted ghost—that will not down, appearing ever and anon, lifting its gruesome voice to call for tumult and war. All wars are wars of ideas—good and bad ideas, wise and foolish ideas, exalted and base ideas—sometimes vague, sometimes mixed, but the contention is none the less. We, the people, are the material on which the idea acts; we are particles in the mighty current and convulsion that are swayed from beyond by the arm of Omnipotence.

Prominent among the struggling spirits of the abyss at the present time we have the ideas, Individualism and Nationalism, relentless adversaries both. Ranged on the side of the first, Individualism, is the Anglo-Saxon race, led by the United States and the British colonies, the mother country herself tardily bringing up the rear behind her children, weighted sadly though with the feudal traditions of Europe. Ranged on the side of Nationalism are all the nations of Europe and Asia, roughly speaking. Individualism claims that all government shall be subject to the individual and exist alone for his benefit, that the ruler will be the "servant of all." Nationalism holds the individual merely as an atom of the big concretion, and rights and liberties that obstruct the progress thereof must not be tolerated, and the claimant of said rights or liberties it sends to Devil's Island, or the other place. Individualism is an idea of divine origin and comes down to us from ancient Israel and its law "Thou shalt have no other Gods before me," "Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself;" and it was afterwards endorsed by the Saviour of men, "Call no man Father, one is your Father, even God;" "Call no man Master, one is your Master, even Christ." Nationalism was born in ancient Babel and reared in Egypt. Nimrod and Pharoah were its champions and the generations thereof are the "Lords of the Gentiles who have had dominion over them." Rameses begat Nebuchadnezzar, and Nabuchadnezzar begat Alexander, and Alexander begat Julius Cæsar, and Julius Cæsar begat Napoleon, and Napoleon begat Nicholas. The one idea is brute force, the other kindly consideration; the one commands obedience by fear, the other controls by reason and love; one is light, the other darkness. There can be no termination to the war till one or other is extinct, and in the struggle we must all arrange ourselves on one or the other sides. J. F. G.

OUR SCHOOLS OF SIXTY YEARS AGO.

To the Editors of the JOURNAL.

But we must not, in the retrospect, despise the day of small things, and underrate the capacity for achievement, and the achievements themselves, and overrate our abilities as essentially superior and our advance in every instance as an improvement. In looking back through the lustre of our boasted progress, those days may shape themselves in our minds as the dark ages, and that there was an inferiority not only in the measure of intelligence, but in the force of the constituent mental faculties. The elements of the mind differed in nothing from those of this day, the capacity to think and reason was just as effective, given the subject and the thought was as equal to it as in any age. There has been an extension of studies and an enlargement of the field of mental activity, and consequently an increase of knowledge in kind, but no additional, or different, gifts. The boy of sixty years ago, with his limited advantages and meagre provision of variety of studies, was the equal of any in the achievement of what was given him to do. Be it in the primary rudiments, or the mastery of the conditions of some difficult problem, or of the science of language, the working powers have ever been the same and the achievement as thorough and creditable. The ability to learn the alphabet of our language was not less capable than it is today, the solution of some proposition in geometry, when set as a task, was as well done as now. The boys and girls were not mental pigmies and dwarfs; there were giants among them when circumstances favored their growth.

All must gratefully appreciate what has been done in these later days for the promotion of our schooling. The public mind has generously provided a system and a means for the education of all classes, especially in those elementary branches of knowledge so needful in actual life. Gratifying progress has been made in the science and art of teaching, and in the scholarship and efficiency of the schoolmaster. In the text-books there has been a revolution with marked improvement both in the material comeliness of the book and the systematic and judicious arrangement of its contents. There is a great advance in these educational facilities, but may there not be a questionable *mental labor saving*? New methods of teaching, ingenious devices to further learning, and yet there has been no discovery of a "royal road to learning." If the boy or girl would succeed there must be the application and use of those faculties common to all, the same desire, diligence, and persistence. Other things being equal, he only succeeds whose mental toil is impelled by a passionate desire to learn.

May I venture the apprehension that in the extension and enlargement of the circle of studies in our common schools an evil may result. The multiplication of branches beyond a wise limit may defeat that concentration of thought where it would be most available and useful. The mind of the young is only equal to a given burden; there may be a loss of thoroughness with but a superficiality in attainment. There may be too many "irons in the fire;" there may be too great a divison of force, hasty cramming and, consequently, mental indigestion; only a sip at this fountain of knowledge and then at that, no time "to hear, read, mark, learn, and inwardly digest." I could only excite a smile by any reference to or comparison of the old-time methods of teaching and learning with what is done now. Then there were but few books and time for daily and thorough reviews. When the pupil had advanced to certain pages and cases in his arithmetic, for instance, he was required to begin the same book again in addition to his advanced lesson, and so have two recitations at the same time, and this greatly aided in securing a mastery of the subject in a much shorter time. This method was in accord with the old law of repetition: "Precept must be upon precept, precept upon precept; line upon line, line upon line; here a little and there a little." One thing at a time. There cannot be an excess of useful knowledge. We would have our children and people as intelligent as possible, we would enlarge the sphere of information.

G. F. BEAVEN.

We Take Stock This Week This after-season inventory discloses a great many single garments and articles in every department that we are particularly anxious to clean out at once. A little time in looking through will save you money, and may get just what you want. We are making up all sizes in our $10 and $12 Black Cheviot Sack Suits. Match them anywhere for fit, trimmings, style and make-up. Our own make of Black Diagonal Suits will give you satisfaction in every suit. Will you need a new Dress Suit this season? Ready-made, $18 to $30; made to order, $25 to the best.

JAS. T. MULLIN & SONS,
Clothing, Hats, Shoes, Sixth and Market, Wilmington

Order Nisi.

Rosa S. Noble et al.,
vs.
Ida V. Melvin et al.
In the Circuit Court for Caroline County, In Equity.

Ordered, this 4th day of January, 1899, that the sale of the property mentioned in these proceedings, made and reported by Henry R. Lewis and Willard E. West, trustees, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 8th day of March next, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed and published in Caroline county, once in each of three successive weeks, before the seventh day of February next.

The report states the amount of sales to be $1304.00.

CHAS. W. HOBBS, Clerk.
True copy—Test:
CHAS. W. HOBBS, Clerk.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber, of Caroline county, has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Caroline county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of

MARY PIPPIN,

late of Caroline county, deceased. All person having claims against the said deceased are warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof legally authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 10th day of July, 1899, or they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 3d day of January, 1899.

MARCELLUS PIPPIN,
Executor of Mary Pippin, deceased.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber, of Caroline county, has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Caroline county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of

JAMES H. GARRETT,

late of Caroline county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof legally authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the twentieth day of July, 1899, or they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 3d day of January, 1899.

H. CLAY HOBBS,
Adm'r c. t. a. of James H. Garrett, dec'd.

Order Nisi.

Willard E. West, Assignee,
vs.
James Carey and wife.
In the Circuit Court for Caroline County, In Equity.

Ordered, this 28th day of December, 1898, that the sale of the property mentioned in these proceedings, made and reported by Willard E. West, assignee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the fourth day of March next, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed and published in Caroline county, once in each of three successive weeks before the 28th day of January next.

The report states the amount of sales to be $1100.00.

CHAS. W. HOBBS, Clerk.
True Copy—Test:
CHAS. W. HOBBS, Clerk.

WANAMAKER'S. | WANAMAKER'S.

Philadelphia, Monday, January 2, 1899.

ANNUAL SALE OF WHITE

There is to be great retailing at Wanamaker's this January. Year after year the Muslin Underwear sale has been a noteworthy event. It is to be this year. But many other parts of the store are to be equally active. A GREAT WHITE FAIR is to be held.

Muslin Underwear, Lace Curtains,
Men's Furnishings, Embroideries,
Housekeeping Linens, Laces,
Muslins and Sheetings, White Goods,
Stationery,

and other things in white have been gathered in Europe and America—gathered wherever in the world considerable lots of worthy goods were for sale at less than usual values.

Orders will be carefully filled while goods remain—we cannot promise more.

Our Muslin Underwear sales have become famous all over the land. Our new January movements shall win equal fame.

How do these lots come? In the general adjustment of accounts and stocks everywhere. Manufacturers are willing to take part of the cost of production in order to at once turn assets into cash. That is the necessary step before books can be closed and profits intelligently divided. This selling of goods under value is not a sign of bad times. On the contrary, times are really wonderfully good. And possibly there never was a January when more people could afford to buy for future as well as present needs—and thereby save money.

Night Dresses Night Dresses of muslin, yoke of cluster of plaits and insertion, collar and sleeves trimmed with cambric ruffle; 50c.

Night Dresses of muslin, square neck front, neck and sleeves trimmed with embroidery; 65c.

Night Dresses of muslin, empire style, collar and sleeves trimmed with cambric ruffle, front trimmed with embroidery and insertion; 38c. Three pieces only sold to one buyer.

Night Dresses of cambric, V neck front, trimmed with lace and ribbon bow; 75c.

Night Dresses of muslin, yoke of cluster plaits, two rows of insertion, collars and sleeves trimmed with embroidery; 38c. Three pieces only sold to one buyer.

Night Dresses of muslin, yoke of six rows of insertion and fine plaits, neck and sleeves trimmed with embroidery; $1.00.

Night Dresses of muslin, yoke of fine cluster of plaits, neck and sleeves trimmed with embroidery; 85c.

Night Dresses of muslin, yoke of all-over embroidery, collar, yoke and sleeves trimmed with deep ruffle of embroidery; $1.50.

Night Dresses of cambric, empire style, trimmed with embroidery and ribbon bow; $1.00.

Corset Covers Corset Covers of cambric, V shape neck, trimmed with embroidery and insertion; 35c.

Corset Covers of cambric, trimmed with embroidery, drawing string at waist; 30c.

Corset Covers of muslin, V neck front, trimmed with double row of embroidery; 25c.

Corset Covers of cambric, V neck, trimmed with lace; 25c.

Corset Covers of cambric, high back, square front, trimmed with embroidery; 8c. Three pieces only sold to one buyer.

Corset Covers of cambric, round neck, trimmed with lace; 50c.

Chemises Chemises of Muslin, yoke of fine plaits and insertion, neck and armholes trimmed with embroidery; 50c.

Chemises of Muslin, yoke of embroidery insertion, neck and armholes trimmed with embroidery; 50c.

Chemises of Muslin, neck and armholes trimmed with neat cambric ruffle; 18c. Three pieces only sold to one buyer.

Chemises of Muslin, corded band neck and armholes, open front; 25c.

Chemises of Muslin, trimmed with cambric ruffle and embroidery insertion; 35c.

Drawers Drawers of Muslin, with deep hem and cluster of plaits above, open; 15c. Three pieces only sold to one buyer.

Drawers of Muslin or cambric, trimmed with embroidery, open; 35c.

Drawers of Muslin, deep cambric ruffle, with one row of hemstitching, open; 25c.

Drawers of Muslin or cambric, trimmed with deep ruffle of embroidery and fine plaits, open or closed; 50c.

White Petticoats Petticoats of Muslin, umbrella shape, cambric ruffle with cluster of fine plaits; 75c.

Petticoats of Muslin, cambric ruffle with one row of hemstitching; 40c.

Petticoats of Muslin, umbrella shape, lawn ruffle trimmed with embroidery; $1.50.

Petticoats of Muslin, umbrella shape, lawn ruffle trimmed with two rows of embroidery insertion and fine plaits; $1.25.

Petticoats of Muslin, umbrella shape, cambric ruffle trimmed with embroidery; $1.00.

Petticoats of Muslin, umbrella shape, trimmed with embroidery; 50c.

Petticoats of Muslin, trimmed with three rows of insertion and one row of lace; $1.00.

Petticoats of Muslin, umbrella shape, cambric ruffle with three rows of hemstitching; 90c.

Short Petticoats of Muslin, umbrella shape, with cambric ruffle, trimmed with embroidery; 50c.

Men's White Shirts White shirts of strong muslin, with linen bosoms, single or double plait, with or without eyelets, re-inforced front and back, protected openings, cushion neckband, scarf tape, long or short sleeves. Sizes from 12 to 18. Unlaundered, 35c. each; 3 for $1.00. Laundered, 50c. each.

Shirts of fine muslin, with fine, heavy linen bosoms, with single or double plait, with or without eyelets, long or short sleeves. Carefully constructed at every point for comfort and wear. Sizes from 12 to 18. Unlaundered, 45c. each. Laundered, 60c. each.

The Wanamaker Laundered Dress Shirts at $1.00.—These are the best white shirts that we know of. Competent judges have pronounced them better in every point of quality and construction than any $1.50 shirt on the market. Made in every desired style, open front and back, or open back only, long or short bosoms, with single or double plait, with eyelets or plain, five lengths of sleeves.

JOHN WANAMAKER

SALES 12,000 in 1898.

Cut this out for Future Reference

Buy Your HORSES At KING'S MARYLAND SALE BARN.

AUCTION SALES

Mouday, Wednesday & Friday

Throughout the year. We deals in all kinds, from the very best to the very cheapest. 400 HEAD of Horses, Mares and Mules, always on hand. Visit us, it will pay you.

PRIVATE SALES EVERY DAY.

FULL LINE OF NEW AND SECOND-HAND CARRIAGES, DARTON BUGGIES, CART & HARNESS VERY CHEAP

JAMES KING, Prop'r,
6, 8, 10, 12, 14 and 16 N. HIGH ST.,
Near Baltimore St., one Square from Baltimore St. Bridge. BALTIMORE, MD.

G. H. BULLOCK,
PRACTICAL
WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,
AND DEALER IN
Clocks, Watches, Spectacles, Jewelry & Silverware.

There are some specialtie in stock suitable for holiday gifts, including

Chains, Bracelets, Rings,

and various Neck Jewels and Ornaments in gold and silver. Silver Reed Harmonicas, Silver Thimbles, etc.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE
OF VALUABLE
PERSONAL PROPERTY

By virtue of authority from the Orphans' Court, the undersigned, administrator of James H. Garrett, deceased, will offer at public sale at the late residence of the said Garrett, near Burrsville on

Monday, January 16th, 1899,

beginning at 10 o'clock a. m., the following personal property, to wit:

FARMING IMPLEMENTS

Two Mowing Machines; 1 Binder; 1 Drill; 1 Corn Planter; 1 Wheat Rake; 1 Corn Sheller; 1 Grain Fan; 1 AA Drag; 1 Hinge Drag; 1 Farm Wagon; 1 Dearborn; 1 York Buggy; 1 Road Cart; 2 Horse Carts; Lot of Plows and Plow Gear; Lot of Cultivators, Forks, Hoes, Shovels, and numerous other articles

HORSES AND MULES

One Pair of Good Mules; 1 Single Mule; 2 Good Horses; 12 Head of Cattle, several of them fine cows.

36 ACRES OF WHEAT

seeded on the farm; 5 Stacks of Top Fodder; 1,700 pounds of Blade Fodder; 150 bushels of Corn; about 500 pounds of Meat, etc., etc.

TERMS OF SALE.

The terms of sale as prescribed by the court are: On sums of $10 and under, cash; on sums over $10 a credit of 7 months will be given, purchasers giving notes with approved security, payable at the Denton National Bank, bearing interest from the day of sale. No property to be removed until the terms are complied with.

H. C. HOBBS,
F. P. COVEY, Auct. Administrator.

The Right Thing!

The "right thing" to do when you visit Baltimore to go shopping is to spend your dollars at the right place, and the right place is the place where you are sure of getting the most value for the dollars you spend. Now's the time when everybody who is anybody feels like doing the "right thing;" that is, doing something for others who have a right to expect it.

THE GLOBE'S ANNIVERSARY SALE OFFERS THE OPPORTUNITY.

Men's Suits and Overcoats.

MEN'S SINGLE AND DOUBLE-BREASTED SUITS, in All-Wool Black or Blue Twilled Cheviots; also, Fancy Effects in medium and dark shades. Coats are made with full French facing; all sizes, including extra stouts; regular $8 values. THE GLOBE'S ANNIVERSARY SALE PRICE only..... $4.95

MEN'S SUITS, in extra heavy Smooth-faced Cassimeres, in Gray and Brown shades; also All-Wool Black or Blue Rough Cheviots; styles in round sacks only; carefully made; faultlessly trimmed; sell regularly for $12. THE GLOBE'S ANNIVERSARY SALE PRICE is only..... $6.90

MEN'S BLUE OR BLACK BEAVER OVERCOATS, with Silk Velvet Collar and with real Italian Cloth: a splendid Coat for every-day wear; would be big value at $7. THE GLOBE'S ANNIVERSARY SALE PRICE for this tip-top Overcoat will be only $4.98

COVERT CLOTH OVERCOATS, light shades, medium or heavy weights, with or without strap seams; cut in short or medium lengths; Skinner's Satin sleeve lining; correctly finished in every detail. An out-and-out $10 Overcoat at THE GLOBE'S ANNIVERSARY SALE for only..... $7.50

Children's Suits and Coats

BOYS' LONG-PANT SUITS, in good quality all-wool Fancy Cheviots; also in plain Blue or Black; single or double-breasted styles; sizes from 14 to 19 years; regulary $6.50 values. Price at THE GLOBE'S ANNIVERSARY SALE only..... $4.97

CHILDREN'S 2-PIECE DOUBLE BREASTED KNEE-PANT SUITS, in Cheviots and Mixed Worsteds; sizes from 9 to 16 in plain Jacket styles, and sizes 3 to 8 in Vestee effects. Regular $2.50 values. Price at THE GLOBE'S ANNIVERSARY SALE only..... $1.90

REEFER COATS in durable Blue Chinchilla with brass or black buttons. Collars Braided. Lined with fancy check worsted; sizes 3 to 8 years. Usual selling price $2.50. THE GLOBE'S ANNIVERSARY SALE price..... $1.50

BOYS' LIGHT TAN COVERT CLOTH TOPCOATS (All Wool), light and medium weights. Made and trimmed in up-to-date style. Sold regularly for $4.50. THE GLOBE'S ANNIVERSARY SALE price is only..... $2.50

Attractive, Useful and Appropriate Specialties for Holiday Presents.

The Globe

8 WEST BALTIMORE STREET, Three Doors from Charles,
AT THE SIGN OF THE CRYSTAL GLOBE.

Baltimore Bargain Store,
RIDGELY, MD.

Our great Clearance Sale of
DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING,
BOOTS, SHOES,
HATS, CAPS,
AND
Ladies' and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

We can truthfully say that never in our business career have we given our customers such

GRAND BARGAINS

as at this sale.

We are overstocked, and in order to make room for Spring Goods we will sell our entire stock for

LESS THAN COST.

Thanking you for your past patronage, and soliciting yours in future, I remain
Yours,
THE BALTIMORE BARGAIN STORE,
D. KLINE, Prop.
McSHANE BUILDING.
RIDGELY, MD.

TRUSTEE'S SALE
—OF—
REAL - ESTATE.

By virtue of a decree of the Orphans' Court for Caroline county, passed in a cause wherein The Denton National Bank is complainant and J. Howard Griffin and others are defendants, the undersigned, trustee named in said decree, will sell in front of the Court House, in the town of Denton, on

TUESDAY, JANUARY 10, 1899,

between the hours of 1 and 3 o'clock p. m., all the interest of which the late John R. Griffin died seized (being an undivided one-half) in and to all that farm and tract of land situate in the Eight district of Caroline county, on the east side of the county road leading from Harmony to Gilpin's Point, adjoining the Levi D. Roe farm, and others, and containing

162 ACRES

of land, more or less. The proper is improved by a SMALL DWELLING.

TERMS OF SALE:

The terms of sale as decreed are: One-half of the purchase money in cash on the day of sale; balance in six months, deferred payment to bear interest, and to be secured to the fatisfaction of the trustee; or all cash, at the option of the purchaser. Title papers at the expense of purchaser.

T. PLINY FISHER,
J. W. CLARK, JR., TRUSTEE.
Auctioneer.

For Rent

For the year 1899, store-house at Ellwood, Md.; two-story, 20x50, with grocery-room attached; one of the best stands in the county. Terms reasonable; immediate possession. Apply to

J. W. HENRY,
Or to Dover, Del.
C. H. DUKES, Ellwood, Md.

For Rent,

Two large and comfortable Dwellings at Williston—one of them the home of the late Col. Arthur John Willis—on easy terms. Apply at once to

B. G. STEVENS,
12 31 4 Williston, Md.

Notice.

Having gone out of the beef market business, and being so situated that I cannot see my former customers, I have left my bills in the office of Lewis & West. All who owe me will please call at their office and settle. RICHARD T. PORTER.

For Sale,

Fifteen good Barge Patterns, well-seasoned pine of good quality, for sale. Apply to G. LACY BUTLER,
1 7 4 Fowling Creek, Md.

For Rent.

A large 11-room dwelling on Main Street. Desirable situation. Possession January 1st, 1899.
Apply to A. R. WRIGHT,
Denton, Md.

1899 THE 1899
MORNING HERALD,
AN INDEPENDENT JOURNAL.
The Truth without Fear or Favor.
All The News From All The World.
THE BEST ONE-CENT DAILY.
10 AND 12 PAGES.

For Mail Subscription.

ONE WEEK	10c.
ONE MONTH	30c.
SIX MONTHS	$1.50.
ONE YEAR	$3.00.

The Sunday Herald
Baltimore's Favorite Newspaper and Model Home Journal.
32, 36 & 40 PAGES.
LEADS IN CIRCULATION,
LEADS IN MERIT,
LEADS IN POPULARITY.
Single Copy 3 Cents.

For Mail Subscription.

ONE MONTH	15c.
SIX MONTHS	75c.
ONE YEAR	$1.50.

The Weekly Herald
50c. for 12 months.
TWELVE PAGES—Giving complete accounts of all events of interest through out the world. Its Market Reports are accurate, complete and valuable.
A welcome visitor to all homes.
Specimen copies mailed to any address.
Send in $2 and the names of five yearly subscribers.

Address all communications to
THE HERALD PUBLISHING CO.,
Fayette and St. Paul Streets,
BALTIMORE, MD.

News AND Opinions
OF
National Importance
The Sun.
ALONE
CONTAINS BOTH.

Daily, by mail, - - $6 a year.
Daily and Sunday, by mail, $8 a year.

The Sunday Sun
Is the Greatest Sunday Newspaper In the World.
Price 5c a Copy. By mail, $2 a year.
Address THE SUN, New York.

Stockholders' Meeting.

The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Alliance Preserving Company of Ridgely, Md., will be held at their canning-house on the THIRD TUESDAY IN JANUARY, being the 17th day, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m., for the purpose of electing superintendent, board of directors, and the transaction of other lawful business. By order of W. A. WILSON,
J. T. STEVENSON, President.
Secretary.

Stockholders' Meeting.

THE DENTON NATIONAL BANK,
DENTON, MD., Dec. 5, 1898.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Denton National Bank will be held at their banking house, in Denton, Md., on TUESDAY, JANUARY 10th, 1899, between the hours of 1 and 3 o'clock p. m., of that day, for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year.

T. C. WEST, Cashier.

Bank Notice.

THE DENTON NATIONAL BANK,
DENTON, MD. Dec. 21, 1898.

This bank will be closed on MONDAY, DECEMBER 26, 1898, and also on MONDAY, JANUARY 2, 1899, both days being legal holidays. All paper payable here and maturing on those days can be paid on the Tuesdays following, respectively.

T. C. WEST, Cashier.