DENTON JOURNAL.

MELVIN, STEELE & JOHNSON,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

SATURDAY MORNING, FEB. 4, 1899.

UPHOLD THE LAW!

That it is the duty of every good citizen to grant obedience to the law of the land, no one will have the temerity to deny; and it is equally obvious that to discredit it, publicly, is an offence against good citizenship as well as good government. Especially should our statutes, whose object is plainly in the interest of the good order of society and the betterment of the people, challenge our respect and earnest support.

Many years ago, as we all know, the people of this State, by their representatives at Annapolis, adopted a local option law, and by its power the voters of Caroline at an election decided to abolish the sale of intoxicating liquors in this county. Since that time no such liquors, to be used as a beverage, have been sold except in defiance of the law and the officers chosen to enforce it. Every one who has been engaged in the illicit work has been liable to punishment by the courts. No doubt, there have been many violations—some flagrant ones—and there may continue to be, for our officers sometimes have very poor success in apprehending and bringing to justice the offenders. The people of Caroline, however, have not yet asked that because some, yea, many, of the violators have gone unpunished, the statute shall be repealed. Until such demand is made by the people, or a large number of them, it is not at all likely that legislation restoring license here will ever be granted. The will of the majority still stands as a law in the books. There it is respected, as it should be, by a very large majority of the people, as are all other public decrees given for our guidance. Those who pay no heed to the ordinance are a very small minority indeed, as are those who set at naught, whenever possible, other laws in force. We are, it may be truly said, a law-abiding people.

If a little hue-and-cry against an organized rule would secure its elimination, the local option law, as well as some of the rest of our best and most-needed enactments, would long ago have become obsolete. We will say in this connection that it is surprising that any newspaper claiming the confidence and support of the public should bluntly discredit and decry a law, the repeal of which it does not even suggest. The *Union* of this week gratuitously advises the Legislature of Delaware to pass no local option law, and refuse to allow the people the privilege to decide by their ballots whether they will allow liquor saloons or not. "To adopt local option in that State," says the paper, "would mean a loss of nearly $100,000 annually in revenue, which would be well lost if the law was *fully* enforced." The italics are those of our contemporary, which, it will be seen, does not let the amount of money received for the whiskey licenses escape notice. Might not the *Union* say, and does it not say by analogy, that because of the fact that some thieves go unpunished there should be no law against larceny? Here is the concluding indictment of our law and our county, as editorially written in the *Union*:

> We know whereof we speak. We have a local option law in this county, (that is in name,) but there seems to be no trouble for any one to get all the liquor he wants, and at any time. We have abolished the revenue system but the drink traffic is still with us. We would advise our neighbor to let their old law stand if she can't enforce a local option law as it should be. A law not enforced is usually worse than no law.

It will thus be seen by this statement that our contemporary is is in possession of evidence that "the drink traffic is still with us." Now, would it not be a better part for the editors of the *Union*, as good citizens, with their avowed knowledge of this matter, to give their information to the proper authorities, and thus aid them to apprehend violators, rather than to send forth such wildly extravagant stuff, so discrediting to our county and our citizens? To the extent of the paper's influence such articles create false impressions, unjust to a righteous law, and hurtful to the moral and business interests of the people.

TRADE'S WEATHER PROPHECIES.

The Baltimore *Trade* ventures upon the role of a weather prophet, having found on a careful study of the tables of temperature printed in *Sun* Almanacs for years past that the coldest day in winter occurs six months after the warmest day in summer. The general rule deduced is that from the data of temperature of any given locality in summer an inference may be made as to the temperature six months thereafter in that locality. "Therefore," says *Trade*, "if a packer or grower in Maryland wishes to test the reliability of this information he should begin on the 22d of March to make his special records for the benefit of his business. Thus we will suppose he is a packer of tomatoes interested in knowing when frost will first strike the vines in his locality. He can calculate that if the closing week of March is wintry, the closing week of September will be summery to a like degree, but should there come even one comparatively warm spring day in that last week of March there will almost certainly be a day of frost in the last week of September. The same rule applies to April and October, to May and November, to June and December, to July and January, to August and February, to September and March up to the 22d."

The *Sun* Almanac for 1899 gives on page 165 the temperature record for 1898. "From this," says *Trade*, "we learn that the highest temperature last summer occurred the first four days of July, when the maximum ranged from 97 to 104 degrees Fahrenheit. The first four days of this January should prove to be the coldest of the winter in this locality, and they were certainly very cold. The next spell in point of warmth last summer occurred on the 9th to the 31st of July. This is written on the 24th, whilst a severe thunderstorm is rolling overhead and a heavy rain, with no sign of frost; yet we should have severe winter weather before this month closes. There should be another cold spell of four or five days in the first week of March, but nothing with severe frost for the rest of the winter, except a quite sharp frost between the 15th and 20th of March. Taking this as a basis of reasoning, we should say there will be no injury to the fruit crop this year, as the temperature will not at any time rise high enough to start the buds. There will be cold weather late enough to keep the sap down till after March 22d, so if any injury is done the fruit in this section it will be from frosts after that, concerning which we do not pretend to be able to forecast; only it is extremely improbable." The winter is thus the complement of the summer, but Trade does not find that the rule works the other way. The summer is not the complement of the winter.—*Sun*

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Senator Gorman has never posed as an alarmist, but he never fears to speak the truth because it may be alarming. Just before the Senate passed the regular pension appropriation bill, which carries $145,000,000, Mr. Gorman made a speech, calling attention to the fact that although it was estimated that the war with Spain would add 50,000 names to the pension roll, unless our troops were recalled from the tropics before the sickly season, no provision, whatever, had been made in the bill for the increase. Mr. Gorman concluded with this significant prediction: "Within three years from this date, the pension roll will amount to $165,000,000. If you add to that, the cost of maintaining your army (one thousand a man), the American republic will in the year 1900, expend more for its army and pensioners than any other nation on the face of the earth. That is a fact, which the American people will have to face, and they ought to know now, in advance, what is coming to them, if the schemes and projects which are being forced upon us are carried out."

It is authoritatively stated that the treaty of peace will be ratified by the Senate on Monday. Then will come up, it is said, the line of policy to be adopted by this country toward its new dependency. It will be amusing to note the complex position of some of the statesmen in this particular juncture. The inner battle will be to reconcile the conscience to the purchase of seven or eight millions of human beings—not for the purpose of freeing them, and allowing them to carve out for themselves their own form of government, which is the accepted standard of American liberty—but for transfer of governing power. The national issue for 1900 will most likely be evolved from this question of governmental policy.

The Rev. J. B. Turner, chaplain of the Delaware House of Representatives, is evidently a man with the courage of his convictions. The subject of his discourse delivered in the Presbyterian Church in Dover, last Sunday morning, was "Honesty in Politics." In the course of his remarks he said: "There has come into this State a man, who by immoral means, has sought to secure political influence and position by the power of his wealth. He has gone among the poor, and by the aid of his gold secured their franchises." Little Delaware's condition, politically, has indeed been an unhappy one for several years, but in such bold words from men like Mr. Turner the people may have hope for the future.

Now that the close season has begun it should be the aim of every sportsman to see that it is a close season in fact, and that every violation be punished as prescribed by law. It is a good time to organize a county protective association, and local gun clubs in the various towns in the county. The advantages of a county association are so obvious that the wonder is that we have been so long without one.

Ex-Governor Frank Brown is urging the Democratic party of the State to see to it that the strongest and best possible nominations for city and State offices be made this year. This is a work in which all good Democrats can well participate, for we have a victory to win this year in Maryland. With us a good fight well begun is more than half won. Let us make no mistake about it.

Gen. Miles is still piling up evidence, official and unofficial, that the beef furnished our soldiers in Cuba and Porto Rico, was unfit to eat. He has already about convinced everybody, except the members of the administration, and of the War Investigating Commission, that his charge was true, but they seem determined to stick to it that the beef was good.

A Baltimore correspondent says McComas is taking the reins of Republican machine management from Wellington's hands. The District judge, according to this authority, will after the 4th of March be the boss. What will the Duke do about that? The same writer says Attorney-General Clabaugh will go on the bench in the District, and that Ex-Judge Russum will be Attorney-General. Judge McComas is urging the Republicans of Baltimore city, who oppose the renomination of Mayor Malster, to take up Ex-Mayor Hooper as a candidate. Hooper displeased the politicians in the city while Mayor by his refusal to recognize them in the distribution of the offices.

The Peninsula Horticultural Society is doing a good work for Maryland fruit-raising interests by setting the possibilities of the State in that line before the people. It is making arrangements to send an exhibit of fruits raised on the Peninsula to the Paris Exposition next year. It has not been so long ago when the general impression prevailed that the glory of the Maryland Peninsula as a fruit-growing section had become a thing of the past, but the horticulturists have awakened to thier interests once more and are doing much to revive the reputation which their section so long enjoyed.

The Queen Anne Railroad Company will shortly begin the extension of its line from Lewes to Rehoboth. It has been using the Pennsylvania tracks, but at a recent meeting of the directors it was decided to extend the line. Surveys have already been made and it is expected that the road will run close to the ocean for nearly the entire distance. The Pennsylvania railroad received 25 cents for each passenger the Queen Anne's trains took over its tracks.

The State banquet to Rear-Admiral Schley will be held at Hotel Rennert on the evening of February 28. The occasion will be a notable one, a fitting testimonial to Maryland's modest hero.

Secretary Cornelius W. Van der Hooght, of the Maryland Immigration Bureau, is lecturing in Holland on the inducements offered to settlers in this State.

A Tragedy Recalled.

It would be difficult to find a section of the Eastern Shore which has not its interesting tradition, its thrilling ghost story. One of the best from this section is that of the "Jim Pippin Oak," near the old Dixon's Tavern, in Queen Anne's. A correspondent saw this ghost-stricken tree. Dixon's Tavern was not always the quite, orderly section it is today.

Some thirty years ago the great woods in which the "Jim Pippin Oak" stood was the rendezvous for a band of men who for miles around gave an unenviable reputation for lawlessness and deeds of violence, running into burglary, arson and even murder. The community was terrorized and lawlessness ran riot. When the sun went down every door and window for miles around was barred and bolted. After the brutal murder and robbery of Benjamin Roberts, a Church Hill merchant, Jim Pippin and a man named Meginniss were arrested. The men were tried, and in spite of the efforts of ex-Senator, Charles H. Gibson, Meginniss was convicted of murder in the second degree, and he was sent to the penitentiary for eighteen years. Pippin was acquitted and returned to his father's home in the "big woods" near "Dixon's Tavern."

A body of masked men found the man in a sweet potato hold under old man Meginniss' home. The doomed man refused to surrender or come out, and the house was fired. He then surrendered, the fire was extinguished and Pippin was taken to a handsome young white oak which stood within a few feet of the public road, and was strung up. The body was left dangling until late the next day.

But here is the interesting part of the history of this period of lawlessness and disorder. The white oak is a long-lived tree. The oak on which Pippin was hung was young and vigorous, but it at once began to decay. The strange part of the story is that the fatal limb upon which the man was hanged first withered and died. The blight then spread up that side of the tree to the topmost bough, and then the entire tree began falling to pieces, until today only a rugged trunk and rotting limbs are left. The place ever since has been hoodooed, so far as the negro population is concerned, and they give the "Jim Pippin Tree" a wide berth after sundown.

Dr. Lewis on "Our New Paradise."

Dr. Lewis, who is making a tour of the principal towns of the Peninsula, will be here next Tuesday evening. The Salisbury *Advertiser* says: The lecture was one of the finest ever delivered in the town. The speaker carried his audience through all the stages of the island's development; now under the self-sacrificing missionary, now the Caucasian planter, and lastly the enlightened manufacturer and all under the benign influence of Christianity. At times the story was pathetic, then a vein of delicate humor pervaded it, with occasional flights of eloquence. The speakers descript.on were picturesque and real. It was a lecture that all could enjoy. The historical sketches were clothed in simplicity and the descriptions were made realistic. The *Marylander and Herald*, speaking of Dr. Lewis' lecture on "Our New Paradise" delivered at Princess Anne, on January 10 th says: "The lecture was one of the finest ever delivered in Princess Anne. Dr. Lewis based his lecture upon observation made at the Hawiian Islands as he was making a tour around the world several years ago. The speaker displayed wonderful powers of description and interspersed his lecture with a fine vein of humor. Those who failed to hear him, missed an opportunity of a life time."

Candlemas.

Thursday, February 2d, was Candelmas. On the church calendar it is also known as the day of the purification of the Blessed Virgin Mary. This is a double festival, and commemorates the offering under the law, made by the Blessed Mother, and the presentation in agreement with the provision of the same law, of the Incarnate Son, in the temple of His Father. The narrative, as it is recorded by St. Luke, 1, 22—39, needs no explanation, and can receive no additional interest. In the Book of Common Prayer, the name of the festival is more fully descriptive of its objects: "The Presentation of Christ in the temple, commonly called the purification of St. Mary, the Virgin." It is also known in England as "Candelmas Day," because formerly at its celebration candles were lighted in the churches.

Dangers of the Grip.

The greatest danger from La Grippe is of its resulting in pneumonia. If reasonable care is used however, and Chamberlain's Cough Remedy taken, all danger will be avoided. Among the tens of thousands who have used this remedy for la grippe we have yet to learn of a single case having resulted in pneumonia which shows conclusively that this remedy is a certain preventive of that dangerous disease. It will cure la grippe in less time than any other treatment. It is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by Hugh Duffey, Hillsboro; R. J. Colston, Ridgely; W. E. Brown, Denton.

WANAMAKER'S.

Philadelphia, Monday, January 30, 1899.

ANNUAL FEBRUARY FURNITURE SALE

The special making and gathering and under-pricing has until this year been confined to Bed-Room Furniture.

This February, 1899, the movement is broader, the sale affords remarkable opportunity for complete furnishing of the bare house, or for refurnishing any part of the home.

The saving in many cases is a third.

Seasons that were wont to be inactive for makers of furniture are bridged over and forces kept intact by very large special orders from us.

The fitting together of all the little economies, from the felling of the tree to the unloading at your door, is nice, calculating work. It's an advantage to makers and to us to keep good men drawing wages the year round. The advantage redounds to your benefit in a clear saving of dollars.

Broken assortments of stock and short ends have been gleaned out, leaving the stock in the very best of order. The choicest goods have been secured by our buyers throughout the Eastern and Western markets, and we open this sale with the greatest assortment of fine furniture ever displayed in this city. We now have in our warehouses or under order for shipment:

1500 Bed-Room Suites, $10 up.
3500 Metal Bedsteads, $3.50 up.
1200 Chiffoniers, $3.75 up.
2500 Dressing Bureaus, $6 up.
500 Toilet Tables, $5 up.
150 Styles Bed-Room Chairs and Rockers
1500 Sideboards.
500 Parlor Suites.
200 Parlor Cabinets.
150 Styles of Dining Chairs.
1000 Extension Tables.
400 Wardrobes.
10 Styles of Wardrobe Couches.
1000 Parlor, Library and Fancy Tables.
1000 Fancy Rockers and Chairs.
1000 Tabourettes.
1000 Clothes Trees.
250 Buffets.
500 China Closets.
500 Book Cases.
500 Morris Chairs.
400 Couches.

And we show complete lines of hall racks, hanging hall racks, hall benches, office desks, office chairs, filing cases, revolving book cases, folding beds, library suites. On the whole, stocks equal in volume are not shown anywhere else in America. Qualities are fully up to our standard throughout. The best possible at each price and our guarantee behind every piece.

John Wanamaker.

Bargains in Sack Suits

We are cleaning up the winter stock. All-wool Sack Suits and Mixed Cheviots at $5 a Suit, net, no discount. Better ones at $6.50 and $8, with 10 per cent. off. Black and Blue Cheviots, Gray Mixed Worsteds and Mixed Cheviots at $10, with 10 per cent. off. Suits at $12 and $15, with 10 per cent. off, that are as good clothes and equal in make to custom work. Not many suits of one kind, but all sizes among them. Full stock of regulars, stouts and extra sizes in the better grades. Double-breasted Coat Suits in the heavy-weight new Serges. Just as good bargains in Boys' Suits.

JAS. T. MULLIN & SONS,
Clothing, Hats, Shoes,
Sixth and Market, Wilmington

SALES 12,000 in 1898.

Cut this out for Future Reference

Buy Your HORSES At KING'S MARYLAND SALE BARN.

AUCTION SALES

Mouday, Wednesday & Friday

Throughout the year. We deals in all kinds, from the very best to the very cheapest. 400 HEAD of Horses, Mares and Mules, always on hand. Visit us, it will pay you.

PRIVATE SALES EVERY DAY.

FULL LINE OF NEW AND SECOND-HAND CARRIAGES, DARTON BUGGIES, CART & HARNESS VERY CHEAP

JAMES KING, Prop'r,
6, 8, 10, 12, 14 and 16 N. HIGH ST.,
Near Baltimore St., one Square from Baltimore St. Bridge. BALTIMORE, MD.

Notice to Creditors.

Henry R. Lewis and Willard E. West, Trustees,
vs.
Martin J. Cohee.
In the Circuit Court for Caroline County, In Equity.

The undersigned trustees, pursuant to an order of the Circuit Court for Caroline county, passed in the above entitled cause, hereby give notice to all persons having claims against the estate of the said Martin J. Cohee to file their claims, properly authenticated, with the clerk of the Circuit Court for Caroline county on or before the 20th day of March, 1899.

HENRY R. LEWIS,
WILLARD E. WEST,
Trustees.

Truckers and Fruit Growers

Should get our prices before buying their

BERRY CRATES & BERRY CUPS,

as we can save them money.

Now is the time to contract for the coming season, as the prices will surely advance.

We also wish to call your attention to the fact that our

NEW PLANING AND SAW MILLS

are now in operation, and we are able to furnish Building Materials of all kinds at short notice.

HARD AND SOFT COAL.

Good Stock of hatd and soft coal always on hand. Call and get our prices.

YARDS AND MILL Opposite R.R. Station.

UHLER & HUCHES, Denton, Maryland.

At Brown's Pharmacy

Didn't Steal Them,

Although you may think I did when you see them and find out what I sell them at. I mean those

BOOKS AT TEN CENTS APIECE!

Come and see them. You don't have to buy unless you want to. For instance: The Wedding Ring, by Dr. T. DeWitt Talmage; Widder Doodle's Courtship, by Josiah Allen's Wife; Adventures of a Bashful Bachelor, Anon.; Recitations and Readings; A Double Duel, by Sylvanus Cobb, Jr.; Life in a Country Manse, by J. M. Barrie; Camille, by Alex. Dumas; A Dream of Love, by Emile Zola; and lots of others.

ALL CLOTH BOUND.

MAIN STREET, DENTON, MD.

WANAMAKER & BROWN

Greater Oak Hall, Sixth and Market Sts.

Devoted thoroughly to the Great Clothing Business

Originating fair-dealing methods.
Real, genuine Clothing manufacturers.
Prices as low all the time—as stores pay.

The extraordinary effort to clear out our very large Winter stocks and dispose of small, incomplete lots make savings of 25 to 50 per cent. on these usual low prices possible to you.

Men's Suits—Nearly 400 reduced from $15, $13.50, $12 and $10 to $7.50, $8.50 and $10. Men's made-to-measure returned Suits—$25 Suits for $12.50, $20 for $10, $16 for $8.

Winter Overcoats—Some 350 reduced in prices from $20 to $14.75, $16.50 to $13.50, $15 to $10, $12 to $8.75, $10 to $7.50.

Women's Furs, Suits and Jackets—marked to sell quickly Tailor-Made $15 Suits for $10, $19 for $14.50, $30 for $20, $35 for $25. Silk and Satin lined Jackets reduced from $16 to $10, $18 to $12, $22.50 to $15. $7 and $8 Kersey Jackets now $5. Canada Seal Capes, $14.50, $15, $18—were much higher. Fur Collarettes, $4.50, $5, $8.50.

We pay carfare on purchases of reasonable amounts.

WANAMAKER & BROWN

SIXTH AND MARKET, PHILA.

ANOTHER DROP

in our prices in spite of our heavy sales during the past Fall season, we are left over with more stock than our limited room can bear, and as we are about getting ready for Spring buying, for, as the saying is, **the early bird catches the worm,** *we are, therefore, going to have a*

GREAT SLAUGHTER SALE

for the next 15 days only. This is not on paper. You will realize that fact when you call and see for yourself. We quote you a few of our prices:

WINTER CLOTHING.

Our	Regular		$ 4.00	Suits	now	$2.75.	Our	Regular	Boy's $3.50	Suits	now $2.49.
"	"		6.00	"	"	4.00.	"	"	" 5.00	"	" 3.49.
"	"		8.00	"	"	5.75.	"	"	" 7.00	"	" 4.75.
"	"		10.00	"	"	7.00.	"	"	Men's 1.00	Pants	" .79.
"	"	Boys	1.50	"	"	1.00.	"	"	" 1.50	"	" 1.00.
"	"	"	2.25	"	"	1.49.	"	"	" 2.25	"	" 1.49.
"	"	"	3.00	"	"	2.00.	"	"	" 4.00	"	" 2.75.

OVERCOATS. OVERCOATS. OVERCOATS.

We must sell them at any price, we have no room to spare.

Our	Regular	$2.50	Overcoats	now	$1.49.
"	"	4.00	"	"	2.69.
"	"	6.00	"	"	3.97.
"	"	9.00	"	"	6.12.

LADIES CAPES AND COATS, AT YOUR OWN PRICE, MUST MAKE ROOM.

DRY GOODS.

Bleached and Unbleached Muslin, worth 5 cents, for 4 cents per yard.
Bleached and Unbleached Muslin, worth 7 cents, for 5¾ cents per yard.
Bleached and Unbleached Muslin, worth 9 cents, for 7¼ cents per yard.
Best American Prints, all fast colors, worth 5 cts., now 3¾ cents per yard.
Best American Prints, all fast colors, worth 6 cts., now 3½ cents per yard.

COMFORTS AND BLANKETS AT HALF PRICE.

LININGS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS FOR ALMOST A SONG.

Dress Lining, worth 5 cts., for 3½ cts. per yard.
Body Lining, worth 8 cts., for 5¾ cts. per yard.
Lancaster Gingham, worth 6 cents, for 4¾ cts. per yard.
Flannellette, worth 10 cents, for 6½ cents per yard.
All other Ginghams comparatively cheap.

OUR GREAT SHOE SALE.

Men's Shoes worth	$1.25	now for	$1.00.	Ladies' Shoes worth	$1.10	now for	$ .85.
Men's Shoes worth	1.75	now for	1.25.	Ladies' Shoes worth	1.25	now for	.98.
Men's Shoes worth	2.50	now for	1.75.	Ladies' Shoes worth	1.75	now for	1.25.
Men's Shoes worth	3.00	now for	2.25.	Ladies' Shoes worth	2.25	now for	1.69.

Boys', Misses and Children's Shoes at one-third price.

LADIES' AND GENTS' UNDERWEAR,

and everything else in our stock, to numerous to name, at great reduction

REMEMBER { IT IS THE ROOM WE NEED. IT IS FOR 15 DAYS ONLY BEGINNING JAN. 28, 99. THAT THE EARLY BIRD CATCHES THE WORM.

So you can be guided thereby and not miss a great opportunity like this. Thanking you for past patronage and soliciting yours in future.

Yours most respectfully,

THE BALTIMORE BARGAIN STORE,
D. KLINE, Prop'r, RIDGELY, MD.

Order Nisi.

Henry R. Lewis and Willard E. West, Trustees,
vs.
Martin J. Cohee.
In the Circuit Court for Caroline County, In Equity.

Ordered, this 12th day of January, 1899, that the sale of the property mentioned in these proceedings, made and reported by Henry R. Lewis and Willard E. West, trustees, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 17th day of March next, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Caroline county, once in each of three successive weeks, before the 14th day of February next.

The report states the amount of sales to be $428.89.

CHAS. W. HOBBS, Clerk.

True copy—Test:
CHAS. W. HOBBS, Clerk.

For Sale.

One house and lot in town of Hillsboro, also Thirty Stands of Bees, one Wagon (nearly new) for one horse. Apply to T. C. HACKETT, Agent,
(3t.) Queen Anne, Md.

Subscribe for the JOURNAL

JOS. H. BERNARD, PRESIDENT. FRED. R. OWENS, VICE-PRESIDENT.
GEO. L. WALLACE, CASHIER.

CAPITAL, $50,000.00.

PEOPLES NATIONAL BANK,

DENTON, MARYLAND.

We Solicit Your Business, and Guarantee Prompt and Careful Attention.

Open an Account With Us!

DIRECTORS:

JOS. H. BERNARD, Greensboro.
FRED. R. OWENS, Denton.
THOS. L. DAY, Ridgely.
ROBT. JARRELL, Goldsboro.
GEO. C. MOORE, Queen Anne.
PAUL HOLSINGER, Ridgely.
ALBERT W. SISK, Preston.
F. A. PORTER, Burrsville.
J. FRANK LEDNUM, Preston.
HY. T. NUTTLE, Andersontown.
WILLARD C. TODD, Williston.
F. P. COVEY, Federalsburg.
J. W. KERR, Denton.

For Sale,

Fifteen good Barge Patterns, well-seasoned pine of good quality, for sale. Apply to G. LACY BUTLER,
174 Fowling Creek, Md.

Notice to Farmers.

We are now prepared to contract for Peas and Tomatoes on Tuesdays and Saturdays for the year 1899.

G. T. REDDEN & CO.