DENTON JOURNAL.

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VOL. 57. DENTON, MARYLAND: SATURDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 7, 1903. NO. 14

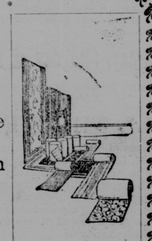
HARNESS

CARRIAGE HARNESS
DOUBLE HARNESS
SINGLE HARNESS

Prices range from $10 to $25. We have the best Ten-Dollar Harness ever seen in this town. Large lot of Work Collars, from $1 to $3. Harness and Sole Leather Riding Saddles, etc., and various kinds of Leather Goods. We now offer a pretty line of Lap Robes at 20 per cent. discount. Good Assortment of Carriage Whips. Horse Blankets, ranging in price from 65c. to $2.50.

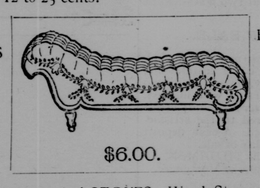
SMITH & WALLS
LAW BUILDING DENTON

We have just received a carload of Furniture of all kinds, and are in a position to supply your needs at Bottom Prices.



Rockers, $1.25 up. In Carpets and Rugs have the best line that we have ever had. Rugs from 50 cents to $3.62. Brussels Rugs with fringe, 1 1-2 yard in size, $1.25. Mattings of all kinds, from 12 to 25 cents.

COUCHES from $4.75 up.



$6.00.

BED-ROOM SUITES from $14.00 up.

We have in a carload of STOVES—Wood Stoves from $2.00 to $10.00, Coal Stoves, and the celebrated Ivory Ranges; a crackerjack Cook Stove for $10.50. Lap Blankets and Robes in plenty, at popular prices.

Enameled Beds, $3.75 up. Stands, 70 cents up.

NUTTLE HARDWARE COMPANY,
Downes Building.
DENTON.

WRIGHT'S STORE NEWS.

Reduced Prices

In order to close out our Fall and Winter Goods, we are offering them at reduced prices, and many things at cost. We are just receiving an enormous stock of Dry Goods and Notions and want to make room for them.

Many Bargains in Broken Lots

OF SHOES, HATS, CAPS, GLOVES, LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WINTER UNDERWEAR, Ladies' and Misses' Hose.

50c. Shirts—now 39c. 50c. Sweaters—now 39c.
Blankets and Comforts reduced 20 per cent.

Call and examine the stock and we are sure you will find bargains—positively and without question the greatest ever known. We wish to say, also, that we pay the Highest Market Prices for All Kinds of Country Produce.

WANTED:
CORN, FODDER, WOOD, POTATOES, CABBAGE, POULTRY, EGGS, BUTTER.
No matter whether 1 lb or 1,000 lbs.

WINFIELD R. WRIGHT . . . DENTON

PIANOS

The Good, the Medium, the Best, including CHICKERING, MATHUSHEK, BUSH & GERTS, WEAVER, LUDWIG, and Second Hand Instruments. All prices—but always the cheapest for the quality.

ORGANS

I have the best makes of Organs at prices that will astonish, including the Mason & Hamlin, Weaver and Carpenter Organs. Mechanical Musical Instruments in large assortment including the famous PIANOLA, by which any one can play a piano with the skill of the greatest masters.

VIOLINS and other stringed instruments and fixtures, HORNS and FLUTES, ACCORDEONS, SHEET MUSIC, etc., and everything kept in a first-class

MUSIC STORE

I also sell the WHEELER & WILSON and the DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINES. Sole agents for the SOLAR LIGHT, the most brilliant and cheapest lamp considering its light-giving qualities. Special attention given to orders by mail. PIANO TUNING given careful attention.

J. W. WHEATLEY,
EASTON, - - - MARYLAND

QUEEN ANNE'S RAILROAD COMPANY.

TIME TABLE.—In Effect Monday, December 29th, 1902.

EASTWARD.—Read Downward. WESTWARD.—Read Upward.

Saturday Only.	Daily Ex. Sat. & Sun.	Daily Ex. Sunday	Daily Ex. Sunday.	Distance from Balto.	NAME OF STATION.	Daily Ex. Sunday.	Daily Ex. Sunday.	Daily Ex. Sat. & Sun.	Saturday Only.
P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	Miles		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
2.00	3.15	.....	7.00	....	Lv.... Baltimore.... Ar.	11.40	.....	9.00	7.40
3.55	5.10	.....	8.55	.....	Ar. Lv. Love Point.. Lv. Ar.	9.40	.....	7.00	5.40
4.00	5.13	11.15	9.05	25.00		9.32	10.53	5.58	5.05
4.07	5.22	11.20	9.14	28.81	.... Stevensville.....	9.24	10.43	5.48	4.56
4.10	5.25	11.45	9.21	30.44	..... Chester.....	9.21	10.38	5.43	4.52
f 4.13	f 5.28	f11.48	f 9.22	.....	..... Narrows.....	f 9.18	f10.33	f 5.38	f 4.48
4.18	5.33	12.00	9.28	34.70	.....Winchester.....	9.13	10.28	5.33	4.43
f 4.20	f 5.35	f12.03	f 9.31	35.82	..... Walsey.....	f 9.10	f10.24	f 5.24	f 4.39
4.25	5.40	12.10	9.37	38.07	..... Queenstown.....	9.04	10.18	5.18	4.33
4.45	5.55	12.27	9.55	.....	Ar. Lv. Centreville... Ar. Lv.	8.35	10.00	4.50	4.00
4.00	4.50	.....	8.35	44.26					
f 4.30	f 5.45	.....	f 9.44	40.40	....Bloomingdale.....	f 8.59	.....	f 5.08	f 4.18
f 4.35	f 5.50	.....	9.52	43.45	.....Wye Mills.....	f 8.53	.....	5.01	4.11
f 4.42	f 5.56	.....	10.00	46.43	.....Willoughby.....	f 8.47	.....	4.53	4.02
.....	6.04	.....	.....	.....	....D. & C. Junction.....	f 8.40	.....	.....	.....
4.53	6.06	.....	10.12	50.48	.....Queen Anne.....	8.38	.....	4.39	3.49
5.00	6.12	.....	10.20	53.68	..... Downes.....	8.32	.....	4.30	3.40
f 5.04	f 6.15	.....	f10 24	55.05	.....Tuckahoe.....	f 8.29	.....	f 4.27	f 3.37
5.11	6.21	.....	10.33	57.99	.....Denton.....	8.24	.....	4.20	3.30
5.17	6.27	.....	10.48	60.89	..... Hobbs.....	8.18	.....	4.04	3.14
5.26	6.35	.....	10.53	64.57	..... Hickman.....	8.10	.....	3.52	3.02
f 5.30	f 6.39	.....	f11.02	66.40	.....Adamsville.....	f 8.06	.....	f 3.44	f 2.54
f 5.35	f 6.44	.....	f11.08	68.55	..... Blanchard.....	f 8.01	.....	f 3.37	f 2.47
5.43	6.50	.....	11.18	71 89	.....Greenwood.....	7.55	.....	3.30	2.40
f 5.51	f 6.57	.....	f11.31	75.47	..... Owens.....	f 7.47	.....	f 3.00	f 2.10
f 5.56	f 7.01	.....	f11.36	77.57	..... Oakley.....	f 7.43	.....	f 2.55	f 2.05
6.04	7.06	.....	11.43	81.07	Lv.....Ellendale.....Ar.	7.36	.....	2.48	1.58
f 6.12	f 7.15	.....	f11.51	84.91	..... Wolfe	f 7.29	.....	f 2.29	f 1.39
6.20	7.22	.....	11.58	87.57	..... Milton.....	7.23	.....	2.21	1.31
f 6.28	f 7.30	.....	f12.08	91.87	.....Whitesboro.....	f 7.14	.....	f 2.11	f 1.21
f 6.31	f 7.33	.....	f12.11	92.82	.....Overbrook.....	f 7.11	.....	f 2.08	f 1.18
6.40	7.42	.....	12.20	95.82	Ar.....Lewes.....Lv.	7.03	.....	2.00	1.10
P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.			A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.

f Stops on signal to take on or let off passengers.

W. D. UHLER, Assistant General Manager.

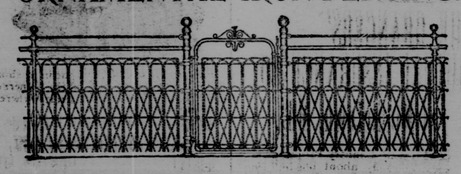
R. T. CARTER,

MASONIC BUILDING

DENTON, - - - MARYLAND

Will write the best Life and Fire Insurance obtainable at the most reasonable rates. Get estimates on all your property.

ORNAMENTAL IRON FENCING.



Ornamental Iron Fencing for Yards, Lawns and Cemeteries. A large lot of Stoves and Steel Ranges, Blacksmith, Wheelwright and Building Hardware, Carpets, Rugs, Oil Cloths, Straw Mattings, Furniture, Sewing Machines, Washing Machines,

PUMP AND DRIVE WELL SUPPLIES

Carriage and Wagon Harness, Paints, Oils, Galvanized Steel and Tarred Felt Roofing, Oliver and South Bend Chilled Plows, Grub Plows, Fence Wire, Poultry Netting.

14 ROOMS FILLED WITH GOODS.

TILGHMAN HARVEY.
a-23] BURRSVILLE, MD.

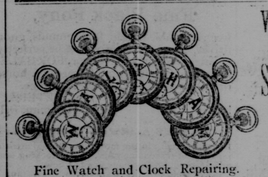
I SELL INSURANCE THAT INSURES.

The Agency has had the above for a guiding principle for many years. It represents the best companies and the strongest, financially. When you patronize this Agency you carry insurance that is

ABSOLUTELY SAFE AND SURE.

Some of the companies are: The Pennsylvania, of Philadelphia; the Home, of New York; the Delaware, of Dover, and the Planters' Mutual, of Washington county, Md., etc. If you cannot find time to visit here, write me, tell me what property you want insured.

GILBERT HAGADONE,
DENTON, MARYLAND.



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Wedding and HOLIDAY GIFTS
—SPLENDID LINE OF—
Silverware, Watches, Jewelry
and CLOCKS. Thousands of articles of quality and utility. From these every one can make appropriate selections.
C. H. BULLOCK,
Journal Building, Denton, Md.

MARYLAND NOBLES

Two of Them, Carroll and Hanson Honored.

STATUES IN HALL OF FAME

Tributes by Senators McComas, Wellington, Depew and Other Eloquent Orators —Interesting State History.

Maryland's bronze statues of Charles Carroll of Carrollton and John Hanson, now in position in Statuary Hall, at the Capitol in Washington, were formally accepted by Congress on Saturday. Interesting exercises were held in both branches of Congress, and were largely attended by Marylanders, including descendants of the two men honored. In the Senate addresses were made by Senators McComas, Wellington, Depew, Hoar and Dolliver; in the House by Representatives Pearre, Schirm, Dalzell and Tawney. Mr. McComas said:

"Maryland has nearly three centuries of History wherefrom to choose two citizens illustrious in her annals and worthy of this national commemoration.

"My State did not accord this high honor to the founder, George Calvert, nor to Cecilius Calvert, the second Lord Baltimore, father of the province, nor to the gallant leaders of the Maryland Line—to Howard, Smallwood, Williams or De Kalb—commanders of the body of soldiers which early won the confidence of Washington; which at Brooklyn Heights, by its discipline and bravery, saved our army when surrounded; which maintained this honorable distinction for steadiness and gallantry until, in the last pitched battle of the Revolution, at Eutaw Springs, that same Maryland Line drove the flower of the English infantry at the point of the bayonet—nor to her orators or jurists or lawyers who, living before Luther Martin and William Pinkney or in their day or after them, emulated their fame and glory.

"It is because of their part in the great drama of the Revolution, their unfailing devotion to the cause of liberty, their great powers and influence at critical periods in the struggle with Great Britain, their characters and lives, that Maryland has selected John Hanson and Charles Carroll of Carrollton to dwell in enduring bronze in yonder American Pantheon.

"Most of the 13 original States have contributed statues to our National Gallery. It is unfortunate that so few of the illustrious men of the Revolution have been sent to join the solemn circle there. It is to be regretted that hitherto only three of the signers of the great Declaration face one another there. American public life in that time of trial and danger was adorned by many striking figures. Washington, Franklin, Hamilton, Jefferson and Marshall of that generation, belong to the history of the world. Many of their associates will forever live in American history. They stand in the forefront of the nation's life. Therefore, I rejoice that Maryland now brings to the old Hall of Representatives for the acceptance of Congress two men of the Revolution, one of them the President of a Congress of the Revolution, the other the last surviving signer of the Declaration of Independence, that great act with which our nation's history begins."

After giving a vivid picture of the life of Charles Carroll, Senator McComas continued:

"At 90 years of age Carroll was erect and vigorous, with the vivacity and grace of youth. In person he was small and slight. His face was strong, his eye piercing, his manner easy and winning. About this time he heard the impressive tidings of the death of Adams and Jefferson, on July 4, 1826. To him came the address of Daniel Webster upon Adams and Jefferson and that stately apostrophe to the last of the signers:

Of the illustrious signers of the Declaration of Independence there now remains only one—Charles Carroll. He seems an aged oak, standing alone on the plain, which time has spared a little longer after all of its contemporaries have been leveled with the dust. Venerable object, we delight to gather around its trunk while yet it stands and to dwell beneath its shadow. Sole survivor of an assembly of as great men as the world has witnessed, in a transaction one of the most important that history records, what thoughts, what interesting reflections, must fill his elevated and devoted soul! If he dwell on the past, how touching its recollections; if he survey the present, how happy, how joyous, how full of the fruition of that hope which his ardent patriotism indulged, if he glance at the future, how does the prospect of his country's advancement almost bewilder his weakened conception. Fortunate, distinguished patriot, interesting relic of the past, let him know that while we honor the dead we do not forget the living, and that there is not a heart here which does not fervently pray that Heaven may keep him yet back from the the society of his companions.

"That solmn prayer was granted. Charles Carroll of Carrollton lived until his ninety-sixth year, and on November 14, 1832, died with the calmness of a philosopher and with the faith of a holy man of God.

"The work of Carroll and Hanson and their compatriots of the Revolution gave to the world the first true Federal State, and they built it to endure the storms and stress of civil war. They so cemented it that all fears of its disruption have disappeared forever. It is the great Republic of all history. In it the law is supreme. No man is so high as to be above the law. In the very fibre of the people is inbred a regard for the law, which is the security of our rights and the basis of our prosperous and happy civil Government. Yet, under it the people shape their own destiny and unhindered walk in their own paths.

"Looking back over the 127 years of our existence as a nation, one truth is luminous. The world would not if it could erase the great Republic from the map of the globe. The future of civilization rests with the Saxon race. Not the British Empire, but the American Republic, will lead that race onward to that future. Traditional, moral, political and intellectual ties unite, in a sense, all who speak the English language, today the leading language of the world. Mr. Bryce justly boasts that 'England has sent her language, her commerce, her laws and institutions forth from herself over an even wider and more populous area than that whose races were molded into new forms by the laws and institutions of Rome.'

"The marvelous achievements of the English-speaking people leaping forth from their little island world are sure to be surpassed by several hundred millions of English-speaking people of 50 powerful States in an invincible republic, whose home is the vast centre of a continent washed by both oceans.

"Lord Roseberry, the famous Statesman and orator of the British Empire in our day, has outlined in historic vision what would have been the future of English-speaking people had George III. listened to reason and had the 13 Colonies sent representatives to the imperial Parliament. He predicted that at last, when the Americans became the majority, the seat of empire would have been moved across the Atlantic, and Britain would have become the historic shrine and European outpost of the world empire, with an English-speaking federal Parliament sitting in Columbia territory somewhere in the Mississippi basin. Simpler and grander far is the historic reality. The great Republic has been worthy of its heritage. It has lifted up humanity and liberty; is has advanced civilization; it leads the commerce of the world; it is the richest nation on the globe; it is now the world's centre of finance; it is invincible in war, if war approach its shores; it is fast reaching out to control the seas; its people are happy, free, homogenous, the most intelligent and soon to be the most numerous; it is the greatest self-governing nation and the greatest world power; its foreign policy is a synonym for justice; its creed is peace.

"The future of the English-speaking people depends upon our Republic, and that future, in the vigorous embrace of the younger world, is boundless."

Mr. Wellington spoke as follows:

"Maryland, one of the original Thirteen States, as a token of her steadfast faith in the principles advocated by the immortal Declaration of Independence, places in the American Pantheon the statues of two of her most illustrious citizens of the Revolutionary period—Charles Carroll of Carrollton, to whose untiring energy and aggressive policy the adoption of the Declaration of Independence is in a great measure due, and John Hanson, who was the first President of the United States in Congress assembled under the government of the Articles of Confederation.

"The eloquence, ability, patriotism and aggressive nature of Charles Carroll, and the conservative but steadfast character of John Hanson threw the weight of the influence of their native colony upon the side of those who sought for separation from Great Britain and the establishment of the Republic.

"In 1775 the Maryland Convention issued its declaration of independence, known as 'The Association of Freemen of Maryland.' This meant the downfall of the Proprietary Government and the assumption of power by the Provisional Government of the people themselves. Matthew Tilghman was the president of the Convention, and John Hanson one of its most distinguished and forceful members. During his chairmanship of the Committee of Observation in Maryland, which practically governed the Colony, the attempts of Lord Dunmore and his fellow-conspirators to destroy Maryland, Virginia and Pennsylvania by fire and sword was discovered and frustrated."

Mr. Wellington then sketched the career of Hanson in Maryland and in the Continental Congress, and

Concluded on second page.

THE KING OF KINGS

Christ's Name Only to Endure in World's History.

FOUNDED SPIRITUAL REPUBLIC

Extract from a Recent Sermon by Cardinal Gibbons—Text: "They Shall Perish, but Thou Shalt Remain."

We publish a few extracts from a sermon delivered by Cardinal Gibbons in the Cathedral in Baltimore last Sunday morning. The Cardinal said:

"Christ our Lord built for Himself no tomb, and He left no instructions to His disciples to erect one for Him. When living, He could say of Himself: 'The foxes have holes, and the birds of the air nests, but the Son of man hath not where to lay His head;' and He had no monument when dead, which could be called His own. He was buried in the tomb of a stranger, Joseph of Arimathæa. There was no inscription on His tomb, but His name is emblazoned on the pages of history and is indelibly stamped on the heart of humanity.

"And even His tomb is honored today as no resting place was ever honored before or since His time. The Prophet Isaiah had predicted that 'His tomb shall be glorious.' And how well is the prophecy fulfilled! It is now the rendezvous of the nations of the earth. Christians and Mohammedans, Greeks and Latins, are contending among themselves as to which of them shall have the honor of guarding and adorning the church where His body was interred.

"Other men have sought to immortalize themselves by military exploits and conquests. Alexander the Great extended his dominion over the continent of Asia. Kingdom after kingdom yielded to his sway. He longed for new worlds that he might subdue them. But scarcely was he laid to rest in his grave when his vast empire was dismembered and parceled out among his lieutenants. Who cares now for Alexander? What enthusiasm does his name evoke? Where is the mausoleum erected to him? His history is known to a few scholars, but the great mass of humanity know or care as little for Alexander the Great as they know or care for Alexander the coppersmith mentioned by St. Paul.

"Nearly 2,000 years ago, Jesus Christ founded a spiritual republic. He established it not by the material sword, but by the sword of the Spirit, which is the word of God. He established it not by brute force, but by an appeal to the conscience and intellect of humanity. He conquered not by enslaving the bodies of men, but by rescuing their souls from the bondage of sin. He conquered not by shedding the blood of others, but by the shedding of His own blood. And the spiritual kingdom which He founded exists to this day, and is continually extending its lines; and it is maintained and consolidated not by frowning fortifications and standing armies, but by the invincible influence of religious and moral sanctions.

"Jesus Christ hanging from the cross has drawn to Himself a mightier host than ever followed the standard of Cæsar and Alexander. 'When I am lifted up from the earth,' he declared, 'I will draw all things to Myself. I will draw them by the cords of love.' Other leaders have captured cities. Jesus has captured the citadel of the heart.

"In contemplating those great men who have been conspicuous in history, the predominant sentiment we feel toward them is one of admiration. And our admiration increases in proportion as we see them ascending the pinnacle of fame. But we cannot be said to love them. They are too far removed from us to be loved. They dazzle us with their splendor, but do not warm our hearts. A man to be loved must come down to our own level. We must be on familiar terms with him. Christ in this respect differs from all other great men. We not only admire and worship Him, we love Him. He has come down among us. He has become one of us. He has lowered Himself to our estate. He has shared in our sorrows and infirmities. He has become the Son of Man that we might be made the sons of God. He has been our Friend, our Brother, our Counselor. The great Christian world loves Him. Millions in every age have enrolled themselves under His banner, and are ready to die for Him.

"Our sovereigns have signalized their reigns by framing laws for the government of their respective countries. Numa Pompilius, and long after him, Justinian, made laws for Rome. Solon and Lycurgus framed laws for ancient Greece. Alfred the Great and Edward the Confessor legislated for England. Napoleon compiled laws for France, which are well known by the title of the Code Napoleon. All these statutes were most useful in their day and generation. They were justly admired for their wisdom. But these laws were national in character. They were suited to the type of one particular people, and were framed for one particular form of government. They grew more or less obsolete in the course of ages. The people outgrew them, and a change in the form of government involved a change in the fundamental laws of the country.

"Christ has left us a code of laws in the Gospels. These moral precepts are immutable, because they are founded on the eternal principles of truth and justice. They have already stood the test of 2,000 years; they are as vigorous and as authoritative today as when they came from the lips of their divine Founder. And they will be binding in the consciences of men as long as human society itself shall last.

"They are adapted to all times, to all places, to all circumstances and conditions of life. They are in force in every system of government, in absolute empires, in constitutional monarchies and in free republics.

"They appealed to the intellect and conscience of the ancient Greek and Roman; they appeal now to the subjects of Great Britain and to the citizens of the United States, as well as to the native tribes of Australasia and North America. The Sermon on the Mount and the Great Commandment of charity: 'Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with thy whole heart and soul, and thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself,' are as much binding on us as they were on the primitive Christians."

Byrne Turned Down.

The United States Judiciary Committee on Monday decided by a vote of 9 to 4 to report adversely the nomination of William Michael Byrne to be United States Attorney for the district of Delaware. This nomination was sent to the Senate by the President early in the session. Mr. Byrne had been District Attorney for Delaware until just before the Congressional election occurred, but he then resigned in order to become a candidate for the House of Representatives on the Republican ticket. As such he represented the Addicks faction of the party, L. H. Ball, the present Representative from the State, having been renominated by the Dupont faction. When Mr. Byrne resigned it was with the tacit understanding that should he be defeated he was to be reappointed. The nomination of two Republicans in the State for Congressman insured Democratic success, and as soon as the election was over President Roosevelt reappointed Mr. Byrne and forwarded the nomination to the Senate.

It appears that when the renomination was made a protest was filed against it by the Delaware Bar Association. It was alleged that while District Attorney Mr. Byrne had been neglectful of his duties and that otherwise he had not promptly discharged the duties devolving upon him. These protests were sent to Senator George F. Hoar, of Massachusetts, chairman of the Committee on Judiciary, to which the nomination was referred. When the protests were filed the counter charge was made that the objections to the nomination were based upon purely political grounds by the Dupont following, and were therefore not entitled to consideration. Mr. Roosevelt, in making the renomination, took occasion to say that Mr. Byrne was a proficient officer of the Government and in every fitted for the place.

It is alleged that in the protests the charge was made that upon one occasion Mr. Byrne had been reprimanded by Judge Bradford, of Delaware, for having returned defective indictments in certain cases: that the matter showed lack of care which rendered the cases as made out valueless. Now the fight is to be carried into the Senate in executive session. Mr. McComas, of Maryland, will lead the fight against the majority report of the committee.

In Memory of Lee, Lincoln and Davis.

The thirteenth annual banquet of the Confederate Veteran Camp, of New York, held some time ago at the Waldorf-Astoria, was made memorable by eloquent eugolies of the great figures of the South and North during the Civil War, delivered by men who themselves had fought in the armies opposing them.

Charles Frances Adams, of Massachusetts, a soldier of the Union, responded to the toast of "Robert E. Lee." Henry Watterson, a soldier of the Confederacy, paid tribute to the character of Abraham Lincoln. The third toast to Jefferson Davis was responded to by William Hepburn Russell, formerly of Missouri and now Commissioner of Accounts of the New York city government.

More than 500 comrades of the camp and their guests attended. The presence of many women lent brilliancy to the banquet.

"Anthracite" came from the Greek, the word originally meaning a kind of precious stone.