EASTON GAZETTE.

EASTON, Md.

SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 7, 1857.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

☞ Communications the effect of which is to promote private interest, are charged for at the rate of 50 cents per square.

☞ Obituary Notices exceeding six lines in length, are also subject to a similar charge.

☞ For terms of subscription and advertising; see first page.

☞ Accounts of over six months standing are chargeable with the usual rate of interest.

☞ Books received by mail will be promptly noticed under the editorial head.

COURT.—The Circuit Court for Caroline County, commences on Monday.

THE "Bachelor's Dream by Salt Water," will appear in our next.

THE BALL.—The grand Rail Road and Washington Birth Night Ball, comes off on Tuesday night next.

THE STEAMER KENT.—This swift and commodious steamer has resumed her route again up the Choptank. The officers of this boat are exceedingly polite, obliging and alive to the comfort of her passengers. See advertisement.

THE WEATHER.—On Monday, we were visited with quite an unwelcome dish of snow from the north east. The wind however soon changed, and it has again become moderate.

SNOW STORM.—The papers bring us intelligence that on Monday one of the severest snow storms which has occurred for many years passed over New York and New England—and extended as far down as Delaware. In Caroline county even, we learn, that the snow was quite deep.

Messrs. Gillbert, Edwards and Matteson, the members of Congress charged with being bribed to vote for certain bills, resigned before the vote to expel them was taken. Mr. Welch was exhonerated from the charge. Mr. Simonton, reporter, was expelled from a seat in the House.

THE protracted meeting which has been going on for the last two weeks in the Methodist Protestant Church at St. Michaels, as we understand, has been very successful. The Church has been crowded nightly and a large number of persons have professed religion.

The meeting which has been in progress for several weeks in the M. E. Church in Easton, has also been attended with exceedingly encouraging success.

ARRESTS.—Theodore Peck was arrested and committed to jail on Tuesday afternoon on the charge of stealing wheat from Col. Edward Lloyd, Jr. A further examination was had on Thursday, which resulted in the commitment of Peck to jail to await the action of the grand jury. Facts and evidences were elicited in the course of the above examination to authorize the arrest of Andrew Satterfield and Joseph Lee. Satterfield appeared and gave bail for his appearance at May term of the Court, while Lee has not as yet been taken.

MARINE DISASTERS.—Capt. N. E. Nicols who returned from Baltimore yesterday, reports to us as having seen a schooner sunk at the mouth of Rock Creek, heavily laden with grain. Two bay crafts capsized in the Patapsco River off North Point and in the middle of the river. A schooner capsized off the Highlands and a large brig off Kent Point—crew all supposed to be lost. These disasters occurred on Monday in the time of the severe gale of wind and snow. Capt. Nicols and crew came near being capsized in the mouth of the Choptank on yesterday—but fortunately his vessel was able to stem the wind.

PERFORATED POSTAGE STAMPS—*A Great Convenience.*—Hon. James Campbell, the Postmaster General, has recently introduced an improvement in the postage stamps, which, according to the Philadelphia Ledged, adds greatly to their public convenience. He has had them prepared on sheets with perforations around the borders of each stamp, so that they can be separated, one from the other, without using a knife or pair of scissors. Besides the saving of time in this improvement, there is greater security that the stamp will adhere to the letter, there being none of the risk of the edge turning up as when it is continuous. This plan of perforating letter stamps is practiced in Europe, and Mr. Campbell had the contractor to procure a machine from that country for use here. The contract is made with Toppan, Carpenter & Co., of Philadelphia, and, in addition to a supply for that city, the stamps have already been sent to New York, Boston, Baltimore, Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, Chicago and Albany. The amount of letter writing in the United States may be inferred from the number of postage stamps used. The number sold by the government last year reached nearly one hundred and fifty milions of stamps.

Geo. Peabody, Esq., was in Wilmington, N. C., on Sunday last.

THE BORDER ROVER.—T. B. Peterson, No. 102 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, has in press and will issue on to-day, "the Border Rover," by Emerson Bennett, author of "Clara Morland," "the Prairie Flower," &c., complete in two large duodecimo volumes, neatly bound in paper cover, for one dollar. Copies of the work will be sent to any one in any part of the United States, free of postage, on remitting the price to the publisher in a letter.

A celebrated critic says of the work, 'Perhaps it is enough to say of the Border Rover, that it is one of Emerson Bennetts' best productions, and will be seen to delight all readers who were pleased with the Prairie Flower and Clara Morland, to which it may be considered a companion—the scenes and incidents being somewhat similar, and yet the story totally unlike either of the others'

VIVIA.—The same publisher has in press and will publish on Saturday, the 14th inst., Vivia—the secret of Power—by Mrs. E. D. E. N. Southworth—author of "Lost Heiress," "Deserted Wife," &c., &c., complete in one large duodecimo volume, neatly bound in cloth, for one dollar and twenty-five cents, or in two volumes, paper cover, for one dollar.

In *Vivia*, the *Secret of Power*, it is said, the authoress has excelled herself. Wherefore no encomium from our pen would be a greater inducement to readers to purchase than the fair fame she has already acquired.

Copies of either edition will be sent to any part of the United States free of postage, on remitting the price of the edition desired.

From the (Hagerstown) American Chronicle.

THE NEXT GOVERSHIP.

Mr. Editor: The day is rapidly approaching when the American party will determine upon a standard bearer to lead on its members to the contest in the coming election. I have seen the names of several prominent gentlemen suggested in reference to that important station, and doubtless each one has his peculiar claims and qualifications for the nomination. Whoever may be selected I hope he may be one eminently calculated to concentrate all the strength, and promote the harmony of the party. It is well known that the nominee must come, this time, from the Eastern Shore. Without wishing to disparage the claims of others, permit me to suggest the name of one, in every respect, by his commanding talents, his eloquence, his position, and moral worth, worthy to bear aloft, in triumph, the flag of our noble party.

I refer to Dr. C. C. COX, of Easton, Talbot county. The political record of Dr. Cox is unquestionable; from his first entrance into political life he has always been a consistent Whig, and when the American organization was established he promptly and zealously espoused its cause. Throughout the campaign of last Fall he devoted his time and energies to the best interests of the American party, and by his eloquent speeches contributed greatly to the success on the Eastern Shore. By invitation he delivered several speeches in the city of New York and vicinity, which commanded the most flattering notices of the whole editorial corps favorable to our party. Two years ago he was *unanimously* tendered the nomination for Congress in his district, but his private affairs would not admit of its acceptance. Prior to the reelection of Mr. James Alfred Pearce to the U. S. Senate, he was prominently spoken of as the successor to that gentleman.

Dr. Cox is a graduate of Yale College, a finished scholar, and a gentleman with agreeable and popular manners. Dignified and courteous in his bearing, thoroughly conversant in debate, and zealous in behalf of the party. I am convinced that no more worthy gentleman could be found to fill with credit the Gubernatorial chair. The prospects of the American party were never more encouraging, in this State, than at present, and nothing is wanted to ensure our complete triumph but a suitable candidate and a good organization. In Dr. Cox we have all that could be desired as a gallant leader. WASHINGTON COUNTY.

The editor of the Chronicle, in speaking of the above communication in reference to Dr. Cox, says:

"We have heard Dr. Cox spoken of, by those who are personally acquainted with him, in the very highest terms of praise, as a gentleman well qualified in every way for the position, and as one whose selection would do honor to the party. He is an unflinching American, and his nomination would, no doubt, meet the approbation of the party generally."

CORONER CONNERY IMPEACHED.—Coroner Connery has been served with papers from Governor King, on complaint, it is understood, of Mr. Clinton, ordering him to answer certain charges unbecoming a public officer, and concerning his course in the Bond street murder investigation. The order directs that a Judge of the Court of Common Pleas shall hear the complaints, take testimony in the case, and then send the paper to the Governor for his decision. No day has as yet been set for the commencement of the hearing. The District Attorney will be present at the hearing. It is said that a number of petitions have been numerously signed by respectable citizens, requesting he Governor to remove Coroner Connery.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

A MAN ATTACKED BY A WOLF IN THE CAPITOL OF WISCONSIN.—"Last Sunday morning," says the Madison State Journal, "a young man named P. Bowman, was attacked by a wolf on Washington avenue, in this city. It flew at his throat, and, but for his presence of mind, in quickly drawing a small knife and stabbing him, he would doubtless have been killed. It followed him, until he arrived at the American House where he worked. Even there it stood in the middle of the street, and did not leave till two Germans sallied forth to to attack it. The same animal it appears also attacked another man the previous evening.

One dry goods establishment, in Chicago, done business, the last year, to the amount of $500,000!

AWFUL TRAGEDY.—The following account of the death of Danl. Hume, a highly influential and respectable citizen of Alexandria, Va., who met his death at the hands of Col. Lee, as related by a correspondent of the Baltimore Sun, is truly painful in the extreme:

'One of the most tragic and melancholy occurrences which ever afflicted the community, and which will carry deep regret wherever the parties are known took place yesterday morning in the fourth story of the Pension office. David Hume, formerly a much respected citizen of Orange Court House, Va. and for some years one of the merchants of Alexandria, Va., where no man enjoyed a higher reputation, was killed by a pistol ball fired by the hands of Col. D. C. Lee formerly of Virginia, but more recently a citizen of our first ward, a member of our board of Common Council and a clerk in the Pension bureau. The circumstances appear to be as follows: In the unprecedented concourse of visitors on Friday night at the President's house Col. Lee, with a lady on his arm, was slowly progressing through the mass. Mr. Hume, with his two daughters, was following immediately in the rear, when Col. Lee, looking round, charged upon Mr. Hume that he had stolen his pocket-book. Mr. Hume, under consternation, and with the utmost indignation, repelled the charge, and remarked that were they in any other place, and no ladies present, he would crush him to the earth. Cards were exchanged and there the matter rested for the night.

Between 8 and 9 o'clock Saturday morning Mr. Hume was seen and saluted by some of his old acquaintances; he was perfectly calm, and was familiarly congratulated on his fine, healthy appearance, &c.; but he made not the slightest reference to any difficulty. Between the hours of 9 and 10, in company with Mr. J. C. Walker, the reading clerk of the House of Representatives, Mr. Hume proceeded to the pension office. He then inquired of Samuel Cole, Esq., the chief clerk, if there was such a clerk in his division as Col. Lee? Mr. Cole answered in the affirmative, and at once proceeded to the room in which Col. Lee, with several other clerks, were engaged in their business. Mr. Cole stepped in and said, "Col. Lee, here are two gentlemen who wish to speak to you." Mr. C. then left. Col. Lee advanced to the door, when Mr. Hume asked if he recognized him as the gentleman he spoke to at the President's house last night, and whom he charged with stealing his pocket-book; Col. Lee replied that he did so recognize him.—Mr. H. then informed him of his former places of residence, family and associations, as well as his present standing in Alexandria, &c., all of which was or could be vouched for by Mr. Walker. Still Col. Lee insisted that he was the man. Feeling further aggrieved, Mr. H. then said to Col. Lee, "You are an infernal scoundrel."—He then added that it was not his intention, however, to create a difficulty there, and Col. Lee was understood to make a similar remark.

Other words in a low tone here ensued, when again Mr. Hume put the question as to Colonel Lee's opinion. Lee reiterated that he believed him to be the man, when Mr. Hume raising a cane and struck Col. Lee a blow on the side of the head, which produced a wound. Lee retreated towards another part of the room, followed by Hume, who struck two more blows with his cane, when, in a stooping posture, Lee—some supposed from under his arm or between his legs—fired a pistol, the ball of which entered the abdomen of the unfortunate Hume. He instantly fell on the spot, exclaiming, "oh! my God, I am a dead man;" and in a few moments expired. Col. Lee made no attempt to escape, and I understand expressed himself ready to obey the requirements of the law.

The news soon spread all over our city, effecting deeply those who knew the parties. Col. Lee is a man of family, and has enjoyed in an eminent degree the esteem of all who were acquainted with him. Amidst powerful opposition at our last June municipal elections he was chosen a member of the board of common council, over competitors who from childhood had resided in the first ward of our city.

Mr. Hume was a widower, having had the misfortune to be bereft of one of the most accomplished ladies of Orange county. He has two interesting daughters, now going to one of the academies of Washington, and a son. When the lightning line conveyed the sad intelligence to his recent home the community of Alexandria was astounded and shocked. Crowds eagerly hastened to the steamboat wharves, where, on the impulse of the moment, a committee of fifty citizens, with the mayor of Alexandria, was immediately appointed to proceed to Washington and accompany the remains of the lamented Hume to Alexandria.

The circumstances which I have here detailed are from gentlemen near the parties at the levee, and from one of the highly respectable and dispassionate associates of of Col. Lee, who is a fellow clerk in the same room, and who was a witness to the whole transaction.

A jury of inquest rendered a verdict in accordance with the above, that is that Mr. Hume came to his death by a ball fired from a pistol by Colonel Lee.

During the evening an investigation was held before Justices Drury and John D. Clark, at the close of which Col. Lee was admitted to bail in a sum of $5,000. I understood Mr. T. Coghan and Mr. S. S. Parker are the sureties.

The remains of the lamented deceased were, between four and five o'clock, taken in charge by the mayor and committee from Alexandria, and conveyed to that city, which, under cirumstances so pleasurable, he left on Friday afternoon.

It is stated that during Saturday afternoon the porte-monnaie which Col. Lee lost was returned to him by a highly respectable citizen of Georgetown, *in whose pocket some adroit villian had put it after rifling it of its contents.* One or two other gentlemen who lost porte-monnaies at the levee have had them returned by neighbors and friends, far above all suspicion, under similar circumstances.

NEW YORK, March 3.

Dr. Burdell's Estate.—Proceedings were commenced to-day before the Surrogate, in the matter of Dr. Burdell's will. The Rev. Mr. Morvine fully identified Dr. Burdell as the person he married to Mrs. Cunningham.

THE ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH BILL.

The following is the Atlantic Telegraph bill in printed form, as it passed Congress:

"An act to expedite telegraphic communication for the uses of the government in foreign intercourse.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress Assembled, That the Secretary of State, in the discretion and under the direction of the President of the United States, may contract with any competent person, persons, or association, for the aid of the United States, by furnishing not exceeding two ships, in laying down a submarine cable to connect existing telegraphs between the coast of New Foundland and the coast of Ireland, and for the use of such submarine communication when established by the Government of the United States, on such terms and conditions as shall seem to the President just and reasonable, not exceeding twenty thousand dollars per annum, until the net profit of such person, persons or association shall be equal to a dividend of six per cent. per annum, and then not exceeding $50,000 per annum for twenty-five years.

Provided, That the Government of Great Britain shall, before or at the same time, enter into a like contract for those purposes, with the same person, or persons, or association, and upon terms of exact equality with those stipulated by the U. States: And *provided* that the tariff of prices for the use of such submarine communication by the public shall be fixed by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States and the Government of Great Britain, or its authorized agent.

Provided further, That the United States and the citizens thereof shall enjoy the use of the said submarine telegraph communication for all time, on the same terms and conditions which shall be stipulated in favor of the Government of Great Britain, and the subjects thereof, recognizing equality of rights among the citizens of the United States in the use of said submarine communication and the lines of telegraph which may at any time connect with the same or its terminus, upon the coast of Newfoundland and in the United States, in any contract so to be entered into by such person, persons or association, with that Government.

Provided further, that the contract to be made by the British Government shall not be different from that already proposed by the Government to the New York, Newfoundland, and London Telegraph Company, except such provisions as may be necessary to secure to each government the transmission of its own messages by its own agents. And provided further, That it shall be in the power of Congress after ten years to terminate said contract upon giving one years' notice to the parties to such contract."

After the bill was returned from the House to the Senate with amendments, a strong effort was made to defeat it, and during the absence of several Senators friendly to its passage, it was only saved from defeat by one majority. In a full Senate however there was a clear majority of 8 to 10, and the bill finally passed by acclamation, and has received the signature of the President.

CONDITION OF GEN. WALKER

STATEMENT OF A PASSENGER FROM CALIFORNIA.—A gentleman who came in the Illinois on Friday night, at New York, makes the following statement:

While stopping at Acapulco, on our way down from San Francisco, we heard that Walker was completely hemmed in on all sides by the Allied forces. It was stated that the news had been taken there by the steamer Orizaba, by which steamer about 150 recruits, intended for Walker, had proceeded to San Francisco, instead of being landed at San Juan del Sur. It appeared to be the opinion of the officers of the steamer Sonora, from what they had learned, that Walker would make his escape from Nicaragua. We found it very difficult to get any reliable information, however. I succeeded in securing a copy of the New York Tribune at Acapulco, which contained the only late and satisfactory accounts I could obtain after leaving San Francisto unitl our arrival in New York.

The following statement of another passenger is also given:

From the time of leaving San Francisco I could get no intelligence about Walker's movements until I reached Aspinwall.—We only stopped at Acapulco and Panama, and I heard nothing in either place; but on reaching Aspinwall I met with a young man with whom I had been previously acquainted in California, where we had worked together in the mines. He told me that he had been with Walker about nine months and had just effected his escape with about thirty others, most of whom, like himself, were entirely destitute of money, and that he did not know how to get back to the Atlantic States, which he desired to do: that he would have to remain there on charity until he could get a chance of returning home; he said that Walker's men were in the most deplorable condition, without money and clothes, and almost without the common necessaries of life; that most of them had began to turn against their leaders and would desert him if they could only succeed in effecting their escape. I never saw a harder looking set of customers than some of the deserters I met with my acquaintance in Aspinwall.

LATE AND INTERESTING FROM LIBERIA.—Letters were received yesterday from Monroviavia England, of the 12th of January, from which we regret to learn that a serious difficulty had occurred at Cape Palmas, between the colonists and natives.—Of the causes of the outbreak we are not informed, but the letter states that considerable property had been destroyed, including two large native villages situated on the verge of the Cape, and several dwelling houses belonging to the colonists. Of the colonists only one death is mentioned.—The natives lost several. It is also stated that Mount Vaughn mission, with its school houses, were destroyed. These belonged to the Protestant Episcopal mission, under Bishop Payne. We hope that this report is incorrect or exaggerated.

The Cape Palmas colony, from its foundation in 1834, has been singularly exempt from all violence from the natives, or difficulty with them of any kind. It is to be hoped that the present disturbance is but local, and will be only temporary. Cape Palmas colony was founded by Dr. James Hall, of Baltimore, and that gentleman sailed for Africa a few weeks since, in the new packet ship Mary Caroline Stevens.—Dr. Hall is very popular in Cape Palmas, and his arrival will be most opportune.

We have also files of the Liberia Herald to December 13.

The Herald of December 17 publishes in full the text of the treaty of commerce and navigation recently signed and ratified between France and Liberia.

Another number contains a description of a tour in the interior by the editor, in company with the Rev. Mr. Seys, from which we hope to make extracts.—*N. Y. Com. Advertiser.*

[Special Dispatch to the N. York Tribune.]

FURTHER FROM KANSAS.

LECOMPTON, K. T., Feb. 19.—An affray took place here last night in which Sheriff Sherrod was killed and three other men wounded.

A meeting of Geary's friends was held at the Capitol to sustain his course and express disapprobation of the recent outrage to him. Sherrod and his friends came armed to break it up. When the resolutions were read, Sherrod declared that any one voting for them was a liar and a coward. The excitement grew intense. Sherrod drew his pistol and fired, wounded a man named Shepherd. Miscellaneous shooting then began and was continued for some time.—Mr. Sherrod was shot thorugh the head by a young man, named Jones, who came from Pennsylvania with the Governor. Shepherd has two bullets in his thigh and a wound on his head—two others are slightly wounded. The Sherrod men seeing they would be overpowered offered no violence after Sherrod fell.

Young Jones was arrested by a bogus Sheriff, and after the meeting was thus broken up, Gov. Geary called out the troops to prevent his being lynched. The Governor also organized a company to defend himself but disbanded it at dusk light last night More violence is apprehended, as great excitement still prevails.

The Legislature has passed a Territorial Election law, based on the census which provided for the Constitutional Convention. Only those who may be in the Territory in April, and whose names shall be registered, are to vote at the next October election.

The Governor has sent in no more vetoes. W. P.

THE WORLD'S FAIR OF ALL NATIONS.—Among the noticeable thing on exhibition at the Crystal Palace, we saw the contribution of New Pills, from the laboratory of Dr. J. C. AYER, the author of the widely known and valued CHERRY PECTORAL. As it is against the express regulations of the Palace, to admit any quack medicine, this fact shows that his remedies are not placed in that category by the authorities. Indeed, we have before known that his Pectoral was highly appreciated by scientific men, and have seen lately that his Pills, are held in great estimation by those deeply learned in the healing art.—True Reformer, Mass.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—In all cases of weak stomach, which are usually attended with wart of appetite, nausea, griping, disturbed sleep, and a general prostration of the bodily powers, these Pills will be found a sweet and certain remedy. Among the most common indications of a diseased stomach, are a sense of fulness after eating, a dry, yellow tongue, flatulence in the abdomen, a repulsive taste in the mouth, heaviness in all the limbs, giddiness, pain in the eyes, want of energy, aversion to mental exercise, and irregularity of the bowels. These symptoms disappear after a few doses of the Pills have been administered; the stomach, liver and bowels, resume the regular and vigorous performance of their functions, the patient's strength returns, and in a short time the cure is complete.

"WOODLAND CREAM"—A Pomade for beautifying the Hair—highly perfumed, superior to any French article imported, and half the price. For dressing ladies Hair it has no equal, giving it a bright glossy appearance. It causes Gent'emen's Hair to curl in the most naturel manner. It removes dandruff, always giving the Hair the appearance of being fresh shampooed. Price only fifty cents. None genuine unless signed PETRIDGE & CO., New York, Proprietors of the "Balm of a Thousand Flowers." For sale by all Druggists. [feb 21-6mso

Prices Current.

BALTIMORE, Thursday, Mar. 5, 1857.

WHEAT—About 4,000 bushels offered. Sales as follows:

White, fair to good,	1 52a$1 56;
" choice lots,	$1 60;
" good to prime,	1 52a$1 56
" choice for family flour,	$1 65
Red, good to prime,	1 40a$1 43
CORN—About 42,000 bushels offered; sales of	
White, per bushel	55a56 cents.
Yellow,	59a60 cents
OATS, per bushel,	40 cents.
RYE—Md. and Pa.	75a78 cents.

PHILADELPHIA, Mar. 4.

WHEAT—Demand moderate	
Red, fair to prime, brought	1 40a$1 46;
White, good to prime,	1 60a$1 62;
CORN—Yellow,	63 cents;
OATS, per bushel,	43 cents;
RYE, per bushel,	81a82 cents.

Married,

On Tuesday evening last, by the Rev. W. T. Wright, RICHARD H. T. COUNCELL and Miss ELIZA A. STEWART, both of this county.

In the M. P. Church, in this town, by Rev. W. Wright, on Wednesday morning last, SAMUEL J. TRAVERS and Miss ALICE STEWAT, both of this town.

WHITEWASH BRUSHES—of 6, 7, 8 10, and 12 Knots, also scrubbing, sweeping, dusting, blacking and horse Brushes for sale by
mar 7 DAWSON & BRO.

Dedication.

THE Methodist E. Church at Ferry Neck, Talbot county, will be dedicated on Sunday, March 15th, by Bishop Scott, assisted by the Rev. Mr. McCombs. The public are respectfully invited to attend. [mar 7

Clerk Wanted.

WANTED immediately, a youth from 14 to 16 years of age, of good moral character, and industrious habits, to learn the retail dry goods business. Apply at once to
mar 7 J. RASIN, Easton, Md.

FINAL NOTICE.

THE subscriber desirous of closing up the business of the old firm of Saml. Mackey & Son, respectfully informs all those indebted to come forward and close their accounts by Note or Payment, by the *first day of May*, otherwise they will find them in a proper train for collection.
mar 7–1t S SAM'L. MACKEY.

CLOTHING
CHEAPER THAN EVER.

LEWIS NUSBAUM, Easton, Md., would inform the citizens of Talbot and surrounding country, that he has just returned from the city with one of the largest assortments of *READY MADE CLOTHING* ever on this Shore, in regard to quality and price. He has fine black frock and dress Coats; business Coats of all colors and sizes, also fancy and plain Cassimere and Cassinet Pants, Vests of all kind and quality. His assortment of of Hats and Caps is the best he ever had. Also Trunks and Carpet Bags. A fine lot of all kinds of Shirts and Drawers, stocks, Collars, Handkerchiefs, and other articles in the furnishing line in great variety. Being enabled to sell as cheap if not cheaper than any other establishment in this town or elsewhere, and by assiduous efforts to please, he hopes to merit a continuance of the public favor. [mar 7

ETHERIAL OIL & CAMPHENE—fresh and genuine, of superior quality, just received by (mar 7) DAWSON & BRO.

SARDINES—Fresh Sardines, in quarter and half boxes, just received by
mar 7 DAWSON & BRO.

LUCERNE SEED—of prime quality, also early Sugar and Adams' early Corn, for table use, just received by
mar 7 DAWSON & BRO.

A JOB Lot of Swiss and Cambric edgings and Insertings, neat patterns, to be closed out at cost prices at
mar 7 J RASIN

SOLAR AND SPERM OIL for Spring and Summer use; also, Machine, Train and Neatsfoot Oil, for sale by
mar 7 DAWSON & BRO

FRESH FRUITS—Oranges, Lemons, Raisins, Figs, Prunes, Currants, Almonds and Cocoa-nuts, just received by
mar 7 DAWSON & BRO.

TO FARMERS.

JUST received per Tuesday's steamer an assortment of Heavy Domestic Goods for servants, plain and twilled Osnaburgs, heavy striped do., blue denims, plaid Domestics and brown Muslins, which I offer at the lowest market prices.
mar 7 J RASIN

T. T. MARTIN. WM. H. MARTIN.

T. T. MARTIN & BRO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

LIQUORS & CIGARS,

AND

General Commission Merchants,

No. 72 S. Calvert Street,

(One Door from Pratt.) BALTIMORE.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to the sale of Produce. [mar 7–1y

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of an order from the Orphan's Court of Talbot County, the subscriber will offer at public sale at the late residence of Cassy Banning, in the town of Easton, on

Third Month, (17th inst.,)

Household and Kitchen Furniture,

One Horse and Colt, Carriage Cart, &c.

TERMS—On all sums over five dollars, a credit of six months will be given, the purchaser giving bond with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale. On all sums of and under five dollars the cash will be required—the terms of sale to be complied with before the removal of the property. Sale to commence at 9½ o'clock A. M.

ROBERT B. DIXON, Adm'r
mar 7–ts of Cassy Banning, dec'd.

ALL MY FRIENDS

WHO are in favor of my going to the city to lay in a handsome stock of Goods, will favor me by calling and helping to the amount of their bills and leaving their measure for a new suit. Don't be backward because your account is small, for I need it just as much as if it was the largest. If you want me to have the goods when you call to make your Spring and Summer purchases you must aid me by the amount of your account to go to city to lay in my stock. Don't think its your neighbor I mean, for I would not slight any—especially you.
mar 7 JOHN SATTERFIELD

For the Eastern Shore of Maryland and Delaware.

THE Steamer KENT, Capt. A. B. FIELDS, having been put in complete order, will resume her routes on and after the first of March, from her wharf, Light street, foot of Barra, to the Choptank and Nanticoke Rivers, making direct connection with the Delaware Rail Road at Seaford and Dover by stage from Denton. She will run her trips as follows:

Monday—Leave Denton for Baltimore at 7 o'clock, A. M.

Tuesday—Leave Baltimore for Seaford at 7 o'clock A. M.

Wednesday—Leave Seaford for Baltimore 6 o'clock A. M.

Wednesday Night—Leave Baltimore for Denton at 12 P. M.

Thursday—Leave Denton for Baltimore at 12 M (Friday—Lay day.)

Saturday—Leave Baltimore for Denton at 7 o'clock A. M.

Choptank Landings—Cambridge, Thompson's wharf, Hughlett's, Medford's, Easton, (via Dover Bridge) Providence, Kingston, Gilpin's Point, Keene's Landing, Potter's Landing, Denton.

Nanticoke Landings—Light Boat, at Hooper's Straits, Roaring Point, Runaway Point, Vienna, Bacon Quarter, Sharptown, Cannon's Ferry, Seaford.

FARE.—To Choptank, $2 00
To Nanticoke, 2 50

☞ *Meals Extra.*

☞ Travelling conveyances can be had at all times by applying to Thomas Dawson, Seaford, and J. L. McConnis, Denton.

☞ For information relative to Freight, see "Tariff."
mar 7–tf C. K. CANNON.

25 Witnesses of Paper Money, or; The Forger Convicted!

THE MOST USEFUL, MOST PERFECT MOST CONCISE!

Cheaper than the Cheapest!

Better than the Best.

Published Weekly. The whole only One Dollar a Year.

GREATEST Discovery of the present Century *FOR DETECTING COUNTERFEIT BANK NOTES.* Describing every Genuine Bill in existence, and exhibiting at a glance every Counterfeit in circulation! Arranged so admirably, that *REFERENCE* is *EASY* and *DETECTION INSTANTANEOUS.*

☞ No Index to examine! No pages to hunt up! But so simplified and arranged, that the Merchant, Banker and Business Man can see all at a *Glance.*

It has taken years to make perfect this GREAT DISCOVERY.

The urgent necessity for such a work has long been felt by Commercial men. It has been published to supply the call for such a Preventive, and needs but to be known to be Universally patronized. It does more than has ever been attempted by many. It describes every Bank Note in 3 Different Languages, *English, French & German. Thus Each may read the same in his own Native Tongue.*

Terms.—The paper will be about 28 by 42 inches, and will contain the

Most Perfect Bank Note List Published, Together with the rate of Discount. Also a List of All the Private Bankers in America.

A complete summary of the Finance of Europe and America will be published in each edition, together with all the Important News of the day.—

Also, INTERESTING STORIES

From an Old Manuscript found in the East, and no where else to be found. It has never yet appeared in print, and furnishes the most complete history of *ORIENTAL LIFE* and describing the most Perplexing Positions in which the Ladies and Gentlemen of that Country have been so often found. These stories will continue throughout the whole year, and will prove the most entertaining ever offered to the Public.

☞ Furnished Weekly to Subscribers only, at $1 a year. All letters must be addressed to
JOHN S. DYE, Broker,
Publisher & Proprietor, 70 Wall St., New York.
mar 7–1y