Eastern Shore REPUBLICAN STAR OR General Advertiser.

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[VOL. 7....10.] TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 4, 1809. [NO. 31....499.]

Terms of the Star

ARE TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS per annum, payable half yearly IN ADVANCE: No paper can be discontinued until the same is paid for.

ADVERTISEMENTS,

ARE inserted *three weeks* for ONE DOLLAR, and continued *weekly*, for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS per square.

Public Sale.

ON WEDNESDAY, the 12th day of April, will be sold at public vendue,

ALL the Household and Kitchen FURNITURE, (including a good CLOCK and a COACH somewhat worn,) of the late *Tristram Martin*, deceased, at his late dwelling on King's-Creek; also, HORSES, CATTLE, SHEEP and HOGS. A credit of six months will be given on all sums above five dollars, and all claims properly attested will be received in payment for any articles purchased at said sale.

The FARM, agreeably to his last will and testament, will be sold at private sale on a credit. Those wishing to purchase, may at any time take a view of the premises.

All those indebted to the said estate, are requested to come forward and make payment; and all those having claims are desired to bring them forward, properly authenticated, as early as possible.

ENNALLS MARTIN.
JOSEPH MARTIN.
Executors of Tristram Martin, deceased.
March 28, 1809. 3

Public Sale.

The Subscriber, in virtue of a decree of the Court of Chancery, will *expose to public sale*, the following property, (formerly owned by *William Hammond*, deceased,) to wit:

HAMMOND'S RETREAT RESURVEYED, containing in the whole 1443½ acres of land. This tract is situate on the head of Severn River, in Anne Arundel county, and will be divided into two lots.

Lot No. 1 will contain 974 acres, the improvements thereon are a small frame dwelling house, an overseer's house, a barn and stable, with several other out houses; also a grist and saw mill in tolerable good repair, about one third of the land is cleared, the rest in wood, partly well timbered.

Lot No. 2 will contain 469½ acres, the improvements, a frame dwelling house, a stone kitchen, and several out buildings—about one half of the land is cleared.

Also, two islands at the head of Severn River, containing two acres.

Also, a tract of land called *Norwood's Fancy Resurveyed*, situate on the Round Bay, on the river Severn, and adjoining the plantation of col. Manadier, and contains 227½ acres, a large proportion of which is meadow land.

Also, a small tract called *Bachelor's Neglect*, containing 15½ acres, situate on Elk Ridge, adjoining the land of Mr. Ely Dorsey, of Frederick county.

A more particular description is thought unnecessary, for those inclined to purchase will examine and judge for themselves, and to enable them to do this, plots of the land will be deposited at the tavern of Mr. Amos Gambrill, adjoining *Hammond's Retreat Resurveyed*. The sale will be made at the dwelling house on lot No. 1, on *Monday*, the twenty-fourth of April next, if fair, if not, the next fair day, and will commence at 12 o'clock. The terms are one fifth of the purchase money on the day of sale, or ratification thereof by the chancellor—the residue in four equal annual payments, with interest from the day of sale.

And the subscriber will, on the 28th day of April next, at the tavern of Mr. *William Glover, expose*, in the city of Annapolis, to *public sale*, on the same terms as above mentioned, the reversionary interest the said *William Hammond* held in three lots of ground adjoining said city, now under ground rent, one of £. 9, one of £. 7 10, and the other of £. 20. A particular description will be given on the day of sale.

BASIL BROWN, Trustee.

March 28, 1809.

☞ The Editors of the Federal Gazette and the American, at Baltimore, Fredericktown Herald, the National Intelligencer, and Mr. Smith's paper, at Easton, are requested to insert the above in their papers once a week four times, and send their accounts to the post-master, at Annapolis.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT *the Commissioners of the Tax for Talbot County, will meet at the Court-House, in Easton, on the first Monday in April next, and will continue to sit as often as occasion may require, for the purpose of hearing appeals and making such alterations in the assessment of property, as may be required according to law.*

Per Order of the Board,
JNO. M. G. EMORY, Clk.
March 28, 1809. 3

A CAUTION.

THE Public is hereby cautioned against purchasing or receiving a NOTE, passed from me to James Medcalf, for $20, which I am determined not to pay, as I have an account in bar against it.

THOMAS PAMPHILION.
March 28, 1809. 3

EASTON PACKET.

THE subscriber returns his grateful acknowledgements to the public, for the encouragement he has heretofore received, in running his Packet from Easton to Baltimore; and informs them, he has again commenced running as usual. Starting from Easton Point on *Sunday*, at 10 o'clock, and from Baltimore at the same hour, on *Wednesday*, in every week, during the season—as the strictest attention will be paid to give general satisfaction, he hopes for a continuance of past favors.—Freights and passages will be as usual. But it is expected that passengers will pay their bills before leaving the vessel, otherwise their trunks, bundles, &c. will be detained until settlement.

As there is considerable trouble and risk attached to the receiving, carrying, and paying money to and from different persons, all those in future who employ him in this way, (except merchants for whom he is in the constant habit of doing business) will be charged one per cent. on all money so received, carried, or paid away—and all money collected by him from orders, or otherwise will be subject to a discount or commission, of two and a half per cent. as a compensation for his trouble and expence, in collecting the same.—Also those who send to Baltimore for articles of any kind, and do not remit the amount and freight of such articles, must not expect them to be delivered until the same is fully and finally settled for; as it is impossible for him to advance money to fill up the multiplicity of orders frequently committed to his charge.

CLEMENT VICKARS.
March 14, 1809. tf

Private sales.

THE Subscriber offers the following valuable property at private sale, to wit: one elegant new two story Brick House, and lot, fronting on South street, in the town of Easton; said house has two good rooms in the cellar, two rooms and a passage on the first floor, and three rooms on the second floor, all neatly finished; a brick kitchen and pantry paved, a good stable and carriage house, with a well of excellent water in the yard—ALSO—the house and lot where the subscriber now lives: the house is framed 24 by 20, with a good brick smoke house and milk house adjoining, a well of good water, and a large garden fronting on South street aforesaid, together with a Coach-Maker's Shop, two stories high, framed 30 by 22, fronting on Washington street, and a large yard, an eligible stand for the Coach-Making Business—ALSO—a valuable lot of ground adjoining Thomas Atkinson's Tan Yard, fronting on the road leading from Easton to Cambridge, containing about two acres and three quarters of an acre of land, in a good situation for building on, or a Tan Yard.—It is deemed unnecessary to give any further description, as it is presumed no person will purchase without first viewing the premises. Possession will be given the purchaser's immediately. For terms apply to SAML. HOPKINS

Easton, March 28, 1809. 3

N. B. If the above Brick House is not sold by the first day of May next, it will be to rent for the remainder of the year. S. H.

A FRESH ASSORTMENT OF
GARDEN SEEDS,
JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE BY
THOS. H. DAWSON, & Co.
Easton, March 28, 1809. tf

In Talbot County Court,

NOVEMBER TERM, 1808.

ON application to the judges of the said county court by petition in writing of *Standley Vickars*, of Talbot county, praying the benefit of the act of assembly for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session, 1805, and of the supplementary acts thereto, on the terms mentioned in the said acts, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors, on oath, as far as he can ascertain them, as directed by the said acts being annexed to his petition, and the said court being satisfied by competent testimony, that the said Stanley Vickars has resided the two preceding years within the state of Maryland: It is thereupon adjudged and ordered by the said court, that the said Stanley Vickars, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in the Republican Star, printed at Easton, once a week for four weeks successively, within four weeks before the fourth Monday of May next, give notice to his creditors to appear before the said county court, at the Court House of the said county, on Thursday the 25th day of May next, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon of the said day, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, on the said Stanley Vickars then and there complying with the requisites of said acts of assembly.

Test.
JACOB LOOCKERMAN, Clk.

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EDWARD AULD.
March 14, 1809. tf

Just Received

FROM NEW-LONDON, AND FOR SALE BY
JAMES GIVAN,
at his Store in Snow-Hill, Maryland,
THE FOLLOWING ASSORTMENT OF
GARDEN, & FLOWER SEEDS,

Early Charlton peas	Early round do
Golden hotspur do	Norfolk round do
Green Prolific do	French do
Dwarf marowfat do	Solid celery
Green marowfat do	Italian do
Large blue marowfat do	Best onion
Leadman's dwarf do	Sweet Marjoram
Large windsor beans	Thyme
Early yellow do	Early cucumber
Prolific dwarf do	Cluster do for pickling
Cranbury pale do	Long green do
Early sugar loaf cabbage	Summer savory
Early Yorkshire do	Curled parsley
Early Dutch dwarf do	Asparagus
Large drumhead do	Pepper grass
Green savoy do	Bush squash
Cauliflower do	Pumpkin
Early head lettice	Squash pepper
Loaf bead do	Spinnage
Imperial do	Sage
Early purple raddish	Nasturtion
Early scarlet do	English sorrel
White turnip do	Endive
Blood red beet	Water melon
Scarcity, or early do	Musk melon
Orange carrot	Vegetable oysters
London parsnip	White mustard
Swelling do	Caraway
Early Dutch turnip	Palma Christa, or Caster oil been

FLOWER SEEDS,

Sweet pears mix'd	French marry gold
Lupines mix'd	Conorleolus minor
Mignionett	Foxinella
Red Brucston stock	Red Foxglove
Holly oak	Bennett aster
Yellow love apple	Balm of Gilead, &c.

March 7, 1809. 5

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber hath obtained from the orphan's court of Queen-Ann's county, Maryland, letters of administration de bonis non, with a copy of the will annexed, on the personal estate of *John Bewley*, late of Queen-Ann's county, deceased—All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at or before the first day of August next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this thirty-first day of January, eighteen hundred and nine.

WM. LLOYD BEWLEY,
6m Adm'r. de bonis non.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber hath obtained from the orphan's court of Queen-Ann's county, Maryland, letters of administration, with a copy of the will annexed, on the personal estate of *Christiana Bewley*, late of Queen-Ann's county, dec'd. all persons having claims against the said dec'd. are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at or before the first day of August next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this thirty-first day of January, eighteen hundred and nine. 6m

WM. LLOYD BEWLEY, *Adm'r.*

For the Star.

TO THE DEMOCRATIC CITIZENS OF THE *UNITED STATES.*

It was publickly said by two federal gentlemen, the other day, that this was the time to cement party differences—for that they approved of Mr. Madison as President, more than any other man of the same politics, and that they would never complain if he acted up to the sentiments contained in his inaugural speech. This, I make no doubt, he will do, for it appears from that speech, that he approves of the administration of his "immediate predecessor," the illustrious Jefferson; and we have every reason to believe that he will tread in the same path. If he does, I lay it down as an incontrovertible truth, that he will never depart from the rules of conduct promised in his address. But for fear that I may rouse those gentlemen from their pacific disposition, into a state of anger, I will decline saying more about the man, for whom they have so great an antipathy, in this place. I would ask those gentlemen, if all of their party are willing to unite and put to flight the demon of party controversy? If so, I am convinced the democrats have no less a desire of union. The blessings arising from union are incalculable; without it, some day or other our country must fall a prey to some tyrant, either foreign or domestic. This is a circumstance that ought always to be in the minds of Americans. We should retrospect the fates of the Roman and Grecian republics; and we should constantly bear in mind the torrents of blood spilt for the liberties which we now enjoy. Taking these things into consideration, shall we be disunited? Forbid it Heaven!

Let me be understood when I say the democrats are desirous of uniting with the federal party, not to mean all who call themselves by the name of federalists, but only those who entertain the true American principles, which are, to support our government, to yield obedience to our laws, to be partial neither to George the third, nor Bonaparte, nor indeed to any foreign power. The followers or disciples of Pickering, Gardinier and Quincy, with the evaders of the embargo, and the fomenters of rebellion to be excluded.

Never was there a time, that called stronger for union than the present, yet I believe party spirit never ran so high. Now an offer is made, let us accede to it—never let it be said that democrats rejected a proposition so laudable and so beneficial. All Americans will hail the glorious day, when party animosity shall cease. Happy indeed will be that day; no more will our government be vilified; no more will British advocates rear their heads in our legislatures; no more will our Presidents be impeached for continuing in office the war-worn soldier; no more will treason be squinted at by our judges; no longer will our militia be unarmed and undisciplined—and I may add, our congress will never again be awed from the performance of its duty. These would be great blessings indeed—yet they are not the half which might be enumerated. Mr. Madison has greater advantages than Mr. Jefferson had upon taking his seat, as chief magistrate of this republic, he has the undivided wishes and prayers of both parties, (that is taking the federalists by their own assertion) whereas the other had to encounter all the difficulties of an unbeaten road, with the evil wishes of his opponents—but thank God, the prayers of the wicked availed not; he has by his wisdom and prudence chalked land-marks for his successor, who will faithfully observe them, as he will see that it is the wish of a majority of his countrymen, that he should do so.

Why was Mr. Jefferson so much opposed by some of the adverse party?—It can be easily accounted for, he supplanted their president in the affections of the people, and turned him out of office, by which he rescued his country from impending calamities. I believe had Mr. Madison been elected to fill the office which he now fills, in 1801, that the same objections would have been made; the same abuses lavished, and the same hatred would have existed against him, as against Mr. Jefferson. Such is the frailty of human nature, that if our darling schemes are once frustrated by any person, it excites such a degree of prejudice in our minds, that it is a great while before we can be appeased. However as a new ruler, has taken his seat, we have reason to expect more unanimity. The offer is made, we will accept, and forever hereafter will be united. Historians will transmit this to posterity as the most glorious æra of America. Perhaps I may be premature, in offering those remarks, upon the assertions of the gentlemen alluded to in the above, for it may be, that the generality of their partizans, are opposed to this salutary regulation. However, as those gentlemen are good republicans and are anxious "to put to flight the enemies of democracy," they will be admitted with as much pleasure, as some of their awakened party have been. The gentlemen of this description, think those who continue unconvinced to be "blind indeed," all must think the same.

Nothing can be more honorable, than for a man when convinced, to acknowledge it; it shews the true patriot and the firm friend of his country, although some men, are so illiberal as to use it as a stigma against him. I expect there are some like Mr. King, who are afraid to express their real opinions for fear of being robbed, by unrelenting creditors, of the only support of their families, their own manual labor, by being confined in prison. In this state, they have priviledges, which they would never have enjoyed, had democracy never triumphed, every man can now vote, and may vote in such a manner as to prevent creditors from knowing it.

NORVAL.
Queen-Ann's County, March 27, 1809.

For the Star.

On the 18th instant, by reason of a notice in the Star, a meeting of sundry citizens of Centreville, and the vicinity took place, when after preparatory discussion, several resolutions were reported by a committee appointed for the purpose; objections being made to some of the resolutions, the following were offered by a gentleman present, and supported by many important reasons: these resolutions were rejected, and those of the committee adopted.

Resolved, That we hold it, as an incontestable principle, that the people, or any section of them, possess a right to remonstrate against the measures of government; but we lament, that from some quarters of the Eastern States, the people in the exercise of this invaluable privilege, have thrown out expressions, which seem to set at defiance, laws which have been sanctioned by the government of the United States; that should they proceed to carry into effect, resolutions destructive of our union, we pledge our lives, and our fortunes, to support the constitution and government of our country.

Resolved, That we pledge ourselves to support the rights and independence of our country, against all foreign and domestic enemies.

Resolved, That the principles declared by the president, in his inaugural address, as the guide of his administration, are worthy the first magistrate of a free and enlightened people.

Resolved, That in the exercise of actions, flowing from maxims, at once dignified and just, the American people look for the accomplishment of objects, which they have long and ardently desired; respect and justice from abroad; and harmony and union at home.

Resolved, That if the president shall steadily pursue, the just and wise policy, promised in his inaugural address, that it is our firm conviction, that he will raise his country, to a pitch of high exaltation, and erect to himself, a monument of fame, which will command the admiration and respect of future ages.

We are happy that President ADAMS no longer makes a secret of his attachment to democracy. He has expressed his cordial approbation of the embargo and other measures of government, his aversion to Gore and his determination to support republicans in Massachusetts. His son the brother of JOHN QUINCY ADAMS, for many years a member of the State Ligislature and once the federal candidate for Congress, is also a convert. Never through the whole of our political contest have so many wise and able men joined the Republican standard as during the last year. The three ADAMS's—GRAY, PINKNEY the Ambassador to England, SMITH an eminent statesman of South Carolina, and many others who made the first figure in the federal party.—Is not this proof of itself sufficient that our cause is just. How can the tories answer it? What are such miserable ephemere as LYON, ELLIOT and SLOAN to converts like those? (*Ægis.*