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The Transcript,

Chestertown, Md.

Thursday, April 2, 1885.

C. G. WOODALL,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Diplomatic and Consular,

President Cleveland made some important diplomatic and consular nominations Monday.

Ministers: Thomas J. Jarvis, North Carolina, Brazil; Alexander R. Lawton, Georgia, Russia; Anthony M. Kelly, Virginia, Italy.

Ministers Resident: Isaac Bell, Jr. Rhode Island, Holland; Rufus F. Magee, Indiana, Sweden and Norway; Edward Parke Custis Lewis, New Jersey, Portugal; Rasmus B. Anderson, Denmark; Geo W. Merrill, Nevada, Sandwich Islands.

Consuls General: Thomas M. Waller, Connecticut, London; Frederick Raine, Maryland, Berlin; Edmund Jussen, Illinois, Vienna.

Consuls: Evan P. Howell, Georgia, Manchester; A. Haller Gross, Pennsylvania, Athens.

Mr. Jarvis, who goes to Brazil, is a Democrat, and has been Governor of North Carolina. Mr. Lawton of Georgia, who goes to Russia, was a Confederate General, and at one time was Quartermaster-General of the Confederacy, is a lawyer, and was a delegate at large from Georgia to the Chicago Convention. He is a rich, stately and handsome man. Mr. Evan P. Howell, who is made Consul to Manchester, was also a delegate at large in the Chicago Convention, and is, besides, proprietor of the *Atlanta Constitution*.

Mr. Isaac Bell, Jr., of Rhode Island is the son of Isaac H. Bell of New York city. He is also brother-in-law of Mr. James Gordon Bennett of the New York *Herald*. His summer residence is at Newport, and his winter residence in New York. He is a favorite in New York society.

Of Mr. Lewis, who is to be Minister to Portugal, he lives in Hoboken, and is said to be distantly related to Secretary Bayard, and has been a member of the Legislature, a presidential elector, and a member of the State Democratic Committee.

Governor Waller of Connecticut, who is made Consul General in London, is a distinguished Democrat. He was a member of the Chicago Convention, and at the critical moment, when there was a strong impulse to nominate Mr. Hendricks for President, Waller's steadiness prevented the stampede from becoming general, and Mr. Cleveland was nominated on the next ballot. Waller is a man of ability and influence as an orator and politician.

Mr. Frederick Raine, who is nominated for Consul General in Berlin, is a wealthy German of Baltimore, editor and proprietor of the *Deutscher Correspondent*, an influential Democratic journal.

Mr. Edmund Jessen, who is to be Consul-General in Vienna, is a brother in-law of Mr. Carl Schurz. He was a collector of internal revenue under President Grant, but left the Republican party long since.

The Governorship.

The Hagestown *Mail* argues to prove that in case of a vacancy in the Governorship of Maryland, the State Constitution does not constitute the President of the Senate Governor, but simply authorizes him to perform the duties of Governor until the Legislature shall meet and elect a Governor to fill the vacancy. The *Mail* says:

"There is apprehended by some to be a complication growing out of the resignation of Gov. McLane.—By the Constitution, in case the vacancy occurs during a recess of the Legislature, the President of the Senate does not become a Governor, but shall only discharge the duties until a Governor is chosen. Section 7 of the Constitution is as follows:

"'Section 7. In case of any vacancy in the office of Governor during the recess of the Legislature, the president of the Senate shall discharge the duties of said office until a Governor is elected, as herein provided for; and in case of the death or resignation of the said president, or of his removal from the State, or of his refusal to serve, then the duties of said office shall in like manner and for the same interval devolve upon the Speaker of the House of Delegates.'

"It is the President of the Senate that is to discharge the duties, and only as President. It is not any particular President, but it must be a President of the Senate who shall perform this duty during the vacancy and not the individual. As soon as the individual ceases to be a Senator he can no longer discharge the duties of Governor. This we believe to be the strongest view of the question. It may be said that the framers of the Constitution never contemplated an interregnum, and no doubt this is true, but things are at times incomplete, whether it be in the organic law or the ordinary law, but by precaution there could be no interregnum.

"Mr. Lloyd ceases to be a Senator when his successor is elected; it just so happens that Mr. Lloyd's term expires; if one of the holding over Senators had been chosen President of the Senate, then the question would not be upon us, or if Mr. Lloyd, to provide against this very contingency, had retired from presiding just before the close of the session, and the Senate had elected a President pro tem. from the holding-over Senators, as is the custom in the Senate of the United States—so as always to have as near as may be a President of the Senate in being—there could be no present difficulty. The President pro tem. so elected would most certainly have continued as President pro tem. until the meeting of the Senate and during the time, in case of the death or disability of the permanent President, all the duties of the office would devolve on him.—This can be done, however, to make the interregnum short. The President of the Senate, when discharging the duties of the Governor, can before the election in November call an extra session of the Senate to meet immediately after the election which can at once choose a President, which President will then, by virtue of his office, enter upon the discharge of the duties of Governor. The President of the Senate does not lose his position in the Senate by reason of his discharging temporarily the duties of a Governor.—If it is only for the recess, and until a Governor is chosen, that he has to do it, for the Legislature following must choose a Governor.

RIDDLEBERGER ASSAULTS EVARTS.

BITTER PERSONALITIES — WHAT WILL COME OF IT.

From the N. Y. Sun.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—Those who are permitted to know the secrets of the executive sessions of the Senate are beginning to leak out some accounts of a very dramatic scene which occurred in that body on Thursday. The extraordinary efforts recently made to guard the secrecy of executive sessions have succeeded to such an extent that matters which a few weeks ago would have been reported as a matter of course are now shrouded in mystery, and rather by accident than by design is any information imparted. It has been a little difficult, therefore, to get at the following facts concerning an interesting episode:

Long before the election of Mr. Evarts to the Senate he had been employed by creditors of the State of Virginia to contend in the Supreme Court of the United States for the tax paying quality of coupons on State bonds. Recent legislation has been had requiring taxpayers to pay in cash whenever the State tax collector shall call in question the genuineness of the coupons tendered by them, and has provided that cash so paid shall be exchanged for the rejected coupons when the latter shall be judicially declared genuine. Last week the several cases involving these questions came up to be argued in the Supreme Court, and the hearing continued until Wednesday. Our own Evarts, attired in a suit of regulation black which would have done honor to Mr. Tulkinhorn, made his appearance in the court room. It was his first appearance in the double character of a Senator and an advocate.

The legislation of Virginia known as the "Coupon Killer" act was the work of one then a State Senator but now known to fame as United States Senator Riddleberger. He is a resolute man, fondly designated by his ardent admirers as "The Gamecock of the Valley," meaning thereby the valley of the Shenandoah He is a mettlesome man, impatient of restraint, and sensitive to a degree to the least imputation upon his honor. The oft repeated charge of repudiation made against the Readjuster party of Virginia, of which Riddleberger is a leader, nettles him beyond measure. He is the father of the Funding act of 1882, known as the Riddleberger bill, as well as of the "Coupon Killer" act. This much is necessary to be understood to enable the reader to comprehend the noble rage which possessed him on Wednesday last, when the junior Senator from New York, the Hon. William Maxwell Evarts, took the floor in the Supreme Court of the United States and proceeded to denounce as rogues, swindlers and repudiators the political associates of his brother Senators Riddleberger and Mahone, and of course, therefore, those Senators themselves.

On Thursday the wrathy young Senator was observed to be in a high state of excitement. He paced up and down in the cloak room of the Senate during the executive session, and gave vent to his indignation in expressions of great energy and directness. The young Virginia Senator had chafed in the cloak room until he could contain himself no longer. He entered the Senate Chamber, and in words of eloquent and burning indignation scored the New York Senatorial lawyer in a manner which, for bitterness, has not been excelled since, early in the century, Tristam Burgess of Rhode Island castigated John Randolph of Roanoke, Virginia. The language was what is known in portions of the country as the fighting kind, and if Mr Evarts were to recognize the code to which Hamilton and Burr of his own State resorted, there would be blood on the face of the moon. The Virginia Hotspur was frequently called to order during the delivery of his philippic, and the utmost consternation prevailed.

The only Senator who preserved his calmness was Mr. Evarts himself. Cold and unimpassioned as a plaster of Paris state on the head of an Indian street vender, he seemed unconscious of the dramatic scene of which he was the centre. The fiery Virginia was allowed to exhaust himself, and nobody yet knows whether the object of his attack heard him or not. He was as cool as was Vice-President Van Buren, when, after a sensational appeal from Henry Clay to go to the White House and beg Gen. Jackson to restore their liberties to the people, he left the chair, and, sailing swan-like down the aisle, paused at Mr. Clay's seat to ask him for a pinch of his fine old Macaboy.

Every Senator was promptly in his seat on Friday, in the expectation that the veteran orator would attempt the annihilation of his assailant, but not a word escaped his lips. It is barely possible, though not probable, that he has reserved his fire, and that the Senate may yet have a scene in open session.

Waste Places of the World.

The Russian explorer Prejevalsky said after his recent journey in northern Thibet that an enormous amount of animal life was supported by the scanty herbage growing on these bleak half sterile plains that form the highest plateau in the world, some 13,000 feet above the sea. He said the wild yaks there must number several millions, and that a full grown yak weighs from 1,600 to 1,800 pounds. Nature's chemistry evolves these great masses of flesh from the poor herbage of a region so lofty that its lakes are frozen over until nearly June, though they are 600 miles nearer the equator than we are.

Explorers tell us that not only does animal life abound but that man can live in some of the most desolate parts of the globe. It is a mistake to suppose that the Sahara desert is merely a useless sandy waste. Much of it lacks not so much cultivable land as industrious hands to make the vast expanse of withered oases blossom again. The Mussulman sect known as the Senoussians has for years been digging wells, irrigating the land and turning many hundreds of barren acres into gardens. Twenty-four years ago it planted its headquarters in the desert near the western border of Egypt, built reservoirs, began plantations, erected convents, and now a population of 8,000 people live at Jarabub, where the soil has been restored to fertility by their labors. There are large areas in the Sahara that need only rain or irrigation to cover them with verdure. Through these regions pass the caravan routes, along which the 50,000 camels engaged in the Saharan commerce bear their burdens.

Mr. Anderson, the civil engineer who last year completed sixteen years of explorations in South Africa between the Orange and Zambesi rivers, says that the rain that falls for a few weeks every year in the great region known as the Kalahara desert covers the blackened verdureless plain with splendid vegetation. Game is abundant there, especially lions, leopards and ostriches, and he has counted in this desert twenty two lions in a troop, and has seen 200 ostriches in a flock. Beasts and birds find sustenance in this region where only bushmen hunters live. Far northeast of them on the semi-arid steppes of Kordofan and Darfur millions of sheep and camels exist on the scanty pasturage of that desert region.

The earliest Arctic explorers found in the little Spitzbergen archipelago—where, it is believed, no human being had ever lived—herds of reindeer upturning the snow with their hoofs and noses to get at the lichens on which they fed. Many reindeer live as far north as Littleton Island, and several scores of them were killed by the Hayes and Polaris expeditions. Musk oxen, or their tracks, have been found along the shores of the great frozen sea as far north as explorers have attained. Lockwood, far north of the supposed limits of animal life, found traces of this wonderful quadruped, which grows fat on the tender shoots of the Arctic willow, and plows up the snow for moss and lichens.

Of all parts of the earth the Antarctic regions alone are comparatively destitute of life. Few species of living things in the vegetable or animal kingdom can endure the rigor of the South Polar region. No terrestrial quadruped inhabits the land within the Antarctic Circle, and whales and seals are the only mammals that enter its area. Summer in the Arctic regions, with its abundant life on land and in the air and sea, presents an animated and a cheerful scene compared with the utter desolation that reigns perpetually in Antarctic waters.—*N. Y. Sun.*

Cure for Piles.

Piles are frequently preceded by a sense of weight in the back, loins and lower part of the abdomen, causing the patient to suppose he has some affection of the kidneys or neighboring organs. At times, symptoms of indigestion are present, as flatulency, uneasiness of the stomach, etc. A moisture, like perspiration, producing a very disagreeable itching, after getting warm, is a common attendant. Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles yield at once to the application of Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy, which acts directly upon the parts affected, absorbing the Tumors, allaying the intense itching and affecting a permanent cure. Price 50 cents. Address, The Dr. Bosanko Medicine Co., Piqua, O. Sold by C. F. Stam.
Dec. 18, 1884—1y.

NOTICE.

Services will be held at I. U. Church next Sunday, April 5th; Easter festival 10.30 A.M.; Sermon; Holy Communion; Special offerings for clergy relief fund.
1t. Rev. J. MARTIN.

House & Lot for Sale

The House and Lot on Cannon street, the property of the late Margaret Leatherbury, is offered at private sale. For terms, &c., apply to
W. N. E. WICKES,
Executor of Margaret Leatherbury, dec'd.
March 26—3t.

Farmers Having Grain

for sale or freight, may find it profitable to call at my office. It will give me pleasure to give them my figures, which they will avail themselves of or not, as they may think better. Those who may be in town in the evenings, are invited to call at my residence.
JOSEPH TURNER.
March 26, 1885—4t.

FOR SALE—AT COST.

500 Bartlette and Duchess Pear Trees, heeled in, grown by Elwanger & Barry. Choice and first-class goods.
Also, Two Fresh COWS, Hereford and Holstien stock.
SAM'L H. CRAWFORD,
March 19—6t. Fairlee P. O., Md.

For Sale or Exchange.

I have at Hall's stables, Chestertown, Md., a lot of Superior Young Western Mares, which I will sell cheap.
March 5—tf, C. H. DAVIS.

Peach Trees

SIX THOUSAND PEACH TREES OF LEADING VARIETIES

for this spring's sales. Also, a variety of

OTHER NURSERY STOCK.

N. Barnard,
Still Pond, Md.
March 19, 1885—4t.

WORTON MANOR STOCK FARM.

Imported Southdown Buck J. J. Coleman stands at the head of my flock of PURE Southdown Ewes, some of which I purchased from Pennsylvania. Also, others from Ohio, which had just taken first premium at the Penn. STATE Fair of 1884. The public are invited to call and inspect my stock which are for sale.
Southdown Bucks and Graded Hereford Calves a specialty. JOHN GALE,
April 2—6m. Hanesville, Kent Co., Md.

ORDER NISI.

HARRY B. MILLEER & WIFE & OTHERS,
VERSUS
WM. T. ELBEN & OTHERS.

In the Circuit Court for Kent County. March Term, 1885.

ORDERED, this tenth day of March, in the year 1885, that the sales made and reported by Wm. M. Slay, trustee, for the sale of the real estate of Joseph Mann, deceased, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 13th day of May next,—Provided a copy of this Order be inserted in some newspaper, printed and published in Kent county, Maryland, once in each of three successive weeks before the 13th day of April next.

The Report states the amount of sales be $1,250.

SAMUEL BECK, Clerk.

True Copy—Test:
SAMUEL BECK, Clerk.
March 12, 1885—4t.

SHOS, SHOES—We make a specialty of Shoe. Spring Stock just received at J. H. SIMPERS

NEW GOODS.

Paper Flower Materials. A large and choice assortment just received from the N. Y. Factory. For sale at City Prices.
COLIN F. STAM, Druggist.

MATTING, MATTING.—Fancy, Check & White Matting to arrive. Carpets and Oil Cloth at lowers prices.
J. H. SIMPERS.

NO MORE "BACK ACHE"

FROM THINNING CORN.

Farmers! Farmers!

Be merciful to your Laborers as well as yourselves, by using

Bryan's Patent Corn Thinning Cane

PRICE $1.50 EACH.

Charles C. Hampton,

Agent for 3d, 4th and 5th districts of Kent Co.

N. B.—My headquarters will be at L. B. Russell's flour and feed store, opposite Mr. S. Vannort's new residence. All farmers and the public generally are invited there to examine the "Cane," which Mr. Russell will be pleased to exhibit, as he has full authority to sell and take and fill orders, and will do so as promptly as myself.
April 2—8t. C. C. HAMPTON, Ag't.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

EDGER F. WIATT & CHARLOTTE SUSAN WIATT, his wife.
vs.
WILLIAM HENRY LASSELL, VIRGINIA MERWIN LASSELL, EVELINA PINKIND LASSELL, ANNIE MABEL LASSELL, MARY ELIZABETH LASSELL, & JAMES S. LASSELL.

In the Circuit Court for Kent county. In Equity.

1st.—The object of this suit is to procure a decree for the sale of lots of land situated on High and Cannon streets, in Chestertown, Kent county, Maryland, being part of lots numbers eighty-one (81) and eighty-two (82), as designated on the plot of said town, and of which the Rev. James T. Lassell, of Howard county, Maryland, one of the defendants, holds one undivided fourth part, and the plaintiff, Charlotte Susan Wiatt, of Norfolk county, Virginia, together with all the other above defendants of Norfolk county aforesaid, as tenants in common, hold the other undivided three-fourths part.

2d.—The Bill of Complaint states that the lots in question are parts of a parcel or parcels of land in Chestertown, Maryland, conveyed by one William S. Hambleton in the year eighteen hundred and thirty-five, to a certain William C. Lassell, in trust to hold one undivided moiety thereof, in trust for William Henry Lassell (the grandson of William C. Lassell) and his children living at the time of his death, and to hold the other undivided moiety thereof, in trust, for Charlotte P. Lassell, the mother of said William Henry Lassell, for her life, and after her death, in trust for the children of said Charlotte P. Lassell, living at her death, as appears by a copy of said deed of trust filed as a part of the bill.

3d.—That the said Charlotte P. Lassell died many years ago leaving surviving her only two children, the above named William Henry Lassell and the Rev. James T. Lassell, one of these defendants, who now resides in Howard county, Maryland.

4th.—That the above William Henry Lassell died about January or February, 1884, at his residence in Norfolk county, Virginia, intestate, leaving no widow, but leaving the complainant, Charlotte Susan Wiatt, who is above the age of twenty-one years; and the defendant William Henry Lassell, Virginia Mervin Lassell, Evelina Pinkind Lassell, Annie Mabel Lassell and Mary Elizabeth Lassell, all of whom are infants under the age of twenty-one years, his only children and heirs-at-law, all of whom reside in Norfolk county, Virginia.

5th.—That the said William Henry Lassell, in his life time, mortgaged all his interest in part of the land conveyed by said deed of trust, and particularly described in the Bill, to one William C. Mercer, of Currituck county, North Carolina, who subsequently under the power contained in said mortgage, sold the same to one James S. Bradley; and that the said James S. Bradley also subsequently purchased the interest of said James T. Lassell in that part of the land mentioned.

6th.—That the remaining land consists of th said lot on Cannon street, with a front of 16 feet and a depth of about 186 feet; that it is unimproved and unproductive; also, a lot on High street 29 feet front by 133 feet in depth, improved by a three-story frame dwelling, and that said lots are not susceptible of partition amongst the parties entitled without loss and injury, and that it will be for the interest and advantage of all the parties interested to sell the same and distribute the proceeds amongst them according to their respective interests therein.

7th.—That all the parties interested, except the said Rev. James T. Lassell, are non-residents of the State of Maryland.

It is therefore ordered this 27th day of February, 1885, that the plaintiffs, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Kent county, once in each of four successive weeks before the 3d day of April next, give notice to the said William Henry Lassell, Virginia Mervin Lassell, Eveline Pinkind Lassell, Annie Mabel Lassell and Mary Elizabeth Lassell, the said non-resident defendants of the object and substance of this bill, and warn them to appear in this court in person or by guardian on or before the 3d day of July, 1885, to show cause, if any they have, why a decree ought not to pass as prayed.

SAMUEL BECK, Clerk.

True Copy—Test
SAMUEL BECK, Clerk.
March 5, 1885—5t.

T. SHAFER. JOHN MEDDERS.

Shafer & Medders,

Kennedyville, Md.,

Keep on hand a general supply and make to order FIRST-CLASS

Farm Implements

of all kinds. We keep in store a large stock of first-class well-seasoned material of all kinds, therefore we can and do guantee our work to stand. It is not like work put up and sold as first class work that rattles to pieces in less than a year from imperfect workmanship and unseasoned material.

OUR

Dearborns, Carts,

Plows, Harrows, Cultivators,

&c., are all well finished.

Our WAGONS

for their neatness and lightness of build, yet strength and durability and light running, acknowledge few their equals and No Superior.

Carriage Repainting and Repairing a Specialty!

All other Repairing done with neatness and dispatch. Special attention to Horse Shoeing.
OUR CHARGES to suit the times.
We cordially invite the public to call and see for themselves, get prices and examine our work of Twenty-four years' experience.
Thankful for past patronage we solicit a continuance of the same.
We are also agents for Kent county for Hench & Drumgold Riding Wheel Cultivator, The Taylor Riding Wheel Cultivator, Iron Frame Cultivator and the celebrated Beedie & Kelly Corn Planter, and the Oliver Chilled Plows; also, all Repairs for same.
Correspondence solicited. All orders by mail will have prompt attention. Mar. 26, 1885.

Egg-Making Feed

—FOR—

ALL VARIETIES OF POULTRY

The object of the Egg-Making Feed is to supply from artificial sources the chemical and physiological elements absolutely required to form egg shell, albumen and egg yelk. We believe the use of this powder will directly enhance and increase the production of eggs.
25 cents per package.
COLIN F. STAM,
March 5. Druggist.

FIRE Place Heaters! Fire Place Heaters! The New Golden Sun, and the Nos. 13 and 14 Golden Sun. More in use in Kent Co than any other Heater; put up with galvanized pipe and flue board and give perfect satisfaction Call and look at the *New Golden Sun* of 1882 at
J. K. ALDRIDGE'S

EXTENSION TABLES—
new lot just received, very low
Feb. 14. LOUIS K. STAM.

Sheriff's

LICENSE NOTICE.

Notice to Merchants, Traders and others.

All Persons and Bodies Corporate or Politic in Kent county, who are or shall be exercising or pursuing any business, or shall be doing any act or thing, or shall be in the occupation of any house or place for any purpose for which a License is made necessary by the Laws of Maryland, are hereby warned to obtain a license, or renew the same, on or before the

1st day of May 1885

under the penalties prescribed by said laws for the infraction thereof.

Those interested are notified of the following requirements of the License Laws:

TRADER'S LICENSE.

The amount to be paid by traders for license—the amount of stock at the principal season of sale to be given under oath—is as follows:

If the applicant's stock in trade does not exceed $1000		$12.60
Over 1,000 not over	$1,500	15.60
" 1,500 "	2,500	18.60
" 2,000 "	4,000	22.60
" 4,000 "	6,000	30.60
" 6,000 "	8,000	40 60
" 8,000 "	10,000	50.60
" 10,000 "	15 000	65.60
" 15,000 "	20,000	80 60
" 20,000 "	30,000	100 00
" 30,000 "	40,000	125.60
" 40,000		150.60

The applicant must either make oath, as heretofore, before the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the county where he is engaged in business, of the amount of goods kept on hand at their principal season of sale, or the oath may be administered by a Justice of the Peace when the person wanting a License applies through an agent. If the latter course be adopted the following form will be deemed a sufficient compliance with the act:

Kent County, to wit:

On this — day of ——, 1885, before the subscriber, a Justice of the Peace of the State of Maryland, in and for said county, personally appeared —— ——, and declared that he intends to apply for a Trader's License under the second section of the Act of January session, 1858, to the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Kent county, and made oath that the amount of stock of goods generally kept on hand by him (or by the concern in which he is engaged, in case it be a partnership), at the principal season of sale, (or if the applicant has not previously engaged in such trade,) that the amount of goods which he intends to keep, &c., does not or will not exceed $——

Sworn before —— ——

If the oath be administered before a Justice of the Peace out of the county in which the application is made, there must be attached the certificate of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the county in which the Justice resides.

Persons may sell salt to cure fish in March, April and May without license.

Vendors of cakes and vendors of Beer, who are makers of such Beer, (Lager Beer excepted), are not required to take out license.

OYSTER & EATING HOUSES.

The License to be paid by the keepers of Oyster and Eating houses, is $50.65 throughout the State.

VENDERS OF MILLINERY.

Female vending Millinery and other small articles, whose stock is not over $500, to pay a License of $5; but if over that amount they are required to pay the same license as other persons—oath to be made as to the amount of stock at the principal season of the year.

BILLIARD TABLES.

A License may be granted to any person who may apply for permission to keep a billiard table, for which License there shall be paid the sum of $50.50, and for every additional table $25.50.

HAWKERS AND PEDDLERS.

Hawkers and Peddlers must renew their Licenses on or before the first day of May as other trades.—The rates are as follows in the country:

To travel on foot	$41.00
With 1 horse and wagon	51.00
With 2 horses and wagon	71.00
FOR THE WHOLE SHORE.	
To travel on foot	$ 61.00
With 1 horse and wagon	101.00
With 2 horses and wagon	151.00

No such License shall be granted to any hawker or peddler in the name or style of any partnership, or company, and but one person shall trade under any such License. A violation of the law subjects the offender to a fine of not less than fifty dollars, nor more than one hundred dollars, recoverable before any Justice of the Peace.

BROKERS.

Any person who shall make it his business to deal in any manner on his own account, or for others, in the purchase and sale of stocks, bills, notes, bank-notes, or other obligation, shall be deemed and taken to be a broker. The rates are as follows:

Exchange Broker	$100 60
Stock "	75 60
Bill "	50 60

The following Act—chapter 448, page 863—entitled "An Act to add to the 10th section of article 56 of the Code of Public General Laws, a sub section, requiring a License to enable any person to act as Real Estate Broker," provides—

That "any person applying for the same and paying the sum of fifty dollars, may obtain a License for carrying on the business of a Real Estate Broker, and any individual copartnership or firm who shall carry on the business of Real Estate Broker without a License, shall be subject to the penalties imposed upon other Brokers by section seventeen of this Article."

LICENSE to KEEPERS or OWNERS of JACKS or STALLIONS.

The owner or keeper of every Stallion or Jack shall, before being permitted to stand or station such animal, pay to the Clerk of the Circuit Court of some one of the counties in this State the highest sum which he intends to ask or receive for the season of one mare; and the receipt of the said Clerk with the seal of his court attached thereto for said sum, shall be the License for stationing such Stallion or Jack for one year from the date thereof; provided that in no case shall the sum directed to be paid for said License be less than ten dollars; and that every Stallion or Jack upon which the said tax is paid shall be exempt from all other State tax. Any owner or keeper stationing any Stallion or Jack without a license shall pay twice the sum authorized and required to be paid as stipulated above, one-half to the State and the other to the informer.

JOHN W. PARSONS,
Sheriff of Kent county.
April 2, 1885.

The I. P. Thomas

TIP TOP

RAW BONE SUPERPHSOPHATE

is offered again to the farmers of Kent that are willing to pay for what they get, and unwilling to pay for what they do not get.

Every Farmer may be guaranteed in his purchase, if he so desires, by written agreement, a prepared copy of which will be sent to any one upon application. Any amount invested in

TIP TOP

will be guaranteed to produce equal to a like amount invested in any other commercial Fertilizer on the market, or the same value of stable manure.

Notwithstanding the Drouth of last season not one single failure of a corn crop to which

TIP TOP

was applied has been reported. Corn crops that would have been a credit to any season, were raised by Hon. W. T. Hepbron, Elias Walraven, Thomas Gale, Wm. Gale, John P. Nicholson, Charles Stephens and others, all of whom used the I. P. Thomas

TIP TOP

liberally. Seed corn of remarkably fine quality can no doubt be secured from any of the above parties. That

TIP TOP

is a permanent improver of the soil is abundantly proven on what was heretofore among the poorest land in the county. The product of which now compares favorably with any land in the country.

Applications of

TIP TOP

to old peach orchards in the spring of 1884 produced the most remarkable results in quantity and quality of fruit, besides giving a healthy, vigorous growth of new wood. In every case it has proven even more than a substitute for stable manure.

The Highest Price Obtained per basket for any entire crop sold from Kent county, with probably one single exception during the season of 1884, was from old orchards mainly, treated with the I. P. Thomas

TIP TOP

in the early spring of same season. This fact can be abundantly proven by a number of the most reputable fruit growers of the county.

All orders or letters of inquiry addressed to

I. P. THOMAS,
Cheyney, Del. Co., Pa.,
or J. W. HICKMAN,
Still Pond, Kent Co., Md., will receive prompt attention. March 19—2m.

NEW GROCERY

—AND—

PROVISION STORE

The undersigned has opened on High street, Chestertown, second door above the Postoffice, a New Grocery and Provision Store, where he will be pleased to accommodate his friends and the public. His stock consists of a

FULL LINE OF GROCERIES

such as Coffees, Teas, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, &c. Also, Bacon, Flour, Meal, Graham Flour, Feed, Fish, &c. Choice Broiling Beef and Sugar Cured Hams kept on hand. Also,

Tobacco and Cigars

He will use every effort to please, and hopes his friends and the public will remember him when making their purchases. All his goods are fresh, and will be sold as low as can be bought in town.

GOODS DELIVERED AT ALL PARTS OF THE TOWN FREE OF CHARGE.

Resp'y,
E. F. C. PERKINS.
March 26—tf.

AT LOW PRICES

TO CLOSE

Winter Stock!

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS & CAPS,
CARPETS & OIL CLOTHS
and

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

"QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS"

J. H. Simpers

CHESTERTOWN.
Feb. 5, 1885.

Chestertown Plumbing House!

CLEMENTS & YORK.

WATER, GAS AND STEAM, WINDMILLS AND PUMPS.

WE are now prepared to make contracts, and do all kinds of work appertaining to water, gas and steam; also, a full line of steam valves, faucets, stop and waste valves, and a full line of brass work and fittings for plumbing work. Pipe of all sizes, both plain and galvanized. Bath-tubs, kitchen sinks, hydrants, street sprinklers and water closets, terra-cotta pipe, bends and benches of all descriptions.

Work done by Practical Mechanics.
Repairing promptly attended to.

SANITARY PLUMBING, DRAINAGE & VENTILATION A SPECIALTY,

Estimates Made Free of Charge. Office—under *Kent News* office. Jan. 29.

BALTIMORE & DEL. BAY R. R

SPRING ARRANGEMENT.

Connecting with Delaware Rail Road at Clayton.

On and after Monday, March 30th, 1885, until further notice trains (Sundays excepted) will run as follows:

GOING NORTH	Pass'r & freight no. 1 daily	Passe'r & freigt No. 3 Thursdays
LEAVE	A.M.	P.M.
Chestertown	6 30	1 45
Worton	6 47	2 05
Lynch's	6 53	2 15
Still Pond	7 00	2 25
Kennedyville	7 12	2 40
Blacks	7 27	2 55
Lambson	7 41	3 10
Masseys	7 53	3 22
Delanys	8 06	3 25
*Bingham	8 12	3 45
arr Clayton	8 30	4 00
leave "	8 43	4 24
" Middletown	9 04	4 50
" Wilmington	9 42	5 50
arr Philadelphia	10 40	6 50
Baltimore	12 35	8 25

GOING SOUTH.	Passenger & Freight No. 2 daily	Passenger No. Thursdays.
LEAVE	A.M.	P.M
New York		
Baltimore	6 35	12 10
Philadelphia	7 32	3 01
Wilmington	8 35	3 50
Middletown	9 36	4 31
arr Clayton	10 03	4 53
leave "	11 17	4 57
" Binghams*	11 30	5 07
Delanys	11 40	5 12
Masseys	11 55	5 27
Lambson	12 10	5 37
Blacks	12 25	5 47
Kennedyville	12 40	5 57
Still Pond	12 50	6 04
Lynchs	12 55	6 09
Worton	1 05	6 14
arr Chestertown	1 20	6 30
	p. m.	p. m.

Stations marked thus (*) have no agents.
Freight for Delanys and Bingham's must be prepaid.
The morning trains make connection at Clayton with the Delaware Railroad going North and South.
Passengers on morning train for Baltimore change at Wilmington.
Freight carried at low rates to all points and must be at Stations 30 minutes before starting time, in order to insure dispatch.
Excursion Tickets issued at reduced rate
FRED. GERKER,
April 2, 1885. Lessee.

BUY

Y OUR

SHOES

—OF—

GOSLEE,

THE SHOE MAN,

NEXT DOOR TO THE BANK,

CHESTERTOWN, MD.

Don't miss the place

Look for Name in Window.

March 12, 1885.

BOOKS!

We propose carrying through the year a

Large Assortment of Books.

Quite a stock on hand now. Some in sets, as—
HAWTHORNE'S WORKS,
Rawlinson's Seven Great Monarchies,
Chambers' English Literature,
Symond's Renaissance in Italy.
Some singly—
Gilt edge Poets, E. P. Roe's Works
Cooper, George Eliot and others, which will pay you to look over.

Our Stock of SEASIDE and LOVELL'S LIBRARIES IS VERY LARGE.

Colin F. Stam,

Feb. 12, 1885. DRUGGIST.

FLOUR.

Good Bread,
Good Health
And level head
Gains Wealth.

Patapsco Superlative Patent, Patapsco Family, Patapsco Extra, Orange Extra, Clifton F. F. F., Kirkwood Extra, Occidental Extra, by the barrel, sack or pound. Get our prices on Flour before buying. We may save you money.
J. B. SAPPINGTON.

INSECT POWDER. DALMATIAN.

Guaranteed to exterminate Roaches, Ants and kindred Pests.
M. A. TOULSON,
March 27. Druggist.

Kent County Commissioners' ANNUAL NOTICE.

THE County Commissioners of Kent County will meet at their office in Chestertown, on

TUESDAY,

the 10th day of March, 1885

at 10½ o'clock A.M., and will continue to meet at the same place and hour

EVERY TUESDAY

Until the Fifth day of May next,

For the purpose of noting Transfers and correcting assessments.

All persons who have sold or transferred any assessable property since their last sitting for said purposes, are particularly requested to attend at an early day to have their assessments corrected and adjusted.

After Tuesday, the 12th of May next

NO ALTERATIONS or Corrections in the assessments will be made for the present year.

TRUSTEES OF THE POOR

will be appointed on the Second Monday—13th day—of april next.

COLLECTORS

Of State and County Taxes

FOR EACH ELECTION DISTRICT

and a

KEEPER OF THE STANDARDS

—OF—

Weights and Measures

Will be appointed on

Tuesday, the 7th day of April next

All persons having ACCOUNTS against the County are requested to present the same on or before

Tuesday, the 2d day of June next

otherwise they will be excluded from the levy of this year. All accounts properly chargeable to the county are required to be made out in a clear manner and itemized, and rendered under oath.

All applications for pensions must be made in writing, stating the condition and circumstances of the applicant, and vouched for by three or more freeholders having a knowledge of the facts therein set forth.

N. B.—All persons neglecting to have their assessments corrected are hereby notified that no allowance for taxes paid in error in consequence of such neglect will be made.

C. P. LOPER, President.
JOHN B. PARROTT,
RICH'D C. SMYTH,
V. HENDRICKSON,
J. C. WHEATLEY.
Attest—
T. W. RUSSELL, Clerk.
March 5, 1885.

COAL AND WOOD

Having laid in a full supply of the Best Quality of

WHITE ASH COAL

of various sizes.

We would call attention of all in need to give us a call and examine our stock and prices before purchasing. We are sure it will be to your interest. We keep also on hand a genuine article of

SOFT COAL

or blacksmiths' and threshing purposes. Try it.

WOOD.

In Wood we can give entire satisfaction either long or sawed to suit. Hickory, Oak or Pine. All orders promptly attended to, and delivered at short notice.
Thankful for past favors. Give us a call.
T. DEC. RUTT
Chestertown
J. B. McINTIR
Oct. 9, 1884. A

COLIN F. STA

DRUGGIST,

PREPARES MEDICINE

from only the

Purest and Most Reliable Drugs

in the market.

SPECIAL ATTENTION IS GIVEN

—TO—

Physicians' Recipies,

Which are prepared in the

Most Skillful Manner

and in accordance with all the improved methods of Pharmacy.

Moderate Prices.

Absolute Accuracy, Neatness and Pharmaceutical skill are what we claim for our work.
Drug Store on corner—sign—Illuminated Mortar.
March 1, 1883.

WHEAT & CORN

Wanted

FOR WHICH THE HIGHEST CASH PRICE WILL BE PAID UPON DELIVERY TO

S. B FOARD,

Agent for The Wm. Lea & Sons Co.

I have also C. W. WARREN at Kennedyville, who will always be in the market for Grain.
Fe