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The Transcript,

Chestertown, Md.

Thursday, JUNE 4, 1885.

C. G. WOODALL
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Democratic Primaries.

In pursuance of the action taken by the County Executive Committee on the 12th day of May, 1885, the Democratic voters of Kent county will meet at the usual places of voting, in their several election districts, between the hours of 2 and 6 P. M. on Saturday, June 6th, for the purpose of conducting the primary election and of selecting five delegates from each election district to meet in convention at the Court House at 11 o'clock A. M. on the following Tuesday to nominate one candidate for Clerk of the Circuit Court, one candidate for Register of Wills, one candidate for Sheriff, two candidates for the House of Delegates, five candidates for County Commissioners and one candidate for County Surveyor.

In this connection it is deemed proper to append the following rules and regulations for conducting the primaries:

1st. That the executive committee from each district have power to appoint in their respective districts, three discreet men, who shall act as judges of the nomination, and shall have power to appoint clerks.

2d. That, in voting at the primaries, no one shall be allowed to vote whose name does not appear upon the registration book of the district in which he offers to vote.

3d. That in receiving the votes the judges shall be assured that the party offering to vote is a Democrat.

4th. That it is the sense of this committee that the nominations shall be made by the district plan.

5th. That as explanatory of the district plan the following be taken: Each District shall appoint or elect five delegates, who shall meet in convention at the Court House in Chestertown on Tuesday succeeding the primaries, at 11 o'clock A. M., to nominate and publish the names of candidates for all offices to be filled—provided that each district shall be entitled to one candidate for County Commissioner who shall be voted for only in the district in which he may reside;—provided, further, that all candidates shall be voted for at the time of the appointment or election of delegates. The candidates or candidate having a plurality of the votes in the district shall be entitled to the votes of the delegates from such district in the convention.

W. S. WALKER,
Chairman County Executive Committee.

GEN. GRANT'S CASE.

HIS BAPTISM BY THE REV. DR. NEWMAN.

From the Commercial Advertiser.

The following brief sketch of Gen. Grant's illness is frym an authoritative source, and contains many details never before given to the public:

Early last autumn Gen. Grant was visiting at the house of Mr. George W. Childs, at Long Branch, and with his family and friends was sitting on the piazza one bright afternoon. In the course of conversation the General said: "I ate a peach the other day, and ever since I have had a sore throat." There upon he laughed considerably, and Mr. Childs suggested that he should allow Dr. Da Costa of Philadelphia, who also was visiting at the house, to examine his throat. The Doctor did so, and declared in his own mind at that time that the case was one of epithelioma. He at once advised the General to see his family physician as soon as he arrived in New York.

'Who is your family physician?' asked Dr. Da Costa.

'Dr. Fordyce Barker,' answered the General.

'Ah! I am glad to hear that; you could not be in better hands,' replied the Doctor.

The General's throat continued to get sore, and troubled him not a little. When he came to New York he called upon Dr. Barker and asked him to look at it, which the Doctor did, and, after prescribing for him asked him to call upon Dr. J. H. Douglas of Twenty-sixth street.

As far back as that time, each of these physicians, and Dr. Barker as well, agreed that the General had epithelioma, or cancer of the throat. Afterward they had a doubt as to the disease being epithelioma, and the General was put under special treatment on or about the 23d of October.

During the months of November, December and January there was no appreciable change for the worse, except that one day the General would feel very well and the next day very much depressed. About the middle of February an alarming change was noticed.

Drs. Barker and Douglas, being unwilling to shoulder the entire responsibility of such an important case, decided to call some one else in. Dr. Barker had met in consultation a few days before, in another case, Dr. Markoe; Dr. Douglas, in a similar way, had met Dr. Sands; and it was agreed to ask these two physicians to come in.

On the 19th of February all four physicians met at the residence of Gen. Grant and looked at his throat. They all decided that the case was epithelioma.

The next consultation was held on March 8. Dr. George F. Shrady was present. His opinion coincided with that of the others; but the physicians, thinking that there might be one chance in a thousand against their diagonsis, again placed Gen. Grant under specific treatment for another disease.

In a few days the General grew much worse. Besides the large ulcer in the throat his system generally became very much depressed and wasted.

During the latter part of March his life hung by a thread, and the whole country awaited, with feelings of the greatest apprehension, the news of each day. The doctors had now become convinced that the disease was cancer of the tongue solely, and that all they could do was to ease the General along until his inevitable death. At times the General became very much alarmed and gave up all hope. On that eventful evening when he was expected to die at any moment, the forms of all the newspapers were held in readiness to issue a special edition. There were in the house Drs. Shrady and Douglas. The family were up all night. With Dr. Newman and Gen. Badeau.—Gen. Grant was very low all night, and in the early morning had an alarming hemorrhage. The family were gathered around him, every member crying. The General reclined in one chair, with his pillow behind him, and rested his feet on another chair. Dr. Shrady was sleeping in another room. In rushed Dr. Douglas and roused him with the words, 'It's all over!!

'My God!' said Shrady, 'do you mean to say that the man is dead?'

'No, not dead, but he will be in a few minutes. Nothing can save him.'

Dr. Shrady jumped up and ran into the room where the General was. Mrs. Grant, weeping, reached out her hand and said:

'Ulysses, do you know me?'

The General's chin was resting upon his breast. He slowly raised his head and said:

'Yes.'

Dr. Newman exclaimed:

'It is all over; I will baptize him.' He went quickly into another room got a silver bowl, filled it with water, came back, dipped his hand into it, and said: 'I baptise thee, Ulysses Simpson Grant, in the name of the Father, Son and Holy Ghost.'

The General slowly raised his head and remarked:

'I thank you.' Then, turning to his family, he raised one hand and uttered the words, 'I bless you all.'

To Dr. Newman he observed: 'Doctor, I intended to attend to this myself.'

Meanwhile Drs. Shrady and Douglas were consulting with each other in the corner. The strain was intense.

Dr. Douglas said: 'He will die sure. He has gone; the pulse has left the wrist.'

Dr. Shrady, as if struck by inspiration, replied: 'I will give him brandy.'

'You cannot do it; he cannot swallow,' said Dr. Douglas.

'I will give it to him hypodermically,' answered Dr. Shrady.

'How much?' asked Dr. Douglas.

'A barrelful if necessary,' retorted Dr. Shrady.

Dr. Shrady rushed into another room. 'Harrison,' said he to the man-servant, 'have you any brandy?' Harrison answered 'Yes,' and handed him some. Dr. Shrady rushed back, and gave Grant a syringe full in each arm. The General revived, the pulse returned to his wrist and his life was saved.

Dr. Newman walked into an adjoining room with Dr. Shrady, and asked: 'Doctor, how is he?'

'I don't think he will die,' said the Doctor.

'Our prayers have been answered,' said Dr. Newman.

'I think it was the brandy,' responded Dr. Shrady.

The General rallied for a few days, and there was no other severe attack until the night when the spells of choking came on. Then he was convinced that he would soon die. He went about the room on his hands and knees, and coughed with great effort.

'Be quiet, be quiet, you won't,' said Shrady; 'it will be over in a moment.'

'I am choking to death,' he said, in a feeble voice.

At a recent consultation the physicians expressed opinions as to the time that the General would live. Dr. Sands thinks it is a matter of three months, while Dr. Shrady thinks it is a matter of six months. The disease is progressing very slowly, but very surely.

NEWS ABOUT GEORGE WASHINGTON

ANCIENT RECORDS OF FAIRFAX—THE FATHER OF HIS COUNTRY PRESENTED BY THE GRAND JURY.

FAIRFAX COURT HOUSE, Va., May 29.—The Court House structure here was built at the beginning of the century, while the jail was finished only last summer. A few weeks ago I was told by the sheriff that but one person had been locked up in its comfortable cells since the jail was completed, and he had remained only for a few hours. This speaks well for the present state of morals in Fairfax county. Some people attribute it to the fact that no liquor is sold in the township wherein the Court House is situated. The ancient records of court proceedings in the county, which I have taken great interest in overhauling, show that innocence and temperance did not always prevail here; and they contain many curious entries written out in a splendid round hand, with ink that is as black after 130 years as if spread on the page last week or yesterday.

Among other matters coming under the jurisdiction of the gentlemen Justices who paesided over the county court was the schedule of charges to be made by innkeepers. Here are some of the rates that were established on March 20, 1755:

	Shillings.	Pence.
A gallon of rum	8	—
A gallon of Virginia peach brandy	6	—
A gallon of New England rum	2	6
A quart of London beer called porter	1	—
A quart of Virginia strong beer	—	7½
A gill of rum, made into punch, with loaf sugar, 6d, with fruit	—	7½
Ditto, with brown sugar	—	4½
For a hot diet, with small beer or cyder	1	—
For a cold diet	—	6
For a night's lodging with clean sheet	—	6

Otherwise nothing.

It would be well if the condition of the last item of the schedule could be enforced nowadays in country taverns. On Nov. 21, 1754, the Grand Jury presented John Cockrell of Truro Parish "for not attending his parish church within two months last past, to the knowledge of two of us." James Robertson of Truro was presented "for marrying the reported granddaughter of his former wife to the knowledge of two of us." Then this remarkable entry is found:

We present the Surveyor of the road from Accotink to Dogue Run on the back road for not being in order agreeably to the Act of Assembly in that case made and provided by information of John Reardon and William Linton.

The presentment is copied literally, and you can draw your own inference as to whether the Surveyor or the road was out of order agreeably to Act of Assembly.

Worse than all, these records show indisputably that "George Washington of Mount Vernon" was also presented by the Grand Jury of Fairfax county for not keeping his roads in order. This part of the record of the immortal Washington has been overlooked by historians, and it is with extreme reluctance that I publish it to the world. The discovery was made a little while before the dedication of the tall monument, but it has been withheld until now for reasons that will occur to every patriot. Whether the charge was true or false, it seems to have been hushed up, for I have found no record of further proceedings against George Washington of Mount Vernon. Nevertheless, whether he was punished or escaped the fact remains that the Father of his Country was actually presented by the Grand Jury for an offence against the well being and order of the community in which he lived.

BEECHER ON EVOLUTION.

THE PLYMOUTH PASTOR SAYS SCIENCE AND RELIGION ARE NOT CONFLICTING.

NEW YORK, May 31.

Plymouth Church held a large congregation to-day, despite the lowering clouds and threatening rain, when Henry Ward Beecher began his second sermon in his "Evolution Series," with the text from the third verse of the first chapter of the Gospel of St. John: "All things were made by Him and without Him was not anything made that was made.' The preacher said that it was the testimony of the Bible, both Jewish and Christian, that the whole world and the entire universe are the creation of God. How he made them, whether by the direct force of creative will or by gradual changes, is by no means so well agreed upon. The world is not a chance, not a creative fermentation, not the result of self development. It is the product of an intelligent being and of a divine will. There are two records of creative energy. One shows how man was unfolded by the inspiration of God's nature. There is another record in the physical globe of the divine thought in the unfolding history of matter. One is God's thought in the evolution of material forces, the other God's thought in the evolution of the mind. It is the Old Testament and the New in scientific sense. The book of the world shows God's thought of the world in fitting it for the habitation of man. All is written down in God's history of creation, in the silent stones of the buried strata. It is the record of God, the Master Builder.

Scientific men are bringing to light the history printed millions of centuries ago upon the rocks. No one should turn in scorn from the literature of the rocks written in the hand of God all over the earth. The Ten Commandments written on stone are only a paragraph in the books of nature. Science is the translation of God's revelation. There is as much or more infidelity in regard to the history science has unfolded as infidelity in regard to the books. Both revelations are of God. They are both to be intelligently understood, united and harmonized. The men who decipher the hieroglyphics of God ought to be honored. Bigoted theologists, ignorant pietists and jealous churchmen rail at all adventurous surveyors of God's handiwork. It is urged that science is unripe; that it will not do to rest upon; that there will be time enough to consider it when it becomes a certainty. How is it with the books? Is the record any more stable than the record of the rocks? Theology seems like a broom with its infinite splinters.

Some men say they do not want to hear anything about evolution. It is revolutionary; they don't want to hear what will unsettle their faith. Such faith had better be unsettled if the truth is going to harm it. Some call evolution pseudo science, and laugh to scorn the idea that men descended from the monkey. The descent of man from the anthropoid apes is only a hypothesis, not yet proven. Mr. Beecher said that he saw no present expectation of its being proven. It stands as a hypothesis preserved by a multitude of probabilities. It throws a light upon many problems in history and in life gained in no other way. He inclined, not to the belief, but to the supposition that man is an analogy with the rest of God's works. When and by what methods man left behind his fellows and stood on the spiritual ground that separates him from the brutes is unknown. It does not change the destiny and moral grandeur of man to hold the evolution of the human from the inferior race. This probable theory throws a large light on the doctrines of theology, which need light for their solution. He held the theory in suspense and waited meanwhile for light. Evolution does teach that the world was not created in six days. The whole earth was an egg, a germ, a seed, and has gradually unfolded. From the other it gained solidity; then came the condition of the sun; it condensed and congealed its vapors, and chemical changes and grinding ice made a soil fit for vegetation. Then plants developed to nearly their present condition and the first animal was an aquatic invertebrate; then came fishes and amphibians and finally the earliest mammals and birds, and last of all man, at the end of the tertiary or the beginning of the sequent period.

Evolution is the method of creation taught by the scientific world; without it all science would fall back into unrelated atoms. It is held by such Christian men as Professor Dana; Lecont, Presbyterian elder; McCosh, Presbyterian of the Presbyterians; Asa Gray, an Episcopalian; Mivart, a Roman Catholic; Wallace, a Christian Spiritualist, and by the Bishop of London. It will oblige theology to be reconstructed, but it will take away no ground of true religion. It will strip Saul's armor off of David and send him forth better prepared to meet the giant. The change of theology will emancipate religion. Evolution will multiply motives and facilities for righteousness. It will leave all the forces of religion to rouse and inspire faith, brighter and keener than before. The sword of the spirit will no longer be sheathed in false philosophy. It will obliterate the distinctions of natural and revealed religion, for both are of God. It is our duty to hail the rising light; we must hail the signs of the times and rebuke those sciolists of the pulpit who make faces at evolution and reason from prejudice to ignorance. Modern ignorance has inserted much into the Bible that does not belong there.

Concluding, Mr. Beecher said: "The mountain top has been reached and the promised land is in view. Great as has been the past the future will be greater. These last years of my life I dedicate to God, to the development of Christ on a grander scale. I believe in God; I believe in Christ as the representative of Divinity; I believe in the essential truths of morality and spirituality; I am not an infidel, an agnostic nor an atheist; I am a lover of Christ as a representative of infinite love."

THE majestic meditations of the Mugwumps continue to be disturbed by Higgins. That objectionable being has not yet succeeded in his fell design of turning out the Republicans in the Treasury Department; but he is making life miserable for them, if the account of his proceedings given by our esteemed contemporary, the *Evening Post*, is correct. According to this authority, "messengers, laborers and others complain that he goes about corridors drawing his forefinger significantly across his throat to indicate the process of decapitation, and muttering, 'You will have to go;' 'The Republicans must go.'" This sort of thing naturally makes the Republicans in the Treasury nervous.

Higgins is a well-looking man, and nothing in his lineaments indicates that he has an unfeeling heart. We cannot believe that he jibes at these poor fellows, the Republican office-holders. They have been pigeon livered and chicken-hearted since the fourth of March, and it would be wrong to play upon their apprehensions. But if Appointment Clerk Higgins worries them, they should get out of the Treasury. It will be better for them to have their heads off at once than to be frightened to death by Higgins. There is a good deal of sound sense in the mutterings of Higgins.—*N. Y. Sun.*

The Senate and the President.

It is scarcely credible that the Republicans in the Senate have agreed upon any such plan to be pursued with reference to the President's appointments as was published last week. The fact is that in the extra session they were very doubtful of their ground, and it is unlikely that they were able to formulate any policy; and if the Senate were to meet to-morrow, they would not be much nearer coming to a decision. To certain nominations they may object, but that they have yet reached a definite understanding with regard to appointments and removals is by no means clear.

It seems clear, however, that they or the majority of them will be disposed to insist that cause shall be clearly shown in the case of the removal of officials dependent upon the Senate for confirmation. Offensive partisanship will have to be clearly defined, and it is possible that the President and the Republican Senators may have hopelessly different opinions as to the definition. The President has substantially announced that Republican office-holders who have behaved themselves have nothing to fear. He cannot suspend or remove any of them within the purview of the confirming authority without cause stated; and it is only natural that the Republican Senators should do everything in their power for the protection of accused Republican officials. It will not do to go too far, perhaps, in this line of policy, for the country will insist that the Senate shall give the President fair play; yet the Republican Senators can go some distance to show their power and to satisfy the more virulent partisans among them.

If, however, the Republican Senators, have any wild notion of refusing to confirm Democratic partisans, while they may cause the President a little temporary annoyance, they will only solidify and strengthen Democratic sentiment. To refuse to confirm a Democrat who has been active in party work, is to interfere arbitrarily and improperly with the President's freedom of choice, and to deny him the right to put members of his own party into office. If the Republicans want to fret the Administration, they can effectually do it in this way; but they will harm themselves by it more than their antagonists.—*N. Y. Sun.*

Cure for Piles.

Piles are frequently preceded by a sense of weight in the back, loins and lower part of the abdomen, causing the patient to suppose he has some affection of the kidneys or neighboring organs. At times, symptoms of indigestion are present, as flatulency, uneasiness of the stomach, etc. A moisture, like perspiration, producing a very disagreeable itching, after getting warm, is a common attendant. Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles yield at once to the application of Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy, which acts directly upon the parts affected, absorbing the Tumors, allaying the intense itching and affecting a permanent cure. Price 50 cents. Address, The Dr. Bosanko Medicine Co., Piqua, O. Sold by C. F. Stam.

Dec. 18, 1884—1y.

Chester River Steamboat Company

Summer Arrangement.

1885. *1885.*

On Wednesday, June 3d, and thereafter DAILY Until further notice, the Steamer

Emma A. Ford

will leave Chestertown at 6.30 A. M., for Baltimore, stopping at Rolph's, Booker's, Quaker Neck, Grey's Inn, Queenstown and Kent Island, arriving in Baltimore at 11.40 o'clock A. M.

Returning, will leave Baltimore, 2,30 o'clock P. M., making all the above landings.

The Steamer CORSICA will leave Crumpton every Tuesday and Thursday at 3 o'clock p. m., and on Saturday at 12 o'clock M. for Baltimore, Spry's, Deep Landing, Round Top, Chestertown, Rolph's, Bookers, Quaker Neck, Centreville via Corsica creek.

Will leave Centreville, Larrimore's wharf, 7 p. m. on Tuesday and Thursday and at 5 o'clock p. m. on Saturday.

Returning, will leave Pier 7 Light street wharf at 11 P. M. on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, making the above landings.

GEO. WARFIELD, President.

June 4, 1885.

Tolchester Line.

Nelly White and Louise Daily.

EXCEPT SUNDAYS.

On and after Thursday, May 28, leaving Tolchester at 10.15 A. M., and 6 P. M. Leave Baltimore at 8.15 A. M. and 2.30 P. M.

3 HOURS IN BALTIOMRE AND RETURN SAME DAY.

For further information apply to CHARLES LLOYD, or Pier 16 Light St., Baltimore

☞ James Russell will run a stage from Chestertown, connecting with boat each trip.

May 28, 1885.

HARDWARE.

Having purchased the stock of Hardware, Tinware, Stoves, &c., of Mr. J. R. Clements, I intend continuing the business at the old stand; and hope I may be favored with the patronage of our former friends and the public generally. I shall keep on hand a full stock of everything in the Hardware line—and will sell at lowest prices. Give me a call.

W. A. WHEATLEY, adj. Kent Nat. Bank

Sept. 11—tf.

WHITEWASH BRUSHES, all sizes, at low prices. J. H. SIMPERS.

FOR latest styles in Gents' Neckwear, Collars, Cuffs, &c., go to WROTH & ALDRIDGE'S.

Chestertown Laundry.

I have opened a Laundry at my Hotel, on Spring avenue, where, at Reasonable Figures, I propose to do Satisfactory Laundry Work.

JOHN HALL, Proprietor.

June 4, 1885—3t.

A CARD.

Chas. D. Burgess, formerly of Chestertown, takes pleasure in informing his friends that he is now with the well-known Clothing House of C. N. Oehm & Son, 230 W. Pratt & 55 Hanover Sts. He cordially invites his many friends of Kent and Queen Anne's counties to call and see him, where he will be glad to show them the largest and most select stock of Men's, Boy's and Youths' Clothing ever exhibited, as well as a fine line of Piece Goods for Made to Order Garments. Prices as usual, the lowest in the State.

May 28—3t.

Strawberry Festival.

The Methodist Protestant Church and Sunday School of Kennedyville, will hold a Strawberry Festival on the green in front of the church, on Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings, June 18th, 19th and 20th. The public are cordially invited. Strawberries, Ice Cream and other Refreshments will be provided. By order.

May 21, 1885—5t.

Strawberry Festival.

At Kennedyville, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, the 4th, 5th and 6th days of June. Opens at 6 o'clock P. M. Proceeds to purchase an organ for the grange. Public cordially invited.

May 14—4t.

Special Notice.

A discount of 5 per cent. will be allowed on all SPOT cash sales, except Linceed Oil and White Lead. Bills unsettled at end of thirty days subject to interest.

LOUIS K. STAM.

May 14—4t.

SKATING RINK.

Don't forget Still Pond town hall Skating Rink, open this evening (Thursday evening, if fair, if not, Friday evening). Opens at 7 o'clock.

M. F. CLARK, Manager.

April 23—3m.

CARPENTERING.

James Chilcutt, formerly of Centreville, having moved to Chestertown, offers his services for doing all kinds of House Carpentering, work on dwellings, barns, &c. Work done by contract or by the day. Jobbing especially attended to. Good references can be given. All he asks is a trial by the public.

JAMES CHILCUTT, Chestertown, Md.

April 30, 1885.

For Sale or Exchange.

I have at Hall's stables, Chestertown, Md., a lot of Superior Young Western Mares, which I will sell cheap.

C. H. DAVIS.

March 5—tf,

BRICK LAYING.

The undersigned offers his services to the people of Kent and Queen Anne's counties as a Brick Layer. My terms for contracting and jobbing will be as moderate as possible, and will feel thankful for any and all orders.

Orders left at J. A. Fiddis' shoe shop, opposite M. E. Church, will receive prompt attention.

J. EDGAR FIDDIS.

April 9—3m.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, letters of administration on the personal estate in Kent county, Md., of

CAROLINE C. PERKINS,

late of Kent county, dec'd.

All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with proper vouchers, to the undersigned, on or before the 28th day of November, 1885, or they will be excluded by law from all benefits in said estate.

Given under my hand this 27th day of May.

G. W. T. PERKINS, Administrator.

May 28, 1885—4t.

Dissolution of Partnership.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between Drs. W. M. A. S. Maxwell and W. S. Maxwell of Still Pond, Kent county, Md., under the firm name of Dr. W. M. A. S. Maxwell & Son, was dissolved by the death of the senior member of the firm on the 16th day of May, 1885.

All persons indebted to the late firm will please settle promptly either by cash or note.

All creditors of the late Dr. W. M. A. S. Maxwell are requested to present their claims to the undersigned and they will be promptly settled.

W. S. MAXWELL, Still Pond, Md.

May 28, 1885.

SALE OF Old Jail Building.

THE County Commissioners of Kent county, will offer at Public Sale, on

TUESDAY, 9th OF JUNE NEXT,

AT 2 O'CLOCK P. M.,

The old jail building, with the stipulation in said offer that said building is to be taken down and the material thereof and rubbish therefrom, to be removed within 60 days from the day of sale, or sooner if possible.

Terms and particulars made known on day of sale.

The said Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

C. P. LOPER, Pres.,
J. B. PARROTT,
RICH. C. SMYTH,
V. HENDRICKSON,
J. C. WHEATLEY,
Attest: Commissioners;
T. W. RUSSELL.

May 28, 1885—2t. [N]

Proposals —FOR— OUT-BUILDINGS to NEW JAIL

Will be received till

TUESDAY, 9th OF JUNE NEXT.

SEALED PROPOSALS for furnishing all material and building Stable, Carriage House, Coal House and other necessary outbuildings to the new jail, according to specifications and plans of J. C. Neilson, architect, now on file at the office of County Commissioners for examination. All to be of *hard red* brick and slate roofs.

Proposals must state *lowest cash* price and *lowest sum* payable by levy this year.

The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all proposals.

C. P. LOPER, President.
J. B. PARROTT,
RICH. C. SMYTH,
V. HENDRICKSON,
J. C. WHEATLEY,
Attest: Commissioners.
T. W. RUSSELL, Clerk.

May 28, 1885—2t. [N]

'POULTRILINA!'

FOR THE PREVENTION AND CURE OF CHOLERA IN CHICKENS.

This powder we especially recommend. All our customers who have used it say it is the best Chicken Powder in the market. We have two size packages, 15 and 25 cents.

COLIN F. STAM, Druggist.

March 5.

STRAW HATS! STRAW HATS!! All grades, low prices. J. H. SIMPERS.

UNLANDRIED SHIRTS—Wamsutta Muslin 2100 linen, at low prices. J. H. SIMPERS,

MATTING, MATTING.—Fancy Check & White Matting to arrive. Oil Cloth at lowers[illegible]

J. H

EXECUTOR'S SALE —OF— VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

Near Chestertown, Kent Co., Md.

BY VIRTUE of authority contained in the last will and testament of Josias Ringgold, senior, and in pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court for Kent county, the undersigned Executor of the said Josias Ringgold, sr. will offer at PUBLIC SALE at the Voshell House porch in Chestertown, Maryland, on

TUESDAY, the 9th of June, 1885

AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK A. M.,

THE HOME FARM

of the said JOSIAS RINGGOLD, Sr., situated on the public road leading from Chestertown to Tolchester Beach, three miles from Chestertown, adjoining the lands of Josias Ringgold, Jr., H. C. and Edw. Lusby, and others, and

CONTAINING

244 Acres,

1 Rood and 31 Perches,

MORE OR LESS.

THIS FARM has long been known as one of the most valuable and productive in the county, and its location and surroundings are most desirable.

The land is of medium texture with red clay subsoil, and equally well adapted to the growth of grain, grass or fruit, and is now in good heart, and under fair fencing and hedging.

The Farm lies in two parcels:

No. 1,

Lies on the Northeast side of the public road and contains

222 Acres,

1 ROOD AND ONE PERCH,

More or less; all arable.

It is at present divided into three fields and two lots, besides an

Apple Orchard of about 100 Trees,

AND A PEAR ORCHARD

of the same number of trees. There are about

3200 YOUNG PEACH TREES

of carefully selected shipping varieties, planted last Fall and this Spring.

THE DWELLING

IS A COMMODIOUS

TWO-STORY FRAME HOUSE,

in fair condition, containing ten rooms, surroundrd with good Shade Trees, and fronted by an ample lawn.

THE OUT-BUILDINGS

are ample and in fair condition, and there is a GOOD TENANT HOUSE of four rooms. There is good Water at the dwelling, tenant house and stables.

No. 2,

IS A TRACT OF

WOODLAND,

On the Southwest side of the public road

CONTAINING 22 ACRES and 31

PERCHES, more or less,

of excellent soil, and containing some good Oak and and a little Chestnut.

These parcels will be offered separately and as a whole, and will be sold as may prove most advantageous.

Possession will be given January 1st, 1886, with privilege of seeding wheat and doing any other work not interfering with the proper tillage of the crops now growing, nor with the comfort of the tenant.

The crops of the present year will be reserved from sale.

THE TERMS OF SALE

will be as follows:—One-fourth cash on the day of sale, or sixty days thereafter at the option of the Executor, and the balance in one, two and three years from the day of sale, with interest from January 1st, 1886; to be secured by the bond of the purchaser with security to be approved by the Executor.

JAMES A. PEARCE, Executor, of Josias Ringgold, Sr.,

JOHN H. GREENWOOD, Auct'r.

May 21, 1885—ts.

ROAD Examiners' Notice.

THE undersigned, by virtue of a commission to them issued, to enter upon, view and determine whether the public convenience requires a

New Public Road

IN

FIRST ELECTION DISTRICT,

commencing at or near John Shelton's store, to run in a northerly direction with Kent County R. R., through lands of D. and H. Kent and others to Golt's Station, a distance of about half mile, hereby give notice that they will meet at said storr on Monday, 29th June next, at 10 o'clock, to discharge their duties under said commission.

JOHN S. NEWNAM,
ALDY CLEMENTS,
AUG. HENDRICKSON,
Examiners.

May 28, 1885—tdm.

COLUMBIA HOUSE.

REFITTED AND REFURNISHED.

Nos. 111 & 113 N. Broad St., above Arch, Philadelphia, Pa.

E. A. HUTTON, - - - PROPRIETOR.

Opposite the Academy of Fine Arts; one square from the Broad street station of the Pennsylvania Railroad, the new City Hall and Masonic Temple. Three squares from Philadelphia and Reading Railroad depot. Also convenient to the leading places of amusement.—Rates $1.50 and $2.00 per day. Special rates by the week or month. May 7, 1885—1y.

CHEAP LOT OF F RNITURE

In sufficient quan ities,
Will be delivered at your home free of charge
14, 20 34. LOUIS K. STAM

Hardware!

HARDWARE!

HINGES, Locks, Bolts, Knobs, Screws, Latches, Hooks and Staples, Hammers, Saws, Planes, Chisels, Hatchets, Broad Axes, Augers, Braces and Bits, Tacks, Mallets, Hinge Nails, and every kind of Hardware kept in a first-class Hardware store.

J. K. ALDRIDGE & CO.

Farmers' Hardware!

Forks, Shovels, Hoes, Spades, Rakes, Trace Chains, Hames, Traces, Backbands, Plow Lines, Grindstones, Vices, Hedge Shears, Bush Hooks, Pruning Shears, White Wash Brushes, Horse Brushes, Curry Combs, &c., &c. The largest and best assortment and at moderate prices.

J. K. ALDRIDGE & CO.

TUBS, Wash Boards, Butter Prints, Clothes Wringers, ¼, ½, peck and ½ bus. Measures, Buckets, Churns, Well Buckets, Coal Sieves, Flour Sieves, Wood Spiggots, and a large assortment of Wooden ware, for sale by

J. K. ALDRIDGE & CO.

TINWARE! TINWARE!

A large assortment of our own manufacture and selling cheap. Stoves of the best makes sold as cheap as the cheapest.

J. K. ALDRIDGE & CO.

PLOWS! PLOWS!—The Roland Chilled Plows and Repairs, for sale by

J. K. ALDRIDGE & CO.

ROOFING and SPOUTING done at short notice and on reasonable terms.

J. K. ALDRIDGE & CO.

FARM BELLS!—all sizes, for sale by

J. K. ALDRIDGE & CO.

BUY A GOOD PUMP from

J. K. ACDRIDGE & CO.

ROAD Petitioners' Notice.

THE undersigned hereby give notice that they intend to petition the Hon. County Commissioners of Kent county, thirty days from the date hereof, to appoint examiners to enter upon, view and determine whether the public convenience requires the opening of a

New Public Road

—IN—

FIFTH ELECTION DISTRICT

of said county,

beginning at the division line between the lands of Livingston R. Shewell and Able J. Reese, and running by and with the north side of said Reese lands, known as "Humphrey's Point," on Swan Creek, one hundred and fifty yards, and condemning a landing on east side of the dwelling house and private wharf of said Reese on said creek.

RICHARD W. JONES,
WM. H. COLEMAN,
SAM'L J. WICKES,
BENJ. F. SAPPINGTON,
WM. S. WALKER,
and others.

May 21, 1885—tdm.

E. T. COMEGYS, GRAIN, COMMISSION MERCHANT.

CHESTERTOWN, MD.

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR GRAIN DAILY.

I also have C. W. WARREN at Kennedyville, and J. H. IRELAND at Locust Grove, buying for me.

May 21, 1885.

KEEP COOL!

WE greet you with a new card. Cummings' ICE-CREAM is known for its superior quality and purity of materials. Our parlors are pleasant, well-ventilated and are considered by competent judges to be among the most pleasant places in the town.

Ice Cream and Water Ices,

ALL FLAVORS,

fresh every day, Wholesale and Retail. Picnics, Parties and families supplied. We have also fresh Bread, Rolls and Rusk, Pies, Cakes of all kinds, daily; Confectionery, Fruits and Nuts of all kinds.

Will be glad to see all of our friends and the rest of mankind.

CUMMINGS & CO., opp. the Bank.

May 28.

Garden Seed!

FINE, LARGE STOCK.

THE VERY BEST AND MOST RELIABLE SEED IN THE MARKET.

☞ PRICES LOW. ☜

STAM'S DRUG STORE.

March 19.

DAVID B. STEWART. GEORGE W. BERRY.

D. B. STEWART CO.,

General Commission Merchants

and Wholesale Dealers in

Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Live Stock, Poultry, Eggs, ried Fruits, Canned Goods, &c., Southern Fruits and Vegetables a Specialty.

150 W. Pratt Street.

☞ Orders for Sweet Potatoes, Aspinwal Bananas, Oranges, Lemons and Produce generally, promptly filled. [Feb. 21.

CIGARS! CIGARS!!

Come and try our Edward Allen Poe CIGARS.

M. A. TOULSON, Drugg

March 27

EXTENSION TABLES—new lot just received, very low

Feb. 14. LOUIS K. STAM.

SHOS, SHOES.—We make a specialty o Shoe. Spring Stock just received at J. H. SIMPERS

NEW Stock of Horse-Collars and Bridle Halters, Traces and Plow-Lines at WROTH & ALDRIDGE'S.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS & MUSIC.

A New Lot of VIOLINS and a new lot of 5 cent Music just received.

COLIN F. STAM, Druggist

March

THE ROLAND FARM BELLS. For sale by

March 27. J. K. ALDRIDGE.

4 BARB STEEL FENCE WIRE and Buck-Thorn Barbed fence, for sale at lowest ket price by J. K. ALDRIDGE.

Old Peach Boxes

5 Cts Apiece.

Old Material

HALF PRICE.

ORDERS FOR JUNE DELIVERY OF

New Peach Box

Material

NOW SOLICITED.

☞ We propose to offer to our friends, in this line, advantages second to none.

Joseph Turner,

Nay 21, 1885. SCOTT'S POINT.

BRING US YOUR TRADE

Such as Prime Print Butter, Eggs Poultry, Lard, Bacon and

COUNTRY PRODUGE

in general, and we will pay you the *FULL MARKET VALUE* for it, and sell you GOODS AS LOW i not CHEAPER than any "other man."

We have a

FULL LINE OF MUSLINS,

Bleached and unbleached Canton Flannels from 6¼ cts. to 16 cts. per yard. Calico, Tickings, Cottonade Kerseys, red and white all-wool Flannels, and a general line of

Domestic Dry Goods.

Ladies', Misses', Children's and Men's HOISERY at Prices and Quality to please you.

OUR STOCK OF GROCERIES

cannot be surpassed for quality and Low Prices.

WE ARE HEAD-QUARTERS FOR FLOU

dealing direct with the manufacturers, can guarantee quality and price at all times. Call and see us, and you will be convinced that our prices are the lowest.

espectfully,

J. B. SAPPINGTON,

opp. Hudgin's Bakery.

☞ Branch Store corner High and Mill Streets.

Chtewn, Md., Sept. 13, 1883.

ALL PERSONS

Irrespective of age, color or sex, whether interested or not in the present nomination or Administration,

ARE INVITED TO CALL AT

W. H. Lambert's

where they can find a Fresh Stock of Goods, such as are kept in a first-class

GROCERY, PROVISION AND CONFECTIONERY STORE,

viz.: Flour, Meal, Oat Meal, Buckwheat Meal, Dried Beef (chipped to order), Coffees, Teas, Sugars, Canned Goods of all kinds, Pickles of Superior quality, Catsup, Chow-Chow, Jellies, Cakes, Crackers, Candies, Nuts, Raisins, Currents, &c.

Excellent Seed Potatoes,

JUST ARRIVED, BOTH IRISH & SWEET. Call and inspect.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO A SPECIALTY.

Being very thankful for past favors we hope a continuance of the same.

Respt.,

W. H. LAMBERT, opp. *Kent News* office.

Apr. 9.

Colin F. Stam,

Bookseller and Stationer,

Has now in stock a large assortment of Sea-Side, Franklin Square and Lovell's Popular Libraries. Aslo, books of general Literature, Writing Paper, Envelopes and

General Stationery Materials

in Large Quantities.

Bear this in mind—you will always find the Largest Stock and Cheapest BOOKS at

Stam's Drug Store.

March 1, 1883.

Question, What shall I read?

Answer, Examine Large Stock of Sea Side and Lovell's Libraries at C. F. STAM'S DRUG STORE. If you want any Books by *Mail*, send for a catalogue.

NEW GOODS.

Paper Flower Materials. A large and choice assortment just received from the N. Y. Factory. For sale at City Prices.