THE MONTGOMERY PRESS
Published Every Friday At
KENSINGTON, MARYLAND
Telephone, 44

Entered as second class matter in the postoffice at Kensington, Maryland.

CORNELIUS W. CLUM, Editor

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR IN ADVANCE

FRIDAY, MAY 29, 1936

Taxation's High Toll

By RAYMOND PITCAIRN
National Chairman Sentinels of the Republic

That government is best which governs least.

This was one of the axioms of our sturdy Americans of earlier generations. It's being forgotten today. Americans are getting a lot more government than their fathers got. And they're paying a lot more for it, too.

How much more? A recently published long-range study of governmental costs offers some interesting answers. It shows, for example:

That in **1850** approximately **one cent** out of every dollar earned in the United States was spent on the upkeep of government—federal, state and local.

That by **1900** the proportion had risen to **six cents** out of every such dollar.

That by **1929** government was taking **twelve cents** out of the dollar.

And finally:

That by **1934** the toll had mounted to **nineteen cents** out of each income dollar.

Nor is that the entire story. Actually, government is spending more than it collects—and has been doing so for years. In 1934, the figures reveal, it spent approximately 35 cents out of every dollar earned by its citizens. The difference, of course, helped swell public debt.

What is the effect of this rising toll on the productive enterprise of our country? Let's consider it.

Money spent by government is, in general, unproductive. Seldom does it create new opportunities for lasting employment. But money spent in private enterprise—in building homes, in expanding stores, in operating farms or factories—creates new wealth, new opportunities, new jobs.

To divert great sums from productive enterprises and individual pay envelopes into the hands of government spenders is, therefore, to limit every citizen's opportunity not only to work and earn, but to enjoy the full fruits of his toil. It is a barrier to re-employment.

America enjoyed its greatest expansion when government was economical, and taxation small. It cannot recapture that swift progress so long as it is handicapped by a millstone of official extravagance and waste. Economy in government is, therefore, far more than a popular demand. **It is an essential to both the progress of our nation and the prosperity of its people.**

WORLD TELEPHONE NEWS EXCHANGES

St. Louis . . . An incoming telephone call came to the Coca-Cola Bottling Works here recently at an opportune time. A bandit who was holding up the office had secured $92 from the cash register when he noticed the safe and ordered the general manager to open it. While the official was kneeling before the safe, operating the dial, with the bandit standing behind him with a drawn revolver, the telephone rang. The bandit, hearing the bell, turned and left on the run.

Copenhagen . . . Jysk Telefonaktieselskab—the Jutland Telephone Companies—have recently installed an underground telephone cable between Aarhus and Viborg, Denmark. Denmark is now served by about 365,000 telephones. This is equivalent to about ten telephones for each one hundred of the country's population. Telephones in Denmark were made available for the international network with the establishment of service to Copenhagen from the United States, June 29, 1928.

Hollywood . . . Long distance may make the heart grow fonder, but Ethel Merman, featured in "Anything Goes" utilized probably one of the shortest telephone lines in existence in the production of this film. Only fifty feet of wire were necessary to connect the two telephones used in the production. Miss Merman, featured in the picture with Bing Crosby, sits in a hoop of neon lights and "floats" over the heads of people in a night club. In making the film an operator with a telephone, seated on the floor of the cafe was connected with another operator located in the attic of the building completely out of sight. The floor man telephoned the upper operator, directing him where to swing the crane which placed Miss Merman properly throughout the scene. However, this was not the shortest telephone line ever used, for it was twenty feet longer than that of the original line over which Alexander Graham Bell, the inventor, and Thomas A. Watson, his assistant, held the first telephone conversation in the world, March 10, 1876.

Lion, Figure in Heraldry

The lion has been used as a figure in heraldry since 1164, when it was adopted as a device by Philip I, duke of Flanders. The lion has figured largely and in an amazing variety of positions as an heraldic emblem, and, as a consequence, in public house signs. The earliest and most important attitude of the heraldic lion is rampant (the device of Scotland), but it is also shown as passant, passant gardant, sallent and even dormant. The device of Venice is the winged lion of St. Mark.

Kyanizing

Kyanizing is a method of preserving ships from dry rot, by injecting into the pores of the wood a solution of corrosive sublimite. It was invented by John H. Kyan.

RADIUM, JEKYLL AND HYDE AMONG METALS

Capable of Curing Disease and of Causing It.

Washington.—Radium, most precious of metals, an ounce of which is worth nearly as much as a ton of gold, recently has been brought to the fore again through new advances in its use in the treatment of disease.

"This silvery-white substance, which few people ever have seen, is a sort of Doctor Jekyll and Mr. Hyde among the metals," says the National Geographic society. "While its principal use is in the treatment of dreaded cancer, in many cases of which it is a saver of life, radium also is capable of causing cancers and a fatal form of anemia when not properly handled.

"Recently the largest 'radium pack' for treating cancer ever used in the United States was put to work at Bellevue hospital, New York city," continues the bulletin. "It contains five grams of radium and is expected to be particularly useful in treating deep-seated cancers.

"It is estimated that there are about 250 grams of radium in the United States at present, nearly half of the total of 600 grams or approximately one and one-quarter pounds that has been produced in the world.

Worth Million an Ounce.

"Radium first was produced from pitchblende ores of Bohemia after its discovery in 1898. Since then prospectors have found radium-bearing deposits in many parts of the world. The most recent important 'radium strike' was in the Great Bear lake district in the wilderness of northern Canada, farther north than the Yukon gold fields.

"So valuable is the ore that it is profitable to fly out loads of it by airplane to civilization for refining. Today the world's principal sources of radium are the Great Bear lake deposits and mines in the Belgian Congo, Africa. There also are radium deposits in the United States, in Colorado and Utah. They are not rich enough to be worth working at present prices, but form a sort of radium reserve available in case other supplies are cut off.

"The value of radium is fabulous. It is worth about $1,000,000 per ounce at present prices. Gold is now valued at $35 per ounce in the United States, and platinum approximately the same. In small amounts radium may at times command a price of as much as $75 per milligram, the thousandth part of a gram. In past years its price has been much higher than now, reaching $125,000 per gram during the World war.

Used in Luminous Paint.

"Aside from the treatment of cancer, the chief use of radium is in luminous paint, used on watch and clock dials, for electric switches and keyholes, and in wartime, for gun sights and compass cards for use where lights would betray presence of troops.

"The radiations which make radium both useful in treating disease and dangerous when handled without protection, are caused by the explosion of atoms in the radium. Slowly radium is dissipating itself away by these explosions, though it takes from 1,690 to 2,500 years for half of a piece of radium to dissipate itself.

"The exploding atoms send out three different kinds of radiations or rays—alpha particles, positively charged, traveling up to 12,000 miles per second; beta rays, negatively charged electrons traveling with almost the speed of light; and gamma rays, electro-magnetic waves which also travel nearly as fast as light.

'In treating diseases, an emanation or by-product of radium usually is used instead of the radium itself, because it is far more radioactive than radium. One of the most frequently used is radon, a gas which can be released from radium by heating or dissolving it. A very small quantity of radon is as radioactive as a large amount of radium. Radon can be produced without the original radium being scattered or lost."

Inscribed Terra Cotta Cones Back Up Testament

Washington.—New proof of the accuracy of the Old Testament as a historical record has been obtained by the Smithsonian institution.

The findings—three inscribed terra cotta cones found in a temple wall at Ur of the Chaldees— were memorial tablets buried to perpetuate the name of the king, Libit-Ishtar, fifth ruler of the Isin dynasty who reigned about 2075 B. C.

Included in the cuneiform inscriptions were references to several early cities, mentioned before in the Book of Genesis. The Smithsonian said their existence based on the Biblical reference was never considered conclusive, however.

The fourteenth chapter of Genesis gives Ur as the birthplace of Abraham, presumably in the reign of Rim-Sin or of Hammurabi, 2000 to 1900 B. C.

Jersey Tailor Makes 2,500th Suit and Quits

Collingswood, N. J.—Thomas Nebelitsky, who made by hand more than 2,500 suits of clothes, has retired. Although only fifty-eight, Nebelitsky has been in the tailoring business for 24 years.

"There is only one way to make a suit of clothes," Nebelitsky commented as he closed his shop. "And that is to build it like a house for the man who orders it."

Feathers on Indian Bonnets

Among Indians of the plains, who are most noted for the wearing of bonnets, the feathers were awarded as an honor, says a writer in the Detroit News. Acting as a messenger, slaying a buffalo, or some other deed might bring the right to wear feathers, one or two, or perhaps five at a time. In at least one tribe it was the custom to give five feathers to any warrior who captured a wounded enemy.

"Old Copper Nose"

Henry VIII was known as "Old Copper Nose," for the reason that he debased his coins to such an extent that the silver wore off quickly and the sovereign's nose in copper shone right through. Peter the Great, of Russia, put a tax on beards, and, soon, there was a special coin to pay the tax, which came to be known as beard-money.—Literary Digest.

SPEND $1,000 MONTH ON DIONNE BABIES

Famous Quintuplets Financially Independent.

Callander, Ont.—Through their physician, Dr. Allan Roy Dafoe, the Dionne quintuplets recently gave a message to the world. They said:

"Thanks for all your help, and we want you to know we are now self-supporting. We say this because so many persons and organizations helped us when we were not able to take care of ourselves. Now we are making enough money to meet all our needs and allow us to save some. We thought you would like to know."

Doctor Dafoe sat back in a deck chair on his front lawn and elaborated on the statement.

The girl babies of Oliva and Elzire Dionne are not nearly as wealthy as many persons believe. They have $45,000 in bonds and cash, and contracts now in force probably will bring them another $50,000. In their 2 months of life the youngsters have spent a lot of their own money. How much, the doctor declined to say.

The Canadian Red Cross paid for the nurses for a year and, with the Ontario government, helped out in various ways. In the last four months the children have paid all their own expenses—and expenses of quintuplets are large.

No figures have ever been given out, but salaries of the doctor and nurses probably total $450 a month. Other salaries, for an orderly, two maids and two guards, take perhaps $250 more. That total of $700 does not include upkeep of the hospital, which must be large, as all the staff, but the doctor, have their meals there. Everything the babies eat and drink is of the best and their food bill is large.

In addition there are many extras, which all go to make $1,000 a conservative estimate of the babies' monthly expenditure.

One of their chief assets is their home, valued at $20,000. The small Dafoe hospital that was opened a year ago has been enlarged to a 13-room building with three baths.

The babies' $45,000 in bonds and cash has come from endorsements of products they use—milk, tomato juice and the like—and motion-picture and newspaper photograph contracts.

Scotland's Gretna Green Still "Marrying" Town

Gretna Green, Scotland.—Hundreds of couples still come to Gretna Green to be married, for even today an air of romance clings to it and its old reputation for runaway weddings.

Until the marriage act was passed in 1856, making it compulsory for one of the contracting parties to reside in Scotland at least 21 days before the ceremony, Gretna Green was the destination of elopers from all over England. Their carriages came dashing into the village at all hours of the day and night, for once they were through the toll gate and into Scotland, they could be married, and no questions were asked.

Likely as not, the irate father or guardian came galloping up a few minutes later, only to meet the happy couple leaving the Blacksmith's Forge. This building, where hundreds of marriages were performed, is now a curio shop, with books, postcards and "Romances of Gretna Green" for sale. Many Americans traveling in Scotland make it a point to visit the village, as it is off the beaten track and therefore all the more delightful.

The blacksmith, who once did a thriving business in marriages, has become a legendary figure. It is said that he performed three marriage ceremonies on his deathbed, and that he died with the fees tightly clutched in his hand.

Radio in Arctic Circle Aids in Birth of a Boy

Dixon Island, U. S. S. R.—Communication by radio enabled a surgeon here to conduct a difficult case of childbirth many miles away.

Doctor Firsov of Cape Desire, on the Novaya in the Arctic ocean, was attending the case there, but because it presented unusual difficulties he sought the advice of Doctor Nikitin of Dixon island. Radio connection was established and the doctors discussed the case for three hours. After hearing the details, Doctor Nikitin gave his instructions.

Three hours later he received another message—this time from the proud father of a son thanking him and the radio operators for their aid.

Archer Kills Snake With Bow and Arrow

Fresno, Calif.—Spinners of fanciful rattlesnake yarns often wander further from the truth than fishermen, but Arthur H. Shipley, deputy county superintendent of schools, vouches for this one:

Shipley spied a 3-foot snake along the roadside one day. Anxious to get a set of rattles, he searched for something with which to kill the reptile. Clods of dirt served only to enrage the snake.

Finally he thought of the bow and arrow in the back of his car.

With only three shots Shipley pinned the rattler to the ground in three different places. A fourth arrow pierced the head and killed the snake.

Shipley has a set of rattles as evidence.

"Devil Chasing Day"

March 17 is St. Patrick's birthday in this part of the world, but in Bali it's "Hari Njepi," or devil chasing day. On the 16th the native islanders dance their ritual dances, chant their ancient incantations, and bear offerings to the gods. Then on the 17th there is no sign of life on all the island. The devils, frightened away by the ceremonies of the day before, sneak back into the villages, but, seeing no activity—not even a curl of smoke—decide that the island is deserted and an unprofitable scene for their activities.

Courts of Final Jurisdiction

Practically all countries have a court of final jurisdiction, but only those with government authorized under constitutions similar to that of the United States have courts empowered to void a legislative act on the ground that it is unconstitutional.

ORDER NISI ON TAX SALES

In The Circuit Court for Montgomery County
No. 1246
Miscellaneous Petitions

In the matter of the sales by J. Paul Smith, Clerk and Treasurer of the Town of Garrett Park, of certain property to pay taxes due thereon to said Town for the tax year 1935-1936, and certain taxes in arrears for previous years.

The report in the above entitled matter and the proceedings therein having been examined and the same appearing regular, and the provisions of the law appearing to have been substantially complied with, it is thereupon this 22nd day of May in the year of nineteen hundred and thirty-six, by the Circuit Court for Montgomery County, and by the authority thereof, ORDERED, that the sales made by J. Paul Smith, Clerk and Treasurer of the Town of Garrett Park:

1. To Town of Garrett Park, of land assessed to Julian J. Chisholm, Report states the amount of sale to be $60.28.

2. To Town of Garrett Park, of land assessed to William E. and Gladys B. Coombs. Report states the amount of sale to be $20.12.

3. To Town of Garrett Park, of land assessed to Bernard P. Donnelly. Report states the amount of sale to be $38.84.

4. To Town of Garrett Park, of land assessed to Annie L. Free. Report states the amount of sale to be $20.58

5. To Town of Garrett Park, of land assessed to P. M. Linebarger. Report states the amount of sale to be $8.86.

6. To Town of Garrett Park, of land assessed to Maude S. Morgan. Report states the amount of sale to be $44.18.

7. To Town of Garrett Park, of land assessed to E. P. Taylor. Report states the amount of sale to be $9.14.

8. To Town of Garrett Park, of land assessed to William H. Talbott. Report states the amount of sale to be $10.77, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 23rd day of June in the year nineteen hundred and thirty six, provided a copy of this order be innserted in a newspaper published in said Montgomery County once in each of two weeks before the 13th day of June in the year nineteen hundred and thirty-six.

CHARLES W. WOODWARD,
Judge of the Circuit Court for Montgomery County.

True Copy—Test:
CLAYTON K. WATKINS,
Clerk.

ORDER NISI

In the Circuit Court for Montgomery County, as a Court of Equity. No. 7870 Equity.

In the Matter of the Mortgage from David Victor Hall, unmarried,
To
The Citizens Building and Loan Association of Montgomery County, Inc.

ORDERED, this 26th day of May, A. D. 1936, by the Circuit Court for Montgomery County, as a Court of Equity, that the Auditor's Report filed in the above entitled cause, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 20th day of June next; Provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in said Montgomery County, once in each of three successive weeks before the said 20th day of June, 1936.

CLAYTON K. WATKINS,
Clerk of the Circuit Court for Montgomery County.

True Copy—Test:
CLAYTON K. WATKINS
Clerk.

Mound of Earth Memorial to Beloved Polish Hero

The most interesting monument of Cracow, Poland, to Americans is the great mound of earth which the entire Polish nation built to the memory of Kosciuszko, who served as Washington's adjutant during the Revolutionary war, notes a writer in the Chicago Daily News.

Kosciuszko also fought for the independence of Poland and after his death the Polish people revived their ancient way of honoring heroes. From all over the country peasants came bringing earth in their long, flowing sleeves and aprons to deposit on the site here. The mound is 1,000 feet high and is crowned with a large granite block marked "To Kosciuszko."

Kosciuszko's tomb is in a vault of the Cathedral of Cracow, a national sanctuary for Polish kings and heroes. A silver coffin, that of Stanislaus, the patron-saint of Poland, stands in the middle of the church, and near one of the chapels is a crypt containing the ashes of the greatest Polish poet, Adam Mickiewicz.

The cathedral and the other churches of Cracow are particularly worth a visit by the tourist on religious festivals, especially Corpus Christi day. At this time girls dressed in white and blue carry gaily colored images of Mary from church to church, and the entire city turns out for the processions.

Nova Scotia Discovered 3 Times

Nova Scotia, the Atlantic province of Canada, claims three discoverers. John Cabot landed on Cape Breton island in 1497, decided he was the discoverer and claimed it for Henry VII of England. Jean Denys, a Frenchman, touched on it in 1506 and thought that he had discovered it. In 1524 Jean Verrazano, a Florentine under the commission of Francis I of France, came across it and claimed it for his patron. In fact, he claimed the entire American coastline from Nova Scotia to the Carolinas, and "all the regions beyond." Although there is no proof, there is everything of a convincing nature to make fairly definite that Leif Ericson, the adventurous Viking, discovered Nova Scotia away back in 1000.

Many Still Use Bead Counters

About 60 per cent of the world still does its calculating on the ages-old abacus, the instrument with a frame crossed by stiff wires on which balls or beads are strung, writes Robert Frenchick, Los Angeles, Calif., in Collier's Weekly. Not only is it used throughout all Asiatic countries, Russia and in other parts of Europe, but even by some American statisticians.

The Drink to Happiness

The drinking of a liquid from a single cup by the bride and groom is an important part of the wedding ceremony among two-thirds of the human race, or all those living in non-Christian countries. The majority use a distilled liquor, beer or wine while the others prefer either animal or coconut milk.—Collier's Weekly

HORACE J. DONNELLY, JR.
Solicitor for Trustees
American Security Building
Washington, D. C.

TRUSTEES' SALE

Of Valuable Improved Property Being Premises No. 15 Sunnyside Road, Sligo Park Hills, Silver Spring, Montgomery County, Maryland

UNDER AND BY VIRTUE of the power and authority contained in a certain deed of trust from North Washington Realty Company, Inc., to Martin R. West and Clarence Dodge, Trustees, dated June 20, 1932, and recorded among the Land Records of Montgomery County, Maryland, in Liber 536, Folio 327, default having occurred in the payment of the indebtedness secured thereby, the undersigned trustees will offer for sale at public auction in front of the premises on

Saturday, the 20th day of June, 1936, at the hour of ten o'clock A. M.,

the land and premises described in said deed of trust to wit:

Lot Numbered Eight (8) in Block Lettered B in the subdivision known as Sligo Park Hills, Section One (1) Montgomery County, Maryland, as per plat recorded in Plat Book 4, Folio 377, one of the Land Records of said County.

This property is improved by a two story and full cellar brick dwelling containing six rooms and bath and all modern improvements.

TERMS OF SALE: Purchaser to pay all cash. A deposit of $600.00 will be required at the time of sale.

Terms of sale to be complied with within five days after the final ratification of the said sale by the Circuit Court for Montgomery County, Maryland, otherwise the property will be resold at the risk and cost of the defaulting purchaser.

Taxes, interest and special assessments to be adjusted to date of sale. Conveyancing, recording charges, revenue stamps, etc., at the cost of the purchaser.

MARTIN R. WEST,
CLARENCE DODGE,
Trustees.

HORACE J. DONNELLY, JR.
Solicitor for Trustees
American Security Building
Washington, D. C.

TRUSTEES' SALE

Of Valuable Improved Property Being Premises No. 5 Hilltop Road, Sligo Park Hills, Silver Spring, Montgomery County, Maryland

UNDER AND BY VIRTUE of the power and authority contained in a certain deed of trust from Daniel S Marine and Pasqua Marine, his wife, to Martin R. West and Clarence Dodge, Trustees, dated April 6, 1932, and recorded among the Land Records of Montgomery County, Maryland, in Liber 531, Folio 260, default having occurred in the payment of the indebtedness secured thereby, the undersigned trustees will offer for sale at public auction in front of the premises on

Saturday, the 20th day of June, 1936, at the hour of eleven o'clock A. M.,

the land and premises described in said deed of trust to wit:

Lot Numbered Three (3) in Block Lettered E in the subdivision know as Sligo Park Hills, Section One, Montgomery County, Maryland, as per plat recorded in Plat Book 4, Folio 377, one of the Land Records of said County.

This property is improved by a two story and full cellar dwelling containing seven rooms and two baths, and all modern improvements.

TERMS OF SALE: Purchaser to pay all cash. A deposit of $750.00 will be required at the time of sale.

Terms of sale to be complied with within five days after the final ratification of the said sale by the Circuit Court for Montgomery County, Maryland, otherwise the property will be resold at the risk and cost of the defaulting purchaser.

Taxes, interest and special assessments to be adjusted to date of sale. Conveyancing, recording charges, revenue stamps, etc., at the cost of the purchaser.

MARTIN R. WEST,
CLARENCE DODGE,
Trustees.

ORDER NISI

In the Circuit Court for Montgomery County, as a Court of Equity. No. 7833 Equity.

In the Matter of the Mortgage from Henry G. Milans and Bessie G. Milans, his wife,
To
The Citizens Building and Loan Association of Montgomery County, Inc.

ORDERED, this 26th day of May, A. D. 1936, by the Circuit Court for Montgomery County, as a court of Equity, that the Auditor's Report filed in the above entitled cause, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 20th day of June next: Provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in said Montgomery County, once in each of three successive weeks before the said 20th day of June, 1936.

CLAYTON K. WATKINS,
Clerk of the Circuit Court for Montgomery County.

True Copy—Test:
CLAYTON K. WATKINS
Clerk.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the Subscriber of Montgomery County has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Montgomery County, in Maryland, Letters of administration c. t. a. on the Personal Estate of Sarah J. Croissant, late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons resident and non-resident having Claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit and file the same in said Court, with vouchers thereof, on or before the 26th day of November next: they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said Estate. All persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 26th day of May in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-six.

ROBERT S. BAINS,
Silver Spring, Maryland,
Administrator c. t. a.

Founded Fur-Trading Site

It was at Fond du Lac, now a suburb of Duluth, that agents of the German-born Astor founded the fur-trading site which brought millions of furs from the woods of north central United States and laid the foundation for the vast Astor wealth.

WILLIAM F. PRETTYMAN
Solicitor
Rockville, Maryland

MORTGAGEE'S SALE

By virtue of the power and authority contained in a certain mortgage from Owen J. Martin and Marie M. Martin, his wife, to William C. Bates, acknowledged November 27, 1934, and recorded among the Land Records of Montgomery County, Maryland, in Liber No. 581, folio 441, the undersigned, person named in said mortgage to make sale will, on

Saturday, June 13, 1936, at the hour of 3 o'clock, P. M.

offer for sale at public auction on the mortaged premises all the land and property described in said mortgage, same being Lot No. 14, Block No. 3, Norwood Heights, as said subdivision is laid down and described upon a plat, which is duly recorded among the Land Records of said County in Plat Book B, Plat 55.

The property is situate one block North of Bradley Lane and Chevy Chase Club and is two blocks from Wisconsin Avenue, same being known as No. 4502 Ridge Street, Chevy Chase, Maryland.

Improvements consist of an attractive 5 room semi-bungalow of tapestry brick, tile bath, large attic, recreation room and garage, with all modern improvements. The grounds surrounding the house are nicely landscaped.

Terms of sale: cash, of which a deposit of 250.00 will be required on the day of sale. Conveyancing and revenue stamps at the cost of the purchaser.

WILLIAM F. PRETTYMAN,
Person named in mortgage to make sale.

ORDER NISI

In the Circuit Court for Montgomery County, as a Court of Equity. No. 7476 Equity.

In the Matter of the Mortgage from Albert F. Meem,
To
Rosa M. McDonald and Laura W. Talbott.

ORDERED, this 11th day of May, A. D. 1936, by the Circuit Court for Montgomery County, as a Court of Equity, that the sale made by Donald A. DeLashmutt, Assignee for the purpose of foreclosure to Nannie L. Meem and reported in the above entitled cause, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 5th day of June next; Provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in said Montgomery County, once in each of three successive weeks before the said 5th day of June, 1936.

The Report states the amount of the sale to be $2,600.00.

CLAYTON K. WATKINS,
Clerk of the Circuit Court for Montgomery County.

True Copy—Test:
CLAYTON K. WATKINS,
Clerk.

ORDER NISI

In the Circuit Court for Montgomery County, as a Court of Equity.

No. 7869 Equity.

In the Matter of the Deed of Trust from Lee Brown, unmarried,
To
H. Prescott Gatley and James B. Nicholson.

ORDERED, this 20th day of May, A. D. 1936, by the Circuit Court for Montgomery County, as a Court of Equity, the sale made by

H. Prescott Gatley, surviving trustee, to Arms and Drury, Inc.

and reported in the above entitled cause, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the

13th day of June, next:

Provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in said Montgomery County, once in each of three successive weeks before the said 13th day of June, 1936.

The Report states the amount of the sale to be $3,500.00.

CLAYTON K. WATKINS,
Clerk of the Circuit Court for Montgomery County.

True Copy—Test:
CLAYTON K. WATKINS,
Clerk.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the Subscriber of Montgomery County, has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Montgomery County, in Maryland, Letters Testamentary on the Personal Estate of Helen Christine McGown late of Montgomery County, deceased. All persons having Claims against the deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers thereof, legally authenticated to the subscriber on or before the 19th day of November next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said Estate. All persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 19th day of May in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-six.

RUTH McGOWN ALFARO,
6312 Florida St.,
Chevy Chase, Maryland,
Executrix.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the Subscriber of Montgomery County has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Montgomery County, in Maryland, Letters of Administration on the Personal Estate of Edward Ryan late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons resident and non-resident having Claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit and file, the same, in said Court, with vouchers thereof, on or before the 22nd day of October next: they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said Estate. All persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 22nd day of April, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-six.

ROBERT S. BAINS,
Silver Spring, Maryland,
Administrator.

Initials on Lincoln Pennies

The initials V. D. B. on some Lincoln head pennies minted in 1909 are those of Victor D. Brenner, the medalist and sculptor who designed the coin. But this part of the design was soon withdrawn by the Treasury department and consequently the artist's initials appear on only part of the Lincoln pennies bearing the date 1909. Many thousands of the initialed cents were circulated, however.

Mikado's Court in 1608

During the feudal period in Japan (1608-1867), the Mikado's court was at Kyoto, but the Shogunate, which controlled the administration of the kingdom, was at Tokyo, 323 miles away. The Tokaido road was built to accommodate the heavy traffic between the two most important centers of the kingdom.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Court House, Rockville

CIRCUIT COURT

Chief Judge, Hammond Urner, Frederick;
Associate Judge, Charles W. Woodward, Poolesville;
Associate Judge, Arthur D. Willard, Frederick;
Clerk, Clayton K. Watkins.

Terms of Circuit Court—Third Monday of January, non-jury term; third Monday of March, grand and petit jury term; first Monday of June, non-jury term; second Monday of November grand and petit jury terms.

ORPHANS' COURT

Chief Judge, Washington Waters;
Associate Judges, Lewis F. Hobbs, Thomas C. Kelley;
Registrar, Hanson G. Cashell, Redland.

Terms of Orphans' Court—Regular Terms, second Tuesday of February, April, June, August, October and December. Court is in session every Tuesday and Wednesday.

POLICE COURT

Justice, Harold C. Smith, Rockville
Clerk, Harry M. Williams, Poolesville
Chief of Police, J. Wm. Garrett, Telephone Rockville 136
Sub-Station, Bethesda, Telephone Bradley 500.
Sub-Station, Silver Spring, Telephone Silver Spring 500.

JUVENILE COURT

Judge, Thomas M. Anderson, Rockville

STATE'S ATTORNEY

James H. Pugh, Rockville

SHERIFF

G. Eddington Bell, Potomac

COUNTY TREASURER

J. Forest Walker
Assistant Treasurer, John R. Lewis.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

Frank H. Karn, President, Rockville;
Charles E. King, Clarksburg;
Paul M. Coughlan, Silver Spring;
Richard L. Lansdale, Sandy Spring
Robert D. Hagner, Bethesda;
Clerk, Ira C. Whitacre, Woodside;
Deputy Clerk, Bethesda, James C. Christopher;
Counsel, Edward Peter.

The Board of County Commissioners will be in session on each Tuesday from 1 p. m. to 2:30 p. m., and on each Thursday from 2:30 p. m. to 3:30 p. m., in their office in the new Court House. These sessions are for the purpose of holding public hearings.

The Commissioners will be in session on each Tuesday from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m. for the purpose of examining accounts and transacting other routine business.

COUNTY SURVEYOR

Charles J. Maddox, Rockville.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Thomas C. Darby, Dawsonville, President;
Mrs. Daniel C. Walser, Chevy Chase;
Julius P. Stadler, Silver Spring
Mrs. Julian B. Waters, Germantown;
George W. Davis, Silver Spring.
George P. Sacks, Bethesda;
Superintendent of Education, Edwin W. Broome;

The Board meets on the second Tuesday of each month at their office in Rockville, at 10:30 a. m.

SUPERVISORS OF ELECTIONS

Mrs. John A. Holmes, Rockville
Hugh F. O'Donnell, Silver Spring;
Carey Kingdon, Rockville
Clerk, John A. England, Rockville

COUNTY HEALTH OFFICER

Dr. V. L. Ellicott

SUPERVISOR OF COUNTY AID

P. Ray Souder, Damascus.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE OF MONTG. COUNTY

President—Dr. J. W. Bird, Sandy Spring;

MARYLAND NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

George N. Palmer, Chairman;
T. Howard Duckett;
Wilton T. Allen
Richard F. Green;
Frank B. Smith;
Lacy Shaw, Park Commissioner;
Walter W. Dawson, Counsel.
Irving C. Root, Chief Engineer;
Curtis Walker, Land Purchasing Officer;
Secretary-Treasurer, Charles M. Jones

WASHINGTON SUBURBAN SANITARY COMMISSION

Tower Building, Washington, D. C.
T. Howard Duckett, Hyattsville, Chairman;
Emory H. Bogley, Friendship Heights;
J. Donald Clagett, Woodside;
J. Darby Bowman, Rockville, Secretary.

THE LIQUOR CONTROL BOARD FOR MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Ralph S. Fowler, Chairman, Chevy Chase:
Frank Dwyer, Laytonsville.
J. S. Eaton, Chevy Chase.
Frank P. Welsh, Wheaton.
Nicholas R. Griffith, Derwood.
Ira C. Whitacre, Secretary, Silver Spring.
Kenneth Lyddane, Counsel, Bethesda.

LEGISLATURE

STATE SENATOR

Stedman Prescott, Rockville.

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES

T. Yellott Canby, Colesville;
R. Shirley Hays, Barnesville;
Ruth E. Shoemaker, Bethesda;
Joseph C. Cantrel, Chevy Chase;
Walter M. Magruder, Gaithersburg.

91