never wedded any man. At last her mother was brought forward to the refractory young lady; but after putting on her spectacles, and going through with a deliberate inspection, announced the important fact:—"Why, Mr Brown, you did not marry that girl; you married Fanny, and there is Jane dressed up in Fanny's clothes."

THE JOURNAL.

A. BROWN—Proprietor.

TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 26, 1864.

S. M. PETTINGILL & Co.,

No. 37 Park Row, New York,

are our Agents in that city, and are authorized to take Advertisements and Subscriptions for us at our *lowest rates.*

Jos. R. H. Graham, Esq., at No. 825 Baltimore street, S. E. corner of Howard, is authorized to receive subscription and advertising for us at *lowest rates.*

The Journal.—This number (being the 52d) closes the first volume. To the many friends who came forward and sustained us in our efforts we return our sincere thanks. Since the commencement of the Journal, paper and all kinds of printing materials having advanced so enormously, we are compelled, in justice to ourself, to change the *terms* somewhat to enable us to meet the advanced, and still advancing, rise in those articles. We shall, therefore, have to ask Two Dollars and Fifty Cents in advance, or if not paid within three months Three Dollars will be charged.

It is important that our friends should call early and accept of the difference made in the terms, for by so doing they will benefit themselves and us at the same time,—as by paying in advance it will enable us to purchase a stock of materials before they advance much more. That our subscribers may see the necessity for the increase of our terms and that payment should be made in advance, more particularly at this time, we refer them to what the New York Express says in the following paragraph:

"Printing paper is now double the price of one year since, while the price of journals is the same. One thing is certain, that the price of papers will have to be materially increased, or the publication of one-half the journals of the country will have to be suspended. Only those thoroughly established can go on and hold on, even with an increase of price."

The New York papers have raised the price of their subscriptions since the extract first appeared in the Express.

We therefore hope our friends will attend to this notice and act *promptly* by paying in advance. The difference to you will not be much as the amount from each is small in itself, but the aggregate to us, if received *early*, will enable us to make a considerable diminution in our expenses.

Feeling thankful for the encouragement extended to us in the past, in the future we shall spare no effort to make the Journal an acceptable visitor in every family.

The Constitutional Convention.—On Thursday, 21st of July instant, the preamble and resolutions of Mr. Stirling were read, the rules being suspended for that purpose. The call for the previous question being sustained, they were adopted by yeas 42, nays 16—a party vote. The following are the resolutions adopted:

"*Resolved*, That this Convention, on the part of the loyal people of Maryland, demands of the Government of the United States that all adult citizens of this state, who shall refuse to register on oath their allegiance, submission and obedience to the United States, and thus persist in the position of public enemies, and all persons who shall be proved to have taken part with or openly expressed their sympathy with the recent invasion of the State, shall be banished beyond the lines of the army, or imprisoned during the war.

"*Resolved*, That the President of this Convention transmit certified copies of this preamble and resolutions to the President of the United States and to the commanders of the military departments in which Maryland is embraced."

Previous to the adoption of the above, Mr. Belt offered the following as an amendment to the first resolution, which was rejected—yeas 14, nays 42:

"*Provided*, however, that nothing contained herein shall be taken to endorse any other theory of the existing war than that expressed in the resolutions of Congress of July, 1861, wherein the war is to be prosecuted, not in any spirit of oppression or for any purpose of conquest or subjugation, or purpose of overthrowing or interfering with the rights or established institutions of any of the States, but to defend and maintain the supremacy of the Constitution and to preserve the Union with all the dignity, equality and rights of the several States unimpaired, and that as soon as these objects are accomplished, the war ought to cease."

Godey's Lady's Book and The Lady's Friend for August have been received. We have so often spoken of their excellence, both in their fashion and literary departments, that it is useless for us to reiterate anything more in their favor.

War News.

General Averill reports that on Wednesday he attacked and defeated a portion of the raiders, under General Early, in front of Winchester, killing and wounding over 300, capturing four cannon, several hundred small arms, and about 300 prisoners. The loss of the enemy in officers was heavy, including Gen. Lilly seriously wounded and a prisoner, and Colonel Board killed. Gen. Breckenridge the evening before divided his forces at Berryville, sent Early to Winchester and took the other division towards Millwood. The report from Harrisburg of 300 wagons having been recaptured at Snicker's Gap is not confirmed by any dispatches received by the government.

The Washington papers of Thursday evening state that dispatches were received from General Sherman by the government on that day, announcing that the enemy assaulted his lines three times on Wednesday, and was repulsed each time. The Union troops fought mostly behind earthworks, and met with a small loss, but the enemy, coming out of the defenses of the city to offer battle, became more exposed and suffered greater loss.

An Associated Press dispatch from Washington states that the Government on Friday afternoon last received dispatches announcing that General Johnston has been superseded by General Hood, and that a battle has taken place between the two armies, in which General Hood had been defeated. The rumor current in New York on Friday of Atlanta having been evacuated by the enemy and occupied by the Union forces has not been officially confirmed. Various unofficial accounts on Saturday morning, indicate that the most active movements are in progress by Gen. Sherman's army. It is said that the extensive wooden and cotton factories at Rosswell, Georgia, have been destroyed by General Sherman's cavalry, besides a paper and starch mill and other factories.

The latest accounts from Missouri represent the war in that State as becoming of a formidable character. Dispatches from Col. Ford, at Liberty, Mo., report that Thornton's band of guerillas is increasing rapidly, and have possession of Plattsburg and Lanin, and are moving; it is thought, with the intention of striking the railroad. Col. Ford is in pursuit of him. Fifty thousand of Price's men are said to be in Missouri.

No confirmation of the reported fight at Leesburg has been received in Washington.

The Quota of Maryland.—Col. N. L. Jeffries, Assistant Provost Marshal General for Maryland and Delaware, yesterday received the statement of the quotas of the respective Congressional districts of Maryland under the late call of the President for five hundred thousand troops.—The quotas are as follows: First district, 2,630; Second district, 2,079; Third district, 2,358; Fourth district, 2,069; Fifth district, 3,192, making a total of 12,328.—*Balt. Gaz. of Friday.*

THE BURNING OF GOV. LETCHER'S RESIDENCE.

From the Richmond Whig, July 16.

We print below a document destined to become historical. The calm, dispassionate and truthful recital it gives of one of the most wanton and barbaric acts of the war need no comment to awaken the indignation of every manly bosom.—Our soldiers in Maryland, who are reported to have laid in ashes the residence of the Yankee Governor of that State, by way of retaliation, have given practical expression to the feeling of our people, and anticipated the judgment of mankind and the verdict of history. It is due to Governor Letcher to say that this letter was written with no view to publication, and in response to a private communication addressed him by the Mayor of this city. The pages omitted relate to personal matters.

Lexington, Va., July 5, 1864.

* * * * Finding the Yankees would take the town on Saturday (11th), I left home near midnight, Friday night, and went to Big Island, in Bedford, where I remained to Wednesday morning following, when, hearing the vandals had left, I returned. I had previously heard that my house had been burned, with all its contents. The threats made by the Yankees against me, for the past two years, satisfied me that they would destroy my house when they came to Lexington; but I always supposed they would allow the furniture and my family's clothing to be removed. In this, however, I was disappointed.

When the Yankees took possession of the town, Dr. Paton, Medical Director for Hunter's army, and who hails from Marion county, Virginia, went to my house, told my wife he was unwell, and said he must have a room in my house. He took the room, supped and breakfasted, and, when breakfast was nearly over, remarked, in a manner half-jocular, half-earnest, to Lizzie, that it was the last meal she would take in the house. Shortly after he left, without taking leave of any of the family, nor was he again seen by any of them.

The threats made by soldiers on Saturday evening induced my wife to fear the house would be burned, and she expressed her fears in the hearing of Dr. Paton and Captain Towns, of New York. Captain Towns very promptly said, that I, being a private citizen and the house being private property, burning it would be an inexcusable outrage, and proposed at once to go to Hunter's headquarters and ascertain. He went, and was directed by Hunter to assure my wife that the house would not disturbed. The sequel shows that the sole object of this assurance was to quiet her apprehensions, and thus prevent anything from being removed. About half-past 8 o'clock, A. M. (Sunday), Captain Berry and his provost guard rode up, and the officer called for my wife. She came to the door, when Berry informed her that he was ordered by Hunter to fire the house. She replied there must be some mistake, and asked for the order. He said it was a verbal order. She then said to him, "Can it not be delayed until I can see General Hunter?" The order is peremptory, he replied, and you have five minutes to leave the house. She then asked leave to remove her mother's, sister's, and her own and her children's clothing, which was insolently refused. Immediately thereafter camphene was poured on the parlor floor and ignited with a match. In the meantime, my daughter had gathered up an armful of clothing, and was going out when he discovered her, ran forward and fired the clothing in her arms. He then poured camphene in the wardrobes, bureau drawers, and ignited the clothing—taking out my clothing, which he said he intended to take North.

Every house on my lot was burned save a small grannery over my ice house. Not a particle of flour, meat, or anything edible was left, all having been carried off on Saturday.

My mother, now in her 78th year, lives on the lot adjoining my own, having with her one of her grandchildren and a servant. After my property had been fired, the fiends fired her stable, located about forty feet from her house, with no other view than to burn her out also. The house caught twice, and would have been consumed but for the untiring efforts of Captain Towns, who made his men carry water and extinguish the flames. The Captain behaved like a gentleman towards my own and my mother's family.

Generals Averill, Crook, Sullivan and Duffee, denounced the whole proceedings as an autrage, in violation of all the principles of civilized warfare, and stated that Hunter alone was responsible for these atrocities.

* * * * *

I feel grateful to you and other kind friends in Richmond for their generous sympathy and kind tender of a home. There are no people on the earth who have been more uniformly kind than the good people of your city, and I assure you I appreciate their kindness, as does also my family. Accept our thanks for it. * * *

So soon as I can visit Richmond I will do so—perhaps this month.

I am truly, and in haste, your friend,

JOHN LETCHER.

Joseph Mayo, Esq., Richmond, Va.

THE RECONSTRUCTION OF THE UNION.

IMPORTANT COMMENTS OF THE BOSTON ABOLITION JOURNALS.

For a wonder, the following article has appeared in a leading Abolition journal of Boston (enjoying a larger circulation than any other) without provoking a word of dissent or creating the least apparent sensation. The circumstances is certainly deserving of a notice. Speaking on the subject of reconstruction, the editor says:

"The present appears to be a fitting time for the press of the country to lay aside old party issues and devote themselves to the task of restoring peace to the nation upon a basis which should be alike honorable to all concerned. The present raid into Maryland, threatening as it does Baltimore and Washington, the heavy drafts which are constantly being made upon the people in the shape as men and money—to say nothing of heavy taxation and the high price of living—admonish us that war is a serious matter' viewed even in its most favorable aspect."

It further says upon the general topic of subjugation:

"We presume the people of the South are satisfied that they cannot subjugate the North, and the people at the North are satisfied that they cannot subjugate the South. This being true, what becomes our duty, to stay the slaughter of men to restore peace to the country? This is a political question, and must be decided at the polls by the voters in both sections of the country. If the press would unite upon any basis that would recommend itself to the people, there would be no difficulty in coming to an understanding upon the subject. We can agree with the South upon any terms? Can we offer a basis of settlement which they will adopt, and which at the same time will be satisfactory to the North? For our part we see no way open for a return of the rebel States to the Union except by and through the agency of the Constitution. They must either resume their State sovereignty and acknowledge the Federal Constitution, or they must stay where they are.

"If the people at the South are a unit against a return to the Federal compact, it becomes a question for us to compel them to an unwilling association with us. And if we were to succeed in destroying their armies, should we then have peace upon a permanent basis? These are grave questions, and demand the serious consideration of the thinking, reflecting minds. Our object in this article is to call the attention of the press to greatest duty which devolves upon them in this trying hour—ask them to discuss this matter calmly and dispassionately, with a view to concert of action, and to unite the people of the North upon some project to stop the further shedding of blood.

The *Herald* also proposes the following questions:

"If we understand the Southern leaders, they will not return to the Union on any terms. They They inaugurated the war to established a Southern Confederacy, and will be content with nothing short of that. If this be true, can we prevent it and compel them to a submision to the old Union? If we cannot and the people are satisfied upon this point, it is useless to fight any longer, but to hold on to what we have got, and wait for time to determine the future."

In a subsequent editorial on the same subject the *Herald* says:

We warn those in power that a crisis is rapidly approaching that will hurl them from their seats, unless they bring this war to a close, or convince the people that they have the power to do so before long.

The extracts are straws which show that the wind is veering to a new quarter.

When Lincoln and Davis Displayed a Remarkable Unanimity of Sentiment.

Extract from the Inaugural Address of Abraham Lincoln, March 4, 1861:

Suppose you go to war, you cannot fight always; and when, after much loss on both sides and no gain on either, you cease fighting, the identical questions as to terms of intercourse are again upon you. The country, with its institutions, belongs to the people who inhabit it.—Whenever they shall grow weary of the existing Government, they can exercise their constitutional right of amending, or their revolutionary right to dismember or overthrow it.

Extract from a speech of Jefferson Davis in the United States Senate, January 10, 1861:

If you will not have it thus; if in the pride of power, if in contempt of reason and reliance upon force, you say we shall not go, but shall remain as subjects to you, then, gentlemen of the North, a war is to be inaugurated, the like of which men have not seen. Sufficiently numerous on both sides, in close contact with only imaginary lines of division, and with many means of approach, each sustained by productive sections, the people of which will give freely both of money and of store, the conflicts must be multiplied indefinitely; and masses of men, sacrificed to the demon of civil war, will furnish hecatombs, such as the recent war in Italy did not offer. At the end of all this, what will you have effected? Destruction on both sides, subjugation upon neither—a treaty of peace leaving both torn and bleeding—the wail of the widow and the cry of the orphan substituted for those peaceful notes of domestic happiness that now prevail throughout the land; and then you will agree that each is [illegible] his separate course as best he may. This is to be the end of war. Through a long series of years you may waste your strength, distress your people, and get at last to the position which you might have had at first, had justice and reason, instead of selfishness and passion, folly and crime, dictated your course.

Seven Hundred Volunteer Sick in Camp!—Young men, be warned in time, supply yourself with Holloway's Pills and Ointment.—They are guaranteed to cure the worst cases of Sores, Ulcers, Scurvey, Fevers, and Bowel Complaints.

If the reader of this "notice" cannot get a box of Pills or Ointment from the drug store in his place, let him write to me, 80 Maiden Lane, enclosing the amount, and I will mail a box free of expense. Many dealers will not keep my medicines on hand because they cannot make as much profit as on other persons' make. 35 cents, 88 cents, and $1.40 per box or pot.

TO THE YOUNG OR OLD,

Male or Female,

If you have been suffering from a habit indulged in by the

YOUTH OF BOTH SEXES,

Which causes so many alarming symptoms, unfits them for Marriage, and is the *greatest evil* which can befall

MAN OR WOMEN.

See symptoms enumerated in Advertisement, and if you are a sufferer, cut out the Advertisement, and send for it at once. Delays are dangerous. Ask for Helmbold's, take no other.

Cures guaranteed. *Beware of Counterfeits and Imitations.*

For sale by Druggists and dealers generally everywhere. [july 5-1m

Dentistry.

DR. G. W. LOAG respectfully offers his professional services to the citizens of Easton and vicinity. Office on Washington street. Inquire at Mr. J. W. Cheezum's store. [may 31-1y

DENTISTRY.

DR. G. W. COOK, D. D. S., respectfully offers his professional services to this community,

MAIN STREET,

EASTON

☞ Enquire at Post Office or Hotel. [ap 12-y

DR. BAIRD'S

VEGETABLE ODONTINE,

For Cleansing, Beautifying and Preserving the Teeth and Gums. For sale by

may 24-1y CHARLES ROBINSON.

Died,

At "Orchard Home," near Easton, Md., on Wednesday, July 13th, George Robins, infant son of John W. C. and Mary E. Loud—aged 10 months and 6 days.

At his residence, in Talbot county, Md., on the 19th July, 1864, John C. Wooters, in the 63d year of his age.

In the death of this well-known citizen the community loses an upright, honorable, and useful member, and his family—a wife and two children—an affectionate husband and father, and a faithful provider of their wants and comforts. Losses like this have often called forth the remark: "Who can fill the places of these men?" Society feels that something valuable is taken from it and that it can little afford to lose, in times of thoughtless waste and carelessness to business, men who have taught it such wholesome lessons of industry, economy and honesty. His friends and those whom he befriended must truly sorrow that he is taken from them, and his family can only tell what a loss they have sustained. But it is so ordered in infinite wisdom and goodness, that they suffer the sore bereavement in his death; yet they are not left without the comfortable hope that he rests in peace.

Baltimore Prices Current.

[Corrected weekly from the Baltimore Sun.]

BALTIMORE, July 23, 1864.

Wheat—White, Fair to prime,	$2 90a310
" Red,	2.90a305
Corn—White,	$1.72a175
" Yellow,	$1.70a175
Oats—Maryland,	90a95
Rye—Maryland,	1.70a173

Dissolution of Partnership

THE partnership of Pritchett & Gow has been mutually dissolved. The books and accounts are in the hands of A. B. Pritchett for settlement, by whom the business will hereafter be conducted.

A. B. PRITCHETT,
WM. T. GOW.

jy 26-3t

For Rent for 1865.

A HOUSE AND LOT of 11½ acres of land, beautifully situated on the salt water, near the Double Mills. For terms apply to (jy 26-tf JAS. S. BAYTLETT.

Easton Bank of Maryland,

JULY 21st, 1864.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of this Institution, that an election will take place at the Banking House, on MONDAY, the 8th of August prox., between the hours of 10 A. M., and 3 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of electing *nine Directors* to serve for the ensuing year.

jy 26-2t

Wanted to Buy or Rent.

A FARM in Talbot county, of about 150 acres, with buildings sufficient for the use of the farm—the land to be in an ordinary state of cultivation. Any one having such a farm for sale might find a purchaser by addressing me at Dover, Delaware, or I am not so particular as to size if it is only for rent. T. M. PARKER.

jy 26-2m

Late Collector's Sale.

BY virtue of law, I have seized and taken in execution the following property, in Talbot county, assessed to the parties herein named, to pay and satisfy the State Tax, interest and legal charges thereon, due me as Collector for the years 1860 and 1861, viz:

Elizabeth Anderson—Lot.
Solomon Mullikin—House and lot on West street, Easton.
John E. Martin—Farm where he resides, part of Glebe, 100 acres.
John W. C. Loud—Farm called "Cumberland Chance," containing 204 acres, belonging to his wife.
Elizabeth Leaverton—house on West street and lot on south side of Point road.
Garretson Blake, f. n.—House and lot.
Nancy Cain, " " "
Perry Collins, " " "
Stephen Collins, " " "
Peter Cooper, " " "
Henry Clark, " 2 acre wood lot.
Paris Chance—10 acre lot and improvements, bought of James Maloney.
Blaney Davis' heirs—house and lot, 24 acres.
George W. Framptou—"Fox Hill," 77 acres.
Levin Henry, f. n.—house and lot.
Robert H. James—5 acres, 11 perches, bought of Dan. Pritchett.
Alexander Perry—house and lot.
William Smith, " "
Henry Sewell, " "
James T. Thomas—Harleigh, Oxford Neck, occupied by Mrs. Bracco.
Wm. Corkrall—Austin farm.
Mark Cornish, f. n.—house and lot.
Robert Cooley—house.
Rachel F. Corkran—4 acres, bought of J. E. C. Scott.
Pliny S. Forbes—lot, bought of G. W. C. Leonard.
James Gannon's heirs—Fork Ridge, 45 acres.
Thomas Gross—house and lot, 15 acres.
Joseph Haskins—house and lot and 55 acres of S. Sparklin, sheriff.
Dick Haskins—house and lot.
Henry Jump—farm, 20 acres.
Mary Leaverton—2 houses and lots at Chapel.
Eusebius Lennard—part of Smith's Clift, 100 acres.
Daniel Lofton—house and lot, 15 acres.
Mary Leonard—Dudley's Remains, 150 acres.
Wesley Maloney, f. n.—78 acres, bought of Mary Leonard.
Andrew Mason, (Q. A).—part of his farm, 60 acres.
Wesley Parmer & Edward Bromwell—house and lot near Wye Mills.
George P. Parrott—15 acres, bought of James Corkran.
Jas. H. Ridgaway—Strawberry Hill, 325 acres.
" " Buckley, 225 acres.
Margaret Robinson—farm, 100 acres.
Griffin W. Ridgeley—Haddaway's Addition.
Samuel Rolph—part of Partnership.
John Stewart's heirs—house and lot.
John Spurry's heirs—Mount Pleasant, 170 acres.
Wm. J. Shehan—Drummond's Heath, 337 acres.
Ann E. Stevens—7 acre lot, bought of G. W. C. Leonard.
George Tilghman, f. n.—130 acre farm.
James S. Urry—Thimbleton, 44 acres.
Ann Warner—Dunwood Heath, 115 acres.
Adam Williams—2 houses and lots.
Joshua Adams—one farm.
Mary Hambleton—one farm, "Waterloo," 200 acres.

☞ Notice is hereby given, that on Tuesday the 16th day of August, 1864, between the hours of 2 and 5 o'clock of said day, in front of the Court House in Easton, I will offer the aforesaid property at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, to pay and satisfy the State tax, interest and legal charges thereon, as above mentioned.

JOHN V. LOWE,
Late Collector.

jy 26-4w

Mill Notice.

THE undersigned having re-fitted the Easton Steam Mill with new boilers and other machinery, is now prepared to accommodate the public with Grinding or Sawing. Will grind for the present on 3 days of the week, viz: 3d, 5th and 7th days—persons sending a load from a distance, by coming the over night, will be ground and can get them off early next morning. Good stabling furnished for teams. I charge one-eighth toll for Corn, the same as water mills—for wheat see my other advertisement; great inducements offered.

7th mo. 26th, 1864. WM. T. KELLY.

R. W. TEMPLEMAN & CO.,

AGENTS

FOR THE SALE OF

MARYLAND FARMS, &C.,

No. 48 Lexington Street, Baltimore, Md.

Office—(Up Stairs.)

HAVE customers for a large number of Farms, Woodlands, &c., on the Eastern Shore of Maryland—particularly in Talbot county. No charges made except when actual sales are made.

They are prepared also to obtain loans of money (to any extent) upon Mortgage of Lands on the Eastern Shore. [jy 26-6w

The President, Directors & Co., of the Easton Bank of Md., &c
vs.
Alexander Riddle, Adm'r., of Kennedy R. Owens and others.

Circuit Court for Talbot county. In Equity. July 22d, 1864.

Ordered that the sale made and reported by Samuel Hambleton, Trustee for the sale of the real estate of Kennedy R. Owens, deceased, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the sixteenth day of August next; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Talbot county once in each of three successive weeks before the said sixteenth day of August next. The Report states the amount of sales to be $11019.00.

SAM'L. T. HOPKINS, Cl'k.

True copy,
Test, SAM'L. T. HOPKINS, Cl'k.

jy 26-3w

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust, I will sell at public sale *for cash*, at "Frinsted," adjoining Oxford, on

WEDNESDAY, the 10th day of August next,

(if fair, if not the next fair day,) at ½ past 9 o'clock, A. M., the following valuable property:

THREE HEAD OF HORSES,

including a valuable brood mare with a colt by her side, an excellent ladies' and family horse, and a very handsome bay mare sired by "Skipton"—also

EIGHT HEAD OF CATTLE,

embracing a fine yoke of Oxen and a very valuable milch Cow. Also a quantity of

Farming Implements,

of all kinds and in good order; also a good buggy and sulkey with harness for each, saddles, bridles, sleigh and bells, a sail-canoe, with sails and equipments, skiff, live-boats, new set-net, lot of poultry, one surveyor's compass and fixtures, and one double-barrelled gun. Also the crop of

WHEAT

now secured upon the premises, Corn in the ear, and the growing crops of corn, potatoes and fruit upon the farm. Also a quantity of

HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN

FURNITURE,

and other articles too numerous to mention.

☞ Sale to commence at 9½ A. M., precisely.

TERMS: *Cash*—no property to be removed until paid for. I. C. W. POWELL,
Trustee of T. F. Tilghman.

jy 26-3t

☞ The creditors of T. F. Tilghman are hereby notified to file their claims with the Trustee on or before the 22d day of September next.

I. C. W. P. Trustee.

Public Sale.

THE subscriber will offer at public sale at the residence of Thomas M. Faulkner, near Easton, on

4th day (Wednesday,) 8th mo. 3d, 1864,

(if fair, if not the next fair day,)

HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE,

embracing some Mahogany Tables, Side Boards, Beds, and a large lot of Bed Clothing. Also all the stock, consisting of

22 Head of Cattle, 4 Horses, 6 Hogs also 1 Horse Cart, 1 Ox Cart, 2 Drag-harrows, lot of small harrows, plows, and other Farming Implements

LOT OF OLD CORN, WHEAT CROP LOT OF HAY, CROP OF CORN GROWING,

and many other things unnecessary to mention.

Terms:—All sums of ten dollars and under the cash will be required, above that sum a credit of six months will be given, with note and approved security, bearing interest from date. No goods to be removed till the terms are complied with. Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M.

WM. T. KELLY, Trustee
for Thomas M. Faulkner.

jy 26-2w

For Sale.

A Four Wheel Carriage, in good order. It will be sold with or without pole and harness. Apply to the Editor of the Journal for information. [jy 19-tf

For Sale

250 Head of Sheep.

THE subscriber has for sale Two Hundred and Fifty Head of Sheep, which he will sell for a fair price. For further particulars, address the undersigned.

G. J. MEEKINS,
Near Seaford,
Delaware.

jy 19-4t

ESTRAY.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, on Saturday, 16th, inst., 3 Colts, tresspassing in his corn field. Two of them are brown, and the other is a bay. They are from 2 to 3 years of age. The owner or owners are requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, (including this advertisement,) and take them away.

jy 19-3w PERRY S. LOVE.

State of Maryland } I hereby certify that
Talbot County, to wit: } Perry S. Love, of Talbot county, proved before me the subscriber, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for said county, this 18th day of July, 1864, as a stray tresspassing upon his enclosures, 2 dark brown colts and 1 light bay colt. Given under my hand seal this 18th day of July, 1864.

W. H. SHEPARD. [Seal.]

For Freight.

THE Schooner Sally D. Hardcastle, built and fitted by the subscribers, for the accommodation of Farmers on Third Haven and adjoining waters, is offered to them for freight. John W. Beckwith, well known for care, skill and experience will be Master—and the business attended to by J. A. Ridgaway in person. One of the subscribers will be at Easton every Tuesday, to receive orders for freights. By promptness and despatch they will endeavor to merit whatever favor is conferred on them.

J. A. RIDGAWAY,
NATH'L. LEONARD,
J. P. RIGBY.

jy 19-3m

Stockholders' Notice.

THE Stockholders of the Maryland Military Academy Company are hereby notified to meet at the office of the Md. & Del. Rail Road Company, in Easton, on Saturday 30th inst., at 11 o'clock, A. M., to elect Trustees to settle the business of said Company.

T. TILGHMAN,
Surviving Trustee.

jy 12-3t

For Sale.

A THOROUGH-BRED ALDERNEY BULL, two years old—a very handsome animal.—He will be sold cheap if applied for at once.—Apply to (jy 12-1m) JAS. H. GRACE.

ESTRAY.

CAME to the farm of the subscriber, near Easton, about the 1st of April last, a very small Lamb. It has no marks on it. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, (including this advertisement,) and take it away. WM. L. ARRINGDALE.

jy 12-3t

LOST,

ON Saturday the 2d of July, a piece of yellow paper, containing forty-eight dollars—four tens and one five on the Easton Bank of Maryland and three one dollar Government notes.

The finder of the above money will receive a reward by leaving it with Mr. John Satterfield; a person was seen to pick it up. Also, lost at the same time, a bunch of keys.

jy 12-3t EMUEL JOHNSON.

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Talbot county, in the State of Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Thomas Keithley, late of Talbot county, dec'd. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same properly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 21st day of June, 1865, otherwise they may be by law excluded from all the benefits of the said estate.

MATILDA A. KEITHLEY, Adm'rx.,
of Thomas Keithley, deceased.

jy 12-3t

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Talbot county, in the State of Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Haslett C. Mackey, late of Talbot county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same properly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 16th day of June, 1865, otherwise they may be by law excluded from all the benefits of the said deceased's estate.

WILLIAMINA H. C. MACKEY., adm'rx.
of H. C. Mackey, dec'd.

jy 12-3t

Valuable Land

ON SKIPTON CREEK

FOR SALE.

TWO HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND on "Skipton Creek," Talbot county, a branch of Wye River. This is part of the Farm formerly owned by Mrs. Mary Emory, and recently purchased by F. A. Wallis, Esq., of Thos. J. Clark, Esq.

One hundred and thirty acres of this land is heavily timbered, the growth consisting of the finest White Oak, Red Oak, Hickory and Chestnut. Its proximity to navigable water and the fine timber render this Tract a very desirable one, as the high price of Timber of all kinds is now well known. Any quantity from one hundred and fifty to two hundred acres will be sold to suit the purchaser. Some thirty acres have had all of the timber, except the Chestnut of the finest quality, cut off and only requires the removal of the undergrowth to put it in cultivation next Spring. It is sold only because there is too much timber for the Farm.

Terms:

One third cash—balance in one and two years with interest, properly secured.

SAM'L. HAMBLETON,
Attorney for F. A. Wallis.

june 28, 1864.—tf

☞ Delaware Gazette copy once a week for three weeks and send bill to Attorney.

TRUSTEE'S SALE

OF

Valuable Real Estate

IN

OXFORD NECK, TALBOT COUNTY, MD.

UNDER and by virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Talbot county, sitting in Equity, the undersigned, as Trustees, will expose at public sale, at the front door of the Court House; in the town of Easton, on

TUESDAY, the 2nd day of August next,

between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock, P. M., on that day, that farm called

"East Otwell,"

the residence of the late Rev. Thomas Bayne, handsomely situated in

Oxford Neck,

on the beautiful waters of the

TREAD AVON RIVER,

and adjoining the lands of the late Col. Nicholas Goldsborough, and distant from Easton, the county town, about 9 miles, and from Oxford 4 miles, and of easy access to Baltimore by Steamboat and Packet; the neighborhood is pleasant and agreeable—affording fine Church privileges, with Post Office, Stores, Mills, and Smith Shops, in convenient proximity, and the creek affords an ever ready resource for all the luxuries of the table. For healthfulness, quality of soil, beauty of location, and above all, for large resources for the highest improvements, it is unsurpassed. Marl abounds all over the land.

This land has been recently surveyed and divided and will be sold in two lots.

LOT No. 1,

is unimproved by buildings, and contains the quantity of 132 Acres, 2 Roods and 2 Perches of Land, of which about 23½ acres are in wood.

LOT No. 2,

is improved by a good and convenient frame dwelling, with out-houses sufficient for the farm, and contains 169 Acres, 3 Roods and 18 Perches, of which about 33½ acres are in wood.

The wood land is well set in white oak and pine and is of the original growth.

Plats of the above land can be seen by applying to the undersigned.

Terms of Sale:

One-third of the purchase money to be paid in cash on the day of sale, and the balance in nine and eighteen months from the day of sale; the deferred payments to be secured by the bond of the purchaser with security to be approved by the Trustees, bearing interest from the day of sale.

LEVIN H. CAMPBELL,
JAMES LL. MARTIN,
Trustees.

jy 12-4t

300 Cords

Of Wood For Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale on the place formerly owned by the late George Hale, dec'd. 300 Cords of Wood, mostly oak, delivered in Easton, in parcels of 5, 10 or more cords to one order, during the fall or early winter, at $4,00 per cord. Apply to

je 28-tf L. K. WILSON.

TURNIP SEED.—Purple top flat, Rutabaga and Dale's Hybrid Turnip Seed, for sale by

jy 19 DAWSON & BRO.

MACHINE OILS.—A superior Oil for Wheat Machines, &c., also pure Salad Oil and Eclipse Axle Grease, for sale by

jy 19 DAWSON & BRO.

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