Damon Gibson	75
Richard O Gore	8 00
Alex Harden	2 85
Frederick Mops	75
Robert Plummer	1 80
Harrison Price	1 80
	$26 60

WITNESSES TO THE COURT.

Wm H Bostick	1 50
John Chance	6 30
L Dodson	3 00
George Gale	75
Geo H Hopkins	2 35
Thos R Hollyday	3 20
Luther M Jones	4 25
Wm T Kelly	75
Ed T Leonard	2 40
Michael McCale	1 50
Matthew Spencer	75
Richard Thomas	75
Danl Waters	4 50
Dr W G G Wilson	2 25
	$34 25

JURORS IN CASE OF JOHN WELCH, LUNATIC.

Columbus Elliot	2 50
James H Grace	2 50
Geo W Garey	2 50
Saml B Hopkins	2 50
John F Kersey	2 50
Wm Mason	2 50
H M Nicols	2 50
Thos C Nicols, sr.	2 50
James C Norris	2 50
Jos Rasin	2 50
Ed D Thompson	2 50
Jos Y B Wright	2 50
	$30 00
L Dodson	75
Jos Graham	75
Jesse Hughes	75

WITNESSES PROVED SINCE LAST LEVY.

Saml M Bostick	1 50
James C Davis	1 60
T Haddaway	2 35
Saml Steel	3 40
	$8 85

Appeal Case of Tilghman vs. Sherwood.

M G Feddeman	10 00

Witnesses in case of Thomas Ratcliff, Lunatic.

Dr Jas H Anderson	75
Wm H Bostick	75
Dr J E M Chamberlaine	75
Columbus Elliott	75
	$3 00

Judges of Election, Oct. 1864.

Wm Mason	4 00
Jos Rasin	4 00
R Tharp	8 00
	$16 00

Clerks.

Jas W Benny	4 00
M G Feddeman	4 00

Judges of Election, Nov. 1864.

Wm Mason	8 00
Jos Rasin	8 00
R Tharp	12 00
	$28 00

Clerks.

Jas W Benny	8 00
M G Feddeman	8 00
	$16 00

(To be continued.)

Reconstruction in Georgia.

Mr. James Johnson of that State has been ar- of his office by issuing a very temperate proclamation. From the evidence presented to us in that document, we incline to the belief that Mr. Johnson is a conservative man, and that his selection constitutes another instance in which the arbitrary overthrow of the sovereignties of the South finds more or less palliation in the promise of its results.

The proclamation of Mr. Johnson of Georgia has made an important advance on that of other "Provisional Governors." Ignoring the outrage of making military officers again eligible to the offices of civil life, he begins his "reconstruction" by recognizing the civil agents of the Government whose powers he has been made to usurp. In revolution this has been, to some extent, a general rule. In France the judges who had presided on the bench, under one rule, continued, under its successor.—And the English dignitaries that administered justice in the time of Cromwell, continued to do so, without let or hindrance, in the time of Charles the Second. Therefore, then, should that expediency of order not apply, with still greater force, in "a case in which the sovereignty has not been overthrown, if the war just closed had not been one directed against *States*, rather than, as it pretended, against persons?" We are glad to observe, we repeat, that Governor Johnson has discarded military magnates, in his "reconstruction" of Georgia, and has ordered that the oath of amnesty shall be administered by those civil officers of the State, the County "Ordinaries."—*N. York News.*

The New Constitution of Missouri.

A correspondent, writing from St. Louis, says of the Constitution lately adopted in Missouri:

Probably no State in the Union has such stringent features in its organic law against persons who have been in arms against the United States Government or expressed sympathy for those who have thus been in arms. This is the leading idea, which bristled like a sharp sword all through the proceedings of the Convention which adopted the Constitution. The peculiar anti-Rebel features are as follows:

First—Disfranchisement of all persons who have been in arms or given countenance to rebellion against the Government.

Second—Disqualification from holding any office of trust or profit, either of a public nature or private corporation, or even as a teacher in a school.

Third—Disqualification from serving as a witness or juror in civil or criminal cases.

Fourth—A prohibition imposed on the Legislature from altering or amending these features before 1871.

A Masonic Convention.

Past-Grand Master Wintersmith, of Kentucky, has published an address to the leading members of the Masonic fraternity in the United States, calling a convention of Masons to meet in Louisville on the second Monday in October next.—The object of this convention is stated to be to promote a spirit of harmony and friendship throughout our whole country, to reconcile alienated States, to heal the wounds of war, and restore the old "union of hearts and union of hands."

Condition of the South.

From the New York Commercial (Republican.)

A gentleman who has returned to New York from a tour through all the returned States East of Mississippi says that it is impossible to conceive of a more docile and tractable people than are the the late insurgents now. In fact, he thinks the greatest fear is that they have been so utterly crushed by the loss of property and slaves, and the failure of their hopes, that it will be very difficult to rally them. There is no occassion, he affirms, for visiting more punishment upon them than has already been experienced, but we need to encourage them with friendly words and greetings, lest they sink into an utter state of despondency.

THE JOURNAL.

A. BROWN—Proprietor.

TUESDAY MORNING, AUG. 29, 1865.

S. M. PETTINGILL & Co.,

No. 37 Park Row, New York,

are our Agents in that city, and are authorized to take Advertisements and Subscriptions for us at our *lowest rates.*

Jos. R. H. Graham, Esq., at No. 286 West Pratt street, Baltimore, is authorized to receive subscription and advertising for us at *lowest rates.*

General News.

General Ramsey, formerly of the Confederate army, and at one time in command at Knoxville, Tennessee, has been arrested at Nashville and sent to Knoxville, to be tried on the charge of murder. The real cause of the arrest may however be readily traced to the fact that Brownlow and others were themselves arrested and imprisoned at Knoxville when General Ramsay was in command there. Col. Miller of the Federal army, and but recently the radical candidate for Congress, in the first district of Tennessee, has been arrested by order of General Stoneman, on charges involving serious consequences. The Brigade Quartermaster and the Commissary of Col. Miller's command were arrested at the same time.

We learn from Washington that it is not true, as so frequently reported, that General Butler has repeatedly tendered his resignation, and that the Government as often refused to accept it.—We are assured, moreover, that there would have been no hesitancy in accepting his resignation if he had made the request in any manner that would leave it open to the decision of the Department.

At Jeffersonville, Indiana, the feeling of the white soldiers and citizens is said to be intense against the negro regiment quartered there. Murder of the most diabolical character are charged to have been committed by the negro soldiers, and as yet no arrests have been made. Two of the negro soldiers have, however, been killed in retaliation, and the excitement was increasing to such an extent that it was hoped that the authorities would promptly take such measures as would protect the citizens and preserve in future the peace of the city.

The court-martial which met at Washington on Tuesday last for the trial of Captain Wirz, formerly commandant of the Andersonville military prison, and which was summarily and mysteriously adjourned without any assigned cause, reassembled yesterday. In the meantime, the former commission had been dissolved, and a new commission, composed of the same members was appointed. The charge of conspiracy was also altered by striking out the name of Robert E Lee, James A. Seddon and Lucius C. Northrop. The charge of murder was retained. After remonstrating against the arraignment of the prisoner on new charges, without giving notice of these charges to his counsel, Judge Hughes asked for additional time to enable the accused to prepare his defence. The court was accordingly adjourned until to day. The counsel for Captain Wirz then indignantly withdrew from the case, conceiving that time all they could do under such circumstances would be to enquire for and go in search of the Judge Advocate, who refused to see them. The correspondent of the Philadelphia *Ledger*, who profess to speak by authority, states that the circular addressed by the Freedmen's Bureau to the subordinate Bureau at New Orleans, in regard to the tenure of lands, occupied in Louisiana by freedmen and refugees, has been disapproved of by President Johnson, where the instructions thus issued relate to cases in which a full pardon has been granted by the Executive.

The Mississippi State Convention now in session, has passed the Constitutional Amendment abolishing slavery by a vote of eighty-six yeas to eleven nays.

Major General Wheeler, formerly of the Confederate army, was severely beaten at Nashville on Thursday last by Colonel Blackburn and Captain Queen, two Federal officers. The cause of offence is alleged to have been a threat that was made by General Wheeler during the war to kill Blackburn if he ever took him prisoner. Wheeler was in bad health when the attack was made upon him.

It is reported from Washington that all the negro soldiers are to be mustered out of service in the course of a few months. The number of white troops to be retained, to constitute the regular army of the United States, is estimated at one hundred and twenty-five thousand men.

The San Francisco papers of August 3d report the loss of the steamship Brother Jonathan, bound from San Francisco to Portland, Oregon, and Victoria. More than two hundred persons were drowned, or otherwise lost their lives, only fourteen men and one woman being saved. Among the passengers were Brigadier General Wright and family. General Wright was *en route* to take command of the Department of Columbia.

Further accounts of the depredations of the Shenandoah have been received. The bark St. Pike had arrived at San Francisco with the crews of seven vessels destroyed by the Shenandoah.

President Johnson has telegraphed to Governor Sharkey, of Mississippi, congratulating the Convention of that State on the progress it has made in preparing the way for resuming its position in the Union.

The Registers.—For a few weeks past, the Board of Registers of this County have been in session, we believe, two days each week—at least such is the fact in this election district. How many are being registered in each of the districts we have not learned, but suppose, if they are acting in concert throughout the county, as they do in this district, there will not be one-fourth of the voters registered—so far, we learn, only about 70 in this district out of over 400. Some of their party we were going to say, but we change it and say, some Union men have denounced the whole affair as the greatest outrage ever imposed upon a free and intelligent people. They have said, now that the war is over all hostile feelings should cease, and that a spirit of reconciliation take its place. But how few of this class does one meet with in this community? But with the others there seems to be a hatred so deep and abiding against all who will not subscribe to their absurd heresies and political dogmas, they would if they were able, sweep them from the face of the earth at a single blow.

From Queen Anne's and Kent counties we hear it stated that *nearly all* of the voters are being registered as loyal. If this is the case, and we do not doubt it, the people of Talbot and Caroline must have committed some very grave offences to be cursed in the way they have been (in the appointment of their rulers) for the past few years. Read the following from the Denton *Journal* of Saturday last, and in it you will see how little the Registers for that county care for the plain provisions of the law, but are determined that none except those who think as they do, shall have the benefit of it. In this county they do not sit with closed doors, which, we believe, is the main difference between the two places:

At a meeting held in Denton on Saturday, 19th inst., in accordance with previous notice, to consider the course of the Registers of the 2d Election District of Caroline county to holding secret sessions of the board &c., the following preamble and resolutions were adopted;

Whereas, We the citizens of the 2d Election District of Caroline county, Md., are having our most sacred rights passed upon under the registry act of the last General Assembly of Maryland, by the board of Registers appointed to execute the said law; and whereas the said board of Registers are acting in direct and persistent violation of the said law in the following manner: 1st, in that they sit with closed doors. 2d, that they admit but one person before the board at the same time to wit: the person making application for registration. 3d, that they give no information as to whether charges have been preferred against the applicant for registration, but proceed in a secret manner and without notice to summon witnesses before them to testify against the loyalty of those whom they are determined not to register, and so in secret session condemn unheard those whom they have predetermined not to register. 4th, that they refused to inform applicants whether they are registered as qualified voters or disqualified, who are the witnesses against them, or whether there are any witnesses against them, and

Whereas, no more flagrant outrages could not be committed upon the free citizens of a republican government; and whereas to tamely submit to be disfranchised, because of nonconformity with every dogma and chimerical doctrine set up by the petty party leaders here as to fealty and loyalty to our national government, would be slavish and unmanly, therefore

Resolved, That as citizens loyal in the past, now and hereafter, to the government of the United States and the State of Maryland, and as good citizens, we do not object to a fair execution of the Registration law.

Resolved, That we most cordially accept the interpretation of the Registration Law and the duties of the Registers thereunder as set forth in the letter of Gov. Bradford (and endorsed by Attorney General Randall) to Mr. Porken one of the Registers for Baltimore county, and expect the law to be executed in accordance with the view of his excellency in said letter expressed.

Resolved, That a committee be appointed by this meeting whose duty it shall be to wait upon the Governor, and represent to him fairly and fully our grievances provided the board of Registers shall persist in the course heretofore by them pursued.

After the appointment of the committee provided for by the last resolution, the meeting adjourned.

To Correspondents.—"The Song of the Pen," a poem by "S," of Baltimore, and "The Dying Mariner," by "M," also a poem, have been received, but owing to our columns being occupied with the County Statement we have to defer their publication for a few weeks.

☞Having been disappointed in getting the type which we had ordered we are again unable this morning to lay before our patrons the full County Statement.

New Goods.—Messrs. Powell & Wright having repainted their store, and having just returned from the city with a new stock of Goods, suitable for fall and winter use, are now ready to accommodate all who may call on them. Call and go in the "Green Store," where you will find the proprietors ever ready to oblige all that may feel disposed to look at their goods.

The Platform of the Democrats of Pennsylvania.

The Democracy of Pennsylvania, assembled in convention at Harrisburg on Thursday last, and among others adopted the following resolutions:

Second—That if the counsels of the democratic party had prevailed the Union would have been saved in all its integrity and honor, without the slaughter, debt and disgrace of a civil war. But when the formation of sectional parties in the North and in the South, and the advent of one of these parties into the seats of power made war a fact which we could not counteract, we sustained the Federal authorities in good faith, asking nothing at their hands except a decent respect for our legal and some show of common honesty in the management of our financial affairs, but in both these particulars we were disappointed and betrayed.

Third—That the Constitution established by our Revolutionary fathers is entitled to our unqualified respect and obedience; the oath to support it is binding, religiously, morally and legally, at all times, under all circumstances, and in every part of the country; upon all public officers, from the highest to the lowest, as well as upon private citizens; it is only by a strict observance of its provisions, and a rigid enforcement of its obligations in all the States, that we can hope for union, liberty, or peace. He who wilfully violates it, or counsels violation by others, is a public enemy and dishonest man.

Fourth—That among the rights guaranteed to us by the plainest words of the Constitution are these:—Free press, freedom from arbitrary arrest and illegal imprisonment, trial by jury, the writ of habeas corpus, the perfect immunity of all persons not in the army or navy from any species of punishment for crime or pretended crime which is not the legal consequence of a legal conviction by an impartial jury, the absolute subordination of all military power to the civil authority and the privilege of white citizens to vote at the State elections, according to the laws of the State.

Fifth—That we fully concur with President Johnson in the conviction expressed by him in 1860, and repeated several times since, that the Federal Government is sovereign within its proper sphere; that it acts not through or upon the States, but directly upon individuals; that the States could not absolve the people from their federal obligations; that the State ordinances of secession were nullities, and, therefore, when the attempted revolution came to an end by the submission of the insurgents, the States were as much a part of the Union as they had been before. Their people were bound to the same duties and clothed with the same rights, excepting, of course, such rights as individuals among them had legally forfeited by their own acts in the meantime, and we hereby declare that so far as we can prevent it, the resumption of their proper places in the Union by those States, some of whose citizens were lately in rebellion, shall not be impeded or delayed by the unlawful interference of that faction at the North which was always hostile to the Union, which now pronounces it legally dissolved, and which is still malignantly laboring to prevent its restoration.

Sixth—That the effort now making by certain persons to use the power of the General Government with a view to force negro suffrage on the States against the will of the people and contrary to existing laws, is not only a high crime against the Constitution, but a deliberate and wicked attempt to put the States of this Union (all of them more or less and some of them entirely) under the domination of negroes, to Africanize a large portion of the country, and degrade the white race, morally and socially as well as politically, to the low level of the black. We will not acknowledge the incapacity of our own race to govern itself, nor surrender the destinies of the country into the hands of negroes, nor put themselves under their guardianship, nor give up to them the political privileges which we inherited from our fathers, and we exhort our brethren in other States to take up the same attitude and maintain it firmly.

Seventh.—That we will support President Johnson in every just effort he may make to place all the States in their proper positions to give to them a fair representation in Congress to save them from the curse of negro equality; he shall have our hearty approval when he inflicts legal punishment by means of legal tribunals upon offenders against the United States, and we will be with him in every means which looks to the maintenance of the public credit. But our full approval of his administration can be founded only in the belief that he will execute the law, the whole law and nothing but the law in all parts of the country; that he will not allow the military to interfere with State elections; that he will punish kidnapping and robbery through the legal authorities, whether committed by Federal officers or private citizens, and that he will suffer no person to be murdered by military commission, upon these measures there can be no compromise; he that is not for us is against us.

Eight.—That in view of our enormous national debt, the great weight of our State taxes, and the local burdens imposed upon us in divers ways economy and retrenchment becomes an important duty of all our representatives, and to this end the vast standing army now on foot ought to be disbanded, the navy should be reduced and extravagant practices lately introduced into the Government should be totally abolished.

Eleventh.—That the noble manner in which the democratic press of this commonwealth have responded in defense of the liberties of the nation amid trials and difficulties almost unparalleled, is deserving of our grateful recognition, and should entitle to it the encouragement of every Constitution loving citizen.

Twelfth.—That we reaffirm our adherence to the Monroe doctrine.

A curious case of insanity lately manifested itself in a village in Moravia. An inhabitant of the place went one night to the cemetery, and when there stripped himself naked and employed all the articles of his dress in covering over the images of the saints with which the tomb abound When discovered in a state of nudity he declared that he did not wish the saints should be exposed to the cold.

A Profitable Voyage.—The bark Pioneer, of New London Conn., which sailed on the 4th of June 1864, for Hudson's bay, has made the best whaling voyage on record. She has arrived at St. Johns, N. F., with 1,800 barrels of oil and 30,000 pounds of whale bone. The value of her cargo is $150,000, of which $100,000 is profit.

P. T. KENNARD,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

(Office Opposite the M. P. Church.)

EASTON, MD.

jan 19-1y

CHARLES H. GIBSON,

Attorney at Law,

EASTON, MARYLAND.

Office opposite the M. P. Church.

jan 3-1y

Baltimore Prices Current.

[Corrected from the Baltimore Sun of Saturday.]

BALTIMORE, Aug. 26, 1865.

Wheat.—To-day 2500 bushels white and 9000 bushels red received; prices firm; sales of white very small, comprising only 100 bushels at $2.80; 2000 bushs ordinary red sold at 2 a $2 20; 1800 bushs good to prime do. at 2 80 a $2 85, and 565 bushs prime old do. at $2 40 per bushel.

Corn—1700 bushs white and 1000 bushs yellow received, with sales of 3100 bushs at 91 cts. measure and 45a50 cts. weight.

Oats.—8600 bushs received, with sales of 3100 bushs at 41 cts. measure and 45a50 cts. weight.

Rye.—300 bushs offered, and 40 bushs sold at 80 cents per bushel.

Died,

At "Isthmus," on the 22d inst., Charles Spencer, youngest son of Henry and Maria Louisa Banning, aged 4 years, 11 months and 22 days.

[Baltimore Gazette will please copy.]

The subject of the above notice, an innocent child of four years, was accidentally drowned on Tuesday last, at the residence of his Grand Father.

Death under ordinary circumstances falls heavily upon the afflicted Parents, but when the loved one is snatched away, in the full bloom of health, it adds poignancy to grief.

Some one has said of those who die young, that "they are like the young lambs which the Alpine shepherds carry in their arms to higher and greener pastures that the old may follow."

Let us hope, therefore, that the little baby-boy, sleeping in the arms of Jesus, may be the means of drawing nearer to our Heavenly Master, those who were dearest to the little one, so suddenly and unexpectedly ushered into the abyss of eternity.

"No night shall be in heaven. Forbid to sleep,
Those eyes no more their mournful vigils keep,
Their fountains dried—their tears all wiped away;
They gaze undazzled on eternal day."

On Monday, August 14th, John Eldridge, son of James M. and Laura J. Wooters, aged 9 months and 7 days.

In this visitation of Divine Providence is keenly felt that sorrow which is the common trial of those who are called to be parents. It must be that we suffer this bereavement and be stung with such a proof of our mortality, yet under the dark cloud of affliction there comes forth light and consolation in the assurance that our "child was caught up unto God and to His throne."

Oh, this is blest relief!
Our fainting heart it cheers;
It cools our burning grief,
And sweetens all our tears.

Lecture.—The eleventh Lecture of the Course before the Easton Lyceum will be delivered by Louis A. Leonard, Esq., in the Court Room, on Friday evening next. The public are invited to attend. [aug 29

Estray.

Came to the subscriber's farm, near Easton, a short time since, a spotted Sow, with three large shoats by her side. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges (including this advertisement) and take her away. (aug 29-3t) Alex. H. Mackey.

Horses for Sale.

The subscriber intending to reduce his farm cultivation another year, will sell at private sale, several fine farm Horses, Mares and Colts. Terms reasonable.

LUTHER C. COX,

aug 29-3t G3t Perry Hall.

Dry Goods, &c.,

AT THE

GREEN STORE.

The subscribers having just returned from the city with a complete assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware and the choicest Liquors, are prepared to sell them at a very *small advance for cash.* Having purchased their stock for cash they can offer great inducements to Cash buyers. Call and see the *GREEN HOUSE* before purchasing elsewhere.

aug 29 Powell & Wright.

Notice to Farmers.

The subscriber takes this method of informing the citizens of Talbot and the adjoining counties that he has on hand and is constantly manufacturing all kinds of Castings, suitable for Fall use, such as Single, Double and Treble Ploughs. Besides the very large stock on hand at present, all kinds of Castings or Ploughs will be made to order.

Those having repairing to be done should send it in early in order that it may be completed in time for use.

aug 29 Chas. Keilholtz.

FERTILIZERS.

Mape's Super Phosphate of Lime, a most valuable Fertilizer for wheat and grass, has been thoroughly tested here for the past two years and given general satisfaction.

Price $60 per ton delivered at Easton Point or nearest landing.

aug 29-1m ROB'T. B. DIXON,

PROPOSALS.

Proposals for building a Catholic Church in Easton, Md., will be received until the 15th of September next. It is to be a frame building, materials found; dimensions 55 by 32 feet, 16 feet pitch, 12 foot gallery by 32, of Gothic style; to be passed and inspected by a master workman selected by the Building Committee. Any information given and plan exhibited by

HOWES GOLDSBOROUGH,
for Committee.

aug 29-3t

P. S.—Papers favorable will be pleased give one insertion. H. G.

Horses! Horses

Ten fine valuable young Horses, suitable for road or farm work—for sale or trade. Can be seen for a few days only at Albertsons & Co.'s Hotel. (aug 22 3t) Rice & Ehchart.

Notice.

The notes given at the sale of the Personal Estate of John B. Blades are now due and immediate payment is requested.

John C. Bartlett, Adm'r. D. B. N.,
aug 22-3t of John B. Blades.

Notice.

Came to the premises of the subscriber about the 1st of August inst., 10 head of Sheep—they are rather rough looking, and most of them are Bucks. The owner will please come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away.

aug 22-3t Wm. K. Leonard.

Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given, that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Talbot county, in the State of Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Jas. D. Bromwell, late of Talbot county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same properly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 10th day of August, 1866, otherwise they may be by law excluded from all the benefits of the said deceased's estate.

EMILY J. BROMWELL, adm'rx.
of James D. Bromwell, dec'd.

aug 22-3t

WASHINGTON COLLEGE,

Chestertown,

KENT COUNTY, MD.,

FOUNDED IN 1782.

By its elevated, healthful and beautiful situation, ample buildings, apparatus and library; its daily communication with Baltimore and Philadelphia and its *very low* charges for Board and Tuition; this Institution, now about to begin its 84th year, offers advantages perhaps not surpassed by any similar College.

For Catalogues, etc., address

Rev. Andrew Sutton, M. A.,
Principal.

Ezekiel F. Chambers, L. L. D.,
Pres't. Board of Vis. and Governors.

Peregrine Wroth, M. D., Secretary.

☞The Fall Term will begin September 25th.

aug 22 5t

TAXES FOR 1865.

Having been re-appointed Collector for State and County Taxes for the year 1865—the subscriber will be prepared with the new books on and after Saturday, 19th August.

FIVE PER CENT. OFF.

All payments of State Taxes made during the month of August are subject to a discount of 5 per cent.; in September, 4 per cent.; and in October, 3 per cent. "A penny saved is a penny made."

For the greater convenience of persons in District No. 3, the Collector will be found at the Trappe on the first Saturday in every month, beginning with September.

Taxes due for 1864, should now be paid, the commissioners need the money, and "delays are sometimes dangerous."

The public's obedient servant,

aug 22 3t J. H. McNEAL, Col.

India Cologogue

An unfailing remedy for Fever and Ague and other Bilious Diseases, for sale at the Drug Store of (aug 22) L. H. Campbell.

TOWN COMMISSIONERS' *Notice.*

The Commissioners of the Town of Easton, will meet at their Room in the Court House, on

Wednesday, the 6th,
Thursday, the 7th, and
Friday, the 8th of September,

next, and hold a session on each of the above named days, from 3 o'clock P. M., until 5 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of hearing appeals and making abatements in the assessable property of the taxable inhabitants of the Town.

By order of the Board,

Levin H. Campbell,
aug 22-3t Secretary.

Dr. E. K. Goldsborough

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Having located at Mr. Henry C. Morgan's, Talbot County, Md., near Hillsborough, offers his professional services to the public.

aug 15-3m*

Private Sale.

Will be sold at private sale, several fine Horses, among which are two excellent brood Mares, and a pair of Mules.

Also, I will sell a lot of Farming Implements—consisting of Carts, Plows, &c. Apply to

A. H. MACKEY,
aug 15-4t Near Easton.

Crackers.—Just received a supply of fresh Water, Soda and Fox Crackers.

aug 8 Jas. H. Grace.

Trustee's Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Talbot County, sitting as a Court of Equity, I will offer for sale at public auction, on

Tuesday, 12th of September, 1865,

at the Court House door in the Town of Easton, at 2 o'clock P. M., a portion of the real estate of which the late Thomas S. Hayward, Esq., died seized, lying in Bayly's Neck, Talbot county, about six miles from the Town of Easton; containing

100 *Acres of Land*

20 of which are in timber.

This farm is without buildings—is situated on the Third Haven River, on bold navigable water and contains one of the finest building sites in the county, embracing an extensive water view, as well, as, of the surrounding country.

The land is naturally very fertile and has been improved by the free use of manures; it lies high, is slightly undulating and contains a large quantity of Indian shells, which renders the use of lime on a large portion of it unnecessary. It is in a perfectly healthy and agreeable neighborhood, convenient to church, school and mills, and the waters surrounding it abound in oysters, fish, crabs and ducks in their season. Further description is deemed unnecessary as persons desirous of purchasing will have an opportunity of examining it by calling upon the undersigned, who resides immediately adjoining.

TERMS:

The terms of sale as prescribed by the decree are: One-third of the purchase money to be paid in cash on the day of sale, and the balance in two equal payments at six and twelve months from the day of sale—the deferred payments to bear interest from the day of sale and to be secured by the bonds of the purchaser with security to the satisfaction of the Trustee.

HENRY E. BATEMAN, Trustee.

Wm. K. Rathell, Auc'tr.

aug 22-4t

Public Sale.

The subscriber intending to discontinue business will offer at public sale at his residence near Easton, on

WEDNESDAY, September 6th,

Household & Kitchen FURNITURE,

FARMING IMPLEMENTS,

consisting of Horse Carts, Ox Carts and everything necessary to carry on a farm. Also

Mules, Oxen, very fine Milch Cows,

HORSES,

(among which is a very fine saddle Pony.) Sows and Pigs and Sty Hogs. Also Saddle, Carriage and Harness. Among the farming implements may be found a

WHEAT CUTTER.

Lot of Hay, &c.

Terms.—On all sums of and under ten dollars the cash will be required; on all over that amount a credit of six months will be given, to be secured by note with approved security bearing interest from day of sale. Stamps at expense of purchaser. Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M. (aug 22 3t) Rd. A. Stevens.

Campbell's Pure Essence of Jamaica Ginger.

Ginger is a grateful stimulant and carminative, and is often given in *Gout, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Cramp, Cholera Morbus, Cholic, Cholera, &c., &c.*

In *Nervous and Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Nausea, Imperfect Digestion*, or from nausea induced by riding in a carriage, &c. it will be found most agreeable to the stomach and palatable to the taste, and affording at the same time almost in all cases immediate relief.

To the *Inebriate* it is particularly serviceable; a very small quantity used instead of the usual stimulant will give tone and vigor to the digestive organs, and impart strength to resist the temptation, and may therefore be considered an invaluable agent in reclaiming the drunkard.

The traveling public will also find it very efficacious in correcting the bad results arising from a change of water and diet, a few drops of which will give a glow and vigor to the stomach, equal to a wine glassful of brandy or other stimulant, without producing any of the injurious and overrating effects which are sure to result from the use of stimuli of any kind. *It is also a superior article for flavoring Jellies, Preserves, Cakes, and for other culinary uses*, besides making a good beverage in hot weather.

Levin H. Campbell,
Druggist and Pharmaceutist,
aug 22 Easton, Md.

Prospectus

OF THE

"EASTON STAR."

THE Editor of "The Star" has the pleasere to announce to the friends and patrons of the paper, and to the public, that arrangements have been made to resume publication about the first of September.

It is unnecessary here to advert to the circumstances under which the *Star* ceased to appear in May, 1863. All will doubtless be gratified to know that it will soon resume its former position, as the unflinching advocate of Democratic principles,—the fearless champion of Constitutional government.

The old friends of the paper are earnestly solicited to give the new enterprise their sympathy and support. Subscribers will oblige the Editor by forwarding their names at once, in order that their subscriptions may commence with the first issue. Advertisers will please send in their advertisements as early as possible, so that they may be prominently displayed in the initial number. Business men are assured that no pains will be spared to make the *Star* one of the best advertising mediums on the Eastern Shore.

The Editor is compelled to announce, that the circumstances under which the publication of the paper is resumed, render it absolutely necessary, that *all Subscriptions should be paid in advance.*

Democrats throughout the State, and particularly in Talbot County, will confer a favor on the Editor by actively co-operating with him, with a view to give to the Star a large circulation.—Never in the history of the country was there such an urgent necessity for a general circulation of sound Democratic papers—never in the history of the Government, were so many well ascertained truths in political economy repudiated as errors, and so vast a number of gross heresies accepted as truths. The prevailing insanity in political ethics can only be cured by a free and unfettered Democratic press.

Terms 1 copy one year $2,00—20 copies, one year $30,00

All communications must be addressed to the undersigned, at Easton, Talbot County, Md.

THOMAS K. ROBSON,
Editor and Proprietor.

Easton, Md, Aug. 22d. 1865.

Killikinick, Uncle Sam, Danville, Maysville and Lynchburg Smoking Tobacco, of the above brands, some of *superior quality*, for sale by (aug 15 Dawson & Bro.

©Maryland State Archives, msa_sc3562_scm10072-0041.jpg