Easton Star.

EASTON, MD.

TUESDAY MORNING, May 14, 1872.

T. K. ROBSON, Editor.

Messrs. GRIFFIN & HOFFMAN, Newspaper Advertising Agents, No. 4 South street, Baltimore, Md., are duly authorized to contract for advertisements at our lowest rates. Advertisers in that city are requested to leave their favors with this house.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.—The Democratic National Executive Committee met in New York city on Wednesday and called a Democratic National Convention to meet in Baltimore, on the 9th of July The convention, when it assembles, will decide between nominating a straight-out Democratic ticket or supporting the Cincinnati nominees. At present the best thinkers in the Democratic party are very much divided in opinion as to the best policy to be pursued, or rather, are undecided as to the policy the party should adopt under the circumstances. All are agreed that the first and most important thing to be secured is the overthrow of Grant's military government, and the restoration of civil authority all over the country — While the Military Dictatorship continues, the country is at the mercy of the Dictator, and the liberties of the people are in danger As a large number of the best Republicans in the country are opposed to Grant's military government and its baneful, corrupting influence, and are willing to sacrifice their party relations to get rid of it, Democrats are called upon to make a similar sacrifice, so far as the Presidential candidates are concerned, in order that a combined attack may be made on the monster. If all the elements in the country opposed to Grant's military government combine against it, say some Democrats, its overthrow in November is inevitable, and the Democratic party will reap the advantage of the victory. On the other hand, there is a large and respectable portion of the Democracy who are opposed to any compromise; they think the future strength of the party rests on its holding fast to its principles and its organization; and that present defeat would be preferable to victory under Greeley and the Cincinnati platform. It will devolve on the National Convention to reconcile conflicting opinions and define the course to be pursued; until it meets and acts, no Democrat should commit himself; but every one should hold himself free to act for the best interests of the country in the manner authoritatively pointed out by the convention.

We publish this morning numerous extracts from papers from all parts of the country, and all shades of opinion, to show our readers what is thought of the nomination of Greeley and Brown. That Mr. Greeley will cut largely into the Radical party, and, if sustained by the Democrats, defeat Grant, there is no reason to doubt. The Radicals at Washington already see the hand writing on the wall, and are seriously talking of withdrawing Grant. Should he be withdrawn, however, it is certain that cuffy will go for "Masey Greeley" with a rush and thus ruin the future of Radicalism in the South.

Since these extracts were in type, we notice that the Democratic State Convention of Tennessee has pronounced in favor of Greeley and Brown, and against the Democratic Convention making any other nominations. At a ratification meeting of whites and blacks, held at Greenwood, South Carolina, on Thursday, the Greeley and Brown ticket and general amnesty were enthusiastically endorsed. The anti-Grant ball is evidently in motion, and it is certain to grow larger and larger at every evolution.

Some of the Northern Democratic papers personally opposed to Greeley, want the National Democratic Convention to adopt the Cincinnati platform and nominate another ticket. We do not see why any Democrat can object to the Cincinnati ticket who approves the Cincinnati platform. Of the two, we think the ticket preferable to the platform.

THE CINCINNATI CONVENTION.

Its Bill of Indictment against the Radical Party.

How the Nomination of Greeley is received by the Country.

THE VOICE OF THE PRESS.

THE COUNTRY IN A QUANDARY.

In getting up the proceedings of the Cincinnati Convention last week, we failed to print the address, constituting the bill of indictment it framed against the Radical party. We now supply that important paper.

AN ADDRESS.

The following is the address of the Committee on Resolutions:—

The Administration now in power has render ed itself guilty of a wanton disregard of the laws. It has acted as if laws had binding force only for those who govern. It has thus struck a blow at the fundamental principles of Constitutional Government, and the liberties of the citizens. The President of the United States has openly used the powers and opportunities of his high office for the promotion of personal ends. He has kept notoriously corrupt and unworthy men in places of power and responsibility, to the detriment of the public interest. He has used the public service of the Government as a machinery of partisan and personal influence, and interfered with tyrannical arrogance in the political affairs of States and municipalities. He has rewarded base influential and lucrative office men who had acquired his favor by valuable presents, thus stimulating the demoralization of our political life by his conspicuous example. He has shown himself decidedly disloyal to the task imposed upon him by the necessities of the country, and culpably careless of the responsibilities of his high office. Partisans of this Administration assuming to be the Republican party and controlling its organization, have attempted to justify such wrongs and palliate such abuses, that the end of maintaining partisan ascendancy they have stood in the way of necessary investigations and indispensable reforms, pretending that no serious fault could be found with the present Administration of public affairs, thus seeking to blind the eyes of the people. They have kept alive the passions and resentments of the late civil war, in use them for their own advantage. They have resorted to arbitrary measures in direct conflict with the organic law, instead of appealing to the better instincts and latent patriotism of the Southern people by restoring them those rights the enjoyment of which are indispensable for a cordial and substantial union of their local affairs, and could lead to more patriotic and hopeful national feeling. They have degraded themselves and the name of their party, once justly entitled to the confidence of the nation, by base servitude to the dispensers of executive power, and a patronage unworthy of a Republican freeman, they have sought to stifle the voice of just criticism, to gibbet the moral sense of the people, and to substitute for public opinion the tyrannical party discipline. They are striving to maintain themselves in authority for selfish ends by an unscrupulous use of power which rightfully belongs to the people and should be employed only in the service of the country. Believing an organization thus led and controlled can no longer be of service to the best interests of the Republic, we have resolved to make an independent appeal to the sober judgment, conscience and patriotism of the American people.

HOW GREELEY'S NOMINATION WAS RECEIVED IN NEW YORK.

New York, May 3.

This has been a day of the greatest political sensation which New York has ever experienced When the balloting first commenced bulletins appeared at nearly all the newspaper offices that Adams had been nominated on the first ballot, and there was universal satisfaction among those who believed with Schurz that the country required the services of a statesman for President Immediately after came a despatch announcing the second ballot, and the first bulletins were at once taken down. By this time immense crowds had gathered along Printing House square, and hundreds of persons stood there with pen, ink and paper in hand, to take down the figures as they were telegraphed from Cincinnati. Bets were freely offered at this juncture that Greeley would win, but found no takers. The people who crowded the sidewalks had no idea which way the Trumbull men would turn, and there was a long trying hour between the fourth and fifth ballots.

GREELEY'S NOMINATION ANNOUNCED.

Suddenly before the fifth ballot came along a despatch was posted on the Tribune bulletin as follows:

"HORACE GREELEY.—You have been nominated on the sixth ballot.
(Signed) ANSON STOKES."

The crowd in front of the Tribune office, which by this time extended to the Franklin statute, gave cheers such as New York has not heard for a long time. The national emblem was raised on the Tribune office, and again the air resounded with cheers Still there were those among the crowd who wanted to see the figures before they would cheer for the nominee. Those figures came at last, and never before was there such an astonished crowd collected in one square.

HOW THE DOCTOR RECEIVED THE NEWS.

A rush was at once made for the publication office of the Tribune, where Mr. Greeley held high court Only ten minutes previously, while in conversation with a friend, he had received the despatch from Whitelaw Reid congratulating him upon the nomination. The old gentleman, though slightly nervous, nevertheless retained his usual philosophic composure, and continued the conversation with his visitor.

CONGRATULATIONS.

When the nomination was made known to Mr. Greeley, his presence was demanded by a crowd. Mr. Greeley came down from his up stairs room, and was greeted with cheers, and both hands were employed in shaking hands with enthusiastic friends. They called for a speech, when he declared that "the speaker does not speak at present." Having shaken the hands of those present, he escaped to his room, where he was subsequently congratulated by a large number of friends.

Earlier in the morning when informed that the Convention had adopted the resolution remitting to the Congressional districts the tariff and revenue question, Mr. Greeley said, "This is glory enough; now I don't care who gets the nomination." When at last the question was settled beyond a doubt that Mr. Greeley was nominated, policemen had to be stationed at the door of the Tribune office to keep the crowd from overrunning the clerks and others in the publication office, and a number of reporters endeavored to interview the nominee, but they received in answer nothing but some vague and unmeaning words. Outside the crowd kept up the cheering till 3 o'clock, when adjourned to the City Hall Park, where two brass cannons were about to fire a salute. One hundred guns suddenly startled all Broadway, and New York was thus officially made acquainted with the fact that its distinguished town-man had received the nomination for the Presidency of the United States.

WHAT THE CITY PRESS SAYS.

The Herald welcomes Greeley into the campaign as a man the American people will always respect and honor. It says whether we shall support or oppose him must be decided by himself. He has received the nomination, and if he avoids certain fallacies that have embarrassed the usefulness of his career, we shall support him, but in this we shall await the developments of the canvass and the attitude in which the nominees of all the Conventions stand before the people.

The Sun says that never has such honor been paid the newspaper press as in the nomination of two editors at Cincinnati. It believes the liberal Republicans and Southern Democracy will support Greeley, and that fact will exert a powerful influence upon the Northern Democracy. The North, South, East and West are for him. The Germans seem for him enthusiastically, and he is likely to carry the Irish vote. It only remains for the people to elect him.

The Commercial Advertiser says of the nomination: "This is an unexpected result, and furnishes a good proof of the fatuity of men who composed this Convention, and who have taken up with this new movement. Mr. Greeley never has been a formidable candidate and never will be. It remains to be seen whether the Democrats will accept Greeley, or whether they will trust to a presumed split in the Republican party and act independently. They may go for Horace or not, it will not alter the result The prospects of the Republican party have brightened."

The World editorially expresses profound surprise at the result in Cincinnati. Adams, who proved by far the strongest of all the candidates who had been expected to be strong in the Convention, might have been cordially endorsed by the World as he would have been cordially supported by Democratic votes. Greeley can receive no such indorsement, nor has he any reason to expect any such support. The World will reserve its judgment until the meeting of the Democratic National Convention.

The Express says the nomination of Greeley excites surprise and something of amazement in this quarter, but "the old white coat" will take a large portion of the rank and file of his party with him, and more than will offset Gen. Grant's military stock in trade, which is now rather rusty. The next question is what will the Democrats do, upon which all turns. Mr. Greeley has at times abused us all roughly, especially of us who were silver gray Whigs, Fillmore men, etc.; but we are a forgiving race of men and shall do what is best for our country.

The Greeley nomination does not please the Post, which heads the news thus: "The Grand Failure. The cause of Revenue Reform betrayed at Cincinnati. The Politicians Triumphant."

The Times says: "This sad farce, however, for it is a sad one, and not wholly laughable, rightly considered, should produce one grand result. It should lead the present leaders of the Republican party to consider their responsibilities to the people, to study the demands of the hour and to make their proceedings at Philadelphia worthy of the present crisis. We confess that in our opinion such men as Gen. Grant and Mr. Colfax are infinitely superior to Horace Greeley and Gratz Brown.

WHAT THE TRIBUNE SAYS.

The Tribune says, "We make no comments on the ticket presented yesterday at Cincinnati. The people, without distinction of party, are considering it, and will, in due time, indicate their judgment thereon. The platform has been to us throughout an object of much greater solicitude than the nominations, and our interest has centred in what should be said bearing on protection and free trade. There is an honest and serious difference among Republicans and Reformers on this question. Our convictions are strong on one side, and others at least equally patriotic and intelligent hold opinions antagonistic to ours. We did not wish the Convention to say we were right and we did not see with what propriety, to what profit, it could pronounce us in the wrong. To declare for either protection or free trade would repel some, perhaps many, from the support of the liberal movement while it would win over no opponent to that movement. We therefore urged the Convention simply to remit this question to the people as one on which we are not agreed, asking them to pronounce judgment thereon in the choice of members of Congress, by whom, and not by the Executive, it must be discussed and decided. This view we rejoice to say has prevailed, but its prevalence is no triumph over free trade, much less over revenue reform, be that what it may. It is simply a reference of the whole subject to the decision of the people, unprejudiced by any dictum of the Convention. If the majority are for free trade or against it, they are in service precluded by the Liberal platform from making their judgment known and respected. On the contrary, they are exhorted to do so, with an assurance that their will, thus authentically expressed, shall not be overcome by executive power. This is as we think it should be, and we do not see why any, who have faith in the people, should be alienated or offended by such a reference of the subject.

GREELEY INDORSED BY THE NATIONAL DEMOCRATS.

New York, May 7.—The National Democratic Association, a political organization recently formed under the auspices of Ben. Wood, passed a resolution last night endorsing Greeley and Brown. During the meeting Wood stated he had had an interview with Greeley and had asked him whether, and in what event, it was possible he would withdraw as a candidate.

Greeley in reply, assured him that he would remain in the field, no matter whom the Republican convention at Philadelphia might nominate, but that his withdrawal was possible should the democratic national convention make an independent nomination.

HOISTING THE FLAG.

Syracuse, N. Y., May 7.—The Courier (democratic) puts the names of Greeley and Brown at the head of its columns, subject to the approval of the National Democratic Convention

The Philadelphia Age says: The significance of the nomination of Greeley is that there is a strong desire for the restoration of a free civil government and a true and cordial union of States. Without deprecating in any degree of the two candidates who are already before the country, we think the Democracy of Pennsylvania will desire to bring into the field a statesman who will secure the confidence and deserve the support of all who aim to restore the free civil government and to purify the Administration of it.

The Brooklyn N. Y. Eagle says: The best desire of the Democracy is to change the administration of the government, because it is carrying out a policy in direct antagonism to every principle ever contended for by the democratic party. Whatever may be said against Mr. Greeley's nomination, it gives the Democratic party the power to change the administration, to overthrow the ascendency of great principles of government for which the democracy have already contended, and to obtain for the country at all events, a pure administration of its affairs. To day responsibility for the perpetuation of Grant's administration rests with the democratic party.—And to-day Grant is beaten. There is no chance of his election if the Democracy support the Cincinnati nominees, and the up to the pledges of democratic representatives in Congress, some of whom we know well in Brooklyn, and whom we trust within their party. There seems to be on the part of democratic journals, a slavish anxiety to refer to the national committee a question which they should determine themselves. This much is certain: if the democrats name a third candidate, every Grant organ in the country will applaud this decision, and it is this is the approval the democratic national convention covet, the way to secure it is quite clear, but the path to victory is not in that direction.

The Boston Post says: Mr. Greeley falls at all points to answer to the conditions of this great and promising movement. He may be in the highest sense with it, he may be its most effective advocate; he may distinguish himself above others in his personal devotion to it; yet the common sense of the country will respond that he is the last man to ride it as a candidate for the Presidency.

The Springfield (Mass.) Republican (liberal) says it is the duty of the Philadelphia Convention to ratify the Cincinnati nominations as the salvation of the republican party.

As the South is more interested than any other section in the defeat of Grant and the Military Ring, it is important to know what it thinks of the nomination of Greeley and Brown

THE VIRGINIA PRESS.

[From the Richmond (Va.) Dispatch.]

Should the democrats nominate a ticket, the result would be either to remitte the republican party by the withdrawal of the liberal ticket or to defeat that ticket and prolong the dominion of the men under whose administration of the government we have suffered so grossly and the constitution has been so often violated. We candidly think it possible that a step so like, so certainly to end in disaster, will be taken. It would be the supremest folly. Therefore, although the ticket is not to our mind, with a smile at the singularity of the situation, let us take honest old Horace and the gallant defender of liberalism from Missouri, and if our votes help to elect them we shall feel that we have done admiralty well in escaping the prolonged ruinate of ultra republicanism.

[From the Richmond Whig.]

The question for those who are not republicans is, since they have to choose between a liberal ticket and Grant and some other liberal republican, and between the Cincinnati platform and such a one as will be put forth at Philadelphia, ought they for a moment to hesitate in that choice? We do not see how any reasonable man can hesitate—Than Horace Greeley there is not a more liberal-minded, patriotic, conscientious, large-hearted man in the country.

[From the Richmond Enquirer.]

The Cincinnati convention has done its work well. It has presented the very strongest ticket to the country that could have been selected. This is the opinion of all with whom we have conversed upon the subject. It excites not a little enthusiasm when announced upon our streets yesterday, and we hear but few who would not cordially endorse the decisions of the republican Convention. The platform adopted by the convention, too, is a very good one and nobody will find any difficulty in standing squarely upon it.

[From the Lynchburg Virginian.]

As between Greeley and Grant, or any of the ring that now dominates at Washington, we could not hesitate to give our support to the former. We believe that Mr. Greeley is personally honest; that he abhors fraud and corruption, that he would labor earnestly in the cause of reform, and keep the executive branch of the government purer during his administration. He is an uncouth man, and possessed of singular independence, which would prevent him from falling into the hands of cliques and rings. The nomination of Gratz Brown for the Vice-Presidency we regard as most judicious

THE SOUTHERN PRESS.

The New Orleans papers speak as follows: The Times (dem.) has a column editorial eulogistic of the character and attainments of Mr Greeley, which closes by expressing the belief that he will defeat Grant. The Republican (Warmoth) says the choice is a good one and will undoubtedly command the confidence and support of a large majority of the American people. The Bee (dem.) thinks the nomination of Greeley a bad one. It has no idea that the democratic party will endorse it. On the contrary it thinks it insures a straight-out nomination by the democratic convention. The Picayune (ind.) believes the nomination of Adams would have been preferable, but says many accept Horace Greeley on the ground that he is at least honest. It does not think the nomination of a democratic ticket within the range of possibility. The National Republican (adm.) says the deed is done, and the Schurzites and Trumbullites are undone. It does not think Greeley can command the support of the democratic party.

THE VOICE OF THE SOUTH.

CHARLESTON, May 7.—The following will appear as the leading editorial in the Charlestown News to-morrow, under head of "The Voice of the South"

The Democratic National Executive Committee meets in New York to day. We trust, in its deliberations, due weight will be accorded to the public sentiment and reasonable expectation of that section which in the past has been so steadfast and powerful an ally of the party. To us of the South the action of the national democracy must either bring confidence and assurance of speedy relief from the worst of our troubles, or else prolong indefinitely the reign of anxious doubt and flagrant misgovernment.

If there be any portion of the democracy who have a right to object to Greeley as a life-long antagonist of their cherished political views, it is certainly the people of the Southern States. If there be any whom suffering and wrong and relentless persecution have entitled to a hearing, when the question of staking their fate upon the doubtful fortune of a triangular contest is raised, it is this same people and we but give expression to the unanimous sentiment in South Carolina, and, as far as one can judge, in the entire South, when we entreat our democratic friends throughout the North to sink for a moment all personal prejudice and party pride, and give a deathblow to national corruption and sectional hate by a prompt generous and hearty endorsement of the nomination of honest florace Greeley.

THE NEWS IN WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—Intense interest prevailed here during to-day with reference to the events of the Cincinnati Convention, not only in executive and legislative circles, but throughout the city.

WHAT SENATOR TRUMBULL SAYS.

Senator Trumbull, according to the Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia Bulletin, (administration,) after saying that he would support the liberal ticket, added his belief that Mr. Greeley would be a popular candidate and make a successful canvass.—From conversation with leading democrats he believed that the democratic convention would endorse the Cincinnati ticket or split the party. The Southern democrats are united in favor of Greeley, and they will insist upon the convention endorsing the nomination or break the party to pieces. Mr Trumbull further said that Mr. Greeley's nomination would force the Philadelphia convention to nominate some person other than Grant, and that the coming presidential canvass would be the most exciting ever known in the history of the country. In conclusion, Mr. Trumbull said he hoped that all liberal republicans would rally to the support of Greeley and bury their personal preferences.

The Tenacity of Truth.—When a nation as clearheaded as the Americans once are, be convinced, from long experience and observation, that an article possesses superior excellence as a medicine, not all the propositions clamor of all the worthless nostrum venders in the universe can shake their belief in its efficiency. Truth is a very tenacious thing, as these worthies are beginning to discover. PLANTATION BITTERS has too firm a hold upon the popular esteem to be in the slightest degree effected by the cold water diatribes which the advertisers of fermented slops, "without a particle of alcohol," are so fond of launching against alcoholic preparations The public knows very well that this peerless renovant and tonic does contain spirits, but it also knows that they are the purest and most wholesome description, viz.: fine old St. Croix, the most active and beneficial menstruum of its remedial and invigorating properties throughout the system which can possible be adopted.

How We Used to be Physicked

Who does not remember the time when a cathartic was considered indispensable to good health. Nowadays people are more temperate, and prefer to keep themselves healthy by the gentle influence of a mild tonic, such as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is highly expedient. This famous vegetable preparation has those important properties. It renovates, purifies, and regulates all the functions of the body. It is composed exclusively of pure vegetable productions, viz: the essential principles of Mandrake, Rhubarb, Rye, and the most delicious herbs and aromatic barks, roots, and gums known to medical chemists. Hence, it is an absolutely safe medicine, and its tincture of the Pharmacopoeia can compare with it either in purity, or in the variety of its objects, and its effective results. Happily for mankind, the theory that it was necessary to prostrate a patient in order to cure him, is forever exploded, and the true philosophical doctrine, that vigor is the great antagonist of disease, has taken its place. Hostetter's Bitters is an invigorant, and hence it is the proper medicine for the feeble at this most trying season of the year.

Be sure that you obtain the genuine article, as there are numerous vile imitations in the market. Look to the ornamental stamp, the engraved label, and the name blown into the glass. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is sold in bottles only.

may 7-1m

FATHERS AND MOTHERS

If you occupy these relations now, or are about to do so, study well your constitution. If you have acquired or inherited scrofulous or any other taint, look to Hostetter's Celebrated Bitters, it is your solemn duty to eradicate it. Thousands of children are now suffering from the effects of poisons they have inherited from their parents, who thought it safe to neglect the timely use of Dr. Tutt's Sarsaparilla and Vegetable Bitters. It was not to eradicate the scrofulous taint, which so often blasts the bright hopes of childhood, but to purify the blood and strengthen the system, that this medicine was compounded, and its success has been unprecedented and recorded in the testimonials.

MESSRS. TUTT & CO., N. Y., Sept. 11, 1871.

Gents, Will, H. Tutt:

Sir—Please accept the heartfelt thanks of a mother who was well nigh driven to despair by the sad condition of an only child. My little boy had been afflicted with Scrofulous Ulcerous humors from infancy, everything seemed to fail, and our Sarsaparilla and Vegetable Bitters, which we had tried in vain in his behalf, I had almost given up in despair, when I thought of your Sarsaparilla and Vegetable Bitters. It was beyond my expectation, I accordingly tried it, but I must confess with very little faith. He has taken nine of the bottles you sent me, and I believe by the time he takes the dozen he will be as well and healthy a child as ever graced a table, has a fine appetite, and is walking and playing to school. I shall always remember you with gratitude.

ANN MURRAY.

Dr. Tutt's Hair Dye is used in Europe & America.

New Advertisements.

Trustee's Sale

OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE

IN OXFORD NECK,

TALBOT CO., MD.

I WILL, in execution of a power contained in a deed of trust from Peter H. Stevenson to me, dated April 20th, 1872, and duly recorded among the land records of said county, sell by public auction at the Court House door, in the town of Easton, in said county,

On Tuesday, June 18th, 1872,

between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock P. M. ALL THAT FARM, EXACT OR TRACTS OF LAND, whereon the said Stevenson now resides, in Oxford Neck, in said county, bounding and lying on the north side of Island Creek, and adjoining the lands of Wm. B. Willis, landed possessions of Jeremiah Brownell and others, and is said to contain

150 Acres of Land,

more or less. The farm is well divided into

ARABLE AND

WOODLAND,

in a good state of cultivation, and has on it a GOOD and COMFORTABLE

DWELLING,

with fair OUT-BUILDINGS.

Terms.

The terms of sale are one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid in cash on the day of sale, the balance in equal instalments of one, two and three years from the day of sale, the deferred payments to be secured by the bond of the purchaser with security to be approved by the trustee, bearing interest from the day of sale. When the whole purchase money is paid, a good title will be conveyed, the purchaser paying for stamps and title papers.

HENRY E. BATEMAN,
Trustee.

The above property can be purchased at private sale at any time before the day mentioned above. J my14

A NEW STORE

AND

NEW STOCK OF GOODS

AT SKIPTON.

THE subscriber has the pleasure to announce to the people of Chapel district and the public generally, that he has just built a new and commodious store house, and stocked it with a large and general assortment of SEASONABLE GOODS; in fact that he has as fine a stock as can be found anywhere in a country store. In making things look more cheerful about Skipton, he hopes to make trade more lively. His stock consists of

Dry Goods, Groceries,

and a general assortment of

Cloths, Cassimeres,

Ready-Made Clothing,

HATS, fine Straw and Felt. Also, Ladies and Misses fine Bonnets and Hats, Boots and Shoes, one of the finest assortments of Ladies' Gaiters, to button and lace, ever offered at Skipton; together with FLOUR by the barrel, good and as low as the times will allow; Carriage harness, Hardware, Queensware, Crockery, Glass, Tubs and Buckets, Tinware, Medicines, and many other things to suit the trade, all bought at the lowest cash prices, and will be sold as low as the times will allow. He respectfully invites the public to call and examine his stock and prices before purchasing.

All kinds of Country Produce taken in exchange for goods. For WOOL the cash will be paid if preferred.

Go to Skipton and look for yourselves, as he thinks he can please as well by you as the most of his neighbors. No charge made for looking.

my14 JNO. W. DAWSON.

New Advertisements.

HARVEST IS COMING.

WHEAT CRADLES, made new or repaired, out in the best seasoned material, and in the best manner, by JOHN R. THOMPSON
my 14-3w Easton.

LECTURE.

THE REV. D. GILLILAND will deliver a lecture on the "Method of Teaching the Blind to Read and Write," at the TOWN HALL, this (TUESDAY) EVENING, at 8 o'clock. The exercises to be interspersed with music.

Admission 25 cts. Children 15 cents.

my14-1t

MORTGAGEE'S SALE

OF A

Large Landed Estate,

IN CHAPEL DISTRICT,

TALBOT COUNTY, MD.

I WILL, in pursuance of a power contained in a mortgage from Isaac A. Dorney and wife to Sarah Driggs, dated April 20th, 1869, and an assignment of the mortgage to me dated August 9th, 1869, which mortgage and assignment are recorded among the land records of said county, sell by public auction, at Easton, in front of the Court House door, on

On Tuesday, June 4th, 1872,

between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock P. M. ALL THAT

Farm or Tract of Land

near Cordova, on the Maryland and Delaware Railroad, adjoining the lands of Robert A. Dorney, late of said county, deceased, and others, the same whereon Mordecai C. Dorney now or very lately resided, containing

257 Acres of Land,

more or less, well timbered with oak and other timber, and well adapted to the growth of timber, well improved, and put in good cultivation. The improvements thereon consist of a

LARGE & COMFORTABLE

MANSION,

formerly occupied by Dr. Dorney, with the usual OUT BUILDINGS, which are in tolerably good repair. This farm is distinguished from the surrounding farms in the neighborhood by Dr. Dorney's having spared no expense in improving it, and it is known as the

'Mansion Farm,'

and is immediately adjoining the mansion premises.

TERMS:

Terms of sale are—one-third of the purchase money to be paid in cash on the day of sale, the balance in twelve, eighteen and twenty-four months from the day of sale, the purchaser giving bond with security to be approved by the trustee, bearing interest from the day of sale. On the payment of the whole purchase money and not before a good title will be conveyed, the purchaser paying for stamps and title papers.

my14-4t JAMES LL MARTIN, Trustee.

Trustee's Sale

OF A

Beautiful Residence

ON PLAIN DEALING CREEK.

BY virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court of Talbot County, in Equity, the undersigned, as trustee, will offer at public sale, in front of the Court House, in the town of Easton, on

Tuesday, 11th day of June next,

THAT

Farm or Plantation,

whereon Dr. A. M. White now resides, called

"The Isthmus,"

containing the quantity of

40 ACRES OF LAND,

more or less, thirty of which are arable and ten of good

WOOD AND TIMBER.

The improvements consists of a

TWO-STORY

Dwelling House,

43 by 22 feet; a two-story back building, 25 by 16, and a two-story kitchen 24 by 14; all well finished. Also a tenant's house, 24 by 16 feet, containing 4 rooms, with a barn, stable, dairy, poultry and meat house.

The land is in good condition, with abundance of fruit of all kinds now in full bearing. Convenient to steamboat landings, Rail Roads, Churches, Schools, Mills, Stores, Mechanic Shops and Post Office.

Being just on the bank of the river, it has all the advantages of fishing, shooting and boating. The neighborhood is good, healthy and flourishing. The situation is one of the finest in the county, being on Plain Dealing Creek, in sight of Oxford.

TERMS.

The terms of sale prescribed by the decree are one-half of the purchase money to be paid in cash on the day of sale; the balance in two equal instalments of six and twelve months from the day of sale, the deferred payments to be secured by the bond of the purchaser with security to be approved by the trustee, bearing interest from the day of sale. The purchaser to take possession of the premises on the day of sale, and to have the crop of wheat now growing on the premises. Possession will be given to the purchaser of the farm now occupied by Dr. Dorney on the 1st day of March, 1873. The purchaser to pay for improvements on the farm now occupied by Dr. Dorney, and for the crop of wheat now growing on the premises, in addition to the purchase money, when the same is ascertained, and the purchaser to be put in possession of the farm now occupied by Dr. Dorney, when the same is ascertained, and the purchaser to be put in possession of the farm now occupied by Dr. Dorney, when the same is ready for possession, and to have the crop of wheat now growing on the premises, in addition to the purchase money