The Cambridge Chronicle.

Clement Sullivane, Editor.

CAMBBIDGE, MD.

WEDNESDAY,::::::::June 7, 1871.

☞Job Printing.—We are prepared to print all kinds of Handbills, Circulars, &c., at the shortest notice, and at cheap rates cheaper than ever.

Our Advertising Agents.

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 40 Park Row,
AND
S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., 37 Park Row, New York, are SOLE Agents for this Paper in that City.

COUNTY CONVENTION.—The Democratic and Conservative voters of Dorchester County, are requested to meet in County Convention at the Court House in Cambridge, on MONDAY 19th inst., for the purpose of selecting four Delegates to represent the County in State Convention to be held in Baltimore, on the 19th of July—to nominate a Governor and other State officers.

J. W. HENRY,
R. T. GOLDSBOROUGH,
C. SHEPHERD,
Cen. Com.

UNACCOUNTABLE MISREPRESENTATION.—It has been with a mingled feeling of surprise, indignation and chagrin that we have seen published in the Baltimore papers and copied by the County Press throughout the State, the following report of a certain Edward Young, chief of the Bureau of Statistics, in the matter of American immigration, viz:

"Returns have been received from Kent, Talbot, Allegany, Washington, Montgomery, Calvert, Anne Arundel, Prince George's, Charles, and Worcester counties, in all of which land can be purchased or rented on favorable terms. Also from Cecil county, where there is but little land for sale that could be parcelled out in farms, and from Dorchester, where lands are held too high to induce buyers to purchase."

By what right any statistician makes such an assertion as the above in defiance of a state of facts as notorious as the day, we are at a loss to imagine.—When "the wolf" is raging in our midst, and in despite of a happy climate and fine soil, on account of the results of the late tremendous conflict which upheaved like an earthquake all our industrial institutions, we are as a people deeply involved in debt—when a very large proportion of the land of our county is constantly changing hands at almost nominal sums through the agency of the Sheriff when, in short, we occupy pretty much the position of a band of ship wrecked mariners, it seems hard measure that some sprightly young gentleman of a lively imagination should forestall and prevent any candid inquiry into the character and price of our lands by a statement in leading journals which is as far from the truth as a pigeon can fly in a hundred decades.

The facts of the situation are just these. We have a very large quantity of land, of every variety of fertility, for sale, in order to accomodate our farming operations to the system necessitated by the late war. Most of our farmers are in debt, a debt caused by an extraordinary state of affairs, and they are anxious to rid themselves of the burden. On account of this situation of things they have been for several years past selling their surplus lands (in many cases of the very finest quality) at almost anything they would bring in market.

Let us put the case thus. Can any man in the world who has no trade and knows how to do nothing, and who owns exactly $3000, in money, can any such man support himself & family on any interest, no matter how large, that he may derive from the investment of that sum? Clearly not, but we tell him and all like him that he has only to come to that Dorchester County where according to Mr. Edward Young, Chief of the Bureau of Statistics &c., &c. purchasers "need not come for lands are held so high", and for $3000. he can buy as nice a farm of from 80 to 125 acres as he ever saw, on which with ordinary industry, economy and frugality, he can bring up a family comfortably and well.

Or, if he prefers it, for the same sum he can buy from 300 to 500 acres of "worn-out" land, but land which clover and lime causes to flourish like a garden, and build up a homestead.

The unusual water facilities we enjoy through our topographical situation, the character of our soil and the exhaustless markets opened to us by our rail road, all point to Dorset as a peculiarly good place for an enterprising farmer to locate in, and we tell all purchasers that if they will come and take a look, we are satisfied they will like our lands, and we will undertake to guarantee that they shall not be dissatisfied with our prices.

☞The MARKET JOURNAL, comes regularly to hand each week, and we recommend it to our readers as almost invaluable to all persons engaged in the truck business. It contains the current Philadelphia prices of everything that is shipped to Market, and costs but $1.00 per annum.

The End of Four Great Men.

Alexander after having climbed the dizzy heights of his ambition, with his temples bound with chaplets dipped in the blood of millions, looked down upon a conquered world and wept that there was not another world for him to conquer, set a city on fire, and died in a scene of debauch.

Hannibal, after having, to the astonishment and consternation of Rome, passed the Alps, and having put to flight the armies of the mistress of the world, and stripped "three bushels of golden rings from the fingers of her slaughtered knights," and made her foundations quake, fled from his country being hated by those who once exultingly united his name to that of their God and called him Hani-Baal, and died at last by poison administered with his own hand, unlamented and unwept in a foreign land.

Cæsar, after having conquered eight hundred cities, and dyed his garments in the blood of one million of his foes, and after having pursued to death the only rival he had on earth, was miserably assassinated by those he considered his nearest friends, and in that very place the attainment of which had been his greatest ambition.

Bonaparte, whose mandates kings and popes obeyed, after having filled the earth with the terror of his name, after having deluged Europe with tears and blood, and clothed the world in sack-cloth, closed his days in lonely banishment, almost literally banished from the world, yet where he could sometimes see his country's banner waving over the deep, but which could not and would not bring him aid.

Thus these four great men who seemed to stand the representatives of all those whom the world called great—these four men, who each in turn made the earth tremble to its very centre by their simple tread—severally died, one by intoxication or, as was supposed, by poison mingled with wine; one a suicide, one murdered by his friends, and one a lonely exile! How wretched is the end of all such greatness!

How different from him who lives not for time but for eternity, who has secured a mansion in the skies, and in the hour of death is as one who "wraps the drapery of his couch about him and lies down to pleasant dreams."

THE SOUTH—*Its Sins and Its Suffering.*—Such is the caption of a most remarkable article which we find in the New York Tribune. The same paper tells us that its editor was at the last accounts in Texas, having passed, of course, through the "disturbed" districts of the South, and having—for distance no longer impedes easy communication—obviously arrived at the same conclusions for reaching which General Sherman, by this very Tribune, was so much and so bitterly censured. "Seeing, however, is believing," and there is a ring of sincerity about this effusion that is very impressive:

"Our correspondents have now been so long in the disturbed districts of the South, that we can form from their letters a distinct idea of the state of society in that unfortunate part of the Union. It is a melancholy picture that they draw for us. The most intelligent, the influential, the educated, the really useful men of the South, deprived of all political power, have come to look upon themselves as the outraged subjects of a despotic conqueror. Taxed and swindled by a horde of rascally foreign adventurers, and by a totally ignorant class, which only yesterday hoed the fields and served in the kitchen, they care nothing for politics except to throw off the oppressive yoke: they have no interest in national affairs; they would call themselves of either party provided their rulers were only of the other. The refuse of Northern cities, who went southward after the war, out at elbows, and destitute of character and education, now roll in splendid carriages, drink rare wines, glitter with diamonds as big as Fisk's, and steal taxes as fast as a New York street commission. It is no wonder that the impoverished planter, growing poorer every day; the ex-Confederate officer, who fought so bravely for a cause in which he honestly believed, the professional men, accustomed all their lives to hold office and lead the public sentiment of their communities, look on such things with rancorous hearts. They might submit to be ruled by soldiers who have beaten them in battle; but here they are plundered by sutlers and camp-followers.

"This a miserable state of things, indeed, for a republican government—a burlesque upon the suffrage, when the only restriction upon voting is that the votes shall not be cast for the most intelligent and virtuous citizens. We have often warned our party in Congress of the inevitable result of the vindictive method of reconstruction.—We have told them, and we tell them again, that there is only one way to restore the Union—universal amnesty and impartial suffrage."

It is proposed to erect a statue to the memory of Sir Walter Scott in Fairmount Park, Philladelphia, on the 15th of next August.

Kissing.

We propose to give, says an exchange, a little sermon on kissing.—We say sermon, because kissing is like a sermon, requiring two heads and an application. Our text shall be Worcester's definition of a kiss, viz: "A salute by kissing or by joining lips."—Of the origin of kissing little is known, but like Sancho Panza we invoke blessings on the head of him who first invented it, (kissing not sleep.) Kisses may be divided into two great classes—the kiss universal and the kiss sentimental. The first variety is a charming salutation common among the ladies, and occurs generally upon any encounter, public or private, and is very violent at times after an absence of—three or four days. There is no particular form to be observed in these off-hand inosculations; it is simply being required to fire and fall back."—But the sentimental kiss! Oh ye Gods, how shall we describe *it*. It occurs at all times and all seasons and seems to be never out of place. Othello's farewell kisses, which, tender and heart-broken as they were, having no power to bring poor dead Desdemona back to life, were the most truly sweet and touching. And there were the grand, passionate kisses of Coriolanus—"long as my exile, sweet as my revenge!" and sweet Romeo's dying kiss in the vaults of the Capulets. Under the head of sentimental may be ranked the young lover's kisses, which are rendered with upturned optics. They occur commonly by pale moonlight in grottos and shady retreats. We close this little sermon by two quotations, one from Rev. Sidney Smith, and the other by an unknown author. "We are in favor of a certain amount of shyness," says Sidney Smith, "when a kiss is proposed, but it should not be too long; and when the fair one gives it, let it be administered with warmth and energy; let there be soul in it. If she close her eyes immediately and sigh, the effect is greater. She should be careful not to slobber a kiss, but give it as a humming-bird runs his bill into a honeysuckle—deep and delicate," Our unknown author says, "What's in a kiss? Really when people come to reflect upon the matter calmly, what can we see in a kiss? The lips pout slightly and then touch the cheek softly and then they part, and the job is complete. There is a kiss in the abstract! View it in the abstract! Look at it philosophically! What is there in it? And yet millions on millions of souls have been made happy by this kissing. Go where you will—into what country you will—there is kissing. There is surely some virtue in it."

Our sermon has drawn to a close and the only application we think of is to urge our readers to apply themselves industriously to the study of kissing, when it is hoped they will know more about it,

We assure you it is a good thing—at least, all who have "been there" say so.

PENTECOST.—Whitsuntide, this year, fell on the 28th ult. Christ our Passover was sacrificed for us at the very season when the Jews were, by Divine command, keeping the Passover, which was the type of His sacrifice and of its design. And Pentecost the Jewish Festival commemorating the giving of the Law on Mount Sinai, fifty days after the first Passover, was the day chosen by Him to send His Holy Spirit, the Inspirer of prophets and apostles, the Revealer to His Church of the full and complete Law. This day, thus becoming from a Jewish a Christian Festival, is called Whitsunday or Pentecost. Thus types are removed to give place to their substance.

Whitsunday, day of light, of wisdom, of illumination, day of the Holy Spirit, was in the primitive church a special time for baptisms, and was styled *Whit-Sunday* or *White-Sunday*, because all who were baptised on that day wore *white* garments, in token of the spiritual purity which baptism designated, and the innocence of life to which they bound themselves.

PROFITABLE STOCK.—Mr. Samuel S. Harrington went down in Sussex last year and bought eleven head of sheep, for which he paid $20.90. He sold wool—this year's clip—at the Factory—"Haven Woolen Mills"—for $12.90. He has raised lambs worth $36.00. The account would stand thus:—

New clip of wool,	$12.90
Lambs raised this year.	36.90
Value of sheep,	20.90
Total,	$69.80

an increase in value of $48.90, or between two and three hundred per cent. What stock can our farmers engage in raising that will yield a handsomer profit than this?—*Milford Mutual Friend.*

☞A few days since, in New York city, Judge Dowling sentenced Collins and Edwards, two bruisers who engaged in a prize fight in that State, to the penitentiary for one year and each one also to pay a fine of $1,000 and to remain committed until the fine be paid. McAlpine, the umpire, was sentenced to six months in the penitentiary and to pay a fine of $500.—The above is a good plan to stop brutal prize fighting.

[For the Cambridge Chronicle.]

Letter from Federalsburg—Oak Grove Correspondent—Rail-road Enterprises, etc.

MR. EDITOR:—Some one professing to have his habitation at Oak Grove has been enlightening the public lately on Rail Road matters through the columns of the Peninsular Record.—The article is not now before us, but we remember some of his statements.—Those with regard to the trade at Oak Grove reflect little credit either upon his taste or information. To our certain knowledge the people in that vicinity are enterprising and rapidly improving in material wealth, morals & general intelligence. Several gentlemen in that neighborhood have been and are a blessing to the community by their practical good sense, public spirit, liberality & enterprise; & it requires no prophet to forecast the future of such a people.

He says that Cambridge can furnish officers for the new road in contemplation. Of this there is not the slightest doubt, and good ones to boot, which is far from true, we regret to say, of every town. Our Sussex neighbors would do a wise thing to place their enterprise in the hands of such practical and public spirited gentlemen. Perhaps the writer of the article in questions is indulging in some aspirations for R. Road honors himself? If so, we commend him to frequent consultations with our officials for certain rudimentary information which he evidently lacks at present. There is a class of persons who have much to say upon the subject of R. Roads—this thing & that thing and every conceivable thing but the right thing, that is to say, to take stock. Nothing we suppose will ever suit them but for some one to build roads & elect them to fill the offices of profit & trust. Whether it is worth while to waste breath upon these gentlemen we leave our readers to judge.

The truth is our R. Road enterprise from first to last has been remarkably well managed. Compared with others undertaken on the Peninsula it is a decided success—while the blessings it has already conferred upon the people upon its route, if told, would be incredible to the uninitiated. Those in prospective are too manifold to be discussed within the limits of this article. All that is necessary to make Dorchester County prosperous is for the people to second the efforts of the officials, plant largely of everything that will pay, encourage immigration, leave the discussion of worn out political & social questions to the Antiquarian, and foster by their capital, industrial enterprises of every kind within the compass of their means.

One good canning or manufacturing establishment of any description in Cambridge or elsewhere would be worth more to the people or railroad than all the speeches or resolutions likely to be made or passed in the next decade.

Yours respectfully, D.

RE-MARKABLE.—Only a few weeks since we were called upon to record, on the authority of the Smyrna *Times*, the very curious fact of a Duck's always laying black eggs. A still more singular fact appears in its last issue—read:

A HEN CHANGES HER SEX.—A gentleman in Sussex, a former well-known resident of Smyrna, sends us the following wonderful story, which he gives as a fact: I saw a hen on Sunday that is a gay old chicken—half bantam.—She used to lay eggs and hatch them during the first five years of her life. She then ceased to lay—changed her manner and looks to that of a rooster, and now crows for day, and all day fights the other roosters and mates with the hens. She is owned by a Mr. Stockly in Indian River Hundred.

WHEN is a scheme like the third of a yard? When it's *a-foot*

MARRIED.

At the M. E Church South, on the first inst., by the Rev. John A. Williams, Rev. CHARLES VIRGINIUS BINGLEY, and Miss ELLA McCLAINE ANDERSON, daughter of Thomas W. Anderson, Esq., of Cambridge.

On the 26th of May, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. James Conner, JESSE M. WHEATLEY and Miss ELIZABETH C. WHEATLEY, daughter of Arthur Wheatley, Esq., of Dorchester co.

On the 11th inst., near Federalsburg, Md., by Rev. J. T. Van Burkalow, MESHACK MILLIKIN & CAROLINE FOXWELL, all of Dorchester county, Md.

DIED.

At Federalsburg, May 18th, ROLAND W., beloved son of Samuel and Mary Gamble, aged 4 months and 20 days.

Baltimore Market.

[Corrected every Week.]

BALTIMORE June 6, 1871.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

U. S. 5. 20s	114¼
American Gold.	112¼
Wheat,	$1.50 to $1,60
Corn.	77 to 78
Oats.	66
Rice.	9¼
Sugar (Grocery Grades)	per lb 10
Sugar (Refined)	" 13½

SHERIFFALTY.

WE are authorized by many friends to announce our popular Ex-Sheriff, JAMES A. BRAMBLE, as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF, subject to the decision of the nominating Democratic Convention. [June 7, 1871—te

NOTICE.

THE privilege of keeping the BREAD TENT at Hurlock's Camp, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, at Hurlock's Station, on TUESDAY, July 4th 1871. By order of

DR. ROBERT J. PRICE,
DR. GEO. P. JONES,
JAMES A. BRAMBLE,
June 7, 1871—2t Committee.

THE BRICK HOTEL,

EASTON, Talbot County, Md.

THE undersigned announces to the Public that he has taken charge of this FIRST CLASS HOTEL, and will be particularly pleased to see his old friends and fellow citizens from Dorset, when they may visit Talbot.

EXCELLENT LIVERY STABLE attached. CHARLES W. BENNETT.
June 7, 1871—1y

Office of the Board of School Commissioners.

June 2, 1871.

THE Board will meet on Monday June 19th. An examination of Teachers will be held on SATURDAY, June 17th. The Committee on accounts will meet on Saturday June 17th. All reports, accounts &c., should be in the Office, by Saturday June 17th.

All receipts, vouchers, &c., *must* be returned at once.

Books on hand, must be returned during the present month.

Salaries cannot be paid earlier than July 1st. By order W. W. MACE,
JAS. L. BRYAN, Sec'y. Pres't.
June 7, 1871—2t D & N.

FINE WATCH REPAIRS
AT TRADE PRICES.

JOHN R. HARE,
English Watchmaker,
(for 3 years with Larmour & Co.,)
Under the Mansion House, Cor. Fayette and St. Paul Sts.,
BALTIMORE.

Cleaning $1.50. Main Spring $1.26.
Warranted for One Year.
June 7, 1871—1y

D. KRUGER & SON,
Manufacturers of all Styles of

GENTLEMEN'S
BOOTS, SHOES
AND
GAITERS,
All sizes kept on hand at our stores
No. 47 N. Gay St.,
Fourth door below Temperance Temple &
No. 60 W. Fayette St.,
East of Calvert.

P. S.—Particular attention paid to the SOUTHERN BOOTS, made of French Calf, stitched, (hand made,) at $7,00 per pair. Give us a call. June 7—1y

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Dorchester County, sitting as a Court of Equity, passed in a cause wherein John T. Stewart and Henrietta P. Stewart, his wife, are complainants and James A. Stewart and others, are defendants, the undersigned as Trustee, will offer at public Sale to the highest bidder, for cash, on

MONDAY the 3rd day of JULY, A. D. 1871,

between the hours of 11 o'clock, A. M. & 4 o'clock, P. M., at the Court House door, in Cambridge, in Dorchester County, aforesaid, all that beautiful farm, near the town of Cambridge, whereon the said Jno. T. Stewart now resides, known as the

"Sandy Hill Farm,"

containing 335 acres of land, more or less. The whole tract will be sold together, or in parts to suit purchasers.

SEWELL T. MILBOURNE,
June 7, 1871—ts Trustee.

Trustee's Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the Orphans' Court of Dorchester county, the undersigned as Trustees, will offer at public sale to the highest bidder, in front of the Court House door, in the Town of Cambridge, on

MONDAY, 3d DAY of JULY, A. D. 1871,

between the hours of 12 m. and 4 o'clock, p. m., ALL THAT PART OF A TRACT OR PARCEL OF LAND, known as "Dunkeld" or "The Summer House Farm," which was heretofore conveyed by Levin S. Dail to William Cook, late of Dorchester county, deceased. Said Farm is situated about two miles from the town of Cambridge, on the county road leading from the town to Maple Dam Bridge, and contains about One Hundred Acres of Arable and Twenty-five Acres of TIMBERLAND. It is well adapted to the growth of Grain, Fruit, &c., and in particular yields the most excellent Corn crops.

The Farm is situated in a good neighborhood, convenient to churches, schools, &c. and is susceptible of a very high state of cultivation.

The Terms of Sale, as prescribed by the decree, are Two Hundred dollars in cash on the day of sale, and the balance of the purchase money to be paid in two equal annual instalments bearing interest from the day of sale, and secured by the bonds of the purchaser with sureties to be approved by the said Trustees.

DANIEL M. HENRY,
CLEMENT SULIVANE,
June 7, 1871—ts Trustees.

500 VOLUMES IN ONE.

Agents Wanted
FOR
The Library of Poetry and Song,
Being Choice Selections from the Best Poets,
English, Scotch, Irish and American.
With an Introduction
By William Cullen Bryant.
Under whose critical supervision the volume was compiled.

The handsomest and cheapest subscription book extant. Over 800 pages, beautifully printed, choicely illustrated, handsomely bound. A Library of over 500 volumes in one book, whose contents, of no ephemeral nature or interest, will never grow old or stale. It can be, and will be, read and re-read with pleasure by old and young, as long as its leaves hold together.

"A perfect surprise. Scarcely anything at all a favorite, or at all worthy of place here, is neglected. It is a book for every household."—*N. Y. Mail.*

"We know of no similar collection in the English language which, in copiousness and felicity of selection and arrangement, can at all compare with it."—*N. Y. Times.*

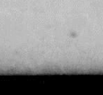
Terms liberal. Selling very rapidly.—Send for Circular and Terms to J. B. FORD & CO., 27 Park Place, N. Y.
May 7, 1871. 3t

Ice Cream, Frozen Custard, &c,

THE undersigned respectfully announces that he has opened his Saloon for the season, and is prepared to fill all orders for ICES from any part of the County, upon the shortest notice and most reasonable terms. Grateful for past patronage, he hopes to merit a continuance of the same, and can always be found, night and day, prepared to wait on his customers at his old stand next door to Mr. Chas. H. Barnett's Confectionary store, on High Street.

CHARLES SQUIRE,
May 31, 1871.—3m Cambridge.

Beeves, Veals and Lambs Wanted.



THE subscribers will pay the highest *Cash* prices, for Beeves, Veals, Lambs, Hides, Wool, Feathers and all kinds of Country produce. Call at their store, in Cambridge, Corner of High and Poplar streets.

SHEHAN & DAWSON.
May 17, 1871—1y Cambridge, Md.

The Sun.

CHARLES A. DANA, Editor.

The Dollar Weekly Sun.

A Newspaper of the Present Times.
Intended for People Now on Earth.

Including Farmers, Mechanics, Merchants, Professional Men, Workers, Thinkers, and all Manner of Honest Folks, and the Wives, Sons, and Daughters of all such.

ONLY ONE DOLLAR A YEAR!
ONE HUNDRED COPIES FOR $50,

Or less than One Cent a Copy. Let there be a $50 Club at every Post Office.

SEMI-WEEKLY SUN, $2 A YEAR,

of the same size and general character as THE WEEKLY, but with a greater variety of miscellaneous reading, and furnishing the news to its subscribers with greater freshness, because it comes twice a week instead of once only.

THE DAILY SUN, $6 A YEAR.

A preeminently readable newspaper, with the largest circulation in the world. Free, independent, and fearless in politics. All the news from everywhere. Two cents a copy; by mail, 50 cents a month, or $6 a year.

TERMS TO CLUBS.

THE DOLLAR WEEKLY SUN.

Five copies, one year, separately addressed, **Four Dollars.**
Ten copies, one year, separately addressed (and an extra copy to the getter up of club), **Eight Dollars.**
Twenty copies, one year, separately addressed (and an extra copy to the getter up of club), **Fifteen Dollars.**
Fifty copies, one year, to one address (and the Semi-Weekly one year to getter up of club), **Thirty-three Dollars.**
Fifty copies, one year, separately addressed (and the Semi-Weekly one year to getter up of club), **Thirty-five Dollars.**
One hundred copies, one year, to one address (and the Daily for one year to the getter up of club), **Fifty Dollars.**
One hundred copies, one year, separately addressed (and the Daily for one year to the getter up of club), **Sixty Dollars.**

THE SEMI-WEEKLY SUN.

Five copies, one year separately addressed, **Eight Dollars.**
Ten copies, one year, separately addressed (and an extra copy to getter up of club), **Sixteen Dollars.**

SEND YOUR MONEY

in Post Office orders, checks, or drafts on New York, wherever convenient. If not, then register the letters containing money. Address

I. W. ENGLAND, Publisher,
Sun office, New York City.
June 7, 1871—3m

Mortgagee's Sale.

BY virtue of a power contained in a certain Mortgage executed by Lloyd Harris and Anna Maria Harris his wife, in favor of the undersigned, Caleb Shepherd, on the 23d day of October A. D. 1866, and recorded in Liber F. E. H. No. 6, folios 496 & 497, one of the Land Record Books of Dorchester county, the undersigned will offer at public sale to the highest bidder for cash, in front of the Court House door in the town of Cambridge, on

THURSDAY, JUNE 22d, 1871,

between the hours of 2 o'clock, and 4 o'clock, P. M.

All that Tract or Parcel of land, situated on the county road leading from Cambridge to Blackwater in said County, together with the improvements thereon, and containing 131 Acres, more or less, it being the same land which was heretofore bought by said Shepherd from Wm. R. Hurst & wife, and which was conveyed by him to said Harris by deed of even date with said Mortgage, as by reference to the same will appear.

CALEB SHEPHERD,
May 31, 1871—tds Mortgagee.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of four writs of fieri facias, issued out of the Circuit Court for Dorchester county, and to me directed, at the suit of Charles Cochrane, Jr., vs Martin L. Smith and vs Mary P. Smith, as terretenant of Martin L. Smith, I have heretofore seized and taken in execution the following lands, as the property of the said Martin L. Smith and Mary P. Smith, to wit:

Lot No. 1—All the right of the said Martin L. Smith and Mary P. Smith, in and to the "Home Farm" of the said parties, near Federalsburg, in said County.

Lot No. 2—All the right of the said Martin L. Smith & Mary P. Smith in and to all that FARM, lying and being in said County, whereon Charles J. Smith, died, being the same Farm devised unto the said Martin by Leah Smith.

Lot No. 3—All the right of the said Martin L. Smith and Mary P. Smith in and to the Farm purchased by said Chas. J. Smith from Muse & Goldsborough, Trustees to sell the lands of James E. Goslin, and afterwards bought by the said Martin from Wallace & Milbourne, Trustees to sell the lands of said Charles J. Smith.

Now, I hereby give notice that I will offer the aforesaid property, at public sale, to the highest bidder, between the hours of 11 o'clock, A. M. and 4 o'clock, P. M., on

MONDAY the 26th Day of JUNE, A. D. 1871,

at the Court House door in the town of Cambridge, in said County, to satisfy the said writs, officers fees and costs, due and to become due thereon.

WM. R. SHENTON,
May 31, 1871.—tds Sheriff.

F. C. LIGHTE & CO.,
Sole Successors to
LIGHTE, NEWTON & BRADBURY,
Established 1840.
MANUFACTURERS OF FIRST-CLASS
PIANO FORTES.
HIGHEST PREMIUM
at the "American World's Fair" and "Exhibition of the Industry of all Nations."
Also just received
GOLD MEDAL
at the "American Institute Fair," held in New York City during November 1870.

Pianos sold at the lowest Wholesale prices for Cash and on Installments. Small monthly payments being taken and applied to purchase.

Send for Circulars, giving Cuts of styles, prices and terms, &c.

Warerooms: 421 Broome Street, near Broadway, NEW YORK CITY. [May 24—3m

Valuable Business Stand for Sale.

THE valuable, Dwelling, Store-House, &c., at Bucktown, Dorchester County, of which David M. Corkran, died seized.

This is one of the most excellent places of business in our county. Situated in the very heart of the fur trade, remote from competition, and surrounded by a lively, social and generous population, its advantages for business are unsurpassed in this section.

The Dwelling is roomy and comfortable, has attached to it a Stable, Corn-House, Carriage-House, &c., and about two acres of land. All the buildings are in fine order and need no repairs. For terms apply at this office, or to GEO. W. CORKRAN,
ap. 26, 1871 Bucktown, Md.

For the Legislature.

WE are authorized to announce the Hon. JOHN E. BRODESS, as a candidate for the Legislature, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention.
May 31, 1871.—tf

SPLENDID PAINTING.

"The Burial of Latane."

Painted by W. D. Washington, Esq.,
OF RICHMOND, VA.; ENGRAVED
BY A. G. CAMPBELL, of
NEW YORK.

ON STEEL: - - - 29 BY 36 INCHES.

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Agents and Canvassers wanted in every town and County in the United States.

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and will sell the Engraving at $5 each—sent by mail, post-paid—or 5 copies for $20.
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THE
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The cheapest machine because the lowest in price in proportion to its value.

The best, because it is the simplest, the least liable to get out of order, the strongest and most durable machine made.—Price $100.

Every farmer should see this machine before purchasing. Also,
The Excelsior Reaper and Mower,
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Grant's Patent Grain Cradles,
(The genuine article,)
Horse Powers and Threshers
(various patterns,)
The Montgomery Wheat Fan,
The Excelsior Wheat Fan,
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Reaper and Mower Sections
Of all sorts.

And a large stock of Agricultural Implements and Machinery, Fertilizers, Seeds, &c., for sale by
E. WHITMAN & SONS,
Nos. 142 and 147 W. Pratt Street,
Opposite the Maltby House,
May 17,—1m BALTIMORE, MD.

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of a deed of trust from George Wallace, dated April 21st 1871, and recorded in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Dorchester County, the undersigned, as Trustee, will offer at public sale, to the highest bidder, at the Store of John E. Applegarth, near Golden Hill, on

Wednesday, JUNE 7th 1871,

between the hours of 12 o'clock M. and 4 o'clock, P. M.

All those tracts, parts of tracts or parcels of land following, to wit:

Part of "AARON'S LITTLE-BIT," containing 245 Acres of Land, more or less, being the same land which was conveyed to the said George Wallace by Thomas Wallace and wife, by deed bearing date the 26th day of August, A. D. 1835, and recorded in Liber E. R. No. 15, folio 64, one of the Land Record Books for Dorchester county.

"JOSEPH'S REGULATION," being all the land which was conveyed to the said George Wallace by deed from E. R. Hooper, Trustee, dated December 18, 1859, and recorded in Liber W. J. No. 5, folio 543, and by David Hardicane and wife, by deed dated July 20th, 1849, and recorded in Liber W. J. No. 5, folio 80, one of the Land Record Books for Dorchester county, containing 152 Acres, more or less.

Part of "MYRTLE RANGE," containing 50 Acres, more or less, being the same land which Josiah J. Meekins conveyed to the said George Wallace, by deed bearing date the 18th day of December, A. D. 1850, and recorded in Liber W. J. No. 5, folio 545, one of the Land Record Books for Dorchester county.

BACON'S QUARTER REGULATED AND PHILLIP'S RANGE, containing 100 acres more or less, adjoining the land of Powell & Nettleton, the heirs of Samuel Dunnock, and Charles Shenton; being the same land which was conveyed to said George Wallace by deed from Solomon F. Kirwan and wife dated August 6th, A. D. 1856, and recorded in Liber F. J. H., No. 3, folios 593 & 594, one of the Land Record Books for Dorchester County.

ADDITION TO BRAMBLE'S DELIGHT, containing 46¼ Acres, more or less, on the South side of Meekin's Creek, and adjoining the land of said Wallace; which said tract was conveyed to said George Wallace by William A. Sherman and wife & others, by deed dated November 22nd, 1856, and recorded in Liber F. J. H. No. 3, folios 636 & 637 one of the Land Record Books for Dorchester County.

HOG QUARTER, containing 95 Acres of land more or less, which was conveyed by David W. Tyler to the said George Wallace by deed dated June 11th, 1866, and recorded in Liber F. J. H. No. 6, folios 459 & 460, one of the Land Record Books for Dorchester County.

BULL POINT, containing 285 Acres of Land more or less, one half of which was conveyed to said Wallace by David W. Tyler, by deed dated June 11th, A. D. 1866 & recorded in Liber F. J. H. No 6, folios 455 & 460, one of the Land Record Books for Dorchester County, the other half of which was conveyed to him by the said David W. Tyler, by deed dated February 14th A. D. 1862, and recorded in Liber W. J. No. 6, folios 415, one of the Land Record Books for Dorchester County.

Also a tract of land called Betty's Island, which said George Wallace purchased from Silas Meekins, deceased.

All that Tract or Part of a Tract or Parcel of Land situated in Bull Point Neck, adjoining the land of Col. B. G. Keene, and the said Tyler tract, bought by said Wallace from John E. Applegarth, Trustee for Charles Shenton, and containing 350 Acres of Land, more or less. Also, all the interest of said Wallace, being two undivided third parts, in the Lot or parcel of TIMBER LAND, situated on the Beaver Dam in Bull Point Neck, about 1½ miles from Big Black-water Bridge, adjoining the Lands of Charles Shenton, and containing 30 Acres, more or less, being the same lot of which Mark Meekins died seized.

Also, all said Wallace's interest, being one undivided half part, in the tract or part of a tract or parcel of land, situated on the Black Water River, between the forks of the same and Keene's Ditch, known as BARBADOES, and containing 25 Acres of up land and a very considerable quantity of Marsh, being the property formerly owned by John Edgar, deceased.

TERMS of sale, one fourth of the purchase money in cash on the day of sale, the balance to be paid in twelve months from the day of sale and to be secured by the bonds of the purchaser or purchasers with sureties to be approved by the trustee.

Deeds, stamps, &c., at the expense of the purchasers.

JOHN E. APPLEGARTH,
May 17, 1871—tds Trustee.

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