General Advertiser

REPUBLICAN STAR AND

VOL. XX. EASTON, (MD.) TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 3, 1819. NO. 49....1029.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED,
Every Tuesday Morning,
BY
Thomas Perrin Smith,
PUBLISHER OF THE
LAWS OF THE UNION.

TERMS OF THE REPUBLICAN STAR.

The terms are *Two Dollars* and *Fifty Cents* per Annum, payable half yearly, in advance.—No paper can be discontinued, until the same is paid for.

Advertisements are inserted three weeks for One Dollar, and continued weekly for Twenty-five Cents per square.

Camp Meeting.

A UNION CAMP MEETING, for Talbot & Queen-Ann's circuits, will be held on the well known Wye Camp Ground, in Queen-Ann's county, to commence on Wednesday the 18th of August, and to conclude on the following Tuesday. A butcher and a baker will attend the encampment.

july 20 3w

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas to me directed, at the suit of Enoch & Jesse Levering, and also a fieri facias at the suit of Daniel Martin against William Berridge, will be sold at the residence of said Berridge, at the Trappe, in Talbot county, on SATURDAY the 14th day of August next, between the hours of 2 and 3 o'clock in the afternoon, the following property, viz.—one grey Horse, one Carriage and gear, one Horse Cart, five Beds and Furniture, one Walnut Table, one ditto Bureau, one Desk and Book-Case, one Pine Cupboard and contents, one Looking Glass, one Dressing Table, one pair of Andirons, one sorrel Horse, one Pine Table, one negro boy John, for a term of years—sold to satisfy the debt, interest and costs of the above suits, subject to a bill of sale passed to John S. Higgins and Peter S. Dickinson.

ALLEN BOWIE, Shff.

july 27 3w

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed at the suit of Samuel Harrison against Thomas Frazier, will be sold on THURSDAY the 5th of August next, on the premises between the hours of 11 and 3 o'clock in the afternoon, the following property, to wit: All the legal and equitable right of him the said Thomas Frazier to a tract or part of a tract of Land called Mary's Delight, which is at present occupied by said Frazier: also all the legal and equitable right of him the said Frazier to a tract or part of a tract of Land called Cudlington Addition, containing one hundred and fifty acres of Land, more or less; and all the legal and equitable right of him the said Frazier to a Farm called Crunwell, be the right of him the said Frazier more or less: one Still, one Canoe, one Barge with a white bottom, twelve head of Yearlings, fourteen head of grown Cattle, one yoke of Oxen, fifty-six head of Sheep, one Wheat Fan, a part of a Hauling Seine, one bay Mare, one grey ditto, one roan ditto, one sorrel Horse, one bay ditto, four Ploughs, one Harrow, the crop of Corn now growing, three Weeding Hoes, twenty-five head of Hogs, one Spade, two Axes, the crop of Tobacco now growing, one Spy Glass, one Ox Cart, one Gig and Harness, and all the legal and equitable right of him the said Thomas Frazier to one Negro Boy called Juba—sold to satisfy the debt, interest and costs of the aforesaid writ.

ALLEN BOWIE, Shff.

july 13 4w

A House and Lot near Easton

FOR SALE.

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a sufficient power granted by a covenant contained in a deed from THOMAS KERSEY to the President, Directors and Company of the Farmer's Bank of Maryland, all and singular that Lot of Land, with the buildings and improvements thereon, situate, and lying near the town of Easton and near the Bay-side road, in Talbot county, consisting of a part of the tract of land called Londonderry, and containing by special metes and bounds five-eighths of an acre of ground, whereon ANN HARPER resides, will be exposed to sale on TUESDAY the tenth day of *August* next, at the door of the Court-House in Easton, at the hour of four o'clock in the afternoon, to the purchaser and his heirs in fee. This property will be exposed to sale on a credit of four months, eight months, and twelve months, in equal instalments. For the nature and situation of the property, persons desirous of purchasing are referred to the premises; and for the nature of the security to be required, they are referred to the Cashier.

By order of the Board of Directors.
JOSEPH HASKINS, Cashier.

Branch Bank at Easton, May 13th, 1819.

may 18 13w

Land for sale.

Notice is hereby given, that, in pursuance of an order and decree of the high Court of Chancery of the State of Maryland, the subscriber will proceed to sell at public auction, on WEDNESDAY, the eleventh day of August next, between the hours of ten and two o'clock on that day, all that tract of Land called

"EDWARD'S FARMS,"

Lying and being in Caroline county, containing the quantity of five hundred and seven acres and one half acre of Land, more or less, and belonging to EDWARD HENRY JOHNSON, a lunatic.—The sale will be made at the Cross Roads, at the store of Frederick Holbrook, in the said county, and on a credit of twelve months, with interest from the day of sale—the purchaser or purchasers to give bond or bonds with approved security. This land will be sold in a body or in parts, as the accommodation of purchasers may require.

P. BENSON, Trustee.

june 15 9w

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed, at the suit of Samuel Harrison against Harrison Haddaway, will be sold on TUESDAY the 17th of August, on the Court-House Green, between the hours of 1 and 2 o'clock, the following property, viz. All the legal and equitable right of him the said Haddaway, of, in, and to, several tracts or parts of tracts of land called 'Maiden's Defeat'—also part of a tract of land called 'Haddaway's Addition'—also part of a tract of land called 'Lancaster'—and a tract of land called 'Larkey'—situate, lying and being in Talbot county aforesaid, and on the north side of Harris's creek. The metes and bounds for the several tracts or parts of tracts of land will fully appear by a reference to the original grants for said lands, be the quantity of land more or less, and will be sold to satisfy the aforesaid writ.

ALLEN BOWIE, Shff.

july 20 4w

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas to me directed, at the suit of Francis Wrightson against Thos. Frazier, will be sold on TUESDAY the 24th of August, on the Court-House Green, between the hours of 1 and 3 o'clock in the afternoon, the following property, viz:—All the legal and equitable right of him the said Frazier, to a tract or part of a tract of Land, called

'CUDLINGTON'S ADDITION,'

containing one hundred and fifty acres, more or less, two head of Horses, and three head of Cattle—sold to satisfy the debt, interest and costs of the aforesaid writ.

ALLEN BOWIE, Shff.

july 20 4w

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas to me directed, at the suit of the State use of Thomas Fountain, use of William Potter, against Thomas Cooper, will be sold on FRIDAY the 6th day of August, on the Court House Green, between the hours of ten and twelve o'clock, the following property, viz. All and singular that part of a Lot of Ground, and all the improvements thereon, lying and being in the town of Easton, in the county aforesaid, and distinguished on the plot of the said town by No. 92, which is comprehended within the following lines and bounds, to wit: Beginning for the said part at a stone set in the ground in the edge of North Lane, and at the end of the second line; thence with the 2d line reversed south fifteen degrees fifteen minutes east, one hundred feet; and thence across the said lot, north eighty eight degrees forty-five minutes east, five perches & three-tenths of a perch, to a marginal line on the east bounds of the said town; and thence with that line north one degree fifteen minutes west, one hundred feet, to a stone set in the ground on the edge of North Lane; and from thence with North Lane aforesaid, eight degrees forty-five minutes west, five perches and three-hundredths of a perch, to the first marked stone, be the quantity what it may, more or less—sold to satisfy the debt, interest and costs of the aforesaid writ.

ALLEN BOWIE, Sh'ff.

july 13 4w

Land for sale.

Will be sold at public sale, on MONDAY the 16th day of August next, at 11 o'clock A. M. on the premises, a FARM called Liberty, Paca and Buck Range, and by what other names it may be called, situate in Tuckahoe hundred in Talbot county, near Hillsborough, formerly the property of John Roberts, and now occupied by William Skinner, containing 500 acres, the property of the heirs of Zebulun Skinner, deceased, late of Queen-Ann's county. On this farm there is an excellent Dwelling-House, Kitchen, Granary, Corn-House, Barn, Stable and Smoke House, &c. all in good order.

TERMS OF SALE.

The above Farm will be sold on the following terms: One-third of the whole of the purchase money must be paid on the first day of January, 1820, when possession will be given; the second payment (one-third) on the first day of Januray, 1821; third and last payment on the first day of January, 1822—when a sufficient deed will be given to the purchaser or purchasers, by

PHILEMON SKINNER, Trustee for the sale of the Real Estate of Zebulon Skinner, late of Q. Ann's county, dec'd.

june 29 7w

Will be sold at public vendue,

ON MONDAY the 30th day of August next, between the hours of two and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, on the premises, a Plantation containing about three hundred acres of good land, situated in Tully's Neck, Queen-Ann's county, fronting upon the main road leading from Centreville to the Nine Bridges, adjoining the lands of Mr. Henry Pratt, Isaac Baggs, Solomon Scott and Nathan Baynard.——The improvements are a frame house and kitchen two stories high, a barn, stables and good quarter, an apple orchard of good keeping fruit, with an abundance of timber of excellent quality for the use of the farm. As the owner lives at a considerable distance, this farm will be sold on a long credit and very accommodating terms. For further particulars apply to Mr. Samuel Smith, who will shew the farm, & who is fully empowered to treat for the same.

WILLIAM TOD.

july 6 8w

Notice.

Will be offered for sale on the 31st of August, 1819, at Easton, the valuable Horse YOUNG HIGH-FLYER.

His qualities in all degrees as foals, or harness and saddle, are equal to any spring horse on the continent. Terms to be made known on the day of sale. But if not sold, will stand in Talbot and Queen-Ann's the ensuing season. Attendance given by

HENRY C. HICKS.

N. B. Persons residing in Talbot county, indebted to the subscriber, will please to pay the same to Mr. LOT WARFIELD, of Easton, who is duly authorized to receive the same.

H. C. H.

july 27 5w

Land for sale.

Agreeably to the last will and testament of JOHN STANTON, deceased,—will be exposed at public sale on the premises where the said deceased lately resided, on MONDAY the 15th day of November next, if fair, if not, the first fair day thereafter, the balance of the Land not heretofore devised, containing one hundred and sixty-two and one-fourth acres and eight perches, a part of the land where the said deceased lately resided, lying and being in Caroline county, between Potter's Landing and Fowling Creek.—About one-half of said Land is in timber, the other half is cleared. The aforesaid Land will be sold in lots or all together, as may best suit purchasers. Any person wishing to view the premises, may see the same by applying to the subscriber on the premises. The said Land will be sold for cash only.—Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, and attendance given by

ARTHUR CONNELLY, Ex'r of John Stanton, dec'd.

may 18 26w

Notice.

COACHES, Gigs, and all kinds of Carriages, made and neatly repaired by DANIEL NEWNAM, who has carried on the above business for 10 years, and from the great encouragement received, he has lately much improved his establishment, which renders it the most complete in the state for his business, which he has to return his most grateful thanks to his friends for past favours bestowed on him. He now assures them his establishment, workmen and materials are the very first rate, and from his experience in business of about eighteen years, he flatters himself that he is able to do his customers ample justice, and begs those who wish to deal in his line, to call and judge for themselves, as he is determined to have the best work, done in the neatest manner, as cheap as can be bought in the state, and surpassed by none.

☞ All orders from a distance will be thankfully received and punctually attended to.

DANIEL NEWNAM.

Centreville, Queen-Ann's county. july 27 w

Benjamin R. Meridith

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends, customers, and the public in general, that he continues the TAYLORING BUSINESS, at this place, and in consequence of the great scarcity of money, he has reduced his prices twenty-five per cent. He will now make clothes at the following prices for cash, viz:

Coats	$4 00
Pantaloons	1 25
Vests	1 25
Surtouts with Capes	5 00
Do. without Capes	4 00

The subscriber will endeavour to have his work done in the newest fashions, and in a firm, substantial manner. He also scours and cleans cloth coats, pantaloons, vests, &c. in such a manner as to take out tar, paint, and grease, without the least injury to the cloth, and make them appear nearly as well as when new. All orders in his line of business, will be gratefully received and punctually attended to.

Hillsborough, Caroline County, july 13 7q

Queen-Ann's County, Maryland.

ON application to the subscriber in the recess of the county court, as associate judge of the orphans court of Queen-Ann's county, by petition in writing of THOMAS CECIL, of Queen Ann's county, praying the benefit of the insolvent laws of the said state, on the terms therein prescribed—a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors on oath as far as he can ascertain them, being annexed to his said petition; and being satisfied by competent testimony that the said Thomas Cecil hath resided in the said state two years immediately preceding the time of his application, and the said Thomas Cecil having given sufficient security for his personal appearance in Queen-Ann's county court, to answer such allegations as his creditors may make against him: I do therefore order and adjudge that the said Thomas Cecil be discharged from imprisonment, and by causing a copy of this order to be inserted once a week in the Republican Star at Easton, for three months successively before the first Saturday of next October term of Queen-Ann's county court, he give notice to his creditors to appear before the said court, to be held at Centreville on the said first Saturday of next October term, for the purpose of appointing a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause if any they have why the said Thomas Cecil should not have the benefit of the several insolvent laws of the state aforesaid, as prayed.

Given under my hand this 13th day of July, in the year eighteen hundred and nineteen.

SAMUEL SMYTH.

july 20 13w

Queen-Ann's County, Maryland.

ON application to me the subscriber, in the recess of the county court, as chief judge of the orphans court of Queen-Ann's county, praying the benefit of the insolvent laws of the state of Maryland, by petition in writing of PATRIC QUIN, on the terms therein prercribed—a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors on oath as far as he can ascertain them, being annexed to his said petition; and being satisfied by competent testimony that the said Patric Quin hath resided in the state two years immediately preceding the time of his application; and the said Patric Quin having given sufficient security for his personal appearance in Queen-Ann's county court, to answer such allegations as his creditors may make against him: I do therefore order and adjudge that the said Patric Quin be discharged from imprisonment, and by causing a copy of this order to be inserted once a week in the Republican Star at Easton, for three months successively before the first Saturday of next October term of Queen-Ann's county court, he give notice to his creditors to appear before the said court to be held at Centreville on the said first Saturday of next October term, for the purpose of appointing a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause if any they have, why the said Patric Quin should not have the benefit of the several insolvent laws of the state aforesaid, as prayed.

Given under my hand this 19th day of June, in the year 1819.

WM. CLAYTON.

july 20 13w

For sale,

A valuable FARM, containing about 550 acres, situated in Caroline county, on Great Choptank River, two miles above Dover Bridge, and within six miles of the town of Easton. The said Farm will admit of being divided into two, one of 350 acres, the other 200 acres, both handsomely situated on the river. About 130 acres of the first is covered with valuable oak timber, near the water, and the improvements thereon are good—a two-story frame dwelling house, nearly new, and a kitchen adjoining, and all other necessary buildings—a good well of water in the yard, and a fine spring of water and spring-house near the dwelling—a fishery and good grazing marsh attached to the same.—There are on the 200 acre lot complete comfortable buildings, a good well of water in the yard, and a spring convenient—120 acres thereof covered with valuable oak and pine timber, directly on the water, and a fishery belonging thereto, equal to any on the river, which will be sold altogether or separate, as may best suit purchasers.

This property is worthy the attention of any person wishing to purchase a comfortable situation, as well as those that may be scarce of timber.

ALSO—One other FARM of 234 acres, situated in Queen-Ann's county, within about eight miles of Centreville, adjoining the lands of Mr. Nathan E. Clements and Dr. John Thomas.—This Farm is of an excellent quality, and has a sufficient quantity of timber, a good orchard—other improvements not very good.

Further descriptions are unnecessary, as no person will purchase without first viewing the premises. The above described property will be sold, and that on reasonable terms. Persons wishing to purchase will please to apply to the subscriber, living on the farm near Dover Bridge.

THOS. STYLL.

june 1 w

FROM THE NEW YORK NATIONAL ADVOCATE.

Domestic Economy.

I have never approved of boarding schools for young ladies, & a circumstance lately occurred, which was very much calculated to confirm my unfavourable impressions. A distant relation of mine, whose parents reside at the south, had been for several years at a boarding-school of great reputation, not a hundred miles from New York. During a late vacation she paid a visit to the city, and I as in duty bound, paid her a morning's call. She was pretty and sociable, yet I did not discover, in a conversation of half an hour, any attainments, any depth of thought or soundness of reason, superior to what young ladies of our city generally exhibit who have not been at boarding schools. She readily complied with a request to play a tune for me on the piano, and executed a difficult sonata with skill and taste. Well done my gentle Coz, said I—you not only play with judgment, but what adds lustre to talent, you cheerfully comply with the first solicitation, which is a proof of an *amiable temper.*—Amiable, my dear Sir? said she—I am not amiable, I should be very sorry to be thought so. Not amiable, my dear? said I—Oh no, Miss Bridget, our school mistress, does not think it necessary that we should be amiable—if we were so, why we should be imposed upon, she thinks, and therefore she gives us no encouragement to be amiable. But my dear, said I—are you not aware that the brightest jewel in the female casket, next to virtue, is an amiable temper? it is the pure, the etherial flame which is to light you to happiness through life—it sweetens your hours, deprives misfortune of its keen edge, tempers delirious joys, and gives to matrimony its most endearing attributes. Matrimony, said she—Oh, I never intend to marry. Not marry? said I—No, Miss Bridget is hostile to matrimony, and has no idea of our surrendering our independence to the men. Indeed! 'Tis true said she, with a sigh, & a significant shake of the head, which went to say—I wish she entertained different sentiments. Adieu, my dear Coz, said I—Miss Bridget I trust will not make you unamiable, and as to her making you a proselyte to her unmatrimonial project, I have no fear of it—you have youth, beauty, fortune and sentiment, and they are powerful opponents to any old maid in Christendom.

I could not, however, but reflect, on my return home, how improper it is for mothers to permit their daughters to be absent for years from them in order to receive an education, which can be acquired more economically under their immediate inspection. The education of females, is a very delicate and difficult task. If an improper bias be given by a preceptress to the mind of one female, her happiness through life may be irreparably injured; but when a whole school becomes affected by the crooked policy and rediculous prejudices of a teacher, society, in its most refined relations, becomes materially hurt. What maxim can be more dangerous, than teaching a female that an amiable temper is liable to imposition, and that matrimony is a surrender of independence? and yet this has actually been done. A preceptress, whose chances for matrimony, after passing her grand climacteric, are slender indeed, teaches her pupils to hate the name—her temper, which blessed singleness very materially sours, she continues to blend & incorporate with those tender plants which are committed to her fostering hand. But what is the maxim of a boarding school education? A young lady returns to her parents after an absence of five years, and incurring an expence of $2500 or more. It is true she plays well, dances well, can embroider, and speak French—and there ends her accomplishments. Without any knowledge of domestic affairs, ignorant of useful, though amply provided with ornamental acquirements—she has to undergo a new and indispensible series of instruction from her mother; which very frequently, her boarding school education disqualifies her from learning—her labor has hitherto been mental, not corporeal; she cannot mix cheerfully with society, because she has been accustomed to a kind of monastic seclusion—she has a *mauvaise haute* in the company of gentlemen, because she has been probably taught by her old maid of a preceptress, to run away from them like a skipping doe—in short, she is an elegant, expensive, little creature, ornamental, not useful, an appendage to the drawing room on a gala night, but of no service to any other part of the house.—But methinks I hear some one say, how would you educate your daughters? Why, I would so divide their time, and employ them in pursuits which should at once be useful and ornamental. I should ever bear in mind, that what is beneficial for a girl, would not answer for a woman, and what is ornamental in a young lady, would be useless in a wife, and thus endeavor to blend & harmonize what was necessary and indispensible for every situation in life. This could be done by a little system.

There is a young lady in our city whom I never see without increased admiration, and whose deportment and personal attractions are themes of applause. She has been at a boarding school, but not so long as to become a convert to the stiff and unsocial doctrines too often inculcated there; she is undergoing a course of studies at home; she rises, said her mother, very early in the morning, and before leaving her chamber, she puts it to rights, and adjusts all those little domestic objects which require care, while they encourage industry;—before breakfast she studies, probably a French lesson, or reads a few pages of history, which is always attractive if not delightful; she presides at the breakfast table, and discharges the first domestic duty—the meal finished, she takes a lesson in music, in languages, in drawing, or may be in dancing; she writes her exercises, and familiarizes herself to the pen; she then has some domestic affairs which require attention, and like Portia and Lucretia, she is not unmindful of, nor unskilful at, her needle. Here are all the advantages which can be acquired at a boarding school blended with domestic attainments, calculated to make an accomplished young lady and a useful wife; and I never was more perfectly convinced, that he who is so happy as to engage her favorable sentiments, will find himself possessed of what he cannot too highly prize—an amiable and accomplised companion for life.

HOWARD.

FROM THE NEW-ORLEANS CHRONICLE.

The following fact, though altogether worthy of being remembered, has never, I believe, been reported by the pen of any historian.

Lest it should be thought a mere fabrication to occupy a vacant column in the newspaper. I think it not unimportant to state, that the subject of this memoir, Mr. Hunter, is well known in Darlington district, South Carolina; and the following narrative, which I had from himself, familiar to his friends and acquaintance.

Hunter, though a youth of perhaps 18 years old, was very active in defence of his country's rights during the revolutionary war. It was the fate of this Tyro in arms to fall into the hands of Major Fanning, whose deeds as a cruel partizan leader in the service of Great Britain, are written in North and South Carolina, in characters of blood. Hunter, whose active services had roused the ire of the Major, was told upon the spot to prepare for his fate, which was nothing less than death, for which awful event a few minutes only were allowed him to prepare,—A band of tories, thirsting for the blood of a patriot, instantly formed a circle round the boy, leaving him no reasonable chance for escape.

At this moment thought followed thought in quick succession.———His home, his friends, his country, and the circumstances under which he was about to be torn from them all together with the reflection that he must quickly realize a state of untried being, crowed upon his mind, and called up feelings not to be described.

For the first time he bent his knees to the power which yields the destinies of man, and no sooner had he breathed a wish to the throne of mercy, than he felt a strong persuation that deliverance was possible. This important point settled in his mind, he cast his eyes around in search of the means to be employed. At the distance of a few paces from the encircling band stood a beautiful filly, furnished with the Major's riding establishment, complete. This animal, late the idol of sportsmen in Virginia, had fallen into the hands of the present owner, and was highly prized as affording the means of escape from impending danger.

"Cannot I," thought Hunter, "spring from my knees, gain the saddle, and under the favor of that power which has so fully assured my heart, escape this threatening death?" Having resolved, if he must perish, to perish in the attempt, he darted like lightning through his enemies, and seizing the bridle, which was held by a servant boy, as he vaulted into the saddle, he put the major's courser to her speed, and went off with his booty, to the no small disappointment and mortification of the astonished beholders. After gazing a while in stupid amazement, the redoubtable Fanning recollected that his soldiers had guns, but it was too late; and the order to "*shoot at the rebel,*" was obeyed without effect.

TRANSPORTATION OF THE MAIL.

The following interesting statement, relative to the United States Mail Establishment, is taken from an excellent address of Col. RICHARD M. JOHNSON, of Kentucky, to his constituents—published in the Kentucky Gazette of the 16th April last.

"Among the departments of government, the post office establishment claims a rank with the most important for general utility and convenience. This astonishing machine, like arteries and veins to the body politic, extends through every part of our wide domain, connecting its various parts, and diffusing life and vigour to the whole. The increase of this department has been more rapid in its progress than that of any other in the government. In 1798 there were but 195 post offices in the United States. There are now about 3800. The whole length of the post roads in the United States is about 40,000 miles, running in various directions, and bearing intelligence to every community in the Union. The mail in all its diversified movements, is transported nearly 8,000,000 of miles in a year—more than 150,000 miles every week—making a distance nearly equal to a circuit round the globe in each day—with an average of about one post office to every fifteen miles. The annual amount of postage is about a million of dollars, and the annual allowance to 3800 post masters is about 300,000 dollars. The annual expense of transporting the mail amounts to nearly 700,000 dollars, to 900 contractors. As the object of this establishment is public and individual convenience, it has not entered into the views of the government to make it a source of revenue, which would, by levying a tax upon friendship and intelligence, impair the strongest bond of our union. While the government is furnished with the means of speedy and convenient communication with its agents in every part of the nation, distant friends may hold frequent and familiar conversation—and intelligence of every description is diffused among all classes of citizens, and in every neighbourhood of the union, through the medium of this establishment."

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