General Advertiser

REPUBLICAN STAR AND

VOL. XXV. EASTON, (MD.) TUESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 2, 1823. NO. 15....1255.

Printed and published, every Tuesday Mornin

BY THOMAS PERRIN SMITH,

Publisher of the Laws of the Union.

TERMS.

The terms are *Two Dollars* and *Fifty Cents* per Annum, payable half yearly, in advance.—No paper can be discontinued, until the same is paid for.

Advertisements are inserted three weeks for One Dollar, and continued weekly for Twenty five Cents per square.

Public sale.

WILL be sold at the subscriber's, on Wednesday the 3d day of December next, if fair, if not, the next fair day, a valuable stock of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, and three yoke of Oxen, a quantity of Corn and Corn-blades, Farming Utensils, &c. Also a good double Carriage and Horses. A credit of five months will be given on all sums over five dollars, the purchaser or purchasers giving note and good security bearing interest from the day of sale.—The terms of sale must be complied with before the delivery of the property. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock.

JAMES TILGHMAN.

Bay Side, nov 25 2w

Land for sale.

The subscriber offers for sale on accommodating terms, the farm whereon he lately resided. This farm contains in all two hundred & thirty five and three-fourth acres of land, with a sufficient proportion of timber, lying about 4 miles from Easton, and directly on the road leading to Centreville. It offers many advantages that are rare to be met with in small farms viz: It has an inexhaustible stream of water running through the centre of the fields, with a meadow ground attached to the same, which affords abundance of natural grass, and might with very little labour to clear it, produce abundance of Timothy and Herd—It has a prime young apple orchard containing near two hundred well selected fruit trees—The dwelling and other convenient out Houses are in good repair, with a spacious Barn sufficient to cure a pretty considerable crop of Tobacco. It is presumed to be unnecessary to say any thing further, as persons wishing to purchase will call and view the property, and make themselves acquainted with the terms.

JAMES DENNY,
Agent for Thomas Denny.

oct 21 w

Valuable Land for sale.

The subscriber offers for sale the Farm called

"WARD'S GIFT,"

beautifully situated within two miles of Centreville, immediately on the Post Road, and adjoining two Grist Mills;—it contains about four hundred and ninety-four acres of land, with a plenty of timber and fire-wood. This farm offers many advantages rarely to be met with, viz.—there runs quite through the farm a large meadow, which with little labour might be made to produce a large quantity of Timothy and Herd Grass; and through which there runs an inexhaustable stream of water. The soil is well adapted to the growth of corn, wheat, clover and tobacco; it is elevated, yet level, and requires but very little ditching. The improvements are a two-story Brick Dwelling House, near which there is a brick well of excellent water, Kitchen, Quarter, Corn-house, a tolerable good Stable, and the frame of a large Barn, out of which might be made a very commodious farm house. Also a very fine apple and peach orchard, with well selected fruit.

It is unnecessary to say any thing further, as I presume those that are disposed to purchase will view the premises, which will be shewn by Mr. H. Hardcastle, jun. living on the farm. For terms, which will be made very accommodating, apply to the subscriber, near Easton.

J. G. THOMAS.

nov 11 w

Sherwood Forest for sale.

The subscriber offers for sale, that beautiful FARM on which he at present resides, the former residence of his father Hugh Sherwood, dec'd. This farm is handsomely situated on the head waters of Broad Creek, and bounded with said creek on the south and west, on the north and east with the post road leading from Easton to Haddaway's Ferry. The dwelling house is large and well calculated for comfort and convenience, is eligibly situated on a rising ground at a convenient distance from the post road, and commands a view of part of the waters of Miles river, which are within half a mile of it. This farm contains by a late survey 272 acres, 100 acres of which is covered with wood and timber. The title clear of all incumbrances. The purchaser can seed wheat the ensuing fall. For further particulars apply to the subscriber on the premises, or to Edward N. Hambleton at Easton.

THOMAS SHERWOOD.

sep 2 w

Land in Caroline county

FOR SALE.

To be sold pursuant to the last will and testament of Mrs. Mary Trippe, deceased, the Farm or Plantation lately belonging to her, situate and lying in the upper part of Caroline county, on the road leading from Greensborough to the Nine Bridges, and consisting of part of a tract of land called 'Hunter's Forest,' of part of another tract called 'Mount Pleasant,' and of another tract called 'Harrington's Neglect,' and containing about two hundred acres of land.—Persons disposed to purchase will examine the premises; and for the terms of sale, which will be reasonable, they will apply to the subscriber in Easton; who, on the ratification of the contract, will convey an undisputed title.

CHRISTIANA SETH, Trustee.

Easton, sep 24 4w

Ornament and Security.

THE subscriber, having been engaged for the last eight years in the manufactory of FENDERS, has on hand an extensive assortment, PLAIN and ORNAMENTAL, suitable for parlours, Franklin stoves, public offices, &c. &c. His attention being exclusively given to the manufactory of every description of

Plain and Fancy Wire Work,

including Safes, Sieves, Cages, Hatters Earls on a superior plan, and wove wire, is prepared to supply orders to any amount in the above articles, in as complete a style of workmanship, and on as accommodating terms, as can be procured in any part of the United States.

ALSO,

An elegant collection of CANARY BIRDS, which will be disposed of low. All orders, post paid, from any part of the United States, directed to G. D. Ebsworth, Baltimore, Fender manufactory, will be attended to, and executed with neatness and despatch.

GEO. D. EBSWORTH.

☞ Frederick Examiner and Herald, Hagerstown Herald, York Gazette, Easton Star, Annapolis Republican, and Norfolk Herald, will publish the above once a week for eight times, and forward their accounts to their agents.

G. D. E.

nov 25 8w

Sulphate of Quinine.

THE subscriber informs his customers and the public that he has received a quantity of this highly esteemed preparation, which will be carefully put up to order, either in Powder Pills, Solution, or Syrup.

This article is prepared from, and possesses all the properties of Peruvian Bark, in so concentrated a form that a few grains is equal to an ounce of that valuable, and to most stomachs, nauseous medicine. The extensive use that this preparation has got into in Philadelphia and its neighborhood, proves its efficacy in all cases where the administration of Bark is proper.

Of whom also may be had,

SUPERIOR LOXA, OR CROWN BARK,
BEST QUALITY PALE PERUVIAN do.
Do. YELLOW do.

With a general assortment of genuine Drugs and Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Painters' Colours and Brushes, Window Glass and Putty, Linseed, Spermaceti, and Common Lamp Oil. &c. &c.—All which will be sold on reasonable terms, and put up in the neatest and most careful manner—at

WM. W. MOORE'S
Drug and Medicinal Store.

9 mo. 16 w

Sulphate of Quinine.

A FRESH supply just received, and will be neatly prepared in any form it may be required—by

T. H. DAWSON & Co. Druggists.

oct 7 w

Shoes and Boots.

JOSEPH SCULL

Has just returned from Philadelphia, with a large assortment of

SHOES,

A part of which are

Ladies' Morocco Walking Shoes,
do Leather do do
do Colored Prunelle do
do White do do
do Black do do
do Morocco spring heels do
do do Military heels do

WITH A VARIETY OF

MISSES', CHILDREN'S, AND MENS' SHOES.

He has also a large assortment of Easton made Boots and Shoes, all of which he will sell at the very least prices for cash.

He has also a large assortment of Leather, Morocco and Kid, of the best quality, and he will endeavor to have Boots and Shoes made in the best manner.

Easton, nov 4 w

Very Cheap Fall and Winter GOODS.

The subscribers having now received from Philadelphia and Baltimore, and opened

THEIR ENTIRE ASSORTMENT OF

Fall and Winter Goods,

Beg leave respectfully to invite their customers and the public to give them an early call, as they can assure them their stock is large and cheaper than at any former period.

Among other things they have a very large supply of New England COTTON YARNS, from number 3 to 24.

GROOME & LAMBDIN.

Easton, oct 28 w

New Goods.

CLARK & GREEN

Have just received and are now opening a large and general

ASSORTMENT OF

Fall and Winter Goods;

Selected with great care in New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, from the latest importations, which will be offered extremely low for cash, they respectfully invite their friends and the Public generally to give them an early call.

nov 4 w

Pump Making.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Talbot and the adjacent counties, that he is now prepared to contract to make Pumps in the best manner, and on the most approved plan—he will also have pipes laid and Wells dug at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms. Apply at the Easton Hotel.

J. W. HILLIAS.

Easton, nov 25 3w

In Caroline County Court,

SITTING AS A COURT OF EQUITY,

OCTOBER TERM, 1823.

ORDERED by the court, that the sale of the Lands, made and reported by Hatfield Wright, trustee for the sale of the Real Estate and Lands of John R. Wright and Jesse K. Wright, in the case of Anthony Whiteley, senr. petitioner for the sale thereof, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shewn, on or before the first Monday in March, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and twenty-four; provided a copy of this order be inserted, once in each of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers published in Easton, in Talbot county, before the first day of December, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and twenty-three.

The report of the trustree states the amount of sales to be $482 15.

WILLIAM B. MARTIN,
JAMES B. ROBINS,
WILLIAM WHITTINGTON.

True copy.

Test. JO. RICHARDSON, Clk.

nov 25 3w

Wanted,

A MINISTER of the Gospel of the Protestant Episcopal Church, in the Parish of St. Michaels, Talbot county, Eastern Shore of Maryland; who will receive $600 per annum. A Clergyman willing to engage in and take upon himself the care of the Parish, will please address himself to the subscribers.

WM. HAYWARD,
CHAS. GOLDSBOROUGH.

☞ The National Intelligenger will please copy the above until forbid, and forward their account.

Easton, nov 18 3w

To be leased,

For a term of one or more years, from the 1st of January next, that large and commodious TAVERN in Cambridge, at present occupied by Solomon Wilson, situated in a convenient and central part of the town, & containing, exclusive of garret, and a spacious dry cellar, twelve excellent rooms, one of which is fifty-two feet long.

It is confidently believed, that the zeal and energy which have been displayed in the recent improvements of the town, will continue; and that, from its Geographical advantages, Cambridge will necessarily become the rendezvous of a majority of travellers between the southern and northern sections of our peninsula when the facilities of conveyance, now established, are more extensively known; from which, it may be fairly anticipated, that an enterprising man, with competent resources to conduct such an establishment, would do a large and profitable business.

JOS. E. MUSE.

Cambridge, E. S. Md, August 19, 1823. } w

To be Leased,

For one or more years, commencing from the 1st day of January next, the

Union Tavern,

in Easton, at present occupied by Mr. James C. Wheeler. To a good tenant, (a man who knows how to keep a *public house*) taking a lease for more than a year, I will give the most accommodating terms as to the first year's rent, as I am desirous to re-establish the best stand for a Tavern on the Eastern Shore, as was proved by the management of Mr. Thomas Peacock.

JOHN LEEDS KERR.

Easton, sep 30 w

To rent,

For the next ensuing year, the House at present occupied by Mr. Charles Goldsborough, nearly opposite the Bank. For terms apply to

JOSEPH HASKINS.

nov 11 w

Notice to Creditors.

THE subscriber having been appointed by the Judges of Talbot county court, at May Term 1823, as trustee for the settlement of the real estate of Impy Dawson, late of Talbot county, deceased, requests all persons having claims against said estate, to call on him for payment, as he is prepared to pay off their respective dividends.

ALEXANDER B. HARRISON.

nov 25 3w

Notice to Creditors.

IN obedience to the law, and the order of the honorable the orphans court of Dorchester county—THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That the subscriber, of said county, hath obtained from the orphans court of the county aforesaid, letters of administration on the personal estate of John Seward, late of said county, deceased—All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the proper vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the first Monday in June, 1824;—they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 18th day of November, 1823.

SARAH SEWARD, Admrx.
of John Seward, dec'd.

nov 25 3q

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber hath obtained from the orphans court of Worcester county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of ROBERT DAVIS, (of Elijah), late of Worcester county, deceased—All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the second Tuesday in May next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this twenty-ninth day of October, eighteen hundred and twenty-three.

JAMES ROWND, Administrator.

nov 11 3q

FROM THE NEW YORK DAILY ADVERTISER, NOV. 18.

The following extracts from an unpublished letter has been communicated to us for publication. It was written by an officer and an Aid-de-camp of Gen. Riego, to an American gentleman in Spain, and contains an account of the march of his army from Malaga to Ximena, and the capture of it by the French.—It was immediately after this event that Gen. Riego fell into the hands of his enemies. As it contains only authentic details of those occurrences which we have met with, we have no doubt it will be read with much interest.

EXTRACT FROM A LETTER, DATED AT ——, IN 'THE HOUSE OF THE VISCONDE DE MIRANDA.'

"If I were to write you, my dear Sir, all the incidents and circumstances which have taken place from the time we left Malaga on the 3d inst. up to the 14th, when our army was entirely destroyed in Iodar, it would make up a little volume more like romance than reality; but, from the very awkward position in which I write this, I am unable to give you many particulars. On our arrival at Nerja on the 5th inst. our leader varied the direction coastwise, and we betook ourselves to the mountains on our left, where never an army had passed before, and where we had to pass by defiles one by one. Night coming on, our adventurous commander, who always kept at the head of the column, set fire to the brushwood and trees as we went along, in order to give light, and to show the troops the pathway we had taken. After surmounting innumerable obstacles by climbing over the most stupendous rocks, and crossing terrific ravines, we at last found ourselves in a campaigne country, and within four leagues of Greneda.

In the middle of the night of the 6th we were challenged by the sentries of a column of French cavalry, who however did not make their appearance any more until our arrival at Monte Frio at mid-day, when about 500 of their lancers and cavalry shewed a disposition to attack us in our quarters. Our chief ordered the cavalry regiment of St. Jago, and the infantry regiment of Valencia to attack them, which was executed bravely by driving them back and keeping them in check until our divisions had left the town.—In that affair we had 5 men seriously (I may say mortally) wounded. I was amongst the last who evacuated the town, and I left the poor fellows bleeding profusely from the stabs of the French lancers. That night our division continued its march for Priego, and at day break on the 10th inst. we fell in with the outposts of Ballasteros's army. We endeavoured a parley, which ended in our driving in their guerilla parties, until we came upon the main body situated in the immediate neighborhood of Priego. Here a very warm fire took place between their sharpshooters and ours; and here one of the General's aids-de-camps was mortally wounded by my side—it was Lieut. Col. Luke. He was shot through the breast, the ball passing out at his back.

At this moment the General ordered me to bring forward an infantry regiment which was formed a little in the rear; and while I was leading them on at the charge of the bayonet, and within a few yards of Ballasteros's men, the voice ran to halt—for Gen. Ballasteros was on the field in search of Riego. I was present at the meeting of these two generals. They embraced; and our chief in the most energetic terms, called upon him in the name of his insulted country to join with his forces against their foreign invaders. He answered that he should consult with the chiefs of his army; and, in the mean time when the firing had ceased, the two armies ran into one another's arms. I wept among the many hundreds for joy; and the two armies entered pell mell into Priego together. But all our hopes were presently blasted: for in the course of the afternoon, while our weary troops were at repose, Ballasteros marched of all his men in various directions for Cabra and Lucena; otherwise it is probable all his men would have joined us.—That night we continued our march, and arrived next morning the 11th inst. at Martos.

That day we stopped to refresh; and next day arrived at Jaen amid the ringing of bells and vivas. Next day the 13th inst. about noon, the alarm was given that the French in considerable force were approaching the city.—Our chief called to arms, and took up fighting positions upon the road to Mancha. The enemy opened upon us a lively fire of flying artillery which was presently supported by their cavalry and infantry, formed in a close column. We retired gradually, taking up position after position until near the town of Mancha; and, before arriving at the river, our heroic chief made a stand, when their lancers and some cavalry came up in the most gallant style, and made a charge upon our cavalry regiment of St. Jago. In a moment they were overset by the superiority of the lancers. I was in the act of animating a company of our Cassadores who were making a most destructive fire on the enemy, when I found myself in action with a French dragoon on my right, who suffered; and immediately after a French officer, at full gallop, gave me a severe lunge in my left side with his sabre. The brave fellow who struck me, considering it a mortal wound immediately offered me his hand, and in French, told me to go with him where I would be taken care of. At that instant I heard my name called upon by an officer of ours, who seeing me prisoner, came to rescue me. The French officer let go my hand, and, I regret to say, immediately fell from a pistol shot from the officer (Captain Manleon) who rescued me.

The French must have lost very considerable in this action; for they retired for some minutes, and the ground was strewed with the dead and dying all around me. I felt faint from the loss of blood, and therefore kept moving on at a slow pace in considerable pain, until I arrived at Ximena, where I got medical aid, and the surgeon pronounced that the wound was not serious, being a little below the left ribs.—The firing continued until sunset. Next morning, at about 9 o'clock, I had the pleasure of again meeting with my General. He desired me to go on slowly to Chachola. I had not left him many minutes when a most incessant firing began, and I saw the French lancers and cavalry appear in close column. They were supported by 4000 infantry in the rear, which had come up from Andujar; and here the total dispersion of our troops took place. They were all surrounded by the cavalry, and surrendered prisoners of war, when our Chief was seen making his escape on a horse which he had borrowed from an officer, his own having been shot.

In my retreat I was accompanied by the Secretary of the General, and the Auditor of War, Sandina. We found that we could not enter Chachola for there *el Ocho*, a captain of Banditti, and the town were up in arms against us; therefore we took refuge in a Cortijo close by. Next day I determined (with my companions) to come to this city, in order to get medical aid. It is the Quarter General of a part of Ballasteros's army. The Baron de Carondelet (commanding here) on my presenting myself to him, instantly ordered me to be billeted on one of the first families here. I have every assistance I could wish; the surgeon has pronounced me in a rapid state of convalescence: but until I am able to mount on horseback, I am not told whethor I am in the quality of a prisoner of war or otherwise. Whatever is the result, you may depend upon it I will never do dishonor to your confidence, and you will never be ashamed of calling me your friend.'

THE LATE WILLIAM PINKNEY.

FROM THE JULY NO. OF THE NORTH AMERICAN REVIEW.

To extraordinary and natural endowments, Mr. Pinkney added deep and various knowledge of his profession. A long course of study and practice had familiarised his mind with the science of the law, in every department, and his attainments in the auxiliary branches of learning, essential to the jurist and advocate, were of the most profound and elegant character.—For many years he was the acknowledged leader at the head of the bar of his native state; and during the last ten years of his life—the principal period of attendance in this (the Supreme) Court (of the United States)—he enjoyed the reputation of having been rarely equalled, and perhaps never excelled, in eloquence and the power of reasoning upon legal subjects. His mind was acute and subtile; rapid in its conceptions, and singularly felicitous in the exposition of the truths it was employed in investigating. Mr. Pinkney had the command of the greatest variety of the most beautiful and peculiarly appropriate diction; and the faculty of adorning and illustrating the driest and most intricate discussions. His favorite mode of reasoning was from the analogies of the law, and while he delighted his auditory by his powers of amplification and rhetorical ornament, he instructed the court by tracing up the technical rules and positive institutions of jurisprudence to their historical source and first principles. He was profoundly versed in the ancient learning of the common law; its technical peculiarities and feudal origin, its subtle distinctions and artificial logic were familiar to his early studies, and enabled him to expound with admirable force and perspicuity, the rules of real propriety. To this, and his other legal attainments, he superadded at a later period of his life, an extensive acquaintance with the theory and administration of public law.

In the various questions of constitutional law, which have been recently discussed in this high tribunal, it may be said, it is hoped, without irreverence, that Mr. Pinkney's learning and powers of investigation have very much contributed to enlighten and fix its judgment. In the discussion of that class of causes especially, which to use his own expressions, "presented the proud spectacle of a peaceful judicial review of the conflicting sovereign claims of the government of the Union, and of the particular states, by this more than amphyctionic council," his arguments were characterised by a fervour, earnestness, gravity, eloquence of force and reasoning, which convinced all who heard him, that he delivered his own sentiments as a statesman and a citizen, and was not merely solicitous to discharge his duty as an advocate. He exerted his intellectual vigor proportioned to the magnitude of the occasion. He saw in it "a pledge of the immorality of the Union—of a perpetuity of national strength and glory, increasing and brightening with age—of concord at home and reputation abroad." And in his argument on the constitutionality of the charter of the bank of the United States, he stated, that "the considerations which the question involved, imparted to it a peculiar character of importance; and this tribunal, distinguished as it is for all that can give to judicature a title to reverence, is, in deliberating and adjudicating upon it, in the exercise of its most exalted, its most awful functions. The legislative faculties of the government of the Union, for the prosperity of the Union, are in the lists against the imputed sovereignty of a particular state; & you are the judges of the lists;—not indeed upon the romantic and chivalrous principles of tilts and tournaments, but upon the sacred principles of the constitution. In whatever direction you look, you cannot but perceive the solemnity, the majesty of such an occasion. In whatever quarter you approach the subject, you cannot but feel that it demands from you the firm and steady exertion of all those high qualities which the universal voice ascribes to those who have devoted themselves to the ministry of this holy sanctuary.

That intense application to his professional and public labors, for which Mr. Pinkney was so remarkably distinguished, continued to animate his exertions to the last moments of his life; and as he held up a high standard of excellence in this honorable career, he pursued it with unabated diligence and ardor, and still continued to speak as from the impulse of youthful ambition. His example was, therefore of the greatest utility in exciting the emulation of the profession.—But it is as an enlightened defender of the national constitution against the attacks which have been made upon it, under the pretext of asserting the claims of state sovereignty, that his loss is most to be lamented by the public. It is known to his friends that he was, a short time before his death, engaged in the investigations preparatory to making a great effort in the Senate upon this interesting subject.

The loss of such a commentary upon the constitution, by one who had so profoundly meditated on its principles, may be regarded as a public calamity. It is also to be regretted, that the great fame of his eloquence must rest mainly in tradition, as it is believed no memorials of his most splendid efforts in the Senate or at the Bar have been preserved, and it is obviously impossible to form any adequate notions of the powers of an advocate from the sketches of the arguments of council contained in the books of reports.

Just Received

and for sale at the Star Office,

AN ASSORTMENT OF

Blank Books, Writing and Letter Paper of superior qualities, School Books, &c. &c

oct 28

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