General Advertiser

REPUBLICAN STAR AND

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BY THOMAS PERRIN SMITH,

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TERMS.

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Laws of the United States,

E PLURIBUS UNUM.

PASSED AT THE FIRST SESSION, 19TH. CONGRESS.

By Authority.

[PUBLIC ACT.]

AN ACT making appropriations for the support of the Navy of the United States for the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for defraying the expenses of the Navy for the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six, the following sums be, and the same are hereby, respectively, appropriated:

For the pay and subsistence of the officers, and pay of the seamen, other than those at Navy Yards, shore stations, and in ordinary, nine hundred and eight thousand five hundred and ninety-five dollars and fifty cents.

For the pay, subsistence, and allowances of officers, and pay of seamen and others at Navy Yards, shore stations, hospitals, and in ordinary, one hundred and forty-one thousand six hundred and thirteen dollars and twenty-five cents.

For the pay of Naval Constructors, Superintendents, and all the Civil Establishment at the several Navy Yards and stations, fifty-two thousand two hundred and forty dollars.

For provisions, three hundred and seventy-seven thousand eight hundred and seventy-one dollars seventy-five cents.

For repairs of vessels in ordinary, and for wear and tear of vessels in commission, three hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For repairs and improvements of Navy Yards, one hundred and seventy thousand dollars, to wit: Portsmouth, New-Hampshire, ten thousand dollars; Charlestown, Massachusetts, forty thousand dollars; New-York, thirty-five thousand dollars; Philadelphia, thirty thousand dollars; Washington, fifteen thousand dollars; Gosport, forty thousand dollars.

For a survey of the harbors of Savannah and Brunswick, in Georgia, Beaufort in South-Carolina, and Baltimore, Maryland, with a view to ascertain the practical facilities of those places for naval purposes, ten thousand dollars.

For medicines, surgical instruments, and hospital stores, and all other expenses on account of the sick, forty-five thousand dollars.

For defraying the expenses which may accrue during the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six, for the following purposes:

For freight and transportation of materials, and stores of every description; for wharfage and dockage; for storage and rent; for travelling expenses of officers, and transportation of seamen; for house rent or chamber money; for fuel and candles to officers, other than those attached to Navy Yards and shore stations; for commissions, clerk hire, office rent, fuel, and stationery to Navy Agents; for premiums and incidental expenses of recruiting; for expenses of pursuing deserters; for compensation to Judge Advocates; for per diem allowance to persons attending Courts Martial, and Courts of Inquiry, and to officers engaged on extra service beyond the limits of their stations; for expenses of persons in sick quarters; for burying deceased persons belonging to the Navy; for printing and stationery of every description; for books, charts, mathematical and nautical instruments, chronometers, models, and drawings; for purchase and repairs of fire and steam engines and machinery; for purchase and maintenance of oxen and horses, and for carts, wheels, and workmen's tools of every description; for postage of letters on public service; for pilotage, for cabin furniture for vessels in commission: for taxes on Navy Yards and public property; for assistance rendered to public vessels in distress; for incidental labor at Navy Yards not applicable to any other appropriation; for coals and other fuel for forges, foundries, steam engines, and for candles, oil, and fuel for vessels in commission, and in ordinary; and including the expense of breaking up the stations on the Lakes, and at New-Orleans and Barrataria, and for transporting the articles from thence, and for no other object or purpose whatever, two hundred and forty thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses for objects arising during the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six, and not hereinbefore enumerated, five thousand dollars.

For the pay and subsistence of the officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians, privates, and washerwomen of the Marine Corps, one hundred and seventy-six thousand one hundred and fifty-eight dollars ten cents.

For clothing for the same, twenty-eight thousand seven hundred and sixty-five dollars.

For fuel for the same, six thousand dollars.

For contingencies, that is to say: for travelling expenses for officers, and transportation for men, freight of stores from one station to another, toll, forage, wharfage, and cartage, expenses of recruiting, per diem allowance for attending Courts Martial, and Courts of Inquiry, compensation to Judge Advocates, house rent and chamber money, where there are no quarters assigned, incidental labor in the Quarter Master's Department, expenses of burying deceased persons belonging to the corps, printing and stationery, postage on public letters, forage, per diem allowance to officers on extra duty, expense of pursuing deserters, keeping in repair the barracks at the different stations, straw for the men, barrack furniture, spades, axes, shovels, picks, and carpenter's tools, and for no other purpose whatever, thirty thousand five hundred dollars.

For sundry expenses arising in the current year, not hereinbefore mentioned, five hundred dollars.

For medicines, hospital stores, and instruments for the officers and marines stationed on shore, two thousand three hundred and sixty-nine dollars and seventy-one cents.

For barracks, nine thousand dollars.

For the Agency on the coast of Africa, for receiving the negroes, mulattoes, and persons of color, delivered from on board vessels seized in the prosecution of the slave trade, by commanders of the United States armed vessels, thirty-two thousand dollars.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted,* That the several sums hereby appropriated, shall be paid out of any money in the Treasury, not otherwise appropriated: *Provided, however,* That no money appropriated for this act shall be paid to no person for his compensation, who is in arrears to the United States, until such persons shall have accounted for, and paid into the Treasury, all sums for which he may be liable: *Provided, also,* that nothing in this section contained, shall be construed to extend to balances arising solely from the depreciation of Treasury notes, received by such person to be expended in the public service; but, in all cases where the pay or salary of any person is withheld, in pursuance of this act, it shall be the duty of the accounting officer, if demanded by the party, his agent, or attorney, to report forthwith to the Agent of the Treasury Department, the balance due; and it shall be the duty of said Agent, within sixty days thereafter, to order suit to be commenced against such delinquent and his sureties.

JOHN W. TAYLOR,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JOHN C. CALHOUN,
Vice-President of the United States, and President of the Senate.

Approved—March 14, 1826. [11]
JOHN QUINCY ADAMS.

VALUABLE LANDS OFFERED AT

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, issued out of Talbot county court at the suit of Nicholas Hammond against Alexander Hemsley, and to me directed, will be exposed to sale and sold on SATURDAY the fifteenth day of April next, on the premises so exposed to sale between the hours of twelve and three o'clock in the afternoon, all that farm and plantation with the appurtenances of him, the said Alexander Hemsley, commonly called the Church Farm, situate and being on the public mail road leading from Easton to Centreville, and adjoining Wye Church and near Wye Mill, and consisting of part of a tract of land called Wilton, of part of another tract called Lobb's Crook, and another parcel called Sweet Hope, contiguous to each other, and containing four hundred and sixty-six acres of land more or less; which said farm and plantation with the appurtenances, according to the metes and bounds thereof, were taken in execution at the suit of the said Plaintiff and will be sold to satisfy the debt, interest and costs required to be made and levied by virtue of the process aforesaid.

ALSO in addition to the above farm will be sold at the time and place aforesaid, the farm and plantation of him, the said Alexander Hemsley, situate on Wye River, and adjoining the said Church Farm, which the said Hemsley purchased of the heirs of Doctor Hindman, containing five hundred and seventeen acres of land, more or less, to pay and satisfy the following writs of venditioni exponas, issued out of the court of appeals, to me directed against the said Hemsley; to wit: at the suits of Royston A. Skinner, Administrator of Mordecai and John Brown, surviving executor of James Brown; also to pay and satisfy the following writs of venditioni exponas, issued out of Talbot county court, to me directed, to wit. at the suits of Tristram Faulkner, Samuel Hambleton, Reubin Hubbard, John Tilghman, Isaac Moore, use John Tilghman, William Glenn, use Daniel Newnam, Samuel Harrison, Henrietta M. George and Matthias George, Administrators of Joseph George, use of Benjamin Elliott, use William Barroll, Henrietta M. George and Matthias George, Administrators of Joseph George, Henry Hindman, the President Directors and Company of the Farmer's Bank of Maryland, (two cases) Thomas Emory, use of John T. Myers, use of Baynard & Myers, Thomas C. Earle, use of William Baker & Son, John Barnett, use T. P. Bennett, use Thomas & Kellie, James Wrightson, use Andrew Orem, Jr.

ALSO by virtue of the above mentioned writs of venditioni exponas will be exposed to sale, and sold on WEDNESDAY the nineteenth day of April next, at the house of Joseph Allen, Innkeeper, in the town of St. Michael between the hours of 12 and 3 o'clock in the afternoon of the same day, all and singular the title and estate for life, of him the said Alexander Hemsley, of and in the following Lands and Tenements with the appurtenances, that is to say:—the farm and plantation near the Bay-side whereon he now resides, commonly called Sherwood, containing according to its metes and bounds three hundred and four acres of land, more or less; and also, that farm and plantation situate on the lower moiety of Choptank Island, otherwise called Tilghman's Island, lying in the Bay along the shore of Talbot county aforesaid, and containing according to the metes and bounds of the same farm, the quantity of seven hundred and fifty acres of land, more or less: And notice is further given, that by virtue of sundry of the said writs of venditioni exponas will be exposed to sale and sold on THURSDAY the twentieth day of the same month between the hours aforesaid, at the dwelling house of the said Alexander Hemsley, all and singular his household and kitchen furniture: which said lands and tenements, and goods and chattels, were severally taken in execution at the suit of the respective plaintiffs aforesaid, and will be sold to satisfy the several sums of money, interest and costs, required to be made and levied by virtue of the several writs aforesaid, having respect to the priority of judgments obtained against the defendant, and of executions issued against him, according to law.

EDW. N. HAMBLETON, late Sheriff of Talbot County.

Easton, March 21, 1826. ts

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of James W. Botfield, deceased, are hereby requested to file them in the office of the Register of Wills for Talbot county, on or before the 1st day of August next, for dividend.

ABEDNEGO BOTFIELD, Adm'r.

march 21 3w

VALUABLE LANDS OFFERED AT

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of sundry writs of venditioni exponas, issued out of Talbot county court against Alexander Hemsley, at the suits of James McAlpin, of Anthony C. Thompson, use of Samuel Groome, of Francis Turner and James S. Turner, executors of Edward Turner, of John Irvine Troup, of Solomon Lowe, uses of Samuel Groome, of Matthew Tilghman, of William W. Moore, and of Joseph E. Muse, and by virtue also of two several writs of fieri facias issued out of the said county court against the said Alexander Hemsley at the suit of Thomas Hemsley and Thomas C. Earle, and to me respectively directed, will be exposed to sale, and sold on SATURDAY the fifteenth day of April next, on the premises so exposed to sale, between the hours of twelve and three o'clock in the afternoon, that farm and plantation with the appurtenances situate and being near Wye Mill in the county aforesaid, called the Church Farm, and consisting of part of a tract of land called Wilton, of part of another tract called Lobbs' Crook, and Sweet Hope, and containing according to their metes and bounds, four hundred and sixty-six acres of land, more or less: And also, that other farm and plantation of him the said Alexander Hemsley, with the appurtenances, situate, and being on Wye River in the said county and adjoining the said Church Farm, which the said Alexander Hemsley purchased of the heirs of Doctor John Hindman, and containing the quantity of five hundred and seventeen acres of land, according to the metes and bounds thereof, more or less:

And notice is further given, that by virtue of the said writs of venditioni exponas and fieri facias, will be exposed to sale, and sold on WEDNESDAY the nineteenth day of April next, at the house of Joseph Allen, Inkeeper, in the town of St. Michael between the hours of twelve and three o'clock in the afternoon of the same day, all and singular the title and estate for life of him the said Alexander Hemsley, of and in the following lands and tenements with the appurtenances, to wit: The farm and plantation near the Bay side, whereon he now resides, commonly called Sherwood, containing according to its metes and bounds three hundred and four acres of land, more or less: And also that farm and plantation situate on the lower moiety of Choptank Island, otherwise called Tilghman's Island, lying in the Bay along the shore of Talbot county aforesaid, and containing according to the metes and bounds of the same farm the quantity of seven hundred and fifty acres of land more or less:

And notice is further given, that by virtue of the four writs of venditioni exponas herein before last mentioned, will be exposed to sale and sold on THURSDAY the twentieth day of the same month between the hours aforesaid, at the dwelling house of the said Alexander Hemsley, four negroes, named Fanny, Anna, Tench, and Andrew, and two head of horses: which said lands and tenements, and goods and chattels, were severally taken in execution at the suit of the respective plaintiffs aforesaid, and will be sold to satisfy the several sums of money, interest and costs required to be made and levied by virtue of the several writs aforesaid, having respect to the priority of judgments obtained against the defendant, and of executions issued against him, according to law.

THOMAS HENRIX,
Sheriff of Talbot county.

Easton, March 21, 1826. ts

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of the Honorable Court of Talbot County, at November Term, 1825, we will sell at public sale, on the premises, on MONDAY the 24th day of April next, between the hours of 11 and 3 o'clock, SIX HUNDRED and ELEVEN Acres of Land, part of the estate of the late Philemon W. Helmsley, deceased. These lands are situated on the waters of Wye River, adjoining the land of Edward Lloyd, Esq.—The improvements are an OVERSEER'S HOUSE, QUARTERS and other out buildings not in good repair. The quality of much of this land is among the best Wye land, four hundred acres of which is arable and the residue, about two hundred acres is in fine timber and wood, and will be sold together or divided to suit purchasers—Besides the advantages of fish and oysters from the water, and the quality of the land being naturally good, the low lands abound in marl of excellent quality and easily to be obtained. It is therefore considered a most desirable body of land and persons disposed to purchase are requested to see and examine it, previous to the day of sale.

The terms of Sale—Four thousand dollars cash and bond to be given for the balance of the purchase money with approved security bearing interest from the day of sale, payable in equal instalments of twelve and eighteen months and two years.

THOS. C. EARLE,
THOS. EMORY.

Queen Ann's county, March 28. 4w

LAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale the FARM where he lately resided, handsomely situated in Talbot county, about three miles from Easton, and containing about

420 ACRES,

and is as comfortably situated as any in the county, off the salt waters—there is a Brick Dwelling House, Kitchen & Smoke House, together with all the necessary out buildings, which consist of wood; the buildings are not in good repair at this time.—There is about one hundred and twenty acres of wood or timber land, and about twenty acres of good meadow grounds, together with a plenty of marl, and is well watered with never-failing streams, together with as good an assortment of fruit of different kinds as almost any in the county. It can be divided into two farms, one containing about 230 acres, the other about 190, each to have a plenty of timber. I will sell either parcel, or the whole. I deem it unnecessary to say any more about it, as I conclude that no person will purchase without viewing it; the property will be shewn by Mr. Benjamin Kemp, who resides on the premises, and terms made known by the subscriber, near St. Michaels.

feb 14 w JAMES DENNY.

NOTICE.

THE Board of Medical and Chirurgical Examiners for the Eastern Shore, will meet on the 1st Wednesday in next month, to examine Candidates for license to practice, and to grant licences to Graduates, according to law.

march 21 3w

NEW SPRING GOODS.

SAMUEL GROOME,

HAS JUST RECEIVED FROM

PHILADELPHIA & BALTIMORE,

AND is now opening at his old stand opposite the bank, an extensive supply of Spring Goods, to which he respectfully invites the early attention of his customers and the public generally;

CONSISTING OF
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
HARDWARE & CUTLERY;
With a general assortment of
CHINA, GLASS & QUEENSWARE.

Which he will sell at the lowest prices for *Cash*, or in exchange for *feathers, corn, meal, oats, &c. &c.*

march 28 w

NEW GOODS.

WILLIAM CLARK,

HAS just received from PHILADELPHIA—handsome CALICOES AND CHINTZES, GINGHAMS, CAMBRIC MUSLINS, BOOK & MULL MULL do. &c. Also, DOMESTIC SHIRTINGS, SHEETINGS, CHECKS, &c. &c. which in addition to his former stock, makes a complete assortment of seasonable and desirable GOODS for the present season.

Easton, March 28 w

SINCLAIR & MOORE,

Offer for sale at their Agricultural Repository, near Pratt street wharf,

400 bushels CLOVER SEED, (carefully selected for retail)
200 do. ORCHARD GRASS SEED
100 do. Timothy and Heards GRASS SEED
400 do. early white seed POTATOES
200 do. Spring BARLEY, for seed
300 PLOUGHS, of various kinds and sizes
Wheat FANS, CULTIVATORS
CUTTING BOXES, CORN SHELLERS
Spring steel hay and manure FORKS
SPADES and socket SHOVELS with handles
Field and garden HOES
TRACE CHAINS and HAMES
ALSO
A general assortment of GARDEN SEEDS.

Baltimore, March 7 8w

Stone Cutting Business,

IN FEDERALSBURG, (Md.)

THE subscriber returns his grateful acknowledgements to his friends and the public, for the liberal encouragement he has received, and respectfully solicits its continuance. He has lately returned from Baltimore with an assortment of the best quality of Stone for Head and Foot Stones for graves, and will in a short time be furnished with Tomb Slabbs.

He is prepared to execute all orders in his line, with despatch and in the most elegant and fashionable style, which he will sell low for CASH, or Country Produce.

JOHN ANDERSON.

Federalsburg, March 13.—(21) 3w

BRANCH BANK AT EASTON.

March 27, 1826.

THE President and Directors of the Farmer's Bank of Maryland, have declared a Dividend of 3 per cent, on the stock of the company for the last six months, which will be payable to the stockholders, or their legal representatives, on, or after the first Monday in April next. By order,

WILLIAM HARRISON, Jr. Teller.

march 28 3w

NOTICE.

THE members of the Female Bible Society of Talbot county, Md. are particularly requested to attend the annual meeting, which will be held in the Protestant Episcopal Church at Easton, on MONDAY, 10th April, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

By order of the President.

M. G. NICOLS, Secretary.

march 28th, 1826 2w

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the subscriber are desired to bring them in to my son, William W. Lowe; and all persons indebted to me, are requested to make immediate payment to him, who is duly authorised to receive the same.

WRIGHTSON LOWE.

Talbot county, March 21 3w

Executive Proceedings.

IN SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

Friday, March 17, 1826.

On motion of Mr. Randolph,

Ordered, That the following motion, submitted by Mr Randolph on the 21st February, and withdrawn on the 22d February, be inserted on the Journal:

Resolved, That the Senate having, on the 15th day of February, passed the following resolutions:

"Resolved, That upon the question whether the United States shall be represented in the Congress of Panama, the Senate ought to act with open doors; unless it shall appear that the publication of documents, necessary to be referred to in debate, will be prejudicial to existing negotiations.

"Resolved, That the President be respectfully requested to inform the Senate whether such objection exists to the publication of the documents communicated by the Executive, or any portion of them; and, if so, to specify the parts, the publication of which would, for that reason, be objectionable."

To which the President returned the following message in answer, viz:

"Washington, 19th Feb. 1826.

"*To the Senate of the United States:*

"In answer to the two resolutions of the Senate, of the 15th instant, marked (Executive,) and which I have received, I state, respectfully, that all the communications from me to the Senate, relating to the Congress at Panama, have been made, like all other communications on Executive business, in *confidence*, and most of them in compliance with a resolution of the Senate requesting them confidentially. Believing that the established usage of free and confidential communications, between the Executive and the Senate, ought, for the public interest, to be preserved, unimpaired, I deem it to be my indispensable duty to leave to the Senate itself the decision of a question, involving a departure, hitherto, so far as I am informed without example, from that usage, and upon the motives for which, not being informed of them, I do not feel myself competent to decide.

JOHN QUINCY ADAMS."

Resolved, That the Senate cannot, consistently with a due sense of its constitutional rights and duties, proceed, under the circumstances of the case, to a further consideration of the question, whether or not it be expedient for the United States to send a Mission to the Congress at Panama.

On motion by Mr. Randolph,

Ordered, That the following motion made by Mr. Randolph on the 14th March, and afterwards withdrawn, be entered on the Journal.

Resolved, That the States of South Carolina and Alabama, being unrepresented, in consequence of the death of John Gaillard and of Henry Chambers; and the State of Virginia being also unrepresented by the unavoidable absence of Littleton Waller Tazewell: and the State of Mississippi, by the vote that Thomas B. Reed, one of the Senators, be excused from voting, he not having had time to make up his opinion, so as to be prepared to vote understandingly on the question:

The Senate cannot, on a question involving the dignity and neutrality of the United States, and the fundamental principles of their union, and the peace and security of a great sub-division of the Confederacy, proceed to consider the nomination, until the States shall be more fully represented.

On motion, by Mr. Hayne,

Ordered, That the injunction of secrecy be removed from the foregoing proceedings, and that the Secretary cause the same to be published.

Extracts from the Journal.

Attest, WALTER LOWRIE, Sec'y.

Panama Mission.

Washington, March 13, 1826.

The following Message from the President of the United States was yesterday communicated to the House of Representatives:

To the House of Representatives of the United States—

Washington, 15th March, 1826.

In compliance with the resolution of the House of the 5th ult. requesting me to cause to be laid before the House so much of the correspondence between the United States, and the new States of America or their Ministers, respecting the proposed Congress, or meeting of diplomatic Agents at Panama, and such information respecting the general character of that expected Congress as may be in my possession, and as may in my opinion be communicated without prejudice to the public interest; and also to inform the House so far as, in my opinion, the public interest may allow, in regard to what objects the Agents of the United States are expected to take part in the deliberations of that Congress, I now transmit to the House a report from the Secretary of State, with the correspondence and information requested by the resolution.

With regard to the objects in which the Agents of the United States are expected to take part in the deliberations of that Congress, I deem it proper to promise, that these objects did not form the only, nor even the principal motive for my acceptance of the invitation. My first and greatest inducement was, to meet in the spirit of kindness and friendship, an overture made in that spirit by three sister Republics of this hemisphere.

The great revolution in human affairs which has brought into existence nearly at the same time eight sovereign and independent nations in our own quarter of the globe, has placed the United States in a situation not less novel, and scarcely less interesting, than that in which they had found themselves by their own transition from a cluster of colonies to a nation of sovereign States. The deliverance of the Southern American Republics from the oppression under which they had been so long afflicted, was hailed with great unanimity by the people of this Union, as among the most auspicious events of the age. On the 4th of May, 1822, an act of Congress made an appropriation of one hundred thousand dollars for such missions to the independent nations on the American continent, as the President of the United States might deem proper.

In exercising the authority recognised by this act, my predecessor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, appointed, successively, Ministers Plenipotentiary to the Republics of Colombia, Buenos Ayres, Chili, and Mexico. Unwilling to raise among the fraternity of freedom questions of precedency and etiquette, which even the European monarchs had of late found it necessary in a great measure to discard, he despatched these Ministers to Colombia, Buenos-Ayres, and Chili, without exacting from those Republics, as by the ancient principles of political primogeniture he might have done, that the compliment of a Plenipotentiary Mission should have been paid *first* by them to the United States.

The instructions prepared under his direction to Mr. Anderson, the first of our Ministers to the Southern continent, contain at much length the general principles upon which he thought it desirable that our relations, political and commercial, with these our new neighbours, should be established for their benefit and ours, and that of the future ages of our posterity. A copy of so much of these instructions as relates to these general subjects is among the papers now transmitted to the House. Similar instructions were furnished to the Ministers appointed to Buenos Ayres, Chili, and Mexico; and the system of social intercourse which it was the purpose of those missions to establish from the first opening of our diplomatic relations with those rising nations, is the most effective exposition of the principles upon which the invitation to the Congress of Panama has been accepted by me; as well as of the objects of negotiation at that meeting in which it was expected that our Plenipotentiaries should take part.

The House will perceive that even at the date of these instructions, the first treaties between some of the Southern Republics had been concluded, by which they had stipulated among themselves this diplomatic assembly at Panama. And it will be seen with what caution, so far as it might concern the policy of the United States, and, at the same time, with what frankness and good will towards those nations, he gave countenance to their design of inviting the United States to this high assembly,

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