General Advertiser.

REPUBLICAN STAR AND

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BY THOMAS PERRIN SMITH,

Publisher of the Laws of the Union.

TERMS.

The terms are Two Dollars & Fifty Cents per Annum, payable half yearly, in advance.—No paper can be discontinued, until the same is paid for.

Advertisements are inserted three weeks for One Dollar, and continued weekly for Twenty-Five Cents per square.

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE subscriber will offer at Public Sale on 3d day (TUESDAY) the 7th day of August next, at the Court-House door, between the hours of 2 & 4 o'clock in the afternoon, the

BRICK HOUSE AND LOT

at present occupied by himself. This property is in good repair, and possesses as many conveniences, as any house of its size in Easton. The Lot is about 43 by 196 feet, and has a Pump of Excellent Water very convenient to the kitchen, a Meat-House, Stable, Carriage-House and Cow shed, and a well enclosed Garden, stocked with a variety of Herbs and Flowers. To a person desirous of a residence in, or of owning Town Property, this offers many inducements which will be more apparent on examination.—The terms will be liberal and accommodating, and made known on application to

JAMES COCKAYNE.

Maston, july 17 4w

Commissioners' Sale.

IN pursuance of an order of the Honorable the Judges of Talbot county Court, passed at the last May Term of said Court, will be exposed to public sale to the highest bidder, on TUESDAY the 7th day of August next, at the door of the Court-House in the Town of Easton, between the hours of 2 o'clock and 4 o'clock, P. M. ALL THE LANDS & TENEMENTS (clear of incumbrences) of which James Clayland late of Talbot county, died seized and possessed, lying and being in Island Creek Neck in said county, known by the name of 'Bullen's Chance,' containing 150¾ acres of land more or less.

Terms of Sale are—one fourth of the purchase money to be Cash, and on the remaining three fourths, a credit will be given until six months after each of the remaining three heirs (being minors,) shall respectively arrive at the age of 21 years, whose ages regulating the credit, will be particularly made known on the day of sale.

Bonds with good and approved security will be required, for the three fourths of the purchase money, to bear interest from the day of sale.

Persons wishing to purchase will be shown the premises and improvements by Nicholas Martin, Esq. or any of the Commissioners.

JOSEPH MARTIN,
SOLOMON DICKINSON,
JAMES CHAPLAIN,
PETER WEBB.

june 26 7w

NOTICE.

BILL IN EQUITY IN CAROLINE COUNTY COURT—March Term, 1827.

Mordecai Oxenham, vs. Mary Oxenham and others, children & heirs at law of William Oxenham, deceased.

BY virtue of an order or decree of Caroline county Court, sitting as a Court of Chancery, granted the 9th day of March, 1827. The subscriber will sell at Public Sale, on TUESDAY the 21st day of August next, on the premises, between the hours of 12 and 3 o'clock, to the highest bidder, the Lands and Real Estate of William Oxenham, deceased, for the payment of his debts, or such part thereof as may be necessary for that purpose; which lands and real estate consist of an undivided share or one third part of a tract of Land, called and known by the name of "Oxenham's Wish," lying and being in Caroline county, on the west side of Choptank River, in Tuckahoe Neck, containing by patent in the whole tract 317 ACRES of LAND more or less, with sundry improvements thereon; on the following terms, viz: The purchaser or purchasers shall have a credit of twelve months by giving bond with good and approved security to the Trustee, as such, for the payment of the purchase money within twelve months from the day of sale with interest thereon from the day of sale; and after the ratification of the sale by the Court and the payment of the purchase money and not before; the Trustee will by a good and sufficient Deed to be executed and acknowledged and recorded according to law, convey to the purchaser or purchasers, his, her or their heirs or assigns, the lands and real estate so sold to him, her or them as aforesaid, free, clear and discharged, from all claim of the defendants or claimant or either of them—any further discription of the premises is deemed unnecessary, as it is presumed that those who are inclined to purchase will view the same before the day of sale, which will be shewn to any person by James Hicks, residing on the premises.

GILES HICKS, Trustee
for the sale of the Real Estate of William Oxenham, deceased.

july 24 4w

☞ The creditors of William Oxenham, deceased, are hereby notified and warned, to exhibit their claims and vouchers properly authenticated, to the Clerk of Caroline county Court within six months from the day of sale.

G. H. Trustee.

Negroes for Sale.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Talbot county, will be sold at private sale, one negro MAN, two negro WOMEN, and two CHILDREN, on a credit of six months, with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale. Application to be made to

PETER STEVENS, Jr. Adm'r.
of William Ray, deceased.

Easton, april 3 w

WANTED TO HIRE.

LIBERAL wages will be given for TWO MEN and TWO BOYS, for the remainder of the year, if immediate application is made—For terms enquire of the Editor.

march 27 w

VALUABLE LOTS AND LANDS FOR SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That by virtue of a sufficient power contained in a deed of Indenture made and executed by Joseph Haskins to Nicholas Hammond, for the use of the President, Directors and Company of the Farmers' Bank of Maryland, will be sold, on TUESDAY the 28th day of August next, between the hours of 2 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon, and on the respective premises, all that lot or parcel of ground situate near the town of Easton and being parcel of the tract of land called Long Acre, whereon the HOUSES and IMPROVEMENTS of the late Joseph Haskins are erected, and whereon he resided and which are now occupied by his family, containing one acre of land, held under a lease for ninety years, renewable forever and subject to an annual ground rent of eight dollars: And also another parcel of the same Tract of land adjoining to the first mentioned lot of ground and has been generally used therewith, containing the quantity of seven acres of land, and held in fee simple, together with the improvements and appurtenances thereto belonging: And also that parcel of a tract of land called Londonderry situate near or adjoining to the said Town, at the back of the Court-House, and containing near seven acres of land with the improvements and appertenances to the same, also held in fee simple: These parcels may be divided and sold in smaller lots to suit the views of purchasers:

And NOTICE is further given, that by virtue of the same power, will be sold on THURSDAY the 30th day of August next, between the like hours as aforesaid, and on the premises, all and singular those parcels of the several tracts of land called Job's Content, Buckingham, Hatfield, and Hatfield's Addition, situate and being upon and about Robins' Branch, at and near the head of Peach Blossom Branch, between the lands of the late Owen Kennard, and the lands of William Jenkinson; all adjoining each other, and containing 159 acres of Land, and consisting of a large portion of **WOOD LAND**, and valuable branch ground which will be laid off in convenient lots to suit purchasers. Surveys of these lots and lands will be made, and plots prepared and left at the Bank in Easton, for the information of those who may desire to understand the situation and bounds of the allotments.

And NOTICE is further given, that by virtue of a like power granted to the said President, Directors and Company, will be sold on TUESDAY the fourth day of next September, between the like hours as aforesaid, at the front door of the Court-House in Easton, all that Farm and Plantation situate and being near and adjoining the White Marsh Church, and commonly called Bromwell's Farm, and containing 205 acres of land, more or less, with a substantial BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, and other buildings thereon in need of repair, and with a due proportion of WOOD LAND, and being in the occupancy of Richard Sherwood. The purchaser will have the privilege of seeding grain in the fall, and of receiving the possession at the end of the year.

They will all be offered for sale on very reasonable terms of credit, the purchase-money being secured by negotiable notes with approved Indorsers. For further particulars application may be made at the Bank.

By the Board of Directors,
JOHN GOLDSBOROUGH, Cashier.

Easton, june 26 10w

VALUABLE LOTS AND LANDS FOR SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That by virtue of a sufficient power contained in a Deed of Indenture made and executed by Jenifer S. Taylor to the President and Directors of the Bank of Caroline, will be sold at the Court House Door in the Village of Denton, on WEDNESDAY the tenth day of October next, between the hours of one and four o'clock in the afternoon, all that Lot with the improvements thereon, in the Village of Denton, where the said Jenifer S. Taylor now resides, being part of a tract of land called and known by the name of Mount Andrew, containing sixty square perches, more or less, (this lot has the strongest and best Wooden House in the Village of Denton, and other improvements in good repair) and will be sold on a credit of one, two, and three years with the purchaser giving bond with security to be approved by the Board of Directors, and also another parcel of the same tract of land and adjoining the other, (unimproved) said to contain one quarter of an acre, and adjoining the shop of George T. Millington, Esq. and also one unimproved lot which the said Jenifer S. Taylor purchased of a certain Anthony Ross, adjoining or near the lots of James Sangston and Edward B. Hardcastle, Esqrs. these last mentioned lots will be sold at the same time and place of the first mentioned, and on the same conditions and possession given of the whole.—And NOTICE is further given, that by virtue of a like power to the said President and Directors granted by Joseph Anthony (now deceased) will be sold at the same place and on the same day between the hours aforesaid, that farm or plantation whereon William Lister now lives, (or so much thereof as will satisfy the claim,) for Cash, this farm lies near the Chapple Branch and adjoining Thomas Hopkins' Mill, and is in good repair.—And NOTICE is hereby further given, that by virtue of a like power to the said President and Directors granted by Garretson Reese, will be sold on the same day and at the same place and between the hours aforesaid, all that Farm and Plantation whereon he the said Garretson Reese now resides, adjoining the lands of James & Thomas Wing and on or near Hogg Creek, this property will be likewise sold for Cash.—And also at the same time and place will be sold the HOUSE and LOT in Denton, the property of the President, Directors and Company, which has been occupied by them as the Banking House.—This property will be sold on a credit of one, two, and three years, with approved security.

By the Board of Directors,
JOHN BOON, Agent.

july 31 11w

NOTICE.

ALL persons who purchased articles on note at the vendue of the personal estate of the late William W. Perry, on the 2nd of November last—are hereby informed that their notes are now due, and immediate payment is requested.

JOSEPH B. PERRY, Admr.
of William W. Perry, dec'ed.

july 24 w

EASTON ACADEMY.

A PUBLIC Examination of the Scholars in this Institution, will be held at the Academy on THURSDAY & FRIDAY, the 16th and 17th days of August next; at which the parents and Guardians of the pupils, and the Friends of the Seminary are invited to attend. The Summer Vacation will commence on the SATURDAY following; and the schools be again opened on the first Monday of October.

By the Board, &c.
JOHN GOLDSBOROUGH, Sec'ry.

Easton, july 17 5w (G)

VALUABLE SERVANTS FOR SALE.

TO be sold at private sale by virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Talbot county, on a credit of six months, several negro men, women, boys and girls, of various ages—Application to be made to

SAM'L. ROBERTS, Adm'r.
of John W. Blake, dec'd.

dec 19 w

FARMS FOR RENT.

To rent for the ensuing year, the farm on which Nathaniel Perry now resides, situated in Caroline county.

ALSO,

The farm on which Thomas Reese now resides, situated in Caroline county.

WILLIAM H. HAYWARD.

N. B. To Hire for the ensuing year a Negro Girl, about 18 years of age—also a Negro Boy about 15 years of age.

july 31 w

STEAM BOAT NOTICE.

THE Trustees of the Company take the earliest occasion to notify the inhabitants of Queen Anne's county and the neighboring districts, that they have established a convenient wharf on Mr. Blake's farm on Corsica Creek, for landing and receiving passengers, horses, and carriages; and that on MONDAY the 23d day of July inst., and on every succeeding Monday the Steam Boat MARYLAND will call there in her route to and from Chester-Town, and will no longer stop at Queen's-Town as heretofore. She will arrive at the wharf at half after nine o'clock in the morning, and leave it for Baltimore at half after two o'clock in the afternoon. By an agreement with the owners of the Steam Boat PATUXENT, this vessel will call at the wharf on her route to and from Chester-Town at the like hours on every succeeding Saturday.

LEMUEL G. TAYLOR,
Commander of the Maryland.

Easton, July 17, 1827.

The Editors of the newspapers printed in Centreville and Chester-Town, are requested to insert the above notice for 4 weeks, and present their accounts to Capt. Taylor for payment.

Edward J. Willson

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT, & PLANTER'S AGENT,

No. 12, Light Street Wharf Baltimore,

RETURNS his unfeigned thanks to those friends, who for the last four years have favoured him with their consignments of grain, &c. and orders, and flatters himself from his unremitted attention to business, and residence of 12 years in Baltimore, the last 4 of which has been exclusively devoted to his present line of business, and thorough acquaintance with the markets, that he will still be successful in rendering perfect satisfaction to those who may favour him with their consignments, and orders. His attention is exclusively confined to the Commission and Agency Business, conceiving he can render greater satisfaction by filling all orders when they can be obtained at the most reduced prices, than keeping them for sale himself—Liberal advancements will always be made on produce, which cannot be sold to advantage, when brought into market and is deemed advisable to store it.

Baltimore, july 24 4w

WILLIAM EDMONDSON TAILOR,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends, and the public generally, that he has removed from his stand on Washington street, to the house formerly occupied by Mr. William Barton, and next door to Mr. James Meloney's, where he solicits a share of the public patronage, and assures all those who will favor him with their custom that no exertion on his part shall be wanting to give general satisfaction.

Easton, july 24 3w

Tailor & Habit Maker.

DAVID M. SMITH

HAS returned to Easton, where he intends carrying on the above business in its various branches—he has taken the shop next door to Mr. Wm. H. Groome's Store, and opposit Mr. Lowe's Hotel, lately occupied by Mr. William Edmondson, as a Tailors shop—he solicits the patronage of the public generally. He feels no hesitation in saying, that he can execute work in as fashionable a stile as it can be done in any of the cities, or elsewhere; he receives the fashions regularly from Philadelphia and Baltimore. A representation of them can be seen at his shop at all times. Plain work made to fit neat and easy. All orders left with the subscriber will be punctually attended to.

july 17 w

MANTUA MAKING AND MILLINERY.

MISS SARAH SHERWOOD,

RESPECTFULLY informs the Ladies of Talbot and the adjacent counties, that she has just returned from Baltimore, and is now opening at her store on Washington street, opposite Mr. Nind's and next door to Mr. Benny's Shop, an *elegant* and *fashionable* assortment of articles in her line, to which she solicits the attention of her friends and customers.

Easton, july 31 w

MR. CLAY'S SPEECH, AT THE DINNER AT NOBLE'S INN, NEAR LEXINGTON, July 12.

4. *Our distinguished Guest, Henry Clay.*—The furnace of persecution may be heated seven times hotter, and seventy times more, he will come out unscathed by the fire of malignity, brighter to all and dearer to his friends; while his enemies shall sink with the dross of their own vile materials.

Mr. Clay, after the above toast had been read, addressed the company as follows:

Mr. President, Friends and Fellow-Citizens,

I beg permission to offer my hearty thanks, and to make my respectful acknowledgements, for the affectionate reception which has been given me during my present visit to my old Congressional district, and for this hospitable and honourable testimony of your esteem and confidence. And I thank you especially for the friendly sentiments and feelings expressed in the toast which you have just done me the honour to drink. I always had the happiness of knowing that I enjoyed in a high degree, the attachment of that portion of my fellow-citizens whom I formerly represented; but I should never have been sensible of the strength & ardour of their affection, except for the extraordinary character of the times. For near two years and a half I have been assailed with a rancor and bitterness which have few examples. I have found myself the particular object of concerted and concentrated abuse; and others, thrusting themselves between you and me, have dared to arraign me for treachery to your interests.—But my former constituents, unaffected by the calumnies which have been so perseveringly circulated to my prejudice, have stood by me with a generous constancy and a noble magnanimity. The measure of their regard and confidence has risen with, and even surpassed, that of the malevolence, great as it is of my personal and political foes. I thank you, gentlemen who are a large portion of my late constituents. I thank you, and every one of them, with all my heart for the manly support which I have uniformly received. It has cheered and consoled me, amidst all my severe trials; and may I not add that it is honourable to the generous hearts and enlightened heads who have resolved to protect the character of an old friend and a faithful servant?

The numerous manifestations of your confidence and attachment will be among the latest and most treasured recollections of my life.—They impose on me obligations which can never be weakened or cancelled. One of these obligations is, that I should embrace every fair opportunity to vindicate that character which you have so generously sustained, and to evince to you and to the world, that you have not yielded to the impulses of a blind and enthusiastic sentiment. I feel that I am, on all fit occasions especially bound to vindicate myself to my former constituents. It was as *their* representative; it was in the fulfilment of a high trust which *they* confided to me, that I have been accused of violating the most sacred of duties, of trresting their wishes with contempt, and their interests with treachery. Nor is this obligation in my conception of its import, at all weakened by the dissolution of the relations which heretofore existed between us. I would instantly resign the place I hold in the councils of the nation, and directly appeal to the suffrages of my late constituents, as a candidate for re-election, if I did not know, that my foes are of that class whom one rising from the dead cannot convince, whom nothing can silence, and who wage a war of extermination. On the issue of such an appeal, they would redouble their abuse of me and of you; for their hatred is common to us both.

They have compelled me so often to be the theme of my addresses to the people, that I should have willingly abstained on this festive occasion, from any allusion to this subject, but for a new and imposing form which the calumny against me has recently assumed. I am again put on my defence, not of any new charge nor by any new adversary; but of the old charges, clad in a new dress, and exhibited by an open and undisguised enemy. The fictitious names have been stricken from the foot of the indictment, and that of a known and substantial prosecutor has been voluntarily offered. Undaunted by the formidable name of that prosecutor, I will avail myself, with your indulgence, of this fit opportunity of free and unreserved intercourse "with you, as a large number of my late constituents, to make some observations on the past and present state of the question. When evidence shall be produced, as I have now a clear right to demand in support of the accusation, it will be the proper time for me to take such notice of it as its nature may require.

In February, 1825, it was my duty, as the Representative of this District, to vote for some one of the three candidates for the Presidency, who were returned to the House of Representatives. It has been established, and can be further proved, that, before I left this state the preceding fall, I communicate to several gentlemen of the highest respectability, my fixed determination not to vote for General Jackson. The friends of Mr. Crawford asserted to the last, that the condition of his health was such as to enable him to administer the duties of his office. I thought otherwise, after I reached Washington City, and visited him to satisfy myself; and thought that physical impediment, if there were no other objections, ought to prevent his election. Although the Delegations from four states voted for him, and his pretensions were zealously pressed to the very last moment, it has been of late asserted, and I believe by some of the very persons who then warmly espoused his cause, that his incompetency was so palpable as clearly to limit the choice to two of the three returned candidates. In my view of my duty, there was no alternative but that which I embraced. That I had some objections to Mr. Adams, I am ready freely to admit; but these did not weigh a feather in comparison with the greater and insurmountable objections, long and deliberately entertained against his competitor. I take this occasion, with great satisfaction to state, that my objections to Mr. Adams arose chiefly from apprehensions which have not been realized. I have found him at the head of the Government, able, enlightened, patient of investigation, and ever ready to receive with respect, and when approved by his judgment, to act upon the counsels of his official advisers. I add, with unmixt pleasure, that, from the commencement of the Government, with the exception of Mr. Jefferson's administration, no Chief Magistrate has found the members of his Cabinet so united on all public measures, and so cordial and friendly in all their intercourse, private and official, as those of the present President.

Had I voted for General Jackson, in opposition to the well known opinions which I entertained of him, one-tenth part of the ingenuity and zeal which have been employed to excite prejudices against me would have held me up to universal contempt: and what would have been worse, I should have *felt* that I really deserved it.

Before the election, an attempt was made by an abusive letter, published in the Columbian Observer, at Philadelphia, a paper which, as has since transpired, was sustained by Mr. Senator Eaton, the colleague, the friend and the biographer of General Jackson, to assail my motives, and to deter me in the exercise of my duty. This letter being avowed by Mr. George Kremer, I instantly demanded from the House of Representatives an investigation. A Committee was accordingly, on the 5th day of February, 1825, appointed in the rare mode of balloting by the House, instead of by the selection of the Speaker. It was composed of some of the leading members of the body, not one of whom was my political friend in the preceding Presidential canvass. Although Mr. Kremer in addressing the House, had declared his willingness to bring forward his proofs, and his readiness to abide the issues of the inquiry his fears of other counsels than his own, prevailed upon him to take refuge in a miserable subterfuge. Of all possible periods, that was the most fitting to substantiate the charge if it was true. Every circumstance was then fresh; the witnesses all living and present; the election not yet complete; and therefore the imputed corrupt bargain not fulfilled. All these powerful considerations had no weight with the conspirators & their accessaries, and they meanly shrunk from even an attempt to prove their charge; for the best of all possible reasons—because, being false and fabricated, they could adduce no proof which was not false and fabricated.

During two years and a half which have now intervened, a portion of the press devoted to the cause of Gen. Jackson has been teeming with the wilest calumnies against me, and the charge, under every camelion form has been a thousand times repeated. Up to this time I have in vain invited investigation, and demanded evidence. None, not a particle has been adduced.

The extraordinary ground has been taken, that the accusers were not bound to establish by proof the guilt of their designated victim. In a civilized, christian and free community, the monstrous principle has been assumed, that accusation and conviction are synonymous; and that the persons who deliberately bring forward an atrocious charge are exempted from all obligations to substantiate it! And the pretext is that the crime, being of a political nature; is shrouded in darkness, and incapable of being substantiated. But is there any real difference, in this respect, between political and other offences? Do not all perpetrators of crime endeavor to conceal their guilt and to elude detection. If the accuser of a political offence is absolved from the duty of supporting his accusation, every other accuser of offence stands equally absolved. Such a principle, practically carried into society would subvert all harmony, peace and tranquility. None—no age, nor sex, nor profession, nor calling, would be safe against its hateful and overwhelming influence.—It would amount to an universal license, to universal calumny.

No one has ever contended, that the proof should be exclusively that of eye witnesses, testifying from their senses positively and directly to the effect. Political, like all other offences, may be established by circumstantial as well as positive evidence. But I do contend that *some* evidence, be it what it may, ought to be exhibited. If there be none, how do the accusers *know* that an offence has been perpetrated?—If they do know it, let us have the *facts* on which their conviction is based. I will not even assert that, in public affairs, a citizen has not a right, freely to express his *opinions* of public men and to speculate upon the motives of their conduct. But if he chooses to promulgate opinions, let them be given as *opinions*. The public will correctly judge of their value and their grounds. No one has a right to put forth the positive assertion, that a political offence has been committed, unless he stands prepared to sustain, by satisfactory proof of some kind, it is actual existence.

If he who exhibits a charge of political crime is, from its very nature, disabled to establish it, how much more difficult is the condition of the accused? How can he exhibit negative proof of his innocence; if no affirmative proof his guilt is, or can be adduced.

It must have been a conviction that the justice of the public required a definite charge, by a responsible accuser, that has, at last, extorted from General Jackson, his letter of the 6th of June, lately published. I approach that letter with great reluctance; not on my own account, for on that, I do most heartily and sincerely rejoice that it has made its appearance. But it is a reluctance, excited by the feelings of respect which I would anxiously have cultivated towards its author. He has, however, by that letter, created such relations between us, that, in any language which I may employ, in examining its contents, I feel myself bound by no other obligations than those which belong to truth, to public decorum, and to myself.

The first consideration which must, on the perusal of the letter, force itself upon every reflecting mind, is that which arises out of the delicate posture in which Gen. Jackson stands before the American public. He is a candidate for the Presidency, avowed and proclaimed.—He has no competitor at present, and there is no probability of his having any but one.—The charges which he has allowed himself to be the organ of communicating to the very public who is to decide the question of the Presidency, though directly aimed at me, necessarily implicates his only competitor. Mr. Adams and myself are both guilty, or we are both innocent of the imputed arrangement between us. *His* innocence is absolutely irreconcilable with *my* guilt. If General Jackson, therefore, can establish my guilt, and, by inference, or by insinuation, that of his sole rival, he will have removed a great obstacle to the consummation of the object of his ambition. And if he can at the same time, make out his own purity of conduct, and impress the American people with the belief that his purity and integrity alone prevented his success before the House of Representatives, his claims will become absolutely irresistible.—Were there ever more powerful motives to propogate,—was there ever greater interest, at all hazards, to prove the truth of charges?

I state the case, I hope, fairly; I mean to state it fairly and fearlesssly. If the position be one which exposes General Jackson to unfavorable suspicions, it must be borne in mind that he has voluntarily taken it, and he must abide the con-

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