

PHYSICIAN'S AFFIDAVIT.

TAKE NOTICE—The affidavit should, if possible, be in the handwriting of the affiant, and in preparing the same the physician should carefully observe the instructions indicated in paragraph 3 and printed on the margin of the form. If the affidavit is prepared from memoranda in possession of the physician, that fact should be stated.

State of Maryland County of Dorchester ss:

of Robert Stafford, Oct. 30 3.171, late
Pvt Co. "A" 77th U.S.C.T.

[Rank, company, and regiment, if in the Army; or vessel and rating, if in the Navy.]

Personally came before me, a Justice of the Peace in and for the
aforesaid County and State.

whose Post-Office address is Dr. John Mace
Cambridge, Maryland.

well known to me to be reputable and entitled to credit, and who being duly sworn, declares in relation
to the aforesaid case as follows:

That he is a practicing physician, and has been acquainted with the above-named soldier for about
10 years, and that.

[Here embody all the facts known to the affiant.]

[Erasures or interlineations will not be permitted unless the magistrate certify in his jurat that they were made before executing
the paper.]

I have known Robert Stafford for
about 10 years during which time
I have attended him with slow fever
Pneumonia, Diphtheria & Asthma Bronchitis.
He is now suffering with Asthma cough
& Bronchitis and is disabled to
perform manual labor to about
3/4 and a good part of the time
is unable to perform any manual
labor.

NOTES.

The Physician's Affidavit must show the following facts:

1. If he has treated soldier since discharge he should so state, giving the date of first treatment; what his physical condition was at the time, with complete diagnosis of the disability; the period during which he treated him should be stated, with dates, as near as possible, of prescriptions, or visits.

The extent or degree to which claimant has been unable to perform manual labor during each year from discharge or first acquaintance to the present time.

If the soldier is dead, the physician should be careful to state the date and immediate cause of his death.

2. The physician should state what treatment he has administered to the soldier, and his exact physical condition, and the extent to which he has been disabled by reason of the particular ailments named in the circular letter which accompanies this form, during the period named therein.

3. The physician should state how long he has treated the soldier, and for what ailments, and from what disabilities he is now suffering, and the degree to which he is incapacitated for the performance of manual labor, whether $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{2}{3}$, $\frac{3}{4}$, or total, as the case may be.

