a similar action of our Sister States looking gain . to the time of a general resumption. That this measure will produce some pressure upon the mercantile interest, and throw it upon ev- THE BILL FOR AN INDEPENDEN ery other, is quite certain, but it is an evil that must be encountered for the good to result-al. that we can do to ameliorate it, it is our duty the whole community. It is a fallacy to sup- jority of two votes, as will be seen above, This is the charge of ignorant prejudice. The two amendments which were introduced before experience of the last year has taught us the the vote was taken. pendencies, the business occupations of life are provisions of the bill as it new stands, a few intimately connected and social. The crop of explanatory remarks may le useful. the agriculturalist is valueless without a puryour agricultural produce or domestic manu- public creditors. ducts of the soil or the fabric of the manufac- The bill reported last September, at to enjoy the fruits of your diversified labor .- use of the public money, and there stopped. This view of the subject is unconnected with Another desirable object to be attained was the immense direct interest of the stockholders an improvement in the currency, as well as in of such institutions who are your own citizens the mode of keeping the public money. shares for subsistance, are the general class of time, to receive only specie in payment of al stockholders-you cannot then touch the banks public dues. tiously with the power we possess.

discounts, in no single instance, were granted deemed sale. to them as directors, nor is it shown that the Accordingly, Mr. CALHOUN, instead of offact of such official station aided in the accom- fering a separate bill for that object, moved an versation was generally of a lively and plaplishment of the loans. The Banks have, on the amendment to the bill for keeping the public sant turn, but we shall never forget with whal contrary, invariably answered on oath, that no money, which directed that the kind of money davorable distinction was made in the case of received should, in time, be specie alone. its officers, while by the operation of many of This amendment then prevailed in the opinion, and the sorre which all others are exempt. The discounts of Representatives. were granted, not to the officer, but to the At this session the committee reported the to us like a fi are officers, would have a tendency to drive from out. the government of those institutions all such as by experience and character are the most originally stood in September, when first re- For the Pe competent for their proper management, and ported by the committee. It is confined en- as much.

sible agents. Your Committee were charged with the banks. particular examination of the small issues of The only exception to this remark is a new dingly. the Banks, and to report upon them for the ac- amendment offered by Mr. WEBSTER, retion of the House. In the cases in which banks quiring that the same kind of money shall be MR. BIDDLES were found coming within the scope of this or- received for all public dues but not prescribder, some, as in the instances of the Patapsco ing what that kind of money shall be. That The New York Eragives Mr. Buttle under and Frederick County Banks, claim the right is left to the former laws and resolutions of cripts upon the subject of the resumption of specifical you know you. to issue as derivable from their charters; oth- Congress-construed, as they always have cie payments. He speaks freely, now that he ers defended their action upon the ground of been, by the Executive, the Treasury, the finds the determination of the N. Work banks controlless necessity. We do not propose to United States Bank, and the Attorney Gen- taken, and that they will hold in the discuss the question, whether the authority eral, that it must be specie; except where cret collusion with him to better the commercial interests of this tered privileges, but we do yiel I somewhat to notes, or United States Bank notes, and where, feed fat" the monopolies associated with foreign the force of the argument of necessity. The in the opinion of the Executive or the Trea- commercial interests, and, at the withdrawal of specie from circulation, render- sury Departments, some other medium was Mr. B.ddle's revenge. Concest and the sury Departments, el small issues necessary for the common pur- sale, and equivalent to specie. poses of domestic life, and none could more We are tree to say, that, in regard to this that the credit of his bank win saucross at by Genl. Maulsby of Harford. It named but the happiness of millions yet unborn. successfully subserve this object than the last topic, our own views are, that too much broad if it be understood that it remains susdividual paper, bearing the semblance of pro- lim t and regulate that discretion. mise to pay on their face, but in most instan- We think there was much soundness in has made known his intention to stand out, not demand for issues of this character. We have ment of bank notes or specie was to be given the same intelligence from other quarters. by the annexed bill however provided for the to the debtor, and thus the Treasury be obliged From the New York New Era of March 20. gradual retirement of such issues from circula- to take in Missouri, the bank notes of Deltion, by preventing any further issues, or their aware, though at such a distance, and much reissue when sent in for payment. Your under par; or be given to the public officer, Committee deem it inexpedient to legalize the and he be required to take bank notes only issues by individuals, as required in the third when at par where offered, and when convertiorder of this House; they thinking the requisi- ble into specie without discount or delay. tion of a bond from individuals so issuing, for Such, only, in our humble opinion, should

The enquiry imposed in the fifth order we tion with some other appropriate act. State institution, it is ineffectual without the ble to others who disagree, and ask only a consent of those institutions. The Bank's of like courtesy in return. the order contemplates.

tee have by personal examination satisfied similar measure at the present or the next themselves that the surplus revenue of the session. State is perfectly safe in the depositories in The mode of effecting the object is of little clared, in the presence and hearing of several which it has been placed apart from the entire consequence, compared with the importance of solvency of those institutions, the several por- the object itself. tions of the State's surplus funds are further But we sincerely hope that it will in due AGREE THAT THE U. STATES of Mr. S. H. Benny, at Easton Point, was

your committee have been unable to comply plosions by banks. with, as they were not apprised that similar The bil, as it now stands, reaches and cures

M. C. SPRIGG. Chairman. THOMAS F. BOWIE, WM. F. GILES, C. C. CARROLL, JOHN M. S. CAUSIN.

titled to consideration, holds this unequivocal CON's favorite silver dollar.

ture the assertion that Mr. C. can receive thir- spect to the currency. ty thousand votes in the State."

From the "Globe."

TREASURY. The important bill to render the Treasury to do, not for the benefit of the Banks, but of independent of banks passed to day by a mapose that the banking interest is connected We regret to see that it lost some of its with, or hostile to, the interests of the people. warmest supporters, in consequence of one or

painful truth, that a depreciated currency is a In order that the community may under national curse-society is a link of mutual de- stand the effect of those amendments, and the

When most of the banks in the country, last chaser, the web of the manufacturer an un- spring, suspended specie payments, and thus paid labor, if a market for sale be denied .- withheld the public money, a separation of the the bloom of life -only thirty-two years of age True, the advantages of bank facilities are keeping of that money in future from the use more direct upon some than on others, but re- and discounts of the banks appeared to have motely they effect all. The merchant obtains become indispensable, not only to its safety, means by which he is enabled to purchase but for the prompt, and faithful payment of the

factures. The sums received from the pro- This was the leading object to be attained. ture supplies you with the comforts or the lux- special session, applied to this purpose alone. uries of life. But without the bank facilities, It provided for a total divorce between the the merchant would be unable to buy and you the banks, so far regarded the sacrifice in the hands of the MURDERER. Convention to be held in the City tibly infusing itself throughout the whole Research to the public money and there stopped

-not capitalists; for bank profit is too slow a Many were anxious to increase still more speculation for its exercise. But the middle the specie portion of it, and, in order to effect classes and the industrious poor of every age that gradually and extensively, to introduce and sex, who look to the dividends on their legal provisions, rendering it imperative, in

without striking a chord which vibrates This would leave the States and individuals throughout your entire social system. This to continue to receive what they deemed pro- crime man can perpetrate. truth should teach us to deal wisely and cau- per, but would take away the discretion before exercised by the public officers of the Gen-Some prejudice may exist as to the extent cral Government, under the acts of Congress of accommodation, to directors. Justice to the of 1789 and 1820, as well as the joint resolu- genius of the highest order, refined Banks requires that this be explained. The tion of 1816, to receive bank paper when

their charters, the Directors and other officers Senate; but the bill, so amended, was laid on to the estrangem are subject to restraints as to amount, from the table, and not acted on finally in the House genial, by this

merchant or manufacturer, and only to such bill, incorporating into it a clause similar to ears the until extent as he might fairly claim in such latter that amendment, instead of leaving it to be and beloved frien capacity. To adopt a different rule, to require offered as an amendment, or leaving the kind the Banks to refuse reasonable and proper sid of money to be legislated on in a separate bill. in its facilities, to business men, because they The Senate have now stricken that provision in May; the

This leaves the bill, on principle, as it sound, and w place their direction in the hands of irrespon tirely to the safe keeping of the public money, to the reader or to the divorce between the Treasury and the placed, and her

the redemption of their paper, would be to au- have been any new regulations as to bank notes. thorise such issues upon compliance with the Such, and going further in future, and in monstrated this fact by statements furni conditions, and would thus be erecting a spe- gradual proportions, until the public dues are cies of sole corporations, with banking pow- all collected in a constitutional currency, we er, not sanctioned, in our opinion, by sound po- hope will be some new legislation at the present session, in a separate bill, or in connecbriefly dispose of, as the order looks to a gen- know that inherent difficulties and differences eral agreement of the Banks, as the basis of a of opinion exist on this point. We are charita

the State as the evidence will disclose, are al. As specie was not, by Mr. CALHOUN's most unanimously unwilling to lend their aid amendment, required absolutely to be taken to the establishment of an institution such as at all till 1839, and then only in gradual proportions for five or six years, there is still am-In obedience to the order No. 9, the commit- ple time to legislate in favor of this or some

guarantied by ample collateral liabilities re- scason be effected. We trust that a larger BANK SHOULD RESUME SPECIE destroyed by fire last evening. gularly set apart for their particular security. portion of specie will gradually and inflexibly OR COUNTENANCE NEW YORK The order requiring the committee to cor- be required in public payments. We have, respond with similar committees of the seve- no doubt, it would operate in a salutary man tio to the resumption of specie payments, essentially tend to prevent over-issues and ex-

committees in other States were engaged in one evil-the unnatural and injurious connec the performance of the like general duties .- tion between the money in the Treasury and Your committee having thus briefly comment- the private loans of the banks. It is very ed upon the results of their examination held perfect in that respect, and allows no special tunity of denying or confirming it. under the order of this House, Leg leave to deposites to be made, except in specie or, carry out the objects heretofore expressed, to Treasury notes. Frequent settlements with A Dr. Bowen, of South Boston, (Mass.) cd the Senate by the same vote as we stated saying that its whole object is to hamper the

and will doubtless be the practice. We like the honest face of an eagle or ball bis own account. The Mercer Luminary a whig journal en- eagle, and even of old Mr. NATHANIEL MA-

So far at least as Pennsylvania is con either in a separate bill, or by an amendment cerned, we feel confident that let who will get to some other bill, before Congress adjourns. her vote, Henry Clay cannot. The antima- Much will be gained by accomplishing one two heats. Time 8. 15s. 8. 8s. Track heasonic party will not-because they cannot, great object-the independent keeping of the vy. The odds were three to one on Fanny, without secrificing the cardinal principle of public money. We feel gratified at the pro their creed-Support him. His letter to the spect of success in that, and are not inclined to Indiana Committee settles that point; and under-estimate or reject one blessing, as to an petrates the annexed "good 'un," which would without their support, no man who has any Independent Treaury, because we are unable not be unworthy of Billy Black:regard for his political knowledge, will ven- to obtain another, at the same moment, in re-

But this other we have no doubt will be obtained soon, if not at this session Public A Frank Acknowledgement .- The Lon- sentiment is aroused, and is, we believe, sound don Spectator in speaking at some length of the on that, as well as on the Independent Trea- variety lately introduced into this country the and about 79 Resolutions.

and gradually reaching every hill and valley, in favor of a sound and constitutional currency The public are sick to the heart of paper-pa per---mere paper. They abbor depreciations and the whole race of shin plasters, and want something solid, valuable and safe.

From the Boston Post.

Has it come to this, that a member of Con gress cannot express his opinion, in his seat, upon the baseness of corruit political profligates, without becoming a mark for the ASSASSIN'S rifle? Never was there a more DASTARDLY MURDER than that of the unfortunate CILLEY. He was a grandson of Mr Cilley of New Hampshire, a signer of the Declaration of Independence—a young man i perfectly unoffending and bland in his manners -educated in a moral and peaceable counmunity-of remarkable talents, and taught ton. on from his youth to abhor the practice to which he has fallen a victim, Such was the man set upon by BLOOD HOUNDS who believe that the habits of his life and the mode of his instant, for the purpose of selecteducation, would enable them to insult him ing delegates to the Gubernatorial but with sluggard pace it is we fear impercep-THE NATION SHOULD ECHO WITH of Baltimore on Thursday, the public. At the North a powerful press is zea-INDIGNATION at this HORRIBLE 30th of May, to nominate a suita- lously laboring in the iniquitous cause, and le-SASSINATION. It is a stigma upon the ble candidate for the office of Go- gions of emissaries are traversing the States to whole country—the people should rise en masse and demand the expulsion from Con gress of the VILLAINS who have been the cause of it, and the officers of Justice should seize upon them, and hold them to answer before a Jury of their country for the highest

But a few short weeks, and we saw poor Cilley in the bloom and promise of manhood strengthened by a liberal education, had won deep regret he spoke to us-of the bitterness e gendered simply by that voice no

The New York

no longer serviceable, Mr. B

PREDICTION VERIFIED. We have often said, and that too very recently, that the banks in this city had been for six months past, and were at this momen', aand thereby relieve the distress of the co nity. We have heretofore conclusive the banks themselves, in their official reports; ling Bank for the benefit of its creditors. and by the rate of exchange, as daily quoted in the money market We have, moreover, charged upon the banks, as an obvious infer-

thought that we should so soon be able to prove holders hereabouts. the fact by the direct confession of the chief agent in the audacious scheme.

We are now, however, enabled to assert on authority which we hesitate not to pronounce unquestionable, that Mr. Biddle recently de- Procession early in May next. bank agents from his city, in substance as follows, namely, that "HE WOULD NOT BANKS IN DOING SO, UNTIL THE this allegation be denied by Mr. Biddle, we will undertake to substantiate it by proof; and comment until Mr. Biddle has had an oppor- received the sanction of the Senate.

soon paid out, would tend to check excesses, has been indicted by the Grand Jury for em- in our last. That vote was not on its final right of suffrage so as to exclude the labouring bezling \$19,350 of the funds of that institution. passage as we were led to suppose, but merely But, with all due respect to the views of It appears he was entrusted with \$80,000 of upon the bill as ame-led. others from whom we have the misfortune to old bills, to be put away and not to be issudiffer, we should be happy to see more specie ed again, but trusting to his better judgement, in use imperatively required by express law. he concluded to send out a few thousand on

The great match race, at Natchez, on the dec'd. - Gazette. We trust more will be done on this point, 13th instant, between Fanny Wright, by Bertrand, and Extio, by Liviathan, four mile beats, for \$3000 axide, was won by Extio in

"A GOOD 'UN."-The Picayune per- stricken out.

Because it began to rain (reign) early.

WHIG & ADVOCATE.

EASTON MD,:

TUESDAY APRIL 3, 1838.

NOTICE:

TALBOT COUNTY.

bot county will be held at the Abolitionists, even to secure the election of a Court-House in the town of Eas- favorite candidate.

Tuesday, 17th day of April, vernor under the Reformed Con- sow the seeds of its baneful influence. With Easton, April 2nd, 1838.

THE MEETING. By a notice in this morning's Whig it will assailed on the one hand the Institution of Sla--his conciliatory manners, united with a be seen that TUESDAY the 17th instant, is very with violence and obloquy, on the other, appointed as the day for holding a general meet- it has been defended with inevincible determifor him at the seat of Government, the leve ing in this Town for the purpose of nominating nation. Riot and bloodshed, with their train of and respect of all who knew him. His con- delegates to the "Baltimore Convention" evils have frequently occurred, and the rightewhich assembles on the 30TH DAY OF MAY, ous indignation of the Southern people has been to nom inate a Candidate for the office of Go- summarily visited upon those pretended phivernor of this State. A general attendance is lanthropists who have trampled under foot the expected. Every man opposed to the ruinous laws of the country, in mad pursuit after what policy of the imbecile and reckless Executive they are pleased to term the rights of humanof the should devote at least one day pre- ity. The character and feelings of millions of in permitty to rescuing his dearest rights and in- our people have been sacrificed to unmitigated the from the hands of the spoilers. Victo- reproach- 'their rights invaded' - "their fire-

mein their legitimate pu- nign precepts."

Tire Cunning Question .- The re- tights we inherit from our laws, and suffer port of the Currency committee will be found; hem not to be invaded with impunity. And columns to-day, Mr.

sylvania and Virginia Banks resume before there is no precept of religion or morality that period, then within thirty days after such more inflexible in its application than that resumption of payment by the said banks, for which forbids doing evil that good may ensue." all the banks of this State to resume specie paybundantly able to resume specie payments. ments, and upon any one neglecting so to de the Chancellor shall order proceedings, an appoint trustees to take charge of such de .. ult-

We are compelled to decline the publience from this otherwise unnecessary delay, cation of D's communication for two reasons. a political design, to continue the pressure up- First, it would provoke uscless discussionon the people, until Congress should reject the and secondly, it would afford the Editor of the omon Troy, Barnet! Parett. them the deposites of the public revenue. At "Review" what he no doubt much desires, an the time we made these imputations, we little opportunity through retort to attack the slave-

> 00- We are requested to say that the members of Miller Lodge contemplate having a

Our State Senate having refused to confirm ral state Legislatures, now in session, in rela. ner on the whole currency of the country, and CONCORDE WAS DEED WAS DEED TO BE TORE | the nomination of Mr. Culbreth as Secretary party, and by it, it is intended to hamper the CONGRESS WAS DEFEATED." If of State, his Excellency after the lapse of se. right of suffrage with all sorts of restrictions so veral weeks, condescended to name another if this proof should be invalidated, we will gentleman for the station-Col. John C. cheerfully retract the charge. We torbear all Groome of Cecil county, which appointment

We understand THOMAS HOLLADAY HICKS, Esq was appointed Register of Wills

the Senate on Tuesday, having first been a- | 000, in the name of M. Sibley, Cashier of a | gent. mended. The provision requiring all the banks | bank in Georgia, on the President of the City of the State to receive, on deposite, the notes of Bank, New York. On presenting it at the all the other banks of the State, has been latter place, they declined receiving it alleg- ZELL, Agents for Dickinson College. J. B.

Why was St. Patrick's day like Queen | Gen. EMORY positively declines being a candidate for the office of Governor.

present disturbances in Canada, thus connience, wholly to relieve themselves from their
Eastern liabilities. These are positive aux
iliaries to the accomplishment of this object

The accomp The contingent probable sids, will be found in the millions, and a sound drubbing to the barthereby lost their entire vote. It does him Sutherland (so called) now in Toronto jail, more honor than any act connected with his po- has attempted to cut his throat. litical life. The reply of Gen. Wilson, the Whig candidate for Governor it is said con- Cilley, at Epping, N. H., is suffering the tained no offensive language against the Abo- keenest anguish from the death of her son. I litionists to whom it was addressed, but his is thought she will not survive the shock. non-committalism availed him nothing. The entire Abolition vote, including the negro votes of Portsmouth, together with the large impor-To the Democratic Republicans of tations from Vermont & Massachusetts, could not save him. The Democratic Republicans of the North appreciate the Union of the States this city on Wednesday the 14th inst, and A public meeting of the Demo- and the rights of the South, too dearly, to cratic Republican Voters of Tal- league with such a miserable faction as the

> The wild spirit of fanaticism abread in our land must be to the mind of discreet men as alarming as it is reprehensible. True, abolitionism finds no congeniality with the South. MANY VOTERS. money at their command, and men ready and willing to receive it as the reward of their la- gan bors, they are we apprehend effecting, to no very limited extent, their base and unwholy designs. While those Northern fanatics have

in if the contest be unflinching and sides and social institutions disturbed, and their By such means the inheritance lives endangered without any regard to the dicon and bequeuthed us by our tates of our moral code, and religion itself such means alone can we made a pretext for the violation of its own be-

As a political faction, Abolitionism is comshouls of the ene- paratively harmless. True it has its advocates and allow you; upon the floor of Congress, and our National Councils are sometimes thrown into fiery emotion by incendiary attempts to bring about son, P. E. irst great discussion, but justice predominates, and their objects are generally defeated. It behooves us who are Southern in feeling and in interest, to Munroe keep a watchful eye upon the doings of those fanutics, to guard with eternal vigilance the hile we discountenance excitement on the bject, let us not relax into slothful negli-

bucy involved Bucy Banks, had they failed to issue, the counters discretion is now confided to the Executive, pended as a stroke of war policy upon the Go- July as the time for resumption of spe- "Let us not forget," says a distinguished of your State would have been flooded with in- and that Congress would act wisely to further vernment, than if it were left to be inferred cie payments by the Banks. The counter re- writer, "that in our furious zeal to give free- P. E. that his failure to recume was from inability) port was lost, and the report of the Commit- dom to the blacks, we are laying the axe to ces utterly redeemable. In this contingency General Jackson's objections to Mr. Rives's as an enforced, but voluntary and contumathe Committee think that the Banks are not bill on this point in 1837; that it did not ex- clous bankrupt. The statement in THE ERA The bill as passed, we learn from the Anna- adorns the Old or the New Word; that in our obsoxious to censure in complying with the plicitly state whether the choice as to the pay- will be found to be true to the letter. We have polis Republican, prescribes the first Monday ardour to bring about a questionable good, we in January next, or if the New York, Penn- are provoking vast and alarming evils; and that

> The following gentlemen, were appointed Constables, on Tuesday last, by the commissioners, for Taloot county, viz:

For Easton District No. 1. Messrs. Samuel S. Satterfield, Joseph B. Harrington, James C. Wheeler. For St. Michaels District No. 2. Messrs. Philomon T. Hambleton, Edward Benson, Arthur J. Loveday. For Trappe District No. 3. Messrs. Sol-

For Chappel District No. 4. Messrs. James Harwood, Wm. P. Leaverton, Edward Flynn and Henry Hopkins.

The Bill abolishing imprisonment for debt, which had passed in the House of Delegates was rejected in the Senate on Thursday-only three members voting for it.

REGISTRY LAW .- The federal portion of FIRE -A stable attached to the premises the Maryland House of Delegates has passed a bill for registering voters in the city of Baltimore, and the Native American Association Chenowith. of the city of New York has forwarded Albany a petition for a like enactment. This as exclude the lower class and admit the "better sort," as Mr. Senator Tallmadge would

> We take the above from the New York Evening Post. Let the naturalized foreigner Rescorl. read it and he will be able to form an opin classes. It is the stepping stone to a property qualification, and a subtle furtherance of the objects of the Native American Associations .- Balt, Rep.

EXTENSIVE FORGERY .- A young man, for Dorchester county, vice W. W. Eccleston | said to be of every respectable connections, from the South, (Alabama,) was arrested in J Reed, sup this city on Satarday last, charged with for-THE CURRENCY BILL. - This bill passed ging letters of credit to the amount of \$30,the other \$5,000. Suspecting afterwards that MAN, & W. S. EVANS, located. The Rohan potatoes is the name of a new sion on Thursday, having passed 363 Laws the transaction to this city, when, by the ex- BALTIMORE CITY, March 13, 1838. ertions of Messrs. Blaney, Young, and M'-

A letter from Lewiston states that Gen.

We learn that the amiable mother of Mr.

BALTIMORE ANNUAL CONFER-ENCE OF

THE METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

This body commenced its annual session in closed its labours on Saturday last. We learn that its proceedings were characterised by the greatest harmony and good feeling. Bishops MORRIS and WAUGH were in attendance. During the session the Conference passed a resolution to the effect that they were opposed in toto to the mad schemes of the abolitionists -a most wise and prudent resolve. We have been furnished with a list of the appointments for the ensuing year, which we subjoin:

APPOINTMENTS FOR BALTIMORE CONFERENCE. MARCH, 1838.

BALTIMORE DISTRICT-JOHN DA-Baltimore City-E Dorsey, G Morgan, W

B Edwards, J W Richardson, T O Somers. North Baltimore-C B Tippett, John Poisal. East Baltimore-H Furlong, N J B Mor-West Baltimore-Job Guest. Sharp street and Asbury-J Gruber. Scamen's U Beth-J Smith. Baltimore Precincts-To be supplied.

Baltimere Circuit-Thomas McGee, T Sewell, S Ellis, sup. Severn-J A Gere, William H Laney. Annapolis-R S Vinton. West River-C A Davis, J Guyer. Calvert-W H Coffin, G W Israel. St Mary's-E R Veitch, M H Turner. Bladensburg-F Macartney, B Nadall. Mattawomon Circuit-J Housewart. Summerfield-David Thomas. Ebenezer-B N Brown. Herring Bay Mission-Elijah Miller. POTOMAC DISTRICT-JOHN BEAR,

Alexandria-S G Roszell, G Hildt H Slicer, J M Hanson, sup Wesley Chapel & G. Cookman. Georgetown-W Hamilton. Rock Creek-B Barry. Fairlax-Wesley How, Wm O Lumsden. Leesburg-S Keppler Loudon-J A Collins R M Lipscomb. Warrenton-J V Rigdon, E Mc Collum. Stafford-William Edmonus, John Ander-

Fredericksburg-L F Morgan. Westmoreland - G G Brook, J Mc Enally. Lancaster-C B Young. C E Brown. ROCKINGHAM DISTRICT-S BRY

Rockingham-J C Lyon, G H Young. Augusta-T Wheeler, Levy Munroe, T H

Deerfield-R Beers. Lexington-A A Eskridge. J Stine. Bottetourt-J S Martin, Z Jordon Christiansburg-E P Phelps, J Gambrel. Monroe-A G Chenowith. Covington-J Plotner, TJ Dyerle. Lewisburg-S McMullen. Lewisburg Circuit-J W Osborn, T H

Huntersville -- J G Mckeehan Franklin-S Smith, Wesley Robr. WINCHESTER DISTRCTS-D STEBL

Winchester Station-N Wilson. Winchester Circuit-T H W Munroe, Wm Evans. Jefferson-J Larkin, W G Eggleston. Harper's Ferry-J A Henning. Berkley-J Watte, Samuel Smith. Hillsborough-William Weeks, J White. Bath-C. W Deems, David Trout. Springfiel 1-H Holland. South Branch-J W Cullum, R W H

Moorfield-M Gobeen, M G Hamilton. Woodstock-W H Enos, S Hildebrand. Luray - Thomas & Harding. Wardensville - J Brade. Berryville-J M Green. CHAMBERSBURG DIST .- R. CAD-

DEN, P. E. Chambersburg-R Bond. Shippensburg-J H Brown. Waynesburg-F M Mills. Hagerstown-H Tarring. Boonsborough-Joseph Parker. Clearsbring-P D Sipscomb, S S Roszell. Allegany - J Forrest. J S Morris. Cumberland-C Parkinson. Bedford-P McEnally, J Lanahan. Licking Creek-E E Allen, Thoma Miffin-James Clark, Bloomfield-D Shover. J Stansbury.

Concord-J S Lee, B Bigley. NORTHUMBERLAND DIST .- J MIL-LER, P. E. Sunbury-H G Dill, J W Haughawouf. Hollidaysburg-J. Bowen. Williamsburg-V. illiam Butler, G. D.

Lewistown-J Merriken. Lewistown Circuit- J Munroe, John Ball. Derwick-C Kalblus, J Hall. Danville-RT Nixon, W Hirst, Northumberland-J Sanks, I T Stratton. Lycoming-J Ewen; G L Brown. Bellesonte-T Tannyhill, G Guyer. Clearfield-S V Blake, E Butler. Huntingdon-J Stephens, J Hodges, P

Beaver Mead. Miss .- George Barstresser. CARLISLE DIST .- A GRIFFITH P. E. Carlisle Station-T C Thornton. Carlisle Circuit-J Rhodes, T C Hays. York-J L Gibbons. Surewsbury-William Hank, J W Cronin. Harford-I Collins, A A Reese.

Great Falls-H Rest, O Ege, T J Dorsey, Liberty-William Prettyman, J Bunting. Frederick City-T Reily. Frederick Circ't-J Cleary, Z A Morgan,

Gettysburg-A Smith J M Jones. Patapsco-Richard Brown, Thomas B Sar-

Montgomery-James Reiley, T Myers. JACOB R. THEPHERD and S. A. Rosing as a reason that as they were about to re- LINN, transferred to Kentneky Conference. some specie payments, they did not want to N. HEAD, Z. HARRISON, E. CHAMBERS, It is stated in the Centreville Times, that pay out an amount of their notes. He then transferred to Virginia Conference. JAMES negotiated with two brokers of that city, who BERKLEY. GEO. HUMPHREYS, S. C. HOPadvanced him \$25,000, the one \$10,000 and KINS, J. LANIUS, D. KENNISON, D. HART-The Legislature of Maryland closed its ses- all was not right, they sent on an account of Next Annual Conference to be held in