EASTERN-SHORE WHIG AND PEOPLE'S ADVOCATE.

"THE PRICE OF LIBERTY IS PERPETUAL VIGILANCE."

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BY

GEO. W. SHERWOOD,

(PUBLISHER OF THE LAWS OF THE UNION.)

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☞All communications to insure attention should be *post paid*

DR. W. EVANS'S

CELEBRATED

FEVER AND AGUE PILLS.

This widely-extended and most admirable Remedy for Fever and Ague, and other Fevers, which has already rendered such benefit, and proved a sure and speedy cure for the above named disorders, is particularly recommended to public notice.

On first feeling the premonitory symptoms occur, it is advisable at once to clear thoroughly the stomach and bowels. In no way can this be better and less inconveniently effected, than by taking a few doses of

DR. EVANS'S PURIFYING PILLS,

the value and well authenticated virtues of which medicine have been, and still are, too apparent to call for further comment. They tend to promote a healthy secretion of the Bile, and render the system capable of receiving with benefit The Invigorating and Strengthening Pills.

DIRECTIONS ARE AS FOLLOWS:—Take four of the Purifying Pills on the first accession of Fever, and continue the same number every other night, till with the additional use of the Invigorating Pills, a permanent cure is obtained.

Take three of the Invigorating Pills in the morning, three at noon, and three in the evening, on the days when the attacks do not occur.

☞The attacks usually occur every other day

☞Price One Dollar a pack, containing both kinds of Pills.

Sold at Dr. Evans's Medical Establishment, 100 Chatham Street, N. Y., And by his authorized Agents.

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Feb. 12, 1839.

☞A Letter from Mr. Sheldon P. Gilbert, to Dr. Wm. Evans, proprietor of the celebrated Camomile Pills:

Dear Sir—Had the immortal Cowper known the medical qualities of the Camomile Plant, he as well as thousands since (besides myself) would have experienced its wonderful effects on the nervous system. The public utility of Cowper was blighted in the bud, thro' the natural effect of his nervous debility upon the mental powers, which made it necessary for him to seek relief beneath the rural shade, but the calm retreat gave his physical nature no repose. If some one then had known the secret of concentrating the medical virtues of Camomile, the discoverer would have been immortalized with poetic zeal as the benefactor of suffering man.

The above lines were prompted from the effect I have experienced from Dr. Wm. Evans' Camomile Pills.

Yours, with esteem,
SHELDOM P. GILBERT,
Durham, Green Co., N. Y.

☞Another recent test of the unrivalled virtue of Dr. Wm. Evans' Medicines.—Dyspepsia, ten years standing.—Mr. J. McKenzie, 176 Stanton street, was afflicted with the above complaint for 10 years, which incapacitated him at intervals, for the period of six years, in attending to his business, restored to perfect health under the salutary treatment of Dr. W. Evans.

The symptoms were—A sense of distension and oppression after eating, distressing pain in the pit of the stomach, nausea, impaired appetite, giddiness, palpitation of the heart, great debility and emaciation, depression of spirits, disturbed rest, sometimes a bilious vomiting, and pain in the right side, an extreme degree of langour and faintness; any endeavour to pursue his business causing immediate exhaustion and weariness.

Mr. McKenzie is daily attending his business, and none of the above symptoms have recurred since he used the medicine. He is now a strong and healthy man. He resorted to myriads of remedies, but they were all ineffectual. He is willing to give any information to the afflicted respecting the inestimable benefit rendered to him by the use of Dr Wm. Evans' medicine.

☞An Extraordinary and Remarkable Cure.—Mrs Mary Dillon, Williamsburgh, corner of Fourth and North streets, completely restored to health by the treatment of Dr. W. Evans, 100 Chatham st.

The symptoms of this distressing case were as follows: Total loss of appetite, palpitation of the heart, twitching of the tendons, with a general spasmodic affection of the muscles, difficulty of breathing, giddiness, langour, lassitude, great depression of spirits, with a fear of some impending evil, a sensation of fluttering at the pit of the stomach, irregular transient pains in different parts, great emaciation, with other symtoms of extreme debility.

The above case was pronounced hopeless by three of the most eminent physicians, and the dissolution of the patient daily awaited by her friends, which may be authenticated by the physicians who were in attendance. She has given her cheerful permission to publish the above facts, and will also gladly give any information respecting the benefit she has received, to any inquiring mind.

MARY DILLON.

☞DYSPEPSIA AND HYPOCHONDRIACISM.—Interesting Case.—Mr. William Salmon, Green street, above Third, Philadelphia, afflicted for several years with the following distressing symptoms. Sickness at the stomach, headache, dizziness, palpitation of the heart, impaired appetite, sometimes acid and putrescent eructations, coldness and weakness of the extremities, emaciation and general debility, disturbed rest, a sense of pressure and weight at the stomach after eating, nightmare, great mental despondency, severe flying pains in the chest, back and sides, costiveness, a dislike for society, or conversation, involuntary sighing and weeping, languor and lassitude upon the least exercise.

Mr Salmon had applied to the most eminent physicians, who considered it beyond the power of medicine to restore him to health; however as his affliction had reduced him to a very deplorable condition, and having been recommended by a relative of his to make trial of Dr. Wm. Evans' medicine, he with difficulty repaired to the office and procured a package, to which, he says, he is indebted for his restoration to life, health and friends. He is now enjoying all the blessings of health.

Persons desirous of further information, will be satisfied in every particular as to this astonishing cure, at Dr. Wm, Evans' Medical Office, 100 Chatham st. N. Y.

☞A severe case of Piles cured at 100 Chatham street.—Mr. Daniel Spanning, of Shrewsbury, Eden Town, New Jersey, we severely afflicted with Piles for more than 20 years. Had had recourse to medicines of almost every description, also the advice of several eminent physicians, but never found the slightest relief from any source whatsoever, until he called on Dr. Evans, of 100 Chatham street, N. Y. and procured some medicine from him, from which he found immediate relief, and subsequently a perfect cure.

☞An Extraordinary Cure performed by Dr Wm. Evans, of 100 Chatham st. N. Y.—Mr. W. W. W. of 160 Eldridge street, was labouring under a disease, which was by many physicians considered incurable, and could find no relief from any source whatever, until he made application to Dr. Evans, and placed himself under his successful course of treatment, from which he began to find immediate relief, and in a few weeks was perfectly cured.

☞REMARKABLE CASE OF ACUTE RMEUMATISM, with an affection of the Lungs—cured under the treatment of Dr. Wm. Evans, 100 Chatham street, New York. Mr. Benjamin S. Jarvis, 13 Centre street, Newark, N. J. afflicted for four years with severe pains in all his joints, which were always increased on the slightest motion; the tongue preserved a steady whiteness, loss of appetite, dizziness in his head, the bowels commonly very costive, the urine high coloured, and often profuse sweating, unattended by relief. The above symptoms were also attended with considerable difficulty of breathing, with a sense of tightness across the chest, likewise a great want of due energy in the nervous system.

The above symptoms were entirely removed and a perfect cure effected by Dr. W. Evans

BENJ. S. JARVIS.

City of New York, ss.

Benjamin S. Jarvis being duly sworn, deth depose and say that the facts stated in the above certificate, subscribed by him, are in all respects true.

BENJ. S. JARVIS.

Sworn before me, this 25th of Nov. 1836.
WM. SAUL, Notary public, 96 Nassau st.

The above medicine for sale by

T. H. DAWSON & SONS,
Easton, Md.

Feburary 12,

[BY AUTHORITY.]

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES PASSED AT THE THIRD SESSION OF THE TWENTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

[PUBLIC—No. 15]

AN ACT to authorise the construction of certain improvements in the Territory of Wisconsin and for other purposes.

Be it enacted, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the further survey and an estimate of the cost of improving the navigation of the Neenah and Wisconsin rivers and connecting the same by a navigable canal or water communication, two thousand dollars, be and the same are hereby appropriated; and that the following sum of money be, and the same are hereby, appropriated for the construction of roads in the Territory of Wisconsin, to wit:

For the construction of a road from Racine, by Janesville, to Sinipee, on the Mississippi, ten thousand dollars,

For the survey and construction of a road from Sauk harbor, on lake Michigan, to Dekorree, of the Wisconsin river, five thousand dollars;

For the construction of a road from Fond du Lac, on lake Winnebago, by Fox lake, to the Wisconsin river, five thousand dollars;

SEC 2. And be it further enacted, That the sum of two thousand dollars, appropriated by the act of the seventh of July, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, entitled "An act making appropriations for certain roads in the Territory of Wisconsin" for a railroad, shall be applied by the Secretary of War, to the survey of the most eligible route for a rail-road from the town of Milwaukee on lake Michigan, to such point on the Mississippi river as may be deemed most expedient.

APPROVED, March 3d, 1839.

[PUBLIC—No. 16]

AN ACE to repeal the second section of "An act to extend the time for locating Virginia military land warrants and returning surveys thereon to the General Land Office," approved July seventh, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the second section of An act to extend the time for locating Virginia military land warrants and returning surveys thereon to the General Land Office" approved July seventh, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, be, and the same is hereby repealed.

APPROVED, March 3d, 1839.

[PUBLIC—No. 17.]

AN ACT for the relief of umbrella-makers.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there shall be refunded out of the Treasury, to such umbrella makers as have imported umbrella-stretchers since the passage of the act entitled "An act to alter and amend the several acts imposing duties on imports," approved the fourteenth day of July, A. D. eighteen hundred and thirty-two, all excess of duty, beyond what such importers would have been required to pay, if the provisions contained in the tenth and twelfth clauses of the second section of said act had at all times since its passage been suspended in their operation in the same manner as they were suspended by the act of the second of March, A. D. eighteen hundred and thirty-three, entitled "An act to explain and amend the several acts imposing duties on imports, passed the fourteenth of July, one thousand eight hundred and thirty two, so far as relates to hardware and certain manufactures of copper and brass and other articles," and by other subsequent acts of like character.

APPROVED, March 3d, 1839.

[PUBLIC—No. 18.]

AN ACT to authorize the Secretary of the Navy to purchase a tract of land belonging to the heirs of John Harris, deceased, being within the limits of the navy yard in Charlestown, Massachusetts.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be and he hereby is authorized and required to purchase certain lands situated within the limits of the navy yard in Charlestown, in the State of Massachusetts said land being the property of the heirs of John Harris, late of said Charlestown, deceased.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the price and value of said land may be fairly and justly estimated, the Secretary of the Navy is hereby authorized to agree with said heirs in selecting and choosing three disinteressted, discreet, suitable men, who, after being sworn, and having fully examined said land, shall estimate and appraise the same. Provided, It can be purchased for a reasonable sum.

SEC 3. And be it further enacted, That, when the apprisal shall be made known to the Secretary aforesaid, and a good and sufficient deed of the same land shall be tendered or given to the United States by the said heirs, then the Secretary of the Navy shall pay said heirs the amount of said appraisal, being the consideration for the premises, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, March 31, 1839.

[PUBLIC—No. 19.]

AN ACT making appropriations for building a pier at the northern extremity of Winnebago lake, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the security of the navigation of the commerce of the United States, the following sums, be and the same hereby are, appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, and to be applied to the following objects:

For building a pier at the northern extremity of Winnebago lake, in the Territory of Wisconsin, the sum of five hundred dollars;

For placing buoys at the mouth of Neenah river, at the head of Great bay, in said Territory, to mark the channel thereof, the sum of five hundred dollars.

APPROVED, March 3d, 1839.

PUBLIC—No. 20.

AN ACT making a donation of land to the Territory of Iowa, for the purpose of erecting public buildings therein.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be, and hereby is, appropriated and granted to the Territory of Iowa, one entire section of land, of any of the surveyed public lands in said territory, for the purpose of erecting thereon the public buildings for the use of the Executive and Legislative departments of the Government of the said Territory: Provided, That the said section of land shall be selected under the authority or Territorial Legislature, the seat of Government located thereon, and notice of said selection officially returned to the register of the land office in the district in which the land is situated within one year from the passage of this act; And provided further.—That nothing herein contained shall authorize the selection of the sixteenth section in any township reserved for the use of schools, nor of any lot reserved for public purposes; and that in the selection to be made as aforesaid, no pre-existing improvement or right to pre-emption recognized by law shall be prejudiced thereby.

Sec. 2 And be it further enacted, That if, at the time of the selection of the section of land to be made as aforesaid, the contiguous sections thereto have not been made subject to public sale, or being so subject have not been sold at public sale or by private entry, then each and every section contiguous to said selected section; and not so sold, shall be thereafter reserved and withheld from sale in any manner, until the further order of Congress thereon. But nothing herein expressed shall be construed to restrain the said Territory, of Iowa after appropriating a sufficient quantity of land within said selected section for the site and accommodation of the public buildings, from selling and disposing of the residue of said section in lots or otherwise, for the use of said Territory, in the erection and completion of said buildings.

[PUBLIC—No 21.]

AN ACT for the improvement and survey of certain rivers, and the repair of certain roads in Florida.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums of money be, and the same are hereby appropriated to be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated for the purposes herein specified that is to say.

For the removal of obstructions at the mouth of the Suwanne river, and for the survey of the said river, with a view to its improvement, fifteen thousand dollars.

For the survey of Yellow river Florida to ascertain the practicability and cost of removing the raft which obstructs its navigability, five hundred dollars.

For the repair, including the alteration if necessary, of the Road from Jacksonville, by the way of Garey's Ferry, to Newmansville, Florida, five thousand dollars.

For the construction of a road from Jacksonville to St. Mary's, Florida, in part or in whole upon the route of the existing road as may be found expedient, seven thousand five hundred dollars all which sums shall be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War.

Approved, March 3d, 1839.

[PUBLIC—No. 22.]

AN ACT granting to the judges of the Supreme Court of Iowa the same compensation as by law is given to the judges of the Supreme Court of Wisconsin.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the commencement of the next quarter, after the passage of this act, the judges of the Supreme Court of the Territory of Iowa shall receive the same salary as is now received by the judges of the Territory of Wisconsin.

Approved, March 3d, 1839.

[PUBLIC—No. 24.]

AN ACT to amend the act of the third March eighteen hundred and thirty seven, entitled "An act supplementary to the act entitled An act to amend the judicial system of the United States, and for other purposes."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it shall be the duty of the district judge of Missouri to attend at St. Louis, on the first Monday of October annually, who shall have power to make all necessary orders touching any suit, action, appeal, writ of error, process, pleadings, or proceedings retarded to the circuit court or depending therein, preparatory to the hearing, trial, or decision of such action, suit, appeal, writ of error, process, pleadings, or proceedings; and all writs and process may be returnable to the said courts on the first Monday of October in the same manner as to the sessions of the circuit courts directed to be held by the said act of third March, eighteen hundred and thirty seven, and the said writs returnable to the circuit courts may also bear teste on the said first Monday of October as though a session of said circuit court was holden on that day.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the district court of the United States for the district of East Tennessee shall, hereafter be holden on the third Monday in October, in each year, instead of the second Monday of October, as now prescribed by law; and that the district court of the Middle District of Tennessee shall be holden on the first Mondays of March and September, in each year; and all causes and processes shall be continued over, and be returnable to, the respective terms of said courts as hereby established; and said courts shall be holden at the places now prescribed by law, and exercise all the powers and jurisdiction they now enjoy.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That from and after the first day of June next the circuit court of the United States for the southern district of Alabama shall commence its terms on the second Monday of March and the fourth Monday of November, in each and every year: and the circuit court for the eastern district of Louisiana shall commence its terms on the first Monday of April and the third Monday of December in each and every year; and all writs, pleas, suits, recognizances, indictments and all other proceedings, civil and criminal, shall be heard, tried, and proceeded with by said court, at the times herein fixed, in the same manner as if no change in the times of holding said courts had taken place.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That the circuit and district courts of the United States for the district of Michigan, shall be held at Detroit, on the second Monday of October, instead of the first Monday in November, as heretofore established; and that all writs, pleas, suits, recognizances, indictments, and all other proceedings, civil and criminal, shall be heard, tried, and proceeded with by the said court, at the times therein fixed, in the same manner as if no change in the times of holding the said court had taken place

Sec 5. And be it further enacted, That the district court of the United States for the district of Arkansas, shall be held at Little Rock on the first Monday of October, instead of the first Monday in November annually as heretofore established; and that all writs, pleas recognizances, indictements, and all other proceedings, civil and criminal, shall be heard, tried, and proceeded with by the said court, at the times therein fixed, in the same manner as if no change in the times of holding the said court had taken place.

Sec. 6 And be it further enacted, That the circuit court of the United States for the southern district of New York, shall hereafter be held on the last Monday in November, instead of the last Monday in October, the time heretofore established by law; that all indictments, informations, suits or actions, and proceedings of every kind, whether of a civil or criminal nature; depending in the said court, on the first day of October, next, shall thereafter have day in court, and be proceeded in, heard, tried, and determined, at the time therein appointed for holding the said court, in the same manner as they might and ought to have been done had the said court been holden at the time heretofore directed by law.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That all writs, suits, actions or recognizances, or other proceedings which are or shall be, instituted, served, commenced or taken to said Circuit Court to have been holden as heretofore directed by law, shall be returnable to, entered in, heard, tried, and have day in court, to be holden at the time by this act directed, in the same manner as might and ought to have been done had the said court been holden at the time heretofore directed by law.

Sec. 8 And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the clerk of the district court of the southern district of New York, within six months after the passage of this act, to transmit a certified copy of the dockets of all judgments rendered in that court, or in the circuit court of the United States for that district, since the fourth day of March, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, to the clerk of the supreme court of said State, in the city of New York; and on the tenth and twenty-fifth days of each month thereafter, to transmit a like certificate of all dockets of judgments as may have been rendered in either of said courts since the last certificate was transmitted.

Sec. 9. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the clerk of the northern district of said State within six months after the passage of this act to transmit a certified copy of all judgments rendered and docketed in that court, either as a district court, or as a circuit court, and of all judgments in the circuit court of the United States for that district docketed since the fourth day of March, eighteen hundred and twenty nine to the clerk of the supreme court of said State at Utica; and on the tenth and twenty fifth days of each month thereafter, to transmit a like certificate of such dockets of judgments as may have been rendered in either of said courts since the last certificate was transmitted.

Sec. 10. And be it further enacted, That every judgment which shall have been rendered either in the district or circuit courts aforesaid, previous to the passage of this act, shall, as against subsequent purchasers or incumbrances, cease to be a lien upon the real estate or chattles real of the person or persons against whom such judgments may have been rendered respectively, at the expiration of five years from the passage of this act; and every judgment to be hereafter rendered in either of said courts, shall as against subsequent purchasers or incumbrances, cease to be a lien upon the real estate or chattles real of any person or persons against whom each judgment shall be rendered at the expiration of two years, from and after the day of docketing such judgments respectively.

APPROVED, March 3d, 1839.

JAMES K. POLK,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
RH. M. JOHNSON.
Vic President of the United States, and President of the Senate.

APPROVED, March 3d, 1839.
M. VAN BUREN.

POETRY.

The death of Mrs. McLean, late Miss Landon, or L. E. L. is confirmed. She died suddenly on 15th October last. The following is one of her last productions:

THE POLAR STAR.

The star sinks below the horizon in certain latitudes. I watched it sunk lower every night, till at last it disappeared.

A star has left the kindling sky,
A lovely northern light—
How many planets are on high,
But that has left the night.

I miss its bright familiar face,
It was a friend to me,
Associate with my native place,
And those beyond the sea.

It rose upon our English sky,
Shone o'er our English land
And brought back many a loving eye,
And many a gentle hand.

It seemed to answer to my thought,
It called the past to mind,
And with the welcome presence brought
All I had left behind.

The voyage it lights no longer ends
Soon on a foreign shore;
How can I but recall the friends
Who I may see no more?

Fresh from the pain it was to part—
How could I bear the pain?
Yet strong the omen in my heart
That says we meet again.

Meet with a deeper, dearer love,
For absence shows the worth
Of all from which we then remove,
Friends, home, and native earth.

Thou lovely polar star, my eyes
Still turned the first on thee,
Till I have felt a sad surprise
That none looked up with me.

But thou hast sunk below the wave—
Thy radiant place unknown,
I seem to stand beside a grave,
And stand by it alone.

Farewell!—ah, would to me were given
A power upon thy light,
What words upon our English heaven
Thy loving rays should write:

Kind messages of love and hope
Upon thy rays should be;
Thy shining orbit would have scope
Scarcely enough for me.

Oh, fancy vain as it is found,
And little needed too,
My friends! I need not look beyond
My heart to look for you! L. E. L.

From the London Court Gazette.

CHOOSING A HUSBAND.

'Caroline, you are twenty-one.'

'I know it full well, and I assure you no one regrets it more than myself; but really I cannot help laughing at the idea of marrying Sir Thomas Lupton.'

'And why?' said lady Montagu, gravely. 'He is a man of good family and excellent estate—highly connected—his mother is the daughter of a duke; and he is a member of parliament for the burgh of Dunderton.'

'Yes, and sent us the Dunderton Journal, containing his election speech, with an account of how he was chaired, feasted, and flattered on that occasion—showing that sir Thomas, whatever he may be here, is at least a great man in Dunderton. Nay, nay,' added the laughing girl, throwing back the jetty ringlets that seemed sportively to fall over her bright black eyes. 'Pray, my dear mamma, turn to the tablets again.'

'Well, there is young lord Flowerdale.'

'A poet, and a man of sentiment—writes pastorals and told me the other day, with a simper that our grandmothers showed exquisite taste in being painted as shepherdesses. The man may marry his grandmother, and he lists.'

'Caroline, Caroline, pray be serious; lord Flowerdale, I am convinced loves you.'

'The tablets! the tablets! my dear mamma, I so long to hear the list.'

'The next, then, is captain Bolton of the Guards, prospective heir to a marquisate; and, it is said, has broken the hearts of several ladies already.'

'So, indeed, it is; but until I hear some well authenticated facts of a death having so occured—such as the verdict of a coroner's inquest, 'died by visitation of captain Bolton'—or the certificate of two respectable physicians, 'on soul and conscience'—I'll never believe it.'

'Well, really, now, I always imagined that the captain was a favorite of your's. I'm sure, at lady Vernon's rout'—

'He talked to me of nothing but his new uniform and during the rest of the evening stood in lordly silence in a conspicuous part of the room, with his lip curled a la Byron, and in the attitude of Napoleon storming a bridge,—Pshaw! I thought that even you had seen that man was a fool. But who is next on the list?'

'Mr. Doldrige, nephew, you know, to the bishop of——, and a rising man in the church. He took high honors at Oxford, and is, besides, an excellent, worthy young man.'

'Good, perhaps, but prosy. Moreover, mamma, he wears spectacles and a white neckcloth, things to which I have an unconquerable aversion. However, he is a very 'excellent, worthy young man,' as you so justly observe, and is admirably qualified to be, 'a friend of the family.' But are these all?'

'There is yet one more," said lady Montagu, mournfully—'sir Roger Templeton.'

'A dear, good old soul! a second sir Toby Belch, but, unfortunately, equally dissipated. He would make an excellent uncle. I don't dislike dissipated uncles myself, it seems to show that there is spirit in the family—but a near relationship to such people is bad. But can you really wish me,' said Caroline, more seriously, while her dark eyes brightened with sudden feeling, 'Could you really wish your daughter to marry an old dissipated man like sir Roger Templeton?,

'Neither so very old, nor so very dissipated, either,' replied lady Montagu, petulantly. 'He was a great friend of your father's, although a much younger man than he. His habits are those of the old school; but he is one of the wealthiest men in the house of commons, where he has represented the county of D—— for many years."

'And is a 'good man'—a 'spirited agriculturist,' and an enlightened 'member of committees on turnpike-roads.' My dear mamma, I know all his good qualities, as well as a few bad ones—so be assured I do not reject him ignorantly. But you have concluded your list, now pray lend me the tablets, and you shall hear mine.'

Catharine Montagu took up the pencil, and with a hand as white as the ivory tablets which she held, rapidly traced a name upon them—then looked at her mother, as if hesitating.

'Well, Caroline—proceed.'

'The first then is Edward Hastings.'

'Edward Hastings!' cried lady Montagu, in surprise.

'Mr. Edward Hastings,' cried the servant throwing open the door—and the gentleman, as if by magic, stood before them:

Lady Montagu drew herself up on her cushioned chair, and put the tips of her jewelled fingers into Hastings' hand, while Caroline, with a face covered with blushes permitted him to seat himself beside her on the sofa, while her eyes glanced restlessly towards her mother, whose looks were freezing and formal.

'Now I know not,' said Hastings, "if you ought to condole with me for my bereavement—having lost a cousin, as the Scotch say, three times removed—or congratulate me on the acquisition of his title and estate.'

Caroline turned quickly round to Hastings, and lady Montagu's looks relaxed. 'May I ask,' said her ladyship, after a moment's pause, 'who this cousin is?'

'Sir Thomas Hastings, of Harthurst Moor.'

'What! Harthurst Moor, R——shire?'

"The very same; and I assure you a fortune was never more unexpectedly acquired, or conferred upon one that stood in greater need of it, than the now present worthy baronet of that name,'

'I assure you, Mr. Hastings—sir Edward, I mean,' said lady Montagu, with a face all smiles and sunshine, "I sincerely rejoice at your good fortune, and so I am sure does Caroline—but,' continued her lady-ship, rising and looking at her watch, I hope you will excuse me at present, I have an engagement at ——.'

'Certainly,' cried Hastings, 'I beg you will not remain a single moment on my account.'

Lady Montagu had almost reached the door, when suddenly turning round she exclaimed, 'Oh! I forgot the tablets.'

'Mamma,' said Caroline, with an arch look, as she still held them in her hand, 'do you know I think they are *turned*'

'Give them to me, foolish girl."

'Nay, let me keep them: they contain a list I much wish to preserve.'

Caroline, you are detaining me,' said lady Montagu, as she took the tablets and left the room.

'You look graver now,' said Hastings, observing a shade on the brow of the fair girl by his side. In sooth it is not fair to banish your smiles at a time like this.'

'I cannot choose but be so, for I have had a lecture this morning on the choice of a husband—a grave subject you must allow.'

'And I heard a name as I entered the room,' said Hastings, passing his arm round the waist of the blushing girl; 'had you then the boldness, my Caroline, to ——'

'Break the ice, but not quite to thaw it—that has been done by your cousin 'three times removed.'"

Dover Bridge.

The Bridge having been put in good order can now be crossed as heretofore

CHARLES G WINN.

Jan. 15, 1839.