THE BOUQUET.

"MUCH YET REMAINS UNSUNG."

HOME.

By Bernard Barton, a member of the Society of Friends.

Where burns the lov'd hearth brightest,
Cheering the social breast?
Where beats the fond heart lightest,
Its humble hopes possessed?
Where is the smile of sadness,
Of meek-eyed Patience born,
Worth more than those of gladness
Which Mirth's bright cheek adorn?
Pleasure is marked by fleetness,
To those who ever roam;
While grief itself has sweetness
At Home! dear Home!

There blend the ties that strengthen
Our hearts in hours of grief,
The silver links that lengthen
Joy's visits when most brief:
There eyes in all their splendour,
Are vocal to the heart,
And glances gay or tender
Fresh eloquence impart:
Then dost thou sigh for pleasure?
O! do not widely roam;
But seek that hidden treasure
At Home! dear Home!

Does pure religion charm thee
Far more than aught below?
Would'st thou that she should arm thee
Against the hour of woe?
Think not she dwelleth only
In temples built for prayer;
For Home itself is lonely
Unless her smiles be there:
The devotee may falter,
The bigot blindly roam;
If worshipless her altar
At Home! dear Home!

Love over it presideth,
With meek and watchful awe,
Its daily service guideth,
And shows its perfect law;
If there thy faith shall fail thee,
If there no shrine be found,
What can thy prayers avail thee
With kneeling crowds around?
Go! leave thy gift unoffer'd,
Beneath Religion's dome,
And be her first fruits proffered
At Home! dear Home!

AFFECTION.

HER SMILE AND HER TEAR.

O what is so beautiful half to behold,
As the smile which affection bestows;
It is sweeter than incense, and brighter than gold,
And as soft as the breath of a rose.

O, it sheds round the heart, in its happiest hour,
A halo of rapture and love!
And divinely it glows 'neath the magical power
As a gem 'neath the light from above!

If so witching her smile, O what must be her tear?
Deep deep in the heart doth it flow?
It is doubly sacred and doubly dear,
Being shed in the hour of woe,

Both, both are most exquisite! blest is the smile
Which beams in the season of gladness;
And blest is the tear which can sorrow beguile,
Or soften one moment of sadness.

THE MISCELLANIST.

SMILES AND TEARS.

"Life's a dull dream of hopes and fears,
"Of morning smiles and evening tears."

I was out enjoying the fresh air, on a clear and beautiful spring morning, and having wandered to the banks of the cool and murmuring stream that meanders in the environs of Alesbury, I sat myself down among some low weeping willows that overshadow its borders, a few yards from a sweet flower encircled cottage, to rest myself a moment, and muse amid the tranquil and enchanting scenery of nature that surrounded me, when a voice of bitter weeping broke upon my ear, and looking towards the cottage I saw a pretty girl standing near the door, her face hid in her apron, and sobbing aloud. Before I had a moment's time to enquire the cause of her distress, an idle fiddling fellow who had spent nearly all his life in strolling about the settlement, getting a livelihood nobody knew how, yet as merry a chap as you come across in a ten days journey, stepped up to the little mourner, and asked her what was the matter.

"Oh my flowers; my flowers," said the little girl—"my pet lamb has eaten up all my pretty flowers."

"And you are a pretty fool," answered the idler, "to be crying about the flowers; will that make them grow again; will your te rs bring them back?"

"That's a very conclusive argument, to be sure," said the father, who just at that moment stepped up with his garden hoe in his hand—"it's very conclusive, Bob, who did you get it from."

"From two old friends of mine, called Reason and Experience," answered Bob—"they have learned me that one may just as well laugh as cry, whatever betide him; it comes to the same thing at last; neither tears nor smiles alter any body's fortune; get any body a dinner; or make us or our neighbors live a minute the longer."

"But if you had been toiling all your life for a little property, would you not be sorry to lose it all?"

"As to that," replied Bob, "I never intend to make the trial; if I had property I might lose it; and if that would make me unhappy, I'm best off without it; for I'm in no danger of loss, therefore out of reach of sorrow on that account,"

"And if a relation or good friend of yours were to die, what would you do?"

"Do—why I'd go into the woods and fiddle a whole day by myself; because it isn't fashionable to be merry before folks on such occasions."

"You would not weep."

"Certainly not, since it would not bring them back; or alter the case a whit."

"But natural affection what do you say to that Bob—"

"Why," answered Bob, very gravely; I say "that it's a natural fool; what do you say it is?"

"A principle implanted in our bosoms by our maker," answered the man, "for wise purposes too; and it ought therefore to be cherished."

"You are sure," replied the idler, significantly, "you are sure it's not a weakness of human nature?"

"Well, what if I admit it to be a weakness?"

"Why then it should be overcome if possible, not cherished, as you say."

"You draw conclusions with great facility," replied the gardener, laughing at the fellow's ingenuity, "but suppose I retract my admission; how will you prove natural affection to be a weakness?"

"By some of its fruits," said Bob, "your little girl has lost her flowers, and she is unhappy; people get in love and go crazy; if one dies, sometimes there is a world of misery in consequence; if men of property meet with losses, they grieve themselves to death; all these seem to prove it, because whatever principle in our nature causes needless suffering is a weakness."

I left the disputants, and resumed my morning walk. The little birds were singing merrily on every overhanging bough; the young lambs frisked about in the outspread meadows, and the face of nature seemed to wear a smile of gladness which was reflected back by the clear blue sky; and in casting my eye over the landscape, I saw on the borders of the green wood, at a distance, the peaceful sunlight of the morning playing over the village grave-yard. The combination of circumstances awakened a new feeling in my bosom. I thought that the argument of that strolling idler with so much wit upon his tongue and so little of it in his practice, did teach a lesson; and that that lesson was, we do over value things in this world; we do take much unnecessary trouble here, we do take to ourselves a large amount of needless sorrow.

LIGHT READING.

A Dutchman in love, is cold as a confectioner's ice-house, and a Spaniards as hot as a grill'd devil: a Lawyer in love, pleads away his soul, and a love-sick Doctor physics away his soul—by the bye, a doctor must be sick indeed, when he takes his own physic; a Musician in love, fiddles away his soul, and a Poet rhymes away his senses.

"Good-morrow friend, how do you feel to-day;" "Pretty well; how are you?"—"Oh, sir, the intense frigidity of the circumambient atmosphere, combining with the porosity of the earth, and joined with the humidity of the climate, has discomboborated my respiration, and affected my theoreticks."

In a conversation between Mr. Burke and Dr. Beattie on the word Majesty, Mr. B. satirically remarked, 'Strip Majesty of its exteriors, (the first and last letters) and it becomes a *jest*.'

Old Wewitzer was joking and laughing at rehearsal instead of minding the business of the stage. Raymond, who was then stage-manager, took him to task for this, and said—"Come Mr. Wewitzer, I wish you to pay a little attention.' "Well, Sir," answered Wewitzer, "so I am—I'm paying as little attention as I can."

A gentleman lately took the following meteorological journal of his wife's temper:—*Monday*, rather cloudy; in the afternoon rainy. *Tuesday*, vapourish; brightened up a little at night. *Wednesday*, changeable, gloomy, inclined to rain. *Thursday*, high wind and some peals of thunder. *Friday*; fair in the morning, variable till the afternoon, cloudy all night. *Saturday*, a gentle breeze, hazy, a thick fog, and a few flashes of lightning.

EDITORIAL QUARRELS—A PARODY.

Let dogs delight to bark and bite,
For 'tis their *natures* to—
Let bears and lions growl and fight,
For God hath made them so.
But Editors should never let
Such angry passions rise—
Their pretty ☞'s were never made
To gouge each others *I*'s.

AGRICULTURAL.

Dishley Sheep.—Dead weights of four wether sheep, twenty-one months old, bred and fed by Mr. Charles Champion, of Blyth, Nottinghamshire, and exhibited by him at the London Christmas Cattle Show, Sadler's Yard, December 1817:

1. Carcass and head,	22 st.	4½ lbs.
Loose fat or tallow,	3	0
2. Carcass and head,	21	3
Loose fat, - - -	2	3
3. Carcass and head,	20	1
Loose fat, - - -	2	4
4. Carcass and head,	19	7
Loose fat, - - -	3	1
	94 st.	7½

8 lbs. to the stone London wt. lbs. 759½ by 4, 189-3/8—say 190 pounds dead weight of each sheep.

From Mr. Champion, the breeder of the above sheep, the editor of the American Farmer, has received a yearling ram and two ewes. One of the ewes, has a fine ram lamb some weeks old, and the other is expected to lamb in a few days. These sheep were imported for the sake of having the *genuine* race in the country, and are for sale, separately or together as may suit persons desirous of buying, and with whom it is an object to have fatter mutton at an earlier age and of greater weight—by at least 25 per cent. in all these respects, than is to be had from any other breed. They are moreover well covered with heavy fleeces of excellent wool.

Extract from Mr. Champion's letter to Mr. Skinner, 28th November 1825.

"I have selected for you two of my best ewes. The are both tupt by one of my best rams. The one year old ram is well bred, being got by a ram which was let for 100 guineas the season."

☞Editors of papers that exchange with the American Farmer, are respectfully requested to copy the above.

FRUIT TREES.

The new method of raising fruit trees by planting the scions is a great desideratum in the art of obtaining choice fruit.

It has many advantages over grafting, because it is more expeditious, and requires no stalk or tree. They may be planted where they are required to stand & the labor of a man for one day will be sufficient to plant out enough for a large orchard after the scions are obtained.—The method of preparing is as follows: Take the scions as for engrafting, and at any time after the first of February, and till the buds begin to grow considerably, and dip each end of the shoots in melted pitch or wax, rosin and tallow, and bury it in the ground, the buds uppermost, whilst the body lies in a horizontal position, and at a depth of two or three inches. We are informed that trees obtained in this way, will bear in three or four years from the time of planting.

DISEASES OF FRUIT TREES.

Extract of a letter from a distinguished Horticulturist in Massachusetts.

"I have read with great pleasure, Mr. Buel's remarks on Mr. Worth's paper, and I feel sure from long and very minute observations, that he is right, entirely right. That the disease which attacks the plum and morello cherry, and our native plants of the genus cerasus, (for they in our woods are nearly destroyed by it) *is not owing* to an extravasation of the sap, of which the insect avails itself, is perfectly well known to me. I say it with perfect confidence. The disease afflicts the young and the healthy as well as those which are bark bound.—It is seen chiefly in the young and healthy branches, and I have opened them within two days after the first rupture, and always found the insect. The destruction of the insect in that stage has uniformly cured the complaint, without any splitting of the bark, a dangerous remedy. It is precisely so with all the other wood eating insects—those which infest the white pine and the locust. By carefully cutting off the diseased limb, on all our trees, you extirpate it from your grounds. I first discovered the cause of the blight in pears, and carried the insect to Prof. Peck. The insects had completely girdled the trees, and they perished. By early excision I have rooted it out of my grounds, and have no doubt we might raise the locust as our ancestors did, by the same care and attention."

TOBACCO—Letters of the latest date and from the most respectable sources in Holland, contain nothing favourable for tobacco or any other article, the growth of our country. They state that the price of Maryland tobacco was entirely nominal, no sales of any account since 25th January, trade generally was in a most depressed state.

JOB PRINTING

EXECUTED WITH NEATNESS AT THE

Chronicle Office.

New and Late Fashions

Just received at Baltimore from London.

S. DEVENNISH,

TAKES the liberty to acquaint the citizens of Cambridge and the public generally, that he has *removed* to the house lately occupied by Dr. Muse as a Medicine establishment, and one door above the store of Mr. Samuel Lecompte—in the above named town, where he continues to carry on the TAILORING BUSINESS, in all its various branches. From his knowledge and experience in the above business, he pledges himself to execute their work with dispatch, IN THE MOST NEAT, FASHIONABLE AND ELEGANT STYLE. He hopes his devotion to business, and exertion to give general satisfaction, and having procured the latest fashions in Baltimore, which have been received in that city from London, will ensure him a continued share of public patronage.

Jan 7 w

Tailoring.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Cambridge and the public n general, that he has taken the shop, formerly occupied by *J. Brown*, in Race-street, near Mr. Ridgaway's tavern, where he is now prepared to carry on the

Tailoring Business

IN ALL ITS VARIOUS BRANCHES.

From his experience in the above business, he flatters himself that no person who may confide work to his care will be disappointed. He pledges himself to execute all orders in his line with dispatch, *in the most elegant and fashionable style.*—His attention to business and desire to give satisfaction, to all who employ him, will, he trusts, secure him a share of public patronage.

LEVIN WINGATE.

Cambridge, may 28, 1825. tf

CONINE'S OFFICE

No. 32, Market street,
Baltimore, March 4th 1826.

NOW'S THE TIME

to secure an unparalleled chance for

WEALTH !!!

BRILLIANT SCHEME OF THE

Maryland State Lottery,

6th CLASS'

To be drawn on the 10th of May, 1826,

ALL IN A FEW HOURS.

BRILLIANT SCHEME:

1 prize	of	$25,000	is	$25,000
1	do of	10,000	is	10,000
2	do of	5,000	is	10,000
10	do of	1,000	is	10,000
15	do of	500	is	7,500
50	do of	100	is	5,000
100	do of	50	is	5,000
100	do of	20	is	2,000
550	do of	10	is	5,500
20,000	do of	4	is	80,000

20,829 Prizes amounting to $160,000
19,171 Blanks.

MODE OF DRAWING.

The numbers will be put into one wheel as usual, and in the other wheel will be put the prizes above the denomination of Four Dollars, and the drawing to progress in the usual manner. The 20,000 prizes of $4 each will be awarded to the odd or even numbers in the lottery, (as the case may be,) dependent on the drawing of the capital prize of 25,000 dolls. that is to say, if the 25,000 dollar prize should come out to an odd number, then every odd number in the scheme will be entitled to a four dollar prize; if the 25,000 dollar prize should come out to an even number, then all the even numbers in the scheme will be entitled to a four dollar prize.

The Odd numbers are those ending with 1, 3, 5, 7, or 9.

The Even numbers are those ending with 2, 4, 6, 8, or 0.

This mode of drawing not only enables the Commissioners to complete the whole Lottery in one drawing, but has the great advantage of distributing the small prizes regularly to every alternate number in the scheme, so that the holder of two tickets or two shares of tickets (one odd and one even number) will be certain of obtaining at least one prize, and in the same ratio for any greater quantity.

A ticket drawing a superior prize in this scheme is not restricted from drawing an inferior one also—many tickets therefore will necessarily obtain TWO PRIZES EACH.

PRESENT RATE OF TICKETS.

Whole, - -	$5 00	Quarters,	$1 25
Halves, - -	2 50	Eighths, - -	0 62

To be had in the greatest variety at

CONINE'S OFFICES,

No. 32, and 217, Market st. Baltimore, and No. 3, South Third st. Philadelphia.

march 11 w

MILITARY NOTICES

Neatly and expeditiously printed at the

CHRONICLE OFFICE.

Drawing on the 10th May

COHEN'S OFFICE,

Baltimore, March 24, 1826.

Grand STATE LOTTERY

Of MARYLAND—to be drawn on the

ODD AND EVEN SYSTEM,

By which the holder of Two Tickets, or Two Shares, will be *certain of obtaining at least* ONE PRIZE, *and may draw* THREE! The whole scheme to be drawn in ONE DAY and will take place in the City of Baltimore on WEDNESDAY

The 10th of May.

HIGHEST PRIZE

25'000 DOLLARS.

BRILLIANT SCHEME.

1 prize	of	$25,000	is	$25,000
1	do of	10,000	is	10,000
2	do of	5,000	is	10,000
10	do of	1,000	is	10,000
15	do of	500	is	7,500
50	do of	100	is	5,000
100	do of	50	is	5,000
100	do of	20	is	2,000
550	do of	10	is	5,500
20,000	do of	4	is	80,000

20,829 Prizes, amounting to $160,000

Not one Blank to a Prize!

Prizes subject to a deduction of 15 per cent. and payable sixty days after the drawing, but can be had, as usual at COHEN'S OFFICE, *THE MOMENT THEY ARE DRAWN:*

Whole Tickets,	$5 00	Quarters	$1 25
Halves, - -	2 50	Eighths,	0 62

To be had in the greatest variety of No's. Odd and Even, at

COHEN'S

Lottery and Exchange office, No. 114, Market street, Baltimore;

Where the great and magnificent

CAPITAL PRIZE OF

100,000 DOLLS

In the last Grand State Lottery was sold in one half and two quarter tickets, and all of them owned by distant adventurers—The Half in *Romney*, Hampshire county, Va. by Messrs. Charles H. Clark and James Gibson—One Quarter by Mr. Jacob Wolfgang, of *York County*, near Hanover, Pa. (Both of these shares have been already presented and the Cash instantly paid, *as usual* at COHEN'S OFFICE.) The remaining quarter which is held in *Philadelphia* has not yet been presented. The names of the above gentlemen are mentioned by permission.

***At COHEN'S OFFICE where more Capital Prizes have been sold than at any other office in America.

☞ Orders from any part of the United States, either by mail (post paid) or private conveyance, enclosingt the Cash or Prize Tickets in any of the Lotteries will meet the same prompt and punctual attention as if on personal application.

☞ *Be particular in directing to*

J. I. COHEN, Jr. & BROTHERS,

BALTIMORE.

*** COHEN'S "Gazette and Lottery Register," will be published immediately after the drawing, and will contain the complete List of Prizes, it will be forwarded GRATIS to all who purchase their Tickets at COHEN'S OFFICE, and who signify their wish to receive it april 8 w

Three high Prizes

Were sold at

CLARK'S OFFICE

viz. No. 32200, a capital of $5000.
No. 10581, do 1000.
No. 28756, do 1000.
with 500s, 100s, 50s, 20s, &c.

The fortunate holders of prizes are reminded to renew them in the

Grand State Lottery

which will be drawn in the city of Baltimore on

The 10th of May.

HIGHEST PRIZE:

25.000 DOLLS.

Tickets $5 shares in proportion.

Tickets and Shares to be had in the greatest variety of Numbers at

CLARK'S OFFICES

Corner of Market and Calvert streets, or No. 52 Market street, three doors west of Gay street, also No. 149 Market street, fourth door from Light st.

BALTIMORE. march 4 w

100 dolls. Reward

RANAWAY from the subscriber's farm, in Oxford Neck, Talbot county, on the 27th of December last, my negro man JIM, who calls himself Jim Camper; he is about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, aged 27 or 28 years—he is a dark mulatto, with a long head, lost one of his fore teeth, clothing not recollected; and has set out as a travelling preacher. I will give the above reward and all reasonable charges if brought home, or secured in any jail so that I get him again.

CARSON BOWDLE.

Feb 4 3m

CAMB

VOL. V.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDA

TERMS:

The Cambridge Chronicle is published at 2 dolls a cents per annum, payable half yearly in advance.

No Subscription will be received for less than 6 Mo and a failure to notify a discontinuance shall be const as a new engagement.

Advertisements not exceeding a square, inserted 3 for 1 dollar, and 25 cents for every subsequent inse

In all cases where the number of insertions is not lim advertisements will be continued until forbid, and ch accordingly.

All Communications addressed to the Editor must POST PAID, otherwise they will not be attended to

*** No paper will be discontinued until all arrearag paid.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of three fieri facias to directed, by Edward Griffith, at the suit of George Lake, against mas McNamara, will be sold on W NESDAY the 31st day of May nex the residence of said McNamara, al right in and to a

Tract or Parcel of Land

lying and being in Streights Hundre Dorchester county, known by the of Safford and Betty's lot, or by wh ever name or names they may be ca ten head of cattle, nine hogs, two and furniture, with all the residue property; with an account of count due for 1825; taken and will be sol satisfy the above fieri facias and co Sale to commence between the hou 10 and 2 o'clock.—Attendance give

ARTHUR HART, Dep. Sh

april 29 3w

NOTICE.

ABOUT forty barrels of CORN be offered at public sale on T day the 4th day of May next, at the on which Jere Moreign now lives some stacks of blades.—Six month dit will be given for the corn, and required for the blades.

WILLIAM B. MARTI

april 22 2w

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the lat of Edward White and Son, please take notice that the subscribe not have it in his power to give a dulgence, as it is absolutely nece to have the Partnership business bu to an early close. The subscribe ters himself that all persons conc will make their arrangements acco ly.

THOMAS WHIT

april 22 w Surviving Part

CHEAP GOOD

THE subscriber will continue siness at the old stand of E White & Son. He expects to re his stock in a short time and will reduced prices for cash; his capita now limited, it will be out of his to give a general credit. He tak opportunity of tendering his thanks to many of the customers late firm for the decided preferenc tofore given to the former establis and respectfully requests a conti of their favours, as nothing on will be omitted to give general sat on.

THOMAS WI

april 22 w

Stone-cutting Busine

IN FEDERALSBURG

THE subscriber returns his acknowledgements to his and the public, for the liberal enc ment he has received, and resp solicits its continuance. He ha returned from Baltimore with a ment of the

Best quality of STO

for head and foot stones for gra will in a short time be furnish tomb slabs, and is prepared to all orders in his line with dis the most elegant and fashionab which he will sell low for cash try produce.

JOHN ANDER

N. B. All kinds of rough cast will be executed in the best man

Federalsburg, April 8 6m

MAGISTRATE'S BLAN

For sale at the Chronicle O

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