THE DEMOCRAT.

THOMAS H. HANDY, Jr.,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CAMBRIDGE, MD.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, Sept. 16, 1857.

Democratic Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR;
Col. John C. Groome,
OF CECIL.

FOR COMPTROLLER of the TREASURY.
Bradley T. Johnson,
OF FREDERICK.

FOR COMMISSIONER OF LOTTERIES:
Dr. Joshua R. Nelson,
OF HARFORD.

FOR COMMISSIONER of LAND OFFICE:
James Murray,
OF ANNE ARUNDEL.

FOR CONGRESS:
Hon. James A. Stewart,
OF DORCHESTER.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, at this office, an active and intelligent boy, who has a good English education, to learn the PRINTING business. [Aug. 12, 1857.

STABBED.—A difficulty occurred between Peter Kirwan, of the Light-Boat, and George Davis, at the store of Mr. Gootee, in Lake's District, on Tuesday, the 8th inst., which is feared will prove fatal to Davis. Davis was severely cut in three places—in his face, breast and stomach. Kirwan was lodged in jail last Wednesday morning in a delirious state. It was found, upon examination by his physician, that he received a severe fracture of the collar bone, from the bar of a door, which Davis used in the scuffle.

MR. HICKS IN ST. MARY'S.—We publish, in another column, a letter from a correspondent in St. Mary's to the Baltimore Republican, to which we call the especial attention of the people of this Shore.

It appears that when in St. Mary's, Mr. Hicks is opposed to that very feature of the Know-Nothing party that gains for it, in this county, its strongest support—viz; hostility to Catholics. We commend it to our readers and let them draw their conclusions.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK, for October, is on our table. The Lady's Book is beyond doubt unsurpassed by any magazine in the country. Its literary department is supplied by the best authors of the day, and its engravings and fashion plates, colored and others, are certainly unrivalled. Terms, cash in advance: One copy, one year, $3; two copies, one year, $5. Address L. A. Godey, No. 323 Chestnut st., Philadelphia.

We will send the Lady's Book and the Democrat, one year, for $3.50.

DEATH OF AN ARTIST.—Jacob A. Dallas, a cousin of the Hon. George M. Dallas, and an artist of great merit, died in New York on Wednesday last. He was one of the chief illustrators of Harper's, Putnam's, Mrs. Stephens', Frank Leslie's, and other popular periodicals, while many of the larger volumes issued by the best publishers were wholly indebted to his pencil for the valuable engravings which they contained.

KNOW-NOTHING NOMINATIONS.—The Know Nothings of Cambridge District made the following nominations last Monday: For Magistrates—Charles Hopkins, R. R. Robertson, Polish Mills, Josiah Carroll. For Constables, A. Bamburger, Wm. W. Lecompte, Campbell Davis.

PETERSON'S MAGAZINE.—The October No. of this excellent monthly is received. Its engravings, fashion plates and patterns are admirable. Price $2 a year. Address Charles J. Peterson, No. 102 Chestnut sreet, Philadelphia.

☞The correspondence between the President and a number of New England Clergymen, and others, will be found on our first page.

MR. HANDY—*Dear Sir:*—As regards the publication in the last "Herald" of my sentiment, I think I am pretty well known in this county—and as regards my character, otherwise than drinking a *little* too much, occasionally, I stand as a respectable citizen of your community; and my stability is as well known as that of the editors of the "Herald."

F. A. WINGATE.

Massachusetts Politics.

WORCESTER, Sept. 8th.

A convention of the young men of this vicinity favorable to the election of Hon. N. P. Banks, Jr., for Governor, was held here this morning. About 1,300 persons were present.

Senator Wilson made a speech to the convention, endorsing the Americanism and Republicanism of Mr. Banks, the candidate for Governor. He also said that President Buchanan had promulgated the opinion that the constitution carries slavery wherever it goes, and he wished this monstrous doctrine repudiated. The election of Mr. Banks, he said, would speak the voice of Massachusetts in opposition to that dogma.

When Mr. Banks made his appearance he was called forth with great applause. He delivered a lengthy speech. He reviewed the Republican movement from the start, attributing the national defeat to the want of manly concessions. He further said:

"I intend to religiously support the Union and the constitution, and demand for the North and will condede to the South all that can be claimed under the constitution. I resist the interference with slave labor in those States where it exists, but am inflexibly opposed to the admission of other slave States, or the acquisition of territory for the formation of slave States." He entertained no doubt of the power of Congress to prohibit slavery in the Territories, or that it ought to exercise that power. He also declared his allegiance to the American party.

A series of resolutions of a Republican tone were adopted. The convention then adjourned, with cheers for the candidates.

BOSTON, Sept 10th.

A ratification meeting of the "Union" ticket was held at Faneuil Hall this evening. The Straight Republicans have called a convention to be held on the 30th instant.

The State Convention of "National Americans" met here to day and nominated Henry J. Gardener for Governor. The "American Convention" also nominated Gardner. Both conventions nominated Alexander Dewitt for Secretary of State, and John W. Clifford for Attorney General.

Letter from Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 7th, 1857.

MR. EDITOR:—Thinking that you and your readers would like to hear what is going on in the city of Rowdyism, I will state that it is very quiet, politically, every person attending to his own business, that has any, and now and then, at night, a "Rip Rap" shoots a "Tiger" or a "Plug," and *vice versa*—as you may see by the daily papers.

Mr. would-be Governor "Victory or death" Hicks held a family talk, as he called it, with the Know-Nothings of the 15th ward, at the *Washington Engine House*, the other night, the proceedings of which I enclose, taken from the Plug organ. It amounted to about nothing, as usual. He told them that "Americans must rule America," &c. (You had a specimen of K. N. American rule in Cambridge a few weeks ago.) It is very amusing to hear some of the city Know-Nothings talk about old Dorset; they would make you believe that "King Cæsar" will get every vote there. *Everybody* is for Hicks, they say;—it is laughable.

What Democrat can vote for Hicks? Has he not been one of the most inveterate enemies to that party—warring to the knife, and the knife to the hilt, for the last twenty-five years? In his speech at Cambridge he told them that he had every thing to contend against—Democrats, Whigs, Catholics, Foreigners and every thing except poor old "Sam;" and advised them to stand by him as one man, that he must have victory or death. Well, old fellow, you will get the latter, politically, on the 4th of November, for the people of Maryland have not forgotten your course in the Convention in 1850 or 51, and will consent to allow you to take your departure for *Delaware*, if you still wish it, without noise or bustle. He says he loves Maryland. I think it likely, if he can be Governor. But, his days are, beyond doubt, numbered; the people are determined to *ostracize* him at this election, and award him a free ticket, in company with Sam Houston and Rolling, up to the head of Salt River—Mayor Swann's standing army and their four hundred "six shooters," together with all the lies the "Clipper" can print, can't save him! He said, in his speech of acceptance, that there were traitors to the "American" cause, and there were in the days of the revolution. He told the truth, and he might have continued that *he* was a traitor to the Democratic party. Did not he start out in life as a Democratic *Constable;* and was he not elected over Andrew Banning, a Federalist, in 1824 or 25? All this is true! The Democrats have made him what he is, but like Peter, he denies his master.

He is charged, even now, by some, as electioneering in the upper part of the county as a Democrat, and in the lower part as a Federalist. Oh! consistency, thou art a jewel!

Now, Mr. Editor, say to the Democrats of the county, bring out a ticket of the best men you can get; go to work and charge the enemy; fire hot shot and shell until the 4th of November, and "King Cæsar," Townsend and that apology of a county ticket will be beaten to death. Why, sir, it is an insult to the county to offer them such a ticket, except the Clerk, when there were so many better men. Such things are noticed by an

OBSERVER.

The Democratic Congressional Convention.

This body met in Cambridge, on Friday, the 28th ult., and was organized, we learn, by appointing M. O. Colston, Esq., of Talbot, Chairman, and Thomas J. Keating, Esq., of Queen Anne's, Secretary. On the first ballot Hon. James A. Stewart, of Dorchester, received the nomination for Congress; Talbot, Dorset, Caroline and Queen Anne's voting for Mr. Stewart, Somerset for Dr. C Humphreys, and Worcester for Mr. Dirickson. We have not yet received the official proceedings of the Convention, but learn that the utmost harmony and good feelings prevailed. The nomination of Judge Stewart is received here with extreme satisfaction and we pledge Talbot to give a large majority. The ability with which Judge Stewart represented this District in the last Congress—the sound national views expressed in his great speech on the "*status of Slavery in the United States*"—his strict attention to his duties as a Representative, and his uniform politeness while in Washington to all of his constituents who visited the capitol on business or pleasure, has endeared him to the people of the District, and we believe they will signify their appreciation, of a faithful Representative by triumphantly electing him to a seat in the next Congress. We place his name at the head of our columns this morning with great pleasure, and shall use all honorable means in our power to secure his election.

In his opponent, Mr. Townsend, we recognise none of the essential qualifications that a Representative in Congress should possess.—He is neither qualified by education or training for the office, and it is presumption in him to aspire to the place. This is no time for the South to trifle with her most important interests, by sending small men to Congress who possess not the ability to defend her institutions, which are being malignantly assailed in Congress by the first talent of the North. It is only by electing to Congress our *most able men*—men capable of meeting and refuting the plausible sophistries of the Abolitionists—that the South can preserve a wholesome public sentiment, which is the bulwark of her institutions. By uniformly sending her most able men to Congress, the South has controlled the policy of the Government. It is *Southern talent* that has preserved the checks and balances of the Constitution, and made this a great and prosperous country. Let the South once lose sight of this important fact, and content herself with sending to Congress her "small potato politicians," and as certain as night follows the day, so certain will the Union perish, and the Constitution fail of its great purposes.

In selecting Judge Stewart as the Democratic Congressional standard-bearing in the present contest, the Cambridge Convention has recognised the importance of the great fact we have briefly indicated. Having measured lances with, and vanquished, the most powerful champions of Abolition in the last Congress, he will have nothing to fear from the most able adversaries in the next House of Representatives. In such a Representative Maryland can safely trust her interest, and only in the hands of such are the institutions of the South secure, while the North remains mad on the subject of slavery.

Now, with all candor, how is it with Mr. Teagle Townsend, the Know-Nothing nominee? Does he come up to the standard demanded by the times? Is he equal to a defense of the South and her institutions? Is he able to protect the interest of Maryland in a House insane with the dogmas of the Abolitionist? What could *he say* if Maryland was misrepresented and assailed by such powerful antagonists as Banks, Washburn, or Lewis D. Campbell? Would he not be forced to remain as dumb as a sheep before its shearers, or what is worse, damage a good cause by attempting a poor defence of it? There is no use in disguising the fact that the Know-Nothing nominee is wholly unfit for a Representative in the present crisis, and the interest and credit of the State, can only be preserved by the election of James A. Stewart.—*Easton Star.*

GREAT PEDESTRIAN FEAT.—Boston, Sept. 8th.—James Lambert, the English pedestrian, completed the great feat of walking a thousand miles in a thousand hours about 2 o'clock this morning. His 997th mile was made in 22 min. 10 sec.; his 998th in 28 min. his 999th in 21 min. 15 sec., and his 1,000th mile in about 25 minutes. A large number of spectators were present at the close, and bets were made against the fulfillment of the undertaking as late as 12 o'clock last night. Lambert has lost 17 lbs. of flesh, and won $1,000 in the operation.

[From the Baltimore Republican.]

From St. Mary's County.

ST. MARY'S CO., Sept. 7, 1857.

It having been previously announced in the papers that the Know-Nothing candidate for Governor, &c., would address the people of this county on Wednesday, the 2d of September, many of our citizens, of both political parties, assembled in Leonardtown on that day to see the great leaders of the Know-Nothing party and to hear what arguments they would present to the people in support of their principles.

The meeting was called to order by J. E. Crane, Esq., at 3 o'clock, P. M., and Mr. T. Holliday Hicks was introduced to the audience as the nominee of the American party for Governor of Maryland, and commenced his speech by stating that he was much pleased at the hospitality which had been extended to him in St. Mary's, and spoke of the efforts of a certain paper in Baltimore to degrade him by heralding him in advance as a Constable, &c., and stated that he felt pride in acknowledging the fact. Yet, judging from the labored effort he made to show that he had occupied (many) high places which had fitted him to the dignity of the place he is now seeking, one would judge *he did* (not) really consider it very complimentary to have been announced as a Constable. He then spoke of *some* of the platforms of his party, as containing *some things* objectionable even to him, who stood there as the nominee, and stated that great improvements had been made in the principles and platforms of his party of late; he was opposed to proscription of Catholics and eulogised them to a considerable extent, and, notwithstanding he labored hard, he did not succeed in convincing our people that he was in any way fitted for the post of Governor of this old State.

At the conclusion of Mr. Hicks' remarks, the chairman of the meeting arose and invited any gentleman of the opposite party who desired to do so, to follow Mr. Hicks, and they would hold Mr. Purnell in reserve to answer him. When our great Democratic champion, Benjamin G. Harris, Esq., being present, appeared upon the stand amid the congratulations of a large majority of those present, and began by returning his thanks for the unexpected invitation to answer the remarks of the candidate for Governor and to speak to his fellow-citizens present upon the issues to be settled by the present contest in Maryland. Mr. Harris proceeded with his usual frankness to show that Mr. Hicks was not entitled to the support of the Know-Nothing party, (or of any honest man,) as he failed to advocate the principles over and over promulgated by that party in various ways through their platforms and great leaders. Mr. Harris then, in strong language, proclaimed his utter contempt for the man who would profess to be the representative of a party and be ashamed to advocate the principles of the party before an audience composed of the citizens of his own State.—He then proceeded to show up this Mr. Holliday Hicks as true to the character he has always maintained of being a great schemer and brought to his recollection a fact which the records of proceedings of the Maryland Legislature in the year 1836 will show. When Mr. Hicks and himself were members, and side by side, made a desperate effort to defeat the bill granting indemnity to a Mrs. White, of Baltimore, and succeeded in defeating it by one vote. On that night Mr. Hicks was disturbed in his slumbers by the ghost of the widow, (who had been dead for many years,) and, as Mr. Harris joccosely remarked, this *horse had changed position ere the next morning;* and when the House met, he (Mr. Hicks) moved a re-consideration, seconded by Mr. Teagle Townsend, who had also voted against the bill, and it was passed by their votes, lawful heir of Dr. Burdell. She is also charged with producing the baby to Ann Bunn, the "nurse," to one Samuel L. Catlin and others, all of which is alleged to be against the form of the statue in such case made and provided.

Soon after the indictment was presented, Mr. Stafford, her council, applied to Judge Peabody for an order to remove the indictment to the Court of Oyer and Terminer. The district Attorney consenting, the order was granted.

After the adjournment of the court, Judge Peabody proceeded to the Toombs with Mr. Stafford, where Mrs. Cunningham, after signing the bailbond, was released from custody. She took her departure in a carriage. It is rumored that Mrs. C. has engaged the Hon. David Paul Brown, of Philadelphia, as her counsel.

Intense Americanism Intensely Americanized.

In looking over the columns of the Clipper, the other day, we noticed the report of a "Convention of American Clubs" held in Baltimore city on Monday night, the 7th instant, for the purpose of organizing for the coming campaign! The following clubs, among others, were represented:

TIGERS,	HARD TIMES,
BLACK SNAKES,	LITTLE FELLOWS
STAY LATES,	BLOOD TUBS,
PLUG UGLIES,	DIPS,
GLADIATORS,	RANTERS,
ROUGH SKINS,	RIP RAPS.

What think the *moral* community of such an array of blackguardism? Is it any wonder that the fair fame of the Monumental city has been tarnished, when such bands undertake to conduct the affairs of a party claiming respect ability, and among whose nominees may be found men pretending to be followers of the "meek and lowly Jesus," and even ministers of his sacred gospel? Will the honest, intelligent, thinking masses of Baltimore permit these things, when they have the power to prevent? We hope not. For the sake of the City, for the sake of the State, for the sake of the Union, and for the sake of the reputation of the deluded men who have allowed their names to become associated with such bands of infamy, we hope and pray they *will* not.—*Bel Air (Md.) Ægis.*

Significant.

The despotic rule of the "Superior Council" (says the Baltimore Republican of Friday) is clearly shown by the action of the Know-Nothing Convention at its meeting last night. A motion was made to open the doors, when a member significantly called for the *instructions* of the "Superior Council." Those instructions being produced, it was found the Convention was *directed to sit with closed doors.* There is Know-Nothing freedom, when the professed representatives of the people are directed by an irresponsible Council how to conduct their meetings! Who would have supposed it possible for the free people of any land to tamely surrender themselves to the dictation of a "Superior Council," with whose organization and government they have nothing to do? The oaths and obligations of the brotherhood seem indeed to be "superior" to all sense of independence and manliness of character. The mass of the party, with their representatives, are but the humble *tools* of their masters, whose edicts they are compelled to obey.

RELICS OF THE BATTLE OF BLADENSBURG. A youth, residing near Bladensburg—having had his curiosity excited in relation to the battle of 1814, probably by the perusal of Williams' lately published history of that event—recently commenced a search for relics upon the field of slaughter, and had not looked long before he found beneath two little mounds, in a gully or ravine, the skeletons of a man and a boy lying apparently as they had fallen, where the earth was hastily thrown upon them. The skull of the man showed the perforation of the forehead by a musket or rifle ball. He lay upon his back with his arms extended, and near each wrist were his cuff-buttons, some of which were still distinct enough to reveal the number, 85; from which, as well as from the position they occupied, it is inferred that these persons belonged to the English army.—*Washington States.*

Amusing Impudence.

It is notorious to every reasonably informed man, that Know-Nothingism as a national organization is an exploded humbug. That the miserable abortion christened "*Sam*" by its silly god-fathers, died of its own inherent corruptions, after a brief and disgraceful career, and that only in the State of Maryland is there a corporals guard of his professed followers to be found. It is equally well known that the great national Democratic party which swept the country at the Presidential election of last fall, has followed up that great battle and victory through this summer with a series of brilliant victories in the States, by which the strong Congressional force of Know-Nothingism amounting to nearly *one hundred* members has been reduced to the lean and beggarly minority of *eight*. These facts we say are patent to all ordinarily informed men, and yet in the face of such facts the organs of Know-Nothingism in this city are stultifying their readers with statements of the broken and disordered condition of the Democratic party, and the gigantic proportions and herculean strength of the Know-Nothing organization.

The readers of these journals must have a *natural* claim to the cognomen of Know-Nothings, if they can swallow such nonsense. The whole object of these statements is to encourage the remnant of the party in this State to cling together a little longer for the benefit of the favorites that the "Superior Council" may select for the honors and offices. If the force of reason can be felt, we might appeal to the mass who have heretofore acted with the Know-Nothing party, and ask them what possible interest they can have in sustaining an organization in this State which has been repudiated and rejected throughout the Union? Why should Maryland be arrayed in hostility to the whole South? Why should her citizens be cut off from the sympathies of their fellow citizens of other States? Is it prudent or proper to place our State under such serious disadvantages, merely to gratify the ambition of a few selfish demagogues? This is the question which the people of Maryland have to decide at the next election. We can but express the wish that they may decide it in accordance with the dictates of reason and their own best interests, and not be bamboozled by the interested statements with which the organs of the party attempt to mislead them.—*Baltimore Republican.*

Indictment of Mrs. Cunningham.

On Thursday the grand jury of the Court of Sessions of New York brought in a true bill for feloniously producing a false heir, against Emma Augusta Cunningham alias Emma Augusta Burdell. There are ten distinct counts. The first count states who are the legal heirs of the late Harvey Burdell, in accordance with the recent decision of the Surrogate, and charges that Mrs. Cunningham fraudulently and feloniously produced an heir, falsely alleging that she and Dr. Burdell were its parents, and which child was, in truth, born of Elizabeth Ann Anderson. The court further alleges that if the child had been born as she pretended, it would have been entitled to inherit the estate of Dr. Burdell.

The succeeding counts all charge the same offence. One refers particularly to the attempt to intercept the inheritance of Dr. Burdell's property in Bond street, in Herkimer and elsewhere; another relates the "production" of the child to one John de la Montagnie and divers other persons, as the lawful child of herself and the late Harvey Burdell; another charges the production as a felonious offence against the statute; another charges an intent to defraud the several legal heirs of the Burdell estate; still another accuses her of falsely and feloniously pretending to George W. Dilks and others that the child was the lawful heir of Dr. Burdell. She is also charged with producing the baby to Ann Bunn, the "nurse," to one Samuel L. Catlin and others, all of which is alleged to be against the form of the statue in such case made and provided.

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The Northern Democracy.

We copy the following summary from the Washington "States:"

When Florida was an applicant for admission into the Union as a sovereign State in 1845, with slavery, the vote on her admission stood thus: In the House, NORTHERN *Democrats*, yeas 58, nays 4. All the members of all other parties of the North, numbering 37, voted in the negative. In the Senate, *all* the *Northern* Democrats, numbering 12, voted in the affirmative, while *all* the Northern men belonging to other parties numbering 9, voted against it. But for the votes of these Northern Democrats, Florida would not have been admitted into the Union as a State.

Take now the question of the annexation of Texas. Who in the North voted for it, who against it? In the House of Representatives, 37 *Northern* Democrats voted for it, and only 3 against it; while *not a single man* from the North of any other party voted for it. All others, numbering 46, voted against it. But for NORTHERN DEMOCRATIC votes, Texas would not have been annexed!

Let us now take the Fugitive Slave Law. On the adoption of this law the vote stood thus: *Northern* Democrats, yeas 28, nays 14; all others from the North, yeas 3, nays 62. But three Northern votes outside of the Democratic party! Thus it is clear that the Fugitive Slave Law would never have been passed without the aid of Northern Democrats.

Let us now consider the Nebraska bill—that most trying and terrific of all measures to the Northern Democracy. That measure, under which courage quailed and virtue was seduced—that measure which, in the North, made apostacy a virtue, and fidelity a crime; which made an abolitionist an angel and a Democrat a devil—an ordeal the most fearful of all to which the Northern Democracy have ever been subjected. On this question how did the vote stand? *Northern* Democrats who voted for it in the House were 45: those who voted against it were 38. *Not one* Northern man of any other party voted for it. They ALL voted against it to the number of 54. In the Senate, the Northern Democrats who voted for it were 14; against it, 4. No Northern Whig or (of course) Abolitionist voted for it.

Now, our conclusion; drawn from all these facts, is, that the South owes a debt of gratitude, not to the North, but the Northern Democracy, which should not be forgotten.—True, they did but their duty, and nothing more; but they performed that duty when, at the North, treason commanded a high reward, and fidelity suffered a severe punishment.

PAINFUL RUMOR.—A painful rumor prevailed in our village a few days ago to the effect that the Hon. John M. S. Causin, at present on a visit to his friends in Arkansas, was dead. By a letter addressed to a friend in this neighborhood by a relation of Mr. Causin in Little Rock, we are gratified to learn that such is not the case. Mr. Causin has been dangerously sick, but is now considered out of danger.—*Leonardtown (Md.) Beacon.*

ARMORER AT EASTON.—Capt. Samuel H. Benny has been appointed by Gov. Ligon armorer at Easton, Md., vice Perry Robinson, deceased.

The Sorgho—Its Yield.

J. Maxcy Timmons has presented to the Darlington, (S. C.) District Agricultural Society a report on Sorgho, which appears in the Family Friend of the 26th ult. He describes the results obtained as follows:

These experiments, with numerous others that Mr. Ward and I have tried, convince me that at the lowest calculation, taking the cane as it grows on an average, large and small, it will yield one gallon of juice to every twenty canes—or five gallons to every hundred canes—and that eight gallons of juice, boiled in properly constructed vessels, will yield one gallon of syrup. I have accurately measured the ground, and counted and calculated the cane, so that I am able to lay down the following statistics as reliable.

One acre of land that will yield fifteen bushels of corn, will, planted in Chinese sugar cane, in drills four feet apart, make 17,500 stalks; twenty canes to the gallon will make 875 gallons of juice; eight gallons of juice to one gallon of syrup will make 109¾ gallons of syrup. This, at only fifty cents a gallon, will make about fifty-five dollars per acre.—Besides you then have the blades and tops for feeding your horses and cows, or the seed for feeding your fowls; all of which eat it most greedily. Aside from making molasses or sugar, it is highly worth the attention of our planters for feeding stock. One acre of land that will make fifteen bushels of corn, will yield in Chinese sugar cane 17,500 pounds of provender, averaging the cane, after it is cured, at only one pound each; then, at only fifty cents per hundred, it is worth eighty-seven dollars and fifty cents per acre. If planted nearer than four feet the yield will be greater. Besides, the cane may be cut down once or twice for feeding, in the early part of the year, and then matured for seed.

AN AFFRAY AT OXFORD.—We learn, on Wednesday last, an affray occured at Oxford, between Capt. James A. Stewart and Dr. Wilson, which resulted in the serious injury of the latter. It appears on the day named there was an insult passed by one of the party, and Dr. Willson attacked Capt. Stewart with a knife, and followed him to his house, whereupon Capt. Stewart retaliated by striking Dr. Willson over the head with the breech of a gun,—and beating him until it was feared life was extinct. Dr. Willson now lays dangerously ill.—*Easton Gazette.*

MARYLAND POST OFFICE ARRANGEMENTS.—Route 3,983—Salisbury to Whaleysville—curtailed by ending at Derrickson's Cross Roads, omitting Whaleysville—and a second weekly trip over the route; as changed, is ordered. Route 4,009—Allen's Fresh to Thompkinsville—is ordered to contract (temporarily) with James T. Dutton, of Thompkinsville; service twice a week until June 30th, 1858.

THE BIRTH-DAY OF LAFAYETTE.—The anniversary of the birth of Lafayette occurring on Sunday, was observed in Boston on Monday by the ringing of bells and the firing of cannon. In Charlestown a display of French and American flags was made from the monument.

WHY IT BROKE.—It is suggested that Proverbial Philosophy Tupper's last sonnet on the Atlantic cable was the real cause of the break. Nothing on earth could stand such a *strain* as that.

AN OLD POSTMASTER.—Robert Shaw, Esq., the postmaster at Buckingham Court House, Va., was appointed by Thomas Jefferson, and has filled the office ever since.

GOVERNORSHIP OF MINNESOTA.—Ex-Gov. Ramsay was nominated, on the 9th inst., by the Republican Convention at St. Paul for Governor of Minnesota.

Special Notices.

READ! READ!! READ!!!

Ye afflicted, read the following certificate of a cure of over 20 years' standing:

H. T. HELMBOLD—*Dear Sir:* I have been troubled with an affliction of the Bladder and Kidneys for over twenty years. I have tried Physicians in vain, and at last concluded to give your genuine Preparation a trial, as I had heard it highly spoken of. It afforded me immediate relief. I have used three bottles, and I have obtained more relief from its effects and feel much better than I have for twenty years previous. I have the greatest faith in its virtues and curative powers, and shall do all in my power to make it known to the afflicted. Hoping this may prove advantageous to you in assisting you to introduce the medicine. I am truly yours,

M. MCCORMICK.

Lewistown, Pa., Jan. 28, 1857.

Should any doubt Mr. McCormick's statement, he refers to the following gentlemen:

Hon. Wm. Bigler, ex-Governor, Pennsylvania.
Hon. Thos. B. Florence, Philadelphia.
Hon. J. C. Knox, Judge, Tioga Co., Pa.
Hon. J. S. Black, Judge, Philadelphia.
Hon. D. R. Porter, ex-Governor, Pennsylvania.
Hon. Ellis Lewis, Judge, Pennsylvania.
Hon. R. C. Grier, Judge of the U. S. Court.
Hon. G. W. Woodward, Judge, Philadelphia.
Hon. W. A. Porter, City Solicitor, Philadelphia.
Hon. John Bigler, ex-Governor, California.
Hon. E. Banks, Auditor General, Washington, D. C., and many others, if necessary.

RATS, ROACHES, BED BUGS, INSECTS, &c.

"Costar's" Rat, Roach, &c., Exterminator;
"Costar's" Red Bug Exterminator;
"Costar's" Electric Powder,
for Ants, Insects, &c.
(The only Infallible Remedies known.)

"Costar" sends by mail, pre-paid, a Sample Box of the Rat, Roach, &c., Exterminator to any address in the United States, on receipt of $1, or the Electric Powder for 65c. (The Bed Bug Exterminator being a liquid cannot be sent by mail.)

"Costar" will furnish Druggists, Dealers and Store-keepers a $10 Sample Package of his various preparations (assorted) with Circulars, Bills, Posters, &c., on receipt of $5, (leaving a balance of $5 due when sold,) in order that they may test their merits.

See advertisement. For Circulars, &c., address "Costar," No. 388 Broadway, N. Y.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT AND PILLS.—Ulcers and sores drain the system of its vital energy. Their diseased action is kept up by virulent matter in the vessels of the glands and skin. This matter is neutralized by the disinfecting operation of the Ointment. The Pills cure indigestion in all its forms. Purchasers are hereby informed of a certain test as to the genuineness of these remedies; it is necessary to see that each leaf of the book of directions around each pot and box shows the words, "Holloway, New York and London," as a Water-mark, in semi-transparent letters. All not thus authenticated are frauds.

PRESERVING KETTLES can be had at Sept. 16. J. G. ROBINSON'S.

JUST received another lot of Brass Hoops at [Sept. 16.] J. G. ROBINSON'S.

DUPONT'S best Canister Powder, in lb. canisters, for sale at ROBINSON'S Cheap Cash Store. [Sept. 16.

GREEN GINGER, for Preserving purposes, can be found at ROBINSON'S Cheap Cash Store. [Sept. 16.

FOR SALE—Three yoke of Eastern Oxen; also, Timber Cart and Chains.
STAPLES & LITTLEFILD,
Sept. 16. near Hicksburg, Md.

POLITICAL MEETINGS

Democratic State Cen. Com. Room,
Baltimore, Sept. 10, 1857.

At a meeting of the Democratic State Central Committee, held this instant, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That one meeting be held in each Congressional District, to which the candidates on the Democratic State ticket are invited, for the purpose of discussing the questions involved in the present canvass.

In accordance with this resolution meetings will be held as follows:

1st District	—Cambridge, Monday, Sep. 28, at 2 o'clock, P. M.	
2nd	"	Havre-de-Grace, Wednesday, Oct. 14th, at 12 o'clock, M.
3rd	"	Towsonton, Saturday, Oct 24, at 10 o'clock, A. M.
4th	"	Monument Square, Baltimore, Friday, Oct. 23, at 3 o'clk., P. M.
5th	"	Hagerstown, Wednesday, Oct. 28th, at 2 o'clock, P. M.
6th	"	Annapolis Junction, Saturday, Oct. 31, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

JOSHUA VANSANT, Chairman.
THOMAS JEFFERSON, Secretary.

☞The Democratic State Central Committee adjourned to meet on Thursday, the 24th instant.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 11th, 1857.

WHEAT.—Good to prime red 1 15a$1 20, and tough lots do. 1a$1 08; fair to good dry white 1 20a$1 30, and very prime do. 1 35a$1 42; lots out of condition 1a$1 10 per bushel.

CORN.—Good to prime white 62a65 cents; do. yellow 65a67 cents per bushel.

OATS.—Maryland and Virginia 25a35 cts., and Pennsylvania 35 cents per bushel.

GUANO.—The agent of the Peruvian Government is still selling this description of Guano at $65 per ton, and from store sales are now making at 67a$68 per ton. African is selling at $33 per ton of 2,000 lbs, and Mexican at $25 per ton of 2,240 lbs.; Colombian from store at $40 per long ton. The price of De Burg's Fertilizer is $45, and Reese's Manipulated Guano $50 per ton of 2,000 lbs.—Rhodes' Super Phosphate is selling at $45 per ton of 2,000 lbs.

☞THE ORPHANS' COURT of DORCHESTER COUNTY will sit on MONDAY the 21st of September. [Sept. 16, 1857.

For Constable.

We are authorized to announce ROBERT H. GAMBRIEL as an independent candidate for Constable for the Draw-Bridge district.
Sept. 16, 1857.

For Magistrate.

We are authorized to announce CHARLES CORKRAN, Esq., as an independent candidate for Magistrate in the Cambridge district.
Sept. 16, 1857.

For Road Supervisor.

We are authorized to announce JAMES HURLEY, Esq., of Bucktown, as a candidate for Supervisor of the Roads, for Cambridge district. [Sept. 16, 1857.

FOR SALE,

A GROUND RENT of forty dollars, clear of all encumbrance, secured by two Dwelling Houses, one owned by Edward Shepherd and the other by Solomon Sanders, on Race street, Cambridge. This ground rent can be purchased for a sum which will yield 7½ per cent. per annum. Enquire of
BRICE J. GOLDSBOROUGH.
Cambridge, Sept. 16, 1857. 3t

Cambridge Academy.

The Trustees of the Cambridge Academy are requested to meet at the Counting Room of Thomas W. Anderson,

On Saturday, the 26th inst.,

at 9 o'clock, A. M.

The 1st of October being the commencement of the Academical year, it is important to close up the accounts of the previous years, and therefore desirable to have a full board in attendance.

BRICE J. GOLDSBOROUGH,
Sept. 16, 1857. 2t President.

ESTRAY.

STRAYED or stolen from the subscriber, on or about the 31st ult., THREE SOWS, two of them Chester, white, mixed with blue, weighing about 250 pounds each, marked with a slit and crop in the right ear, and a slit in the left. The other is a large spotted sow weighing about 200 pounds; mark not recollected.

For any information given, so that I may get them again, a liberal reward will be given.
JAMES A. BYUS,
Sept. 16, 1857. 3t Berlin Hall.

POLITICAL MEETINGS.

THE undersigned, as the late Representative of this District in Congress and a candidate for re-election, begs leave to give notice, that he proposes to address his fellow citizens at the following points on the day named, if health and weather permit.

The candidates of the Democratic party on the State ticket and other distinguished speakers are expected to be present.

Besides these, other meetings, at different places in the District, will be called, of which due notice will be given.

The citizens of all parties in the District are respectfully invited.

JAMES A. STEWART.

Cambridge, Sept. 16, 1857.

Monday,	Sept. 21st,	at	Salisbury.
Tuesday,	" 22nd,	"	Princess Anne.
Wednesday,	" 23rd,	"	New Town.
Thursday,	" 24th,	"	Snow Hill.
Friday,	" 25th,	"	St. Martin's.
Saturday,	" 26th,	"	Derickson's Cross Roads.
Monday,	" 28th,	"	Cambridge.
Tuesday,	" 29th,	"	Easton.
Wednesday,	" 30th,	"	St. Michaels.
Friday,	Oct. 2nd,	"	Centreville.
Saturday,	" 3rd,	"	Greensborough.
Tuesday,	" 6th,	"	Denton.
Wednesday,	" 7th,	"	Preston.

Speaking to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M.

FARM FOR RENT.

The undersigned will rent for the year 1858, his farm. It is capable of making six hundred bushels of wheat next year and two hundred barrels of corn. Apply immediately to WM. H. BOWDLE.
"Herald" office, Cambridge, Md.
Sept. 9, 1857. 3t

NOTICE.

THE subscriber, having left the State, has placed his books and accounts in the hands of A. H. Hurley, Esq, Big Mills. All persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment to him, otherwise they will find their accounts in the hands of an officer for collection. GEORGE W. PERCY.
Sept. 9, 1857. 3t H

DEDICATION.—The new M. E. Church at Henry's Cross Roads, near Vienna, will be dedicated to the service of Almighty God on the 20th instant; preaching in the morning at 10½ o'clock, by Rev. Andrew Manship; in the afternoon at 3 o'clock, by Rev. Joseph Gregg, of the Philadelphia Conference, and in the evening at 7½. Distinguished Preachers from abroad will preach on the occasion. Preachers and people are respectfully invited to attend.
Sept. 9, 1857. J. C. GREGG, Pastor.

To all whom it may Concern:

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber, either on note or open account, are respectfully notified to settle the same on or before the last day of September, 1857, otherwise they will find their accounts in the hands of an officer for speedy collection, without respect to persons. F. A. LECOMPTE.
Sept. 9,