CAMBRIDGE DEMOCRAT.

THE UNION IT MUST BE PRESERVED — DEMOCRACY

THOMAS H. HANDY, Jr.,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Wednesday Morning, Sept. 14, 1859.

Attention, Democrats!

The Democratic voters of Cambridge District are requested to meet in Cambridge NEXT MONDAY, the 19th inst., for the purpose of electing candidates for the following places, viz: 4 Magistrates, 4 Constables and 1 Road Supervisor.

The polls will be opened at the Orphans' Court room at 2 o'clock, P. M., and closed at 4. By order of

sep14 CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

Democratic Nominations.

For Comptroller of the Treasury:
A. LINGAN JARRETT,
OF HARFORD COUNTY.

Congress;
Hon. JAMES A. STEWART,
OF DORCHESTER COUNTY.

Commissioner of Public Works:
Col. LEMUEL ROBERTS,
OF QUEEN ANNE'S COUNTY.

House of Delegates:
WILLIAM HOLLAND,
Z. W. LINTHICUM,
Dr. WASHINGTON A. SMITH.

State's Attorney:
THOMAS H. HANDY, Jr.

Sheriff:
WILLIAM J. COWART.

Orphan's Court:
Dr. J. W. HENRY,
JAMES D. TWILLEY,
WILLIAM W. MACE.

County Commissioners:
ROBERT M. MARSHALL,
THOMAS H. SMOOT,
JOHN A. L. RADCLIFFE,
JOHN TUBMAN,
Dr. JOSEPH H. MANN.

County Surveyor:
THOMAS J. BALL.

☞The Eagle, after indulging for a long time past, in the most illiberal and unjust attempts, to detract from the hard-earned popularity and position of Judge Stewart, before his fellow-citizens of this county and district, in its last number seems to have convinced itself, if nobody else, that it has very effectually used up the Judge, and that he has no supporters, now, except his personal friends. By the by, he must have a good many of them, according to its own statement, if he can carry the county within a hundred and fifty votes. Now whether the Eagle is really in sober earnest, or is only poking fun at its readers, is a matter of some question.

The Judge has been twice elected to Congress. The first time it was said he had no show, whatever, and yet he got a handsome majority. The second time his opponents argued that he got through first by accident, but he could not be again elected; and yet he went through a second time. In the first instance, he ran ahead of Mr. Dennis, an able and distinguished gentleman of Somerset. In the second, he beat Mr. Townsend, a strong and influential gentleman from Worcester. Now, they have put up Dr. Cox, a prominent physician and citizen of Talbot county, and the Eagle says, again, the Judge will be beaten by the Doctor. We think this prophecy of the Eagle will turn out as the other statements, and that the Judge will get through again with quite as much facility as before. We think the Judge is now stronger than ever, in the district, and many, who have heretofore voted against him, will now sustain him.

The fact is, the Know-Nothing party is going down, down, and burnt brandy won't save them. We think the Eagle has not been able to break down the Judge, even in this county; on the contrary, we believe its criticisms have rather helped the Judge, and if the Editor had been employed by Judge Stewart, to advocate his cause, he could not more effectually have aided him, than by the course of detraction he has pursued. The Judge has broad shoulders and can carry some weight, and we think he will prove a full match for all his opponents, and they had as will give him up, for he can't be beaten, in our opinion, and we believe the election will show that we are right. We think he is much stronger in the district, while his defamers are getting weaker and weaker, and the Know-Nothing party can hardly hold together until after the election. We don't think Dr. Cox any stronger than Dennis or Townsend, but if there is any difference, much weaker. If, however, the Eagle or any of its backers have confidence in the statement, "that the Judge will be beaten 150 votes in this county," they can test their opinions by accepting the proposal of our correspondent from Church Creek, whose letter we publish in another column.

☞By reference to the proceedings of the Democratic county convention, which assembled here on Monday last, to fill out our county ticket by nominating a State Senator, it will be found that that body considered it inexpedient to nominate any one, but merely passed a resolution recommending Col. Jacob Wilson to the democratic party of the county, for their suffrages and support. A motion was also offered that the convention endorse the majority report of the Convention which met in Baltimore in June last, for the purpose of considering "the condition of the negro population of the State."

Owing to the lateness of the hour and the absence of many of the delegates from the hall, connected with the doubt as to whether this convention would not be going beyond its legitimate authority in adopting such a resolution, the question was withdrawn without a vote being taken upon it. It was not withdrawn however, until some of the nominees of the convention—who were present—arose and announced the fact that they fully endorsed them.

We think the discussion given to this question before the convention was entirely unnecessary, as it is well understood the report, as far as it goes, meets with the approbation and cordial endorsement of every democrat, not only of this county, but of the whole State.

The only question we desire to see settled now is, whether the proceedings of that convention receives any sympathy or will meet with any support from the Know-Nothing party of this county or State, since the utterance of that Black-Republican speech by H. Winter Davis, the professed leader of Know-Nothingism in our State, delivered in Baltimore on the occasion of accepting the nomination for Congress. We are well aware, that many who now figure conspicuously in the Know-Nothing ranks, up to the time of the sitting of that convention, lent their whole energies to the enterprise. Since the meeting of the convention, however, and also since the assembling of their State Council, some of this number have manifested great lukewarmness. This change which has come o'er the spirit of their dreams, we can attribute to nothing more than the magic spell wrought on their minds by the new platform of their State Council, which was nothing more nor less than a call for the party of the State to unite with the opposition of the North, to break down the democracy; and now, since this call is endorsed and more powerfully and pointedly expressed by their leader, H. Winter Davis, we would not be at all surprised to hear of denunciations of the proceedings of this convention from themselves, thus hoping to remove every barrier to the contemplated coalition. We also wonder if after this coalition has been formed and duly christened, after modern political rites, the beautiful and appropriate cognomen of OPPOSITION, and by virtue of such an union the party

"Boasts themselves more comely than before,"

whether the masses of our county will allow themselves to be sold body and soul to the Black-Republicans of the North? We think not.

THE KNOW-NOTHING TICKET.—There is quite a stir at present among the guardians of the Know-Nothings here, in respect to their ticket. It is rumored that there must be some changes made, and that, too, very soon. Some, it is said, are to share the same fate Dr. Harrison did the last campaign, and others are urging that their names must come off the ticket. How it is to turn out it is difficult to say—but we think, for credit's sake, they had better let it rest as it is, or they may find it difficult, hereafter, to find a man to accept a nomination from them. We understand a delegation has already been on the scout, prospecting, to see how they can patch up their ticket to better meet the views of the people of the county.

See new advertisements.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING.—We are requested to announce that there will be a meeting of the Democratic party in New Market on Saturday, the 24th inst. Elias Griswold and W. W. Ballard, Esqs., are expected to be present and address the meeting.

New Publications.

The enterprising publisher, George G. Evans, No. 439 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, has just added to his extensive list, the following new Books:

THE LIFE OF COL. DAVID CROCKETT—Written by Himself—Comprising his early life, Hunting Adventures, Daring Deeds in Border and Indian Warfare, Services under Gen. Jackson in the Creek War, Electioneering Speeches, Career in Congress, Triumphal Tour in the Northern States, and Struggles in the Texan War of Independence, together with an Account of his Glorious Death at the Alamo. In one 12mo. volume. Handsomely bound. Price $1.00

We copy the following from the Philadelphia North American:

"Colonel Crockett was a character. His autobiography has been long out of print; his reputation for eccentricity has been presumed upon in the publication of all sorts of outrageous and obscene nonsense, in coarse almanacs, and other vehicles for low humor. This volume is a republication of the genuine work, with necessary additions; and will be new to the present generation of readers. It is as marked and characteristic as the subject was; his portrait faithfully drawn, and none the less so that it is without effort, and perfectly naive and sincere. We well remember the amiable original in his northern tour, and recall many of the incidents to which his book alludes.—We never have looked upon his like since; and rejoice in this republication as an act of justice; to retrieve an honest man from vulgar misrepresentation."

A copy of the Book, and a handsome present will be sent by mail, post-paid, upon receipt of $1 00 for the book, and 21 cents for postage.

A new Classified Catalogue of Books and Gifts, with inducements to Agents, will be sent free, on application. Address G. G. Evans, Publisher, 439 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.

THREE PER CENT A MONTH; OR THE PERILS OF FAST LIVING—*A Warning to Young Men.* By Charles Burdett, Author of "Second Marriage," "Elliott Family," "Marion Desmond," "Never too Late," etc., etc. One volume, 12 mo., cloth.—Price $1.00.

[From the Gazette.]

This book deserves to be singled out and noted as above the many novels which are published. Both in structure and style it is entitled to the name of art. It is a Tale of Domestic Life, rehearsing the interwoven histories of a round of every day characters, and its aim is to show the follies of the too many, so called, passions and pleasures of fashionable life, touching in no part upon ground that properly belongs to the vast domain of romance.

The Bachelor Millionaire Uncle George is a character reminding us of the Brothers Cheeryble, and although he teaches the "sweet uses of Adversity" with severe discipline, it brings out the true beauty of character, and shows how few there are who can go through the trials of every day life, and in the end prove their constancy.

Copies of either of the above books with a handsome Gift worth from 50 cents to $100, will be sent to any person in the United States upon receipt of $1.00, and 21 cents to pay postage, by addressing the Publisher.

A new and classified catalogue of Books in every department of Literature, together with a list of Gifts, and every information relative to the establishment of agencies in the Gift Book business will be mailed free to any one by George G. Evans, Publisher and Originator of the Gift Book business, No. 439 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

THE FORTUNES OF NIGEL. By Sir Walter Scott. Being the twelfth volume of T. B. Peterson & Brothers, cheap weekly issue of Waverly Novels for the Million.

The world-wide reputation of the Waverly Novels will insure a ready sale of this cheap edition, and prove, we trust, remunerative to the enterprising publishers. It is commendable to do anything that will, even in a small degree, stay the present raging appetite for pernicious light reading. By satisfying the cravings of those who desire fiction with some of the healthiest of its order, is preventing evil, and negatively, at least, doing good.—There are no works of the imagination which can so effectually accomplish this as the novels of Sir Walter Scott. They, to say nothing more, are harmless. It is even astonishing that through so many volumes there should be found so little that religion or morality would disapprove. For beauty of style, copiousness of expression, vividness of description, and interest of subject, Scott stands in the foremost rank. His works will be read always with interest, and not unfrequently with profit. One volume is issued every Saturday, and each one is got up in a neat style, all of the same size, and are printed at the rate of 25 cents a volume, or the whole twenty-six volumes for five dollars, and sent free of postage to all, on receipt of this sum. This low price should place a sett of them within the reach of everybody in the land.

MARYLAND POLITICS.—The democratic convention of Harford county assembled in Belair on Tuesday last and nominated the following ticket:

For State Senator—Col. John Carroll Walsh. House of Delegates—Robert R. Vandiver, George Hays and Robert Gailey. State's Attorney—John R. Richardson. Sheriff—Joseph W. Bateman. County Commissioners—Thomas Hope, David S. Pyle, James F. Raisen, James A. Fulton and Wm. P. Patterson. Surveyor—Wm. Young

The Democratic Convention of Queen Anne's county has made the following nominations:

Register of Wills, James Dudley; Sheriff, John R. Story; Judges of Orphans' Court, Thomas Wright, John B. Thomas, John W. Ludloe; County Commissioners, Col. John Emory, Richard T. Larrimore, John W. Gibson; Legislature, Wm. L. Starkney, Wm. H. Legg; State's Attorney, T. J. Keating; County Surveyor, Richard L. Howell.

Congressional Correspondence.

As a matter of some public interest, connected with the canvass for Congress in this District, we publish the following correspondence between Judge Stewart and Dr. Cox:

CAMBRIDGE, 1st Sept., 1859.

Dr. C. C. Cox:

Dear Sir—Having been presented as the Democratic candidate for re-election to Congress, in this district, and observing that you have been nominated for Congress by a convention of the American party, and designing myself shortly to canvass the district, it has occurred to me as proper that we should have some mutual understanding, as to whether we should pass through the district and address our fellow-citizens of both parties, in joint discussion, at different points in the six counties, to be agreed upon by us, with reference to the convenience of the people; or otherwise that each candidate shall pursue his own course upon the subject. I am content with either mode, and submit the matter to your determination, and shall be glad to learn your views at as early a day as may be convenient to you.

It seems to me, the people would prefer joint meetings, to some extent at least.

There are subjects of vital importance to the people of this district involved in this election, and I shall feel it to be my duty very thoroughly to discuss their bearing in this canvass. How far we may agree about them, may be determined in the progress of the contest.

I doubt not you are animated by a similar desire to meet with your fellow-citizens, throughout the district, and publicly express your views of any questions you may consider embraced in this canvass. Any arrangement we may make for joint discussion, in every county, if adopted, can be so adjusted as not to conflict with any separate meetings it may suit either of us or our friends to attend.

Trusting we may have an agreeable canvass, and with my respectful regards, I am, truly,

Your obd't. servant,
JAMES A. STEWART.

EASTON, Sept. 2d, '59.

Hon. J. A. Stewart:

Dear Sir—Your polite favor of the 1st inst., in reference to the propriety of some mutual understanding as to the mode in which the approaching canvass for Congress shall be conducted, was handed me last night.

As you have twice represented this district in the National Legislature, and are my senior in politics, if not in years, I must respectfully decline to elect between the separate and joint modes of conducting the canvass which you defer to me for selection. Whenever a definite proposition shall be submitted by you, it will be promptly referred for consideration to my friends and advisers, and an answer returned accordingly.—Thus much it is proper for me to premise—that, should joint discussions be hereafter agreed upon, I prefer the arrangement shall embrace every meeting in the district which we may attend, excluding all speakers other than the candidates at said meetings; and that neither shall be permitted to engage in any separate, outside, discussions as intimated by your letter.

At this time, owing to the deranged state of my health, for the repair of which I am just about leaving home, I can frame no definite plans for the campaign. It may be I shall not be able very thoroughly to canvass the district, but will endeavor to conform, as far as I can, to such arrangement as may be deemed most expedient.

I desire, equally with yourself, that there should be a full and free discussion of all the important topics at issue; nor do I presume upon that which is of the greatest moment, and which will enter most largely into the struggles of 1860, we can differ very widely. I have no hesitation to aver that in reference to that subject I stand upon the provisions of the Constitution, and the ultimate and conclusive jurisdiction of the Supreme Judiciary in all matters of controversy connected therewith.

Cordially reciprocating your kind wish that the canvass may prove mutually agreeable, I remain, dear sir, yours, very respectfully and truly,

CHRIS. C. COX.

"TIME TRIES ALL THINGS," and has proven that Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is *the* remedy, *par excellence*, for the cure of coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, bronchitis, asthma, phthisic, sore throat, influenza, and "last, not least," consumption.

☞There's a vile counterfeit of this Balsam, therefore be sure and buy only that prepared by S. W. Fowle & Co., Boston, which has the *written* signature of I. Butts on the outside wrapper.

☞We are authorised to state that Mr. Albert E. Acworth has no connection with the position of John Fleming, Esq., as the article we copied from the Somerset Union might imply. His nomination of that gentleman, at Denton, was without his knowledge. He will vote for Judge Stewart cheerfully and cordially.

[Reported for the Democrat.]

County Convention.

The Democratic County Convention, which adjourned its session from the 29th of August until September 12th, to nominate a State Senator, re-assembled on Monday last at 2 P. M. in the Orphans' Court room; the President, George E. Austin, in the chair.

The following resolution was presented by Caleb Shepherd, Esq., which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, by this Convention, that it is inexpedient to nominate a candidate for the State Senate. Col. Jacob Wilson having announced himself as a candidate, we recommend him to the support of the Democrats of Dorchester county.

The Convention was ably addressed by Dr. Wash. A. Smith and Wm. Holland, Esq., the democratic nominees for the House of Delegates.

Elias Griswold, Esq., was also called to the stand by the Convention, who entertained the audience in a speech eloquent and able, abounding in beautiful thought both elegantly and eloquently expressed.

He was followed by Hon. Jas. A. Stewart, who spoke of the cheering prospect which now greeted the Democratic party of the county.—Action was all that was essential to be successful, and from reports from various parts of the county, he tho't the party was never more enthusiastic. He spoke with his usually felicitous style, and by his well-timed anecdotes, often drew forth laughter and applause.

On motion, the convention adjourned *sine die*.

GEO. E. AUSTIN, Pres't.
J. Q. LECKIE, Sec'y.

[Communicated.]

CHURCH CREEK, Sept. 12, 1859.

Thomas H. Handy, Esq.,—

Dear Sir;—I observed a statement, in the last Eagle, to the effect that Judge Stewart's friends had abandoned all idea of his election, &c.—This is certainly news to us here, and we think the Editor is only trying, by such loose and unjustifiable means, to bolster up the drooping spirits of Know-Nothingism, in this county, which is fast tumbling to pieces, by its own good-for-nothingism. He says, *that "the Judge will certainly be beaten, in this county, one hundred and fifty votes, &c."*

If the Eagle, or any of its backers, have any confidence in such statements, I suppose some of them, at least, are willing to shew their faith by their works, and if so, you are hereby authorized to say, that I will wager one hundred and fifty dollars on the following propositions, to wit:—$50 that the Judge is not beaten, in this county, one hundred and fifty votes; $50, that he is not beaten one hundred votes, and $50, that he is not beaten fifty votes. I think, too, you may say, that I will bet any reasonable amount that the Judge will be elected to Congress in this District. Now, if the Eagle, or its supporters, have any faith in the election of Dr. Cox, or the votes of this county, here is a chance; and if they do not accept of it, it will be apparent their only object was to deceive. Yours, &c.,

Immense Town Meeting in Baltimore.

THE PEOPLE DETERMINED TO PUT DOWN ROWDYISM

BALTIMORE Sept. 8.—An immense town meeting of the citizens of this city, who are determined to put down the spirit of rowdyism, took place this afternoon at 4 o'clock, in Monument Square. It is estimated that there were twenty thousand persons present, the whole square being densely packed. Business generally was suspended, and the mass was composed of some of the most respectable conservative citizens.

William Woodward, Esq., presided, assisted by a long list of Vice Presidents.

Charles Hinks read a preamble and series of resolutions, which are high-toned, dignified, conservative, determined and free from partisanism. The following are the resolutions:

Resolved, That we will re-establish in our midst the principles therein set forth in the preamble, and invoke all good citizens to aid us in the effort.

Resolved, That the legal voters of Baltimore, be they whom they may, shall exercise their elective rights unintimidated by any parties or persons, and that all who seek to molest or interfere with them shall be visited with the heaviest penalties of the law.

The third resolution insists that all the offices shall be entrusted to honorable and competent men; the fourth requires that the best efforts shall be made to elect such men; the fifth utterly repudiates all party motives, ties and predilections.—that the people shall be governed solely by a desire to retrieve the good name of the city, and place her government in the hands of good men; the sixth requires the appointment by the President and Vice Presidents of this meeting of a committee of twenty, consisting of one from each ward, and these twenty, together with the President and Vice Presidents of this meeting, shall constitute a Central Committee, who shall be authorized to nominate, as early as possible, candidates, regardless of party, selected from the best men for the State Senate, for the House of Delegates of the State to represent Baltimore city, also for Sheriff and State's Attorney for Baltimore City, Clerks of the Circuit Court, Judges of the Orphans' Court, members of the first and second branches of the City Councils, Justices of the Peace, Constables, &c.

In making the selections of these nominations, the Central Committee shall invoke the aid of sub committees of five from each ward, to be chosen by the Central Committee.

The seventh resolution requires that the Central Committee shall prepare and present in person to Mayor Swan, a respectful address, claiming the appointment of honest judges of the election. Also, that the Mayor will appoint a special committee of two hundred police for each ward, to preserve order and protect the voters on the day of the general election these police to be selected by the concurrence of the Mayor and an independent committee.

The eighth resolution requires the Mayor to reply in writing to the propositions of the Independent Central Committee. The ninth states that the Central Committee will tender its co-operation to the Mayor. The tenth hopes that all honest efforts will be made to secure an honest election. The eleventh says that the movement now making is designed for the aid of the whole city, and invokes the aid of every good man in the community to assist in restoring the rights of the ballot box and securing a fair election.

George W. Brown, James Hodges and George M. Gill made eloquent and conservative speeches.

There were some rowdies present who created slight disturbances, but the whole meeting was a powerful demonstration, speaking terror in thunder tones against lawlessness and rowdyism. The indications are most favorable for the ultimate triumph of the movement.

During the meeting, a man fell from the top of a house and was seriously injured. and a police officer was badly stabbed by a rowdy.—The entire police force of the city was present.

Evans' Gift Book Store.

It is a fact that, in this world, and especially in this country, *success* is the great test of *desert*. No matter how good an enterprise may be, if question, "Does it pay?" be answered negatively, everybody looks on it with scorn. Once establish the fact that a man who has made a new business is making money by it, and he immediately becomes an object of interest, admiration, respect, and—imitation. Mr. G. G. Evans, who introduced the Gift-Book enterprise, and has his headquarters in this city—indeed, within half a dozen doors of the world-known office of *The Press*—has met with such remarkable success that he deserves to be pointed out as one of our business "institutions."

He commenced this enterprise five years ago, and had the sagacity to see that publicity is the soul of all competitive trade. He advertises largely in all parts of the Union, and finds that, notwithstanding the cost, it pays him in the end. He has paid us hundreds of dollars, and our collector never has occasion to call with a bill twice. This punctuality in payment is one great secret and source of Mr. Evans' success. He makes no purchase that he cannot pay cash for on delivery. At the Book Trade-Sales in this city, and also in Boston and New York, there are few book-venders who make such extensive purchases. He does more than this: he sometimes buys an entire edition of a book; frequently he purchases what are called "remainders;" and latterly he has himself published several books of standard merit, which part of the business he proposes carrying on with undiminished spirit. He has already published one hundred different books.

Selling at the ordinary retail price, and giving a gift with each book, would appear an unprofitable business. But it must be remembered that, going into the market for books and gifts with plenty of ready money, and making large purchases, gives Mr. Evans great advantages. Of course, he takes good care not to lose by his transactions. Yet, he gives a present with *every* book he sells. We have seen the receipts for the gold and silver watches given away during the first six months of 1859, and there were *eighty* gold and *one hundred and fifty* silver watches, supplied by the first houses in Philadelphia. Besides these, jewelry and innumerable articles of elegance, utility and taste have been thus distributed. For every hundred dollars' worth of books sold fifty dollars' worth of gifts are dispensed with them.

Mr. Evans' Catalogue, filling a pamphlet of 48 pages, 12mo, contains the best books published in this country. But a peculiarity of the business is that *any* book, not in the catalogue, is at once obtained for the purchaser, and a gift given therewith.

The sales at Mr. Evans' handsome establishment in Chestnut street, near Fifth, are large, but the bulk of the business comes from the country. Peculiar inducements for agents are laid down, and, no doubt, a vast trade is done through them. Mr. Evans' books and gifts for the country are forwarded all over the Union by express, steamboats, and mail.—The payments for postages alone amount to one hundred dollars a day.

Mr. Evans commenced business in 1854, and having gallantly rode safely through the dreadful gales of 1857, which prostrated the mightiest merchants in the land, has beaten down all competition.

He has won his pecuniary independence by integrity, industry, energy, and tact. Since his establishment opened, he has sold standard works in English and American literature, to the extent of $2,000,000, and distributed gifts with them to the value of $1,000,000.

For the benefit of the curious, we add that Mr. Evans, who is quite a young man, is a native of Maine.—His father, an eminent physician, resides in that State, and his uncle, the Hon. George Evans, sat in the House of Representatives, as M. C., from 1829 to 1841, and was United States Senator from 1841 to 1847. He was a Commissioner of the Board of Claims against Mexico in 1849–50, and Attorney General of Maine in 1853, 1854 and 1856.—*Phila. Press.*

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 8.—The race took place on the Suffolk Park trotting course to-day, best three in five to harness, between Flora Temple and Princess, for a premium of fifteen hundred dollars. Flora won in three straight heats. Time 2.41, 2.31 and 2.23. Princess was distanced on the last heat. About eight thousand persons were present.

The vote of Texas at the late election for Governor was about sixty-three thousand. In 1850, when Texas came into the Union, she only polled about eight thousand. This shows an astounding increase in the population of the State.

A killing frost fell in the Glades, Randolph county, Va., on Monday night last, destroying the late corn and utterly destroying the buckwheat.

Gen. Wm. Walker arrived at New Orleans on the 5th inst.

Baltimore Grain Market.

MONDAY MORNING, September 12.—The supply of Wheat at market this morning was the largest of any day this season, reaching over 42,000 bushels, and most of it prime.—The demand was only moderately active at Saturday's rates, except for good to prime grades, which were lower. Sales of white at 1 10a$1 15 for ordinary, 1 20a$1 25 for fair, 1 30a$1 45 for good to choice; red brought 1 10a$1 16 per bushel for good to prime. Of Corn about 12,000 bushels offered, and mostly sold, white at 80a81 cts measure, and yellow at 78a83 cts per bushel measure. Of Oats about 4,000 bushels offered, and sold at 32½a34 cts for Maryland.

PHYSICIANS USE THE WILD CHERRY. EXETER, Me., Sept. 30.

This certifies that I have recommended the use of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry for diseases of the Lungs, for two years past, and many bottles, to my knowledge, have been used by my patients, all with beneficial results. In two cases, where it was thought confirmed Consumption had taken place, the Wild Cherry affected a cure. E. BOYDEN, Physician at Exeter Corner.

Dr. Freleigh, of Saugerties, N. Y., says he cured liver complaint of four years' standing, that would not yield to the usual remedies.

Abraham Skillman, M. D., of Boundbrook, N. J., says it is the best medicine for Consumption in every stage, that he has ever known.

None genuine unless signed I. BUTTS on the wrapper.

SETH W. FOWLE & CO., BOSTON, Proprietors.

For sale by
WM. THOMAS and DR. J. FLINT, Cambridge;
WILLIAM J. VANE, Hicksburg;
FLETCHER & BRAMBLE, East New Market;
CORNWELL & BRO. and SAML. WEBB, Vienna;
HENRY MORRAY, Federalsburg;
and by dealers everywhere.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS a certain Remedy for Indigestion and Liver Complaint. Maria Armstrong (27), of Edgartown, New Jersey, suffered more than most people from indigestion, accompanied by liver complaint; several very clever medical men told her she was in a consumption, and her friends despaired of her ever recovering, as she had tried everything they thought likely to benefit her, without success. At last she tried Holloway's Pills, which quickly assimilated with the blood, removed the obnoxious matter, and thoroughly cleansed and renovated the system. The result is, that she was perfectly cured, and now enjoys the best of health. These Pills are also a certain cure for all diseases of the stomach and bowels.

☞THE ORPHANS' COURT OF DORCHESTER COUNTY will sit on MONDAY the 19th of September.

MARRIED.

In this county, on the 6th inst., by Rev. A. Freed, ROBERT W. ANDERSON to Miss MARGARET PAEL, both of Lake's District.

DIED.

In this town, on the 4th inst., MARY JANE, infant daughter of Philemon and Margaret Geoghegan, aged about 4 months.

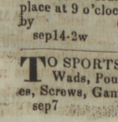
On the 7th inst., WILLIAM FERGUSON, only son of William C. and M. J. Hurley, aged 3 years, 3 months and 8 days.

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of authority, derived from the Orphans' Court of Dorchester county, will sell at public sale at the late residence of Richard H. Tubman, deceased, in LAKE'S DISTRICT,

On Thursday, Sep. 22, 1859,

all said deceased's PERSONAL PROPERTY (Negroes excepted), consisting of



HORSES, CATTLE, SHEEP, HOGS, Crop of Corn on the home farm, and also half of the Crop on two tenements; two Carriages; also a large assortment of Farming Implements, Household and Kitchen Furniture, and a great variety of articles too tedious to mention.

Terms as usual at such sales. Sale to take place at 9 o'clock, A. M. Attendance given by GEORGE H. MEEKINS, Administrator.

sep14-2w

TO SPORTSMEN.—Powder, Shot, Caps, Wads, Pouches, Flasks, Nipple Wrenches, Screws, Game Bags, &c., can be had of J. G. ROBINSON.

sep7

©Maryland State Archives, msa_sc6044_1_63-0378.jpg