THE DEMOCRAT.

WM. H. BOWDLE—Editor.

CAMBRIDGE, MD.

WEDNESDAY.....SEPT. 20, 1854

☞IF YOU WANT YOUR ADVERTISEMENTS TO HAVE A GOOD CIRCULATION, AND TO BE THOROUGHLY READ, PUBLISH THEM IN THE "CAMBRIDGE DEMOCRAT," AS IT HAS A LARGER CIRCULATION THAN ANY PAPER PUBLISHED IN THE THREE LOWER COUNTIES ON THIS SHORE. OUR TERMS ARE THE SAME AS OTHER COUNTRY PAPERS.

☞JOB PRINTING NEATLY EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE, at city prices.

Terms to Clubs.—Price of subscription for "Cambridge Democrat," in advance. $1,50
Clubs of Six, one year, ... " 7,50
" of Twelve, one year, ... " 13,50
" of Twenty, one year, ... " 20,00
Payable in each case in advance. Persons who get up clubs are entitled to a copy gratis, for one year.

☞NO POSTAGE ON THIS PAPER to any part of the county, when sent directly to subscribers from the office of publication.

☞Owing to the sickness of one of our compositors, we are compelled to omit a number of articles intended for this issue of the Democrat.

Acorns. We perceive that the acorn crop is abundant this fall, which will greatly benefit the hog crop, and be a great saving of corn.

☞The Trustee's of the Agricultural Society of Talbot, have abandoned the idea of holding a Cattle show this fall.

Steamer Kent.—We learn that an accident happened to this steamer last week, but we have not been able to obtain the particulars. We presume she will be all right in a few days.

Peterson's Magazine. — The October number of this ladies Magazine has been received in advance of the month, which is filled with a variety of engravings and literary reading matter. Price $2 a year, address C. J. Peterson, Philadelphia.

Will the editor be kind enough to send us the August No.?

To the Bailiff.—We respectfully call the attention of the town bailiff, to the condition of the street at the cross-roads; there is a large hole running directly from Mrs. Roszell's store across the street; it should be filled up.

The State Capital Gazette. This paper has passed into the hands of Mr. Richard D. Sellman, of Annapolis, and Mr. Thomas J. Wilson, of Marlborough. It is to be conducted on neutral grounds.

New Store and Harness Shop. It will be observed by his advertisement, that I. J. T. Harris, Esq., has opened a new store adjoining the Market House, where he will sell all kinds of choice Liquors and Groceries. He is also, prepared to make Harness, &c., and keeps every thing in that line, adjoining his store, where he invites his old friends and customers to give him a call.

Man Killed. We are informed that Mr. Thomas Griffith, was killed on Saturday last, near Federalsburg, while at a boat launch, by a block bursting and one half striking him on one side of his head, which caused his death in a short while.

New Stove Store. We call the attention of our readers to the New Stove Store of M. A. Duke, Esq., 29 Light street Baltimore, Md. It will be seen that he is prepared to furnish *Cooking, Parlor and Chamber Stoves* of approved styles and prices to suit all. Read his advertisement in another column, and give him a call, as he will sell you a good article.

Baltimore Fall Trade. It will be observed by refering to our advertising columns, that a general variety of articles are offered to our readers by Baltimore city Merchants and others. Read their advertisements and bear their number and places of business in mind when you visit or send to the city. They will sell you good and cheap articles in their line of business, and are all very obliging and accommodating gentlemen, who will use their utmost to please their customers in every respect.

Not Boasting.—In the last number of the "Chronicle," the editor charges us with boasting, because we state to the public that the "Democrat has a larger circulation than any other paper publised in the three lower counties on this shore," which is the fact and we can prove it. The editor says, "the paper published in Princes Anne—the Eastern Shorman—has a circulation of upward of six-hundred. Our good friend, and neighbor, of the Democrat, we learn, uses nineteen quires of printing paper a week. This perhaps is true, we have no reason to doubt it. Nineteen quires will make four hundred and fifty-six papers; out of this quantity take out at least fifty or sixty exchange papers which will leave four hundred, consequently falling short two hundred of the Eastern Shoreman, and exceeding our issue but a trifle." Permit us to say to you Mr. Chronicle, that we are as well informed about the circulation of the "Eastern Shoreman" as you are—the Eastern Shoreman prints but 10 quires of paper, which would make but 240 papers, which you will perceive is 360 papers less than your informant told you. We have our infomation from the young man who printed the Eastern Shoreman for several months, and whose word can be relied upon, further the editor himself sent to us and borrowed 10 quires of paper to print his paper on one week, which is sufficient evidence that what we have stated is correct. So Mr. C., you cannot come it over us that the E. Shoreman has six-hundred subscribers—we have nearly twice as many as it. If we are rightly informed the Cambridge Chronicle, prints but 12 quires of paper, which would make 288 copies, giving us 168 more copies for circulation than the Chronicle. The Eastern Shoreman & Chronicles combined list being but 528, only 72 papers more than the Democrat prints. What we have here stated is correct to the very letter in reference to the E. Shorman's circulation and we believe the same to the Chronicle's—it is within a quire of it at least, either more or less.

The Chronicle and Eastern Shoreman are both well aware that we have kept the above, about our having the largest circulation, to the head of the paper for the past five years, and neither of them have ever pretended to say anything about it before; had better of let it alone this time for the good it will do our neighbor. It is not our will nor wish to boast over a contemporary, far from it; we only mention the above for the benefit of advertisers; not to boast, for we have often remarked that the Chronicle had greatly improved in worth and appearance under the editorial management of its present editor, which we were glad to see—we envy no man's success.

"The Chronicle, when Mr. Callahan, a practical printer, was the proprietor, could boast of seven hundred subscribers," says the editor, which was in 1836. Allow us neighbor, to inform you that you are very much mistaken about the Chronicle having 700 subscribers at that time or before; we worked in the office at the time that Mr. Callahan sold it, and they printed but 20 quires of paper, we recollect it well, and Mr. Newton who had been in the office ever since, Mr. Callahan had it or nearly so, told us they never did print more than 22 quires of paper while he was in the office; and we are perfectly sure it never has reached more, since the days of Callahan, but grown less.—These are facts we are perfectly acquainted with, Mr. Editor; it never had 700 subscribers since it was first started, because in the days of its first origin, people that took papers were few and far between. However we will not fall out about our respective circulations, but hope they may both increase to seven hundred, each.

A Remarkable Colored Man.—Samuel Williams, a colored man, has one of the finest farms in Washington county, Md. The Hagerstown Herald states that, at the age of 38 years, he was a slave in Stafford county, Va., but subsequently purchased his freedom from his own earnings. He then bound himself to years of servitude until he could purchase his wife and children, which he accomplished when he was 50 years of age. Now he owns a farm worth $10,000, and personal property amounting to several thousand more all earned by his own labor. He is now 73 years of age.

Marriage on Board a U. S. Ship.—Lieut J. Blakely Creighton, U. S. N., son of the late Commodore Creighton, and Miss Edwinna Stringham, daughter of Commodore Stringham, U. S. N., and commander-in chief of U. S. naval forces in the Mediterranean, were recently married on board the U. S. frigate Cumberland, in the Mediterranean. A number of ladies and gentlemen, including the officers of the steamship Saranac, were present. The bridal party subsequently started for Lucca, Italy.

Interesting to Mariners.—A lens light, of the fourth order, has been substituted for the reflecting illuminating apparatus at the Old Point Comfort light house, Va. We learn that the elevation of the focal plane is 45 feet above sea level, and under ordinary states of the atmosphere the light will be visible at an elevation of 10 feet above the water, 11½ nautical or 13 English miles distant.

The Funeral of Mrs. Elizabeth Benton, wife of the Hon. Thomas H. Benton, took place in Washington, on Tuesday afternoon, 11th inst., from her late residence, on C. street. Col. Benton was absent, having started some time since for the State of Missouri. Gen. Henderson, Gen. Jessup, Hon. R. H. Stanton, of Kentucky; Hon. Mr. Ashe, Col. Seaton, Commodore McCauley, Hon. Mr. Singleton, and F. P. Blair, Esq., acted as pall-bearers. Among others who followed the remains to the tomb was the President of the United States.

The Turf.—A match race, two mile heats, between the Maid of Orleans and the chestnut horse Logan, came off on the National Course, Long Island, on Wednesday. The horses were pitted against each other as representatives of the Northern and Southern turf, and besides the stake of $5,000, large amounts were pending on the result. The Maid of Orleans won both heats with perfect ease. Time, first heat, 3.57¼; second heat 4 minutes.

A Candid Polition.—James W. T. NeCallister, of Philadelphia, declines being a candidate for the Legislature on the ground that the per diem is too small, and adds:

"As my notions of honor and honesty would deprive me of the principle revenue of legislators, (to wit, bribery,) I should receive but three dollars per day for the one hundred days, and the very questionable honor of being a Pennsylvanian legislator—a title which (if the press of this city is to be believed) is synonymous with villain."

Relief for Savannah.—About $3,000 has been forwarded from New York city for the relief of the suffers by yellow fever at Savannah, and arrangements are in progress looking to still larger results. Philadelphia has also remitted 3,600; and the collecting committee is still at work. Augusta and Columbus, Ga., have each sent a contribution of $1,000

Agricultural Exhibition.—Wheeling has been crowded with strangers this week, attending the exhibition of North-western Virginia Agricultural Society, which commenced on Wednesday. The display of articles on exhibition is sad to have been quite imposing, and the attendance large. The annual address was delivered on Thursday by Alex. R. Boteler, Esq., of Jefferson county.

Delaware.—The Democratic convention of this State met at Dover, on the 12th inst., and nominated Dr. Wm. Burton for Governor, and the Hon. Geo. Read Riddle for re-election to Congress. The National Administration and the principles of the Nebraska bill were endorsed.

Importation of Foreign Paper.—The New York Sun has imported paper from France, paying a duty of 30 per cent., and 3 per cent. more for freightage, and then getting a better article as cheap as that made at home.

The Rights of Hotel Keepers.—A case was recently tried before one of Boston Courts in which the right of a hotel keeper to eject a person from his premises was tested. Mr. A. C. Blodgett had, formerly, boarded at the Elons hotel, but having some difficulty with the landlord, changed his quarters, and was ordered never to enter the house again. A few days since, however, he went there for the purpose of examining the register to see if an acquaintance had arrived, when Merritt attempted forcibly to put him out, and inflicted upon him several blows. The counsel for the defence argued that, the complainant having been previously warned not to enter the house, had no right to remain, and his being there was a trespass, and consequently the defendent was justified in his doings. The Court held that, the premises being a public house, every body had the right to enter, provided no tresspass was committed; therefore, the ejected of the complainant was unlawful, and the defendant was fined $8 and costs.

State Affairs in Venezuela.—A correspondent of the New York Herald writes from Caracas, that such is the state of affairs there that there was not a respectable white man in the city of Caracas who was not in prison or concealed in the houses of the foreign residents. The Archbishop has had several interviews with Monagas, and has offered to guarantee the innocence of many of the accused—or, more properly speaking, the incarcerated. A number of the prisoners has been marched on foot to Laguayra. The probability is that they will be shot on the road. They are of the most respectable families of the city. There is but little doubt that Monagas will put down all opposition, as he has the support of the blacks. Monagas went through the form of a re-election on the 10th of August.

The New King of Saxony, who assumed the crown after his brother's sudden demise, does not appear to be very popular with his "subjects." They remember that he caused the soldiers to fire upon the people of Leipsic during some slight disturbance a few years ago, and they criticised his recent proclamation very severely, by spoken and written comments. A few arrests were immediately made, but it is probably that the King was informed of the state of feeling which, to some extent, prevailed, for he followed his first proclamation with a second, upon the same day, in which a much more conciliatory tone was manifest.

Labor in California.—The rates of wages in California are high, but the prices of living are also exorbitant. It is stated that a blacksmith gets $6 per day; turners from $3 to $5; lock makers $5; gas fitters $7; boiler makers from $5 to $6; plumbers from $6 to $8; watchmakers from $6 to $10; house carpenters from $5 to $9; bricklayers $8; hodmen $4; plasterers $7; tailors $72 a month and found, hatters $10 a day; cartmen $4; painters $6; sailmakers $6; brass founders $5; and so on in proportion.

Guano.—Inspector, the Washington correspondent of the New York Courier, expresses the opinion that guano has proved "an expensive delusion, something of a humbug," and that experience will soon cause the abandonment of its use in the United States. We rather think that Inspector in deserting the field of political speculation for that of agriculture, has commited a singular error. His opinions in regard to guano are directly opposite to that of those who use it.

Experimental Farm and Agricultural College.—It is stated that the plan devised under the auspices of the Maryland State Agricultural Society, for the purchase and outfit of an experimental farm, and for the erection thereon of an Agricultural College, proposes to make it a joint stock concern, in which all the citizens of the State can participate if they feel so disposed—each share of stock when full paid to amount to $25, to be applied to the above named purposes. The holder or combined holders of forty shares of stock will be entitled to be represented always by a pupil free of all charges for instruction, &c. The subscription of stock is not to be binding upon subscribers unless 4,000 shares shares shall be bona fide sub cribed. The exclusive control of the property, and the government of the college, is to be vested in officers to be chosen by the stockholders.

Damage to the Shipping by the Storm. The Charleston papers contain accounts of several marine disasters by the late storm. The bark Maria, of Boston, from Baltimore, for Charleston, was spoken off Stono, totally dismasted. The French ship Les Amis Reuonis, from St. Pierre, for Wilmington, N. C., was totally lost at Lavender Point, and Capt. Falcourt and three men drowned. The steamship Star of the South, from New York, for New Orleans, put into Charleston on Monday, disabled. Several vessels were seen dismasted and disabled, and one sunk.

Pears.—From the Agricultural report of the Commissioners of Pattents, we learn that pears was first introduced into the United States at Peach Blossom plantation, near Easton, Talbot county, about the year 1730. "The seeds were sent from England by Peter Collinson, a Quaker and a linen drapper, to his friend and former associate, Geo. Robbins, then the proprietor of that place. The peach and nectarine, as well as apricots, grew abundantly in Virginia in 1720. Some of the former are represented to have been 12 to 13 inches in circumference In 1735, a peach tree was planted on the plantation referred to above," which renders it probable that peaches, also, were grown at Peach Blossom at an earlier date than elsewhere in Maryland, at least in this portion of the State.—*Easton Gazette.*

Large Yield.—Col. Thos. Tenant, residing on a farm of about 160 acres, near St. Michaels, Talbot county, Maryland, raised this year eight hundred and fifty-six bushels of prime wheat, which he has been offered two dollars per bushel. We understand the wheat (most of it white wheat,) is of the very best quality raised, and in such fine condition as to make it very desirable for seed. On said farm there will be raised a fair crop of corn, and had the season been favorable, his corn crop would have been quite as good, in proportion, as his wheat crop.

[For the Cambridge Democrat.]

Mr. Editor:—Having noticed a few weeks since, in one of your papers a communication signed Dorset, giving an account of an examination held in the Female Seminary, in New Market, as well as a passing notice of a poetic effusion, which you had but recently published; I have thought that in view of the two apparent egotism, and self complacency of the writer, it might not be amiss to retort upon him the advice given another, and pray him "Physician heal thyself."

It is not my intention Mr. E—— to criticise upon the communication from Mr. Dorset, my stock of knowledge is too limited for me to attempt such an act, I only wish to say to Mr. D. that it is inconsistent, for him to criticise upon the writings of another, unless he (Mr. D.) is able to write, dictate, and punctuate without making the slightest mistake. I, myself—Mr. E. am no scholar, far from being one, I am not far enough advanced to study medicine, or practice criticism; even if I did possess a knowledge of Medicine, or a criticis judgment, I think, I would not be found, (as Mr. D. was;) criticising upon the first production of one, whose attendance in the Hall of knowlage—did not exceed six months, I really did not think that, any one, possessed of such literary attainments as Mr. D. would so bitterly despise the day of small things. I wish Mr. D. to know, that I am not criticising upon his great, and well written letter, (ironically speaking.) 'Tis true it is somewhat susceptible of criticism and I recon I would venture to criticise upon the gentleman's communication! but I am very particular how I fool with those whose minds are filled with classic lore, I am afraid to offer them any contest, because they might turn upon me, and blow me up Salt River.—"Knowledge is power." But Mr. E., I have one interrogatory to make and I finish. Mr. D., classed himself among the Bachelor's—I wish to ask him through the C. D., if he is a Bachelor of Arts, or a Bachelor of Physic's. I am under the impression that he is a botcher of the latter.

I hope that the above remarks may not discourage the gentleman. He can continue to criticise, but I would in a becoming manner, advise him to review the Punctuation table, and the rudiment of English Grammar, for, really I think his prosaic effusion, is more susceptible of criticising, than the poetic effusion by Mr. J. W. C.

"Physician heal thyself."

New Market, 1854. DEUCALION.

THE MARYLAND INSTITUTE FAIR.

The annual Fair of Maryland Institute, which commenced on Monday last, promises to exceed all that have preceeded it in magnificence, variety, and general interest. The hall has been open but three days for the reception of deposites, and it assumed quite a bustling aspect, a large number of valuable articles, especially those from a distance, having already been received. The Committe of Arrangements, under whose auspices the present exhibition is in progress, are Messrs. Thos. Swann, Adam Denmead, Enoch Pratt, John F. Meredith, C. W. Bentley, Thomas Trimble, Thom as J. Lovegrove, Thomas Stow, and William Prescott Smith. Mr. Swann, the Chairman of the Committee, has, as heretofore announced, contributed $500 for five special or extra premiums of $100 each, which, with the regular premiums of the Institute, will, probably not fall short of $4,000 for the present fair. The character of the whole committee for energy and public spirit is an ample guarantee that nothing will be required to render the exhibition the most attractive dispiay that the Institute has yet made. John F. Meredith, Esq., has the immediate charge of the arrangements for the exhibition, whose experience and capacity for the proper performance thereof are too well known to need any commendation from us.

We are pleased to learn that the list of members of the Institute, large as it has been heretofore, is rapidly increasing. A full ticket of membership, which costs but $5, and about half that sum for boys, confers all the privileges of the Institute, besides a free admission to the exhibition, and we know of no more certain mode by which parents may benefit their sons than making them junior members of the Institute.—*Baltimore American.*

LATE AND IMPORTANT FROM HAVANA.

Advices from Havana to the 7th inst. have reached Charleston by the steamer Gov. Dudly. The carriages and horses of the Marquis de la Pezuela have been bought for $6,000 by the Spaniards, to be presented to Gen. Concha upon his arrival. The Spanish citizens of Havana had also collected $62,000, it is said, to give a grand *fete* on the day the General lands there. On the other hand, the Cubans tendered a serenade to Gen. Pezuela on his departure, and issued an address expressing regret for his recall, and extolling his conduct as Captain General' in which they say:

"We only hope, that if the United States should declare war against spain and seize this Island, during Concha's administration, his head may be deemed suitable to avenge the fifty-one victims of Atares! 'The good heaven may permit it,' and though we should die fighting for our liberty, we must die, with the idea consoling us, that the monster who has shed blood in this peaceful country, so unaccustomed to bloody scenes, shall himself be punished."

The Charleston Standard says:

"Both Spanairds and Creoles were begining to exhibit strong manifestations of disprobation against the existing order of things, and what was even still more discouraging to the government, some of the newly arrived soldiers, who were the first participants in the revolution in Spain, were disseminating their rebellious principles among their associates. This looks decidedly ominous and forebodes another reign of trouble and excitement for General Cocha, who has probably by this time resumed his old post of Captain General.

"The Havana markets continued dull—though very little was doing in sugar, prices retained their former firmness. The demand for rice was brisk, and higher prices were looked for. A sale of a cargo of flour had been made at $14, but five cargoes that had recently arrived were unsold. There was scarcely any demand for freights, especially for England. There was more demand for vessels for this country, which could not be had."

THORN, THE MILLIONAIRE AT SARATOGA.

A correspondent of the Mobile Tribune, dating from Saratoga, gives the following sketch of an American Prince:

"Thorn, to whom I refer, has made a lion of himself by indulging extravagances and excentricities. He is the man who so eclipsed the emperor of France in the splendor of his "turn out." He is said to have driven four span of horses, richly carparisoned, to the most splendid carriage in Europe. The Emperor, unwilling that any one should go in better style than himself ordered him to appear no more in the streets of Paris with the aforesaid establishment.

His party consists of his wife, two daughters, beaux, attendants, pages, maids, grooms, &c. I witnessed a few days since the ceromony of their preparation to ride. Five steeds and a carriage, with a groom and drivers, in finest livery to each, were first presented opposite the U. S. Hotel. Next came the party with their maids and attendants. A beautiful mahogany bay horse was first led up, whereupon grooms and servants took their position to perform the feat of mounting the fair Miss Miss to her saddle. She placed her foot in the white gloved hand of the groom on the left side, who gracefully placed her in the saddle, while on the right stood another ready to catch the jewel, if perchance, it should drop that way. Then came the maids to adjust the riding dress and place her foot in the stirrup.—This and similar ceremonies with her sister being accomplished, the beaux and attendants mounted, the old folks ascended their carriage and off they put as if to a funeral. This ceremony must have taken a half hour—long enough—as I heard an Alabama girl remark, for a Southern party to have mounted and taken a respectable ride. I forgot to note that after the adjustment of the young ladie's dresses, reins, &c., the horses were sugared (fed) from the hands of the grooms, which, I suppose, was to sweeten their gaits and spirit for the evening's performance."

To Be Remembered.—Two years ago Gen. Scott and the whig leaders traveled the entire country pleading for foreign Catholic votes, and denouncing General Pierce and the democratic party as being their enemies. Every whig paper in Pennsylvania took the same course. General Scott loved the rich Irish brogue and sweet German accent, and his toadies swallowed the declaration with thrilling satisfaction. So anxious were the whigs in Bedford to exhibit their love for foreign Catholics, that they determined to appoint a German Catholic postmaster, in the person of Mr. Andris Saup, and accordingly he received his commission from a whig Postmaster General, and took charge of the office before Judge Campbell came into power. Now the very same know-nothings who appointed Mr. Saup ask that the democratic party be visited with destruction because they won't turn him out! The only bid ever made in this country for foreign Catholic votes was made by the whig party, under the lead of General Scott, and now that same party demand that every foreigner in the nation shall be branded with a mark of infamy, and Judge Pollock, their candidate for governor, has taken an oath to carry out their views, if elected.—*Bradford Pa. Gazette.*

The Wilson Captives.—A letter from Fort Washita, August 14th, in the St. Louis Republican, says:

"It may be gratifying to Mrs. Wilson, late captive among the Camanches, who made her escape to Santa Fe, last winter, (an account of which was given at that time in your paper,) to know that her two brothers-in-law, lads, who were captured at the same time (and who have been at Fort Arbuckle and one near here ever since their release,) passed here on their way to their former home in Hunt County, Texas—from where they started over the prairies to California. The boys were in charge of Aaron Brown, the intelligent Chickasaw, who obtained the release of one by purchase from the Camanches last winter, when trading among them. The other boy was brought into Fort Arbuckle by some friendly tribe, and has been well taken care of there by the officers of that post."

Crops in the Illinois Bottom—A Green Spot amid the Desert.—The Ste. Genevieve Plaindealer of the 26th says: It does one's heart good to visit the Illinois bottom at present, and to contemplate the beautiful corn crops now ripening in these immense bottoms. The farmers in these bottoms know no drought, as the dampness from the marshes, pools and ponds, keeps vegetation always green and thriving. The crops, although not as fine and plenty as in more favorable years, yet they will be immense will cause much money to be thrown in the midst of the farmers inhabiting these bottoms, as the price of corn will be exceeding high. What a contrast do we find on the hills a few miles back! Nothing but a shrivelled stalk and a burnt up ear meet the eye. The fields present an aspect of scarcity and suffering, and in some spots not a dozen ears will be raised on as many acres of ground.

Decline in Breadstuffs.—In consequence of the news from Europe of good crops of breadstuffs there, and a consequent decline in flour and wheat, there was a slight panic in flour at Boston on Wednesday last, and prices went down from seventy-five cents to one dollar per barrel. The receipts of flour at Boston, the Traveller says, have lately been rather large.

A Carpet of Ivory.—Amongst the curiosities to be transmitted from India to the Great Exhibition, at Paris this next year, is a carpet of ivory. It is twenty feet long by six feet broad, and made of long stripes of ivory, plaited like matting. The price fixed upon it is £300.

The Yellow Fever at Chaleston is on the increase, no less than 20 deaths having occured on Tuesday, being the highest mortality in any one day yet. On the same day 11 new cases were admitted to the Rope Hospital. The Bank of Charleston has made a donation of $250 for the relief of the sick. A mercantile firm has also gived $100, and two ladies $15.

The Yellow Fever at New Orleans.—The New Orleans Courier says the fever is daily increasing in private practice in that city, and considering the small number of macclimated persons in the city, the number of deaths is quite large. It advises strangers by all means to keep away at present.

Holloway's Pills, for Debilitated Constitutions, Disordered Liver, and Indigestion.—The wonderful efficacy of this salutary medicine, and the good effects produced on parties suffering from disorders of the stomach, liver complaints, bile, and indigestion, would be incredible, if it were not confirmed by daily proofs of the cures effected by them, and the permanent benefit derived from their use. The exhilarating properties of these invaluable Pills entirely remove all nervous symptoms from the system, strengthen the tone of the stomach, and thereby promote a healthy digestion.

MARRIED,

In Talbot county, on the 7th inst., by Rev. J. T. Hazzard, Mr. JOHN H. OZMAN and Miss EMILY J. HELSBY, both of that co.

DIED,

In this town, on Thursday morning 14th stant, Mr. THOMAS COOK, in the 62d y of his age. Mr. Cook was one among most useful citizens, and his loss will be reg ted much.

In this town on the 13th instant, WILLI ABBOTT, aged about 10 years.

Baltimore Market.

Corrected Weekly.

Baltimore, September 19th, 1854

Grain and Seed.—The receipts of Wh are not so large as usual. We note an vance of 5 to 8 cents on Saturday's prices About 12,000 bushels offered to day; sales white, good to prime, at 1 65a $1 75 Infer lots 2 to 15 cts less. Corn—About 9,000 bu els offered; and sales of white at 80a82 cen and yellow 76a82cents per bushel, as to quali Oats—About 3000 bushels offered; sales Maryland at 48a50 cents, and Virginia Oats 50a53 cents per bushel. Rye—About 1 bushels offered, sales of Maryland $1 10 p bushel.

Seeds quiet—We quote Clover at 7a7 1 Timithy 3 50a$375, and Flaxseed $1 37 p bushel.

☞THE ORPHANS' COURT OF DOR CHESTER COUNTY, will sit on MONDA the 25th of September. Sept. 20, 1854.

NEGROES FOR SALE.

THE advertiser will offer for sale, in Cam bridge, on Monday the 2d of October nex if not disposed of before that day, TWO VAL UABLE NEGROES. For further particu lars apply to Editor Democrat.

Sept. 20, 1854. 2t

NEGRO FOR SALE.

I WILL offer at public sale, at the Court House door in the town of Cambridge, on Monday 25th inst., a valuable NEGRO BOY aged about 19 years to serve until January 1876. Sale to take place between the hours of 12 M. and 2 o'clock, P. M. Terms $50 cash balance in 6 and 12 months, with note approved and bearing interest from date.

JAMES N. SHERMAN.

Sept. 20, 1854. 1t

NEGROES WANTED.

THE subscribers having purchased the property formerly occupied by J. S. Donovan, No. 13 CAMDEN street, Baltimore, will at all times pay the highest prices for likely young Negroes of both sexes. Persons wishing to dispose of servants will please address the subscribers through the Post Office of Baltimore. All communications will be promptly attended to.

J. M. WILSON,
G. H. DUKES.

Baltimore, Sept. 20, 1854. 6m

REMOVAL.

THE subscriber wishes to inform the citizens of Cambridge, and the public generally, that he has removed to the STORE, on MAIN ST., formerly occupied by Mr. Huguenen, where he will continue to keep constantly on hand an assortment of fine

Watches and Jewelry,

and a variety of other articles, all of which he will sell low for cash!

Clocks, Watches, &c., carefully repaired, and warranted.

Thanks for all past favors, and hopes a continuance of the same.

WM. M. FLETCHER,

Sept. 20, 1854. tf Cambridge, Md.

Dr. J. HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

100,000 BOTTLES SOLD IN ONE YEAR.

NOTHING in the Medical market has or can be produced to equal this great Anti-Dyspeptic for all diseases arising from derangement of the stomach it is invaluable, and is a certain cure for DYSPEPSIA, BILLIOUSNESS, INDIGESTION, and FEVER AND AGUE. By taking it in time CHOLERA will be kept off. Try one bottle, and you will be glad to get more. For sale by Druggists, and

B. TANNER, Wholesale Agent,
13 Sharp st. Baltimore, Md.

Sept. 20, 1854. 3m

COAL! COAL! COAL!

THE cheapest place to obtain a supply of best descriptions, for manufacturing or domestic purposes, is at

HENRY JENKINS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEPOT FOR
ANTHRACITE AND
Cumberland Coals,

Offices: { Jenkins' Wharf, Fell's Point, 18 Second st., opposite Post-office,
Terms, Cash! Baltimore, Md.

Sept. 20, 1854. 6m

NEW STORE AND Accommodation House.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has opened a

NEW STORE,

in Cambridge adjoining the

Market House,

where he keeps constantly on hand a general variety of

GROCERIES, &c.,

such as Sugar, Coffe, and Liquors of all kinds. with many other articles such as are generally kept in a store of the kind.

HARNESS MAKING.

HE still continues to make all kinds of Carriage Harness, and do repairing at the shortest notice. He also keeps constantly on hand a variety of Collars, whips, Saddles, Bridles and Martingales, Cart Gear, &c. Give me a call.

I. J. T. HARRIS,

Sept. 20, 1854. Near the Market House.

Sportsmen's Depot NOW OPEN,

No. 44, Pratt Street,

BALTIMORE, MD.,

WHERE will be found one of the largest and best assortment of Double and Single Barrel Bird and Ducking GUNS. I ask the Sportsmen to call and examine my stock before purchrsing. I will sell low for cash, and any gentleman purchasing a Gun from me, and is not pleased with it. I will exchange with him. I have long and short Rifles, Colt's and Allen's Revolving Pistols, Saloon Pistols, Powder and Shot Caps, Wads, Dram Bottles, Dog Collars, Dog Calls, and Whips.

Guns, Rifles and Pistols

made and repaired at the shortest notice, and warranted. I have on hand some very fine Guns of my own make.

N. B. Vessels fit out with Muskets, Swivels, Sword and Cartridges at the shortestest notice.

N. A. McCOMAS,

Sept. 20, 1854. 3m 44 Pratt steet.

VENDUE.

BY virtue of an order of the orphan's court of Dorchester county, I will sell at public sale, on

FRIDAY the 22d of SEPTEMBER inst., at the late residence of Richard A. Keene, deceased, near

TOBACCOSTICK,

ALL THE SAID DECEASED'S

PERSONAL ESTATE,

CONSISTING OF

Horses, Sheep, Hogs, two Carts, one Carriage and Harness, Farming Utensils, Household and Kitchen Furniture, with many other articles too tedious to mention.

Two negro men and one negro woman to hire for the balance of the year.

Terms as usual at such sales. Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M., and attendance given by WM. C. HUFFINGTON.

Exo'r. of R. A. Keene, dec'd.

Sept. 20, 1854. 1t

LEATHER

Trimmings & Findings.

MAYNARD & ROSE,

N. E. CORNER CHEAPSIDE AND LOMBARD STREETS,

BALTIMORE, MD.—DEALERS IN

Patent Leather,	Satin Francois,
French Calf Skins,	Italian Cloths,
City do do	Lasting,
Oak Sole Leather,	Morocco of all kinds,
Hemlock do	Bindings,
Buff Upper do	Silk & Cotton Laces,
Buff Horse do	Findings Gener'ly.

Also, always on hand, a large assortmet of Water Proof Cork Soles, which will be sold at Factory prices.

Merchants and others visiting the city, would do well to call on us before purchasing elsewhere. Our stock is fresh and has been selected with considerable pains in order to procure the most suitable article for the trade generally. Orders from the country will be filled promptly, and be as well selected as if the buyers visited the city themselves.

JAMES A MAYNARD, *Currier.*
P. ROSE, *of the late firm of Darraugh & Rose.*

Sept. 20, 1854. 3m

Large Fall Stock!

D. DARRAUGH,

No. 16 South Calvert Street,

BALTIMORE, MD.

HAS just returned from Europe, where he has been assiduously engaged in the selection and purchase of a large, choice and very serviceable stock of

FINDINGS, TRIMMINGS, LEATHER,

and other articles pertaining to his busines.—He is now receiving, and just opening, (per arrival of last european steamer:) [and Eng

Patent Leather,	Lastings, French,
French Calf Skins,	Morocco, all kinds,
Satin, Italian Cloths,	Findings, &c., &c.

Also, SOLE LEATHER, of all kinds on hand.

Persons visiting the city and designing to purchase any articles in the trade would do well to call and examine the superior assortment on hand.

I am prepared to sell every article in the above line at as low prices as any other house in the United States.

I return my thanks for past patronage, and hope for the continuance of the same.

Sept. 20, 1854. 3m D. DARRAUGH.

NEW STOVE STORE!

No. 29 Light Street,

NEAR LOMBARD ST., BALTIMORE.

M. A. DUKE would respectfully inform his old friends and customers of Dorchester and adjoining counties, that he has resumed his fomer business at No. 29, Light St., one door north of Lombard St., where he will be happy to see them all.

His long experience in the business enables him to judge correctly of the merits and utility of any new pattern of Stoves which may come before the public. His Warehouse is now fitted up and he is fully prepared to furnish any description of

COOKING, PARLOR,

And Chamber Stoves

of the approved styles and at as reasonables prices as they can be procured in this or any other city. He is also prepared to furnish RANGES for private familes and hotels. All Stoves, Ranges or orther article sold by the subscriber will be set up and warranted, and if they do not fully come up to the representations after trial, they will be taken back and others substituted or the money returned. Extensive arrangements have been made and the best workmen employed for the repairing of Stoves, Ranges, &c., which will be done promptly and in the most substantial manner. He solicits a call from his old customers and friends, being confident that he will satisfy all who may favor him with their patronage.

Sept. 20, 1854. 3m

FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber will offer at public sale, in EAST NEW MARKET, on SATUDAY, the 14th day of OCTOBER next, My FARM containing

SEVENTY ACRES

OF LAND,

Fifteen Acres

IN WOOD AND TIMBER.

It is situated directly on

Secretary Creek,

and about one mile and a half from

East New Market,

and a half mile from

THOMPSON'S STEAMBOAT WHARF.

This FARM is well adapted to the growth of wheat and corn; and can be made a fine farm by the use of

Lime and Guano,

as there is a first-rate landing at the door.

The improvements consist of a new

Frame Dwelling,

WITH A WELL OF GOOD WATER IN THE YARD.

The out houses are all in good order. Persons wishing to see the place before the day of sale, can call on the undersigned who will show it to them

Sale to commence at 2 o'clock, P. M. Terms of Sale are one-fourth cash on the day of sale, and the balance made easy to the Purchaser.

A. R. ANDERSON,

Sept. 20, 1854 4t East New Market.

☞The Milford Beacon, copy three times, and send bill to this office.

Valuable

FOR ON

DIRECTIONS choice Liquors, vate use in quantiti rections will ensure two Hundred and and allow you the w drink, this is no hun of receipts, and are dollars, to those hav stores or private use subscriber and he wi return of mail. Ad

Sept. 20, 1854.

MEXICA OF THE BE

Imported and for s sers at lowest marke CHARLES 66 *Buchanan*

THE following re manure are con Stewart, chemist of MEXICAN GUAN NURE—PEC THIS

1. It is *not* volatili and it is *not* washed *in less than* 30 *years.*
2. It can be applie time *before the last* cr
3. It supplies the from the soil by Indi
4. It will double phoric acid is deficie
5. It is cheaper, to manent than Peuvia
6. It contains mo "Bones" in the prop the fish are richer in bones.
7. *It contains no* s on fish have a simple gravel, and the islan ited are *pure* Lime or

For further particu er, vol. 9, page 320 bout 16th January, a uary, also the handb

Sept. 20, 1854.

Wood Cut

WANTED, 15 c WOOD, on th between Secretary undersigned will pa cutting. Apply to

Sept. 13, 1854.

Notice No. 2

THE undersigned tion of all person do not settle their him by the 1st day of be placed in the hand collection, (without to you that I need th By complying will Expenses. Your hi

Sept. 6, 1854.

House

OR

THE undersi House now occ suing year, which ha attached.

Thankful for past p solicits a continuance sons indebted for Mi call and settle their b wish to lay in a stock

Sept. 13, 1854.

L A

FOR

I WILL sell a part on the Great Chop the lands of John C. tain from one hundre 110 and within 1½ miles $3,500. If dasirable TRACT, containing 335 for $16,000; in either chase money cash, the years. Title will be m Apply to the subscr JOHN Living o LEVI

Aug. 2, 1854. tf

PUBLIC

1 W EAST SATU next,

273 1-2 Ac

more or less; it has an

White O

on it, and is within on CHOPTA This FARM is plea ticularly adopted to th

W H

and other crops usua highly improved by th it is convenient to Ch

Grist and

The improvements DWELLING, with a the yard. The out H in good order.

Terms easy and m sale. Sale to commen Persons wishing to see

Sept. 6, 1854. 4t

B. GAITHE

Attorne

CAMBRIDGE

WILL attend pron trusted to his ca ☞OFFICE, oppo References.—Jud Daniel M. Henry, Esq Wm. H. Traverse, Ba

SUMME

HATS A

JUST re Baltimore a of new Sty HATS suitable for all ages a city prices for the Cas Call and examine m CHARL

Feb. 15, 1854.

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