The Cambridge Era.

JAS. E. REESE & CO., PUBLISHERS.

Saturday Morning::::::: January 4

☞On and after the 1st of January the ERA will be furnished to subscribers at One Dollar a year, provided it is paid in advance: otherwise it will not be furnished at all. No attention will be paid to any orders for subscription unless accompanied by the money.

Reorganization of the Republican Party in Maryland--A Move in the Right Direction.

A meeting of Republicans who desire a reorganization of the present State Central Committee of the party was held at Rennert's last Thursday, Mr. Henry Stockbridge in the chair, and J. C. Haskell secretary. The meeting was well attended, among those present being several from Baltimore and Harford counties, including Mr. C. Irving Ditty, Major Hancock, L. Henninghausen, W. H. Whitelock, and Mr. Diggs, of the Port Tobacco *Independent*. Several members of the State Central Committee, including Mr. J. Emory Weatherby, the secretary of the committee, were also in attendance. General Adam E. King was also among those present. The meeting was held with closed doors.

The committee appointed at a previous meeting to request Mr. R. Stocket Matthews, chairman of the State Central Committee, to call a meeting of the Republican State Convention at an early day for the purpose of filling up the vacant seats in the State Central Committee made their report in writing. The committee consisted of Messrs. Henry Stockbridge, J. C. Haskell, J. A. Dodson, W. Whitelock and L. Henninghausen. They reported of having performed the duty assigned them, and submitted a communication from Mr. Matthews, which was read.

Mr. Matthews states that he proposes to call the Republican State Convention some time in the month of May, and does not think it necessary to call it at a previous day, as the date named would be early enough to inaugurate the campaign for next year. A majority of those present, including Mr. Ditty, did not agree with Mr. Matthews that the Convention should be called no earlier than May next, and expressed the opinion that an earlier date should be fixed for the purpose. It was urged that as a new central committee would have to be appointed by the Convention, the latter body should meet not later than February, so that everything shall be in order early for the next campaign.

Quite a number of the members of the meeting spoke on this matter, giving their individual opinions as to what should be done. Messrs. C. Irving Ditty, J. E. Weatherby, Henry Stockbridge, George C. Maund, Major Hancock, General King, James H. Wood, L. Heninghausen and others spoke. A proposition to issue circulars to every prominent Republican in the State, including the members of the State Central Committee, and to its Chairman, Mr. Mathews, to meet on January 8th, at Raine's Hall for the purpose of having a dispassionate discussion among all having the interest of the Republican party at heart, as to the most feasible time for the meeting of the State Convention, found many supporters, and was adopted after considerable discussion.

It was the general wish of those present, except of a very few, that all proceedings should be harmonious, and that the members of the Central Committee should join in the meeting next January.

The following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, 1. That the reorganization of the Republican party in Maryland and the shaping of its policy in the coming State campaign require the most thorough and careful consideration and interchange of views, the absolute subordination of individual interest and ambitions to the general good of the party, and practical unanimity in the course finally adopted.

2. That for the purpose of securing these prerequisites to harmony and success the final action on the matter before us be postponed until 7.30 P. M., on January 8th, 1879, at which time this meeting shall convene at Raine's Hall, and that a committee of nine, to be composed, as to the majority thereof, of such members of the Republican State Central Committee as are here present be appointed by the chair, whose duty it shall be to immediately address to every member of said state central committee and to such other leading Republicans in all parts of the State, as in the opinion of said committee appointed under these resolutions will, together with said member of the State Central Committee, most fairly represent and express the opinion and wishes of the Republican party of Maryland as to the question to be considered.

3. That the object and purpose of this meeting and of its original promoters, is now, has always been, and shall continue to be the devising and establishment of a policy, and an organization that will command the respect, confidence and support of the entire party, without personal hostility to any individual, and without the slightest regard for individual interest or ambition.

The President having appointed as said committee Messrs. George C. Maund, Louis Henninghausen, Edward H. Frazier, William Wheelock, John A. Dobson, Eugene Diggs, O. T. Bump, C. Irving Ditty and Dr. H. C. Moore, they have issued the following circular to Republicans throughout the State:

"We feel assured that you, equally with ourselves, are concerned for the character, usefulness and success of our party, and that you know, as we do, that its condition in this State, at this time, is such as must affect us with pain, if not with a feeling of shame and self-reproach. Under the operation of the civil service rule, many members of the State Central Committee resigned, and their places, to a large extent, have never been filled.—There are many vacancies on its subcommittees. The body has not met for eighteen months. The spirit of personal antagonism and faction has so pervaded our ranks as to render us wholly incapable of harmonious and efficient action; indeed, it is quite notorious that at the late election thousands of Republicans in Maryland neglected or refused to cast their votes from apathy and disgust."

Here the resolutions published above are quoted, and the circular continues.

"We are the committee appointed in pursuance of these resolutions, and you will perceive by their tenor that the Republicans by whom they were passed claim to be actuated by none other than disinterested motives and a pure regard for the party's welfare. We do not seek to perpetuate faction or to engender or augment personal strife. We do not desire to aid the schemes of any man, but, on the contrary, we desire and demand, in the language of the resolutions, the 'absolute subordination of all individual interests and ambitions to the general good of the party.'"

We do not presume, in this circular letter, to mark out any line of policy to be pursued, or any particular measure to be adopted. We only urge you to reflect upon the subject, and to be present at the meeting on the 8th of January. Let us consult together. Let us strive to reorganize the party, and, if possible, inspire it with unity, harmony and that conquering zeal and energy to which it has long been a stranger. To do this effectually, we feel that no time should be lost. We must begin the work at once. Our enemies are training and marshaling their forces; but they are really weak, if only we can be wise. They may wag their heads and affect to treat our pretensions with scorn; but they really are weak, and if, true to ourselves, we enter the contest, discarding all selfish motives and baleful internal strife, we believe that we can speedily overwhelm them with confusion and defeat, and rescue our State from their grasp.

THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY.—The Boston Herald (Democratic) bewails the Solid South as most unfortunate for its party, and says:—"The North is growing faster than the South. The Electoral College is now composed of two hundred and thirty-one members from the North, and one hundred and thirty-eight from the South. Under the new apportionment, which will be made on the census of 1880, the North will be nearly, if not quite, twice as strong as the South in the Electoral College. Under the circumstances, is it not foolish for the South to pursue a course which tends to array a Solid North against a Solid South?—And is it not equally foolish for the Democratic party, which extends through the North and South, to wink at a policy that is as sure to drive it out of power at the North as water is to run down hill? The more progressive of the Southern statesmen recognize the injury which force and fraud against the North are doing to their cause. They know well enough that a great majority of the people at the North demand and will have equal rights under the law, and a pure ballot for all."

P. T. Barnum, the showman, has indicated a desire to be sent to the United States Senate from Connecticut.

The following explanation is given by the New York Times of the large government balances in various banks, amounting in the case of the First National Bank of New York to a monthly of over $26,000,000:

The balances charged against this and other banks consist of credits to the Treasury Department upon the books of the banks. The matter is explained by the following narration of the transactions from which these apparent balances arise: The First National Bank is the largest operator in the refunding bonds, and was the principal American member of the syndicate for the sale of 4½ per cent. bonds. That bank's subscriptions to the 4 per cent. loan amount on some days to more than $1,000,000. Under a circular issued last January by the Secretary of the Treasury, banks subscribing for the loan were not to be called upon to make their subscriptions good until ninety days from the date of subscription, the government not being required to redeem the called bonds until the expiration of that period. Now, supposing that the First National Bank subscribed for $1,000,000 on September 1, a certificate of deposit for that amount, drawn to the order of the United States Treasurer, is forwarded to Washington, and $1,000,000 is charged against the bank on the Treasurer's books. Bonds to that amount are forwarded to the Assistant Treasurer at New York, to be delivered to the bank upon the receipt by the Assistant Treasurer of a like amount in coin or in called bonds. If called bonds cannot be obtained, then the bank must deposit other bonds before those subscribed for will be delivered by the Assistant Treasurer. Thus, the government is fully insured against the possibility of loss. Ninety days after the date of subscription the Treasurer draws for the amount subscribed, and the transaction is closed, in most instances, without a dollar of coin being moved, because the bank gathers up the called bonds and turns them over in payment or exchange for the new bonds. This transaction is repeated daily, and it thus happens that at the end of the month a large apparent balance has accumulated, the amount varying accordingly to the sale and exchange of bonds.

It may be further stated that it would have been greatly against public interests to have required the payment of the 4 per cent. subscriptions in gold instead of in called bonds, as that would have played directly into the hands of the clique who were endeavoring to corner gold and drive up the premium, thus militating against the success of resumption.

The contentment that was supposed to repose under one's "own vine and fig-tree," does not seem to be realized by the farmer. He is discontented because, while his crops are abundant, the price is too low. He forgets that his expenses are lower than ever before; that $1 now will buy more than $2 would a few years ago, while the prices he receives are much better than formerly. Comparing his condition with what the farmer's was fifty or sixty years since, he has been the gainer.—Flour was then $2.50 to $3 a barrel; corn and rye 33⅓ cents a bushel; butter 10 and eggs 8 cents a pound. All that the farmer requires for his family, except perhaps sugar and coffee, was dearer than it is to day. Cotton goods and clothing have never been cheaper than now. If the farmer will compare his state with that of most tradesmen who have passed through five years of depression and disaster, he will find himself better off, as a rule, than they are. If he has merely lived and kept out of debt—and the majority of farmers have at least been able to do as well as this—he is more fortunate than mechanics, tradesmen and manufacturers generally.

Death of Col. Wilkins.

Col. Edward Wilkins, a prominent citizen of Maryland, and formerly Collector of the Port of Baltimore, died at half-past 2 o'clock on Saturday morning last, at his home, at Riverside, Kent county, of neuralgia of the heart. Colonel Wilkins was in the sixty-fifth year of his age. He was in Baltimore three weeks ago to-day, when he stopped at Barnum's, and was apparently in excellent health and in his usual good humor. He had often expressed his apprehension of sudden death, as his mother died about ten years ago in the same manner. Colonel Wilkins was taken sick at his home at three o'clock Thursday morning of last week of severe indigestion, and Drs. Perkins and Meeter were called to relieve him. He was thought to be doing well afterwards, though often complaining of pain in the stomach and region of the heart. He was not at any time permanently confined to his bed, but when he retired on Thursday night he felt so badly that his son, Mifflin, remained in the room with him. Early on Friday morning Colonel Wilkins awoke, and in answer to a question whether he had slept well, replied that he had rested better than for some time. He sat up and even gave orders for his breakfast. His son then went to the mantel for some medicine, and in a moment or two heard his father breathing stertorously. Mifflin hastened back to the bedside, but Colonel Wilkins' pulse was nearly gone, and in a few moments he was dead.

COMMUNISM.—Ex-President Woolsey of Yale defines Communism or Socialism as "the substitution of common, or public, or 'collective' property for private property; the State or the community being made the proprietor of all the means of production and of existing products, including, of course, the soil and whatever comes from it, instead of the private person or the association of private persons, uniting or separating by free consent." He traces the history of various Communistic experiments, and draws the following conclusion: "It is impossible that they should not receive ideas from the larger community, under whose shadow they live. Hence, all conclusions from their conduct and history are subject to some doubt. We may always ask whether such communities have acted out their genuine nature; whether the world outside of their pale has not repressed some evil, has not prevented their principles from running to an extreme, and infused some good into them. Sometimes, also, they have lasted so short a time that no sure judgment can be formed concerning what fruit they would bear if time were given them.

THE POTTER COMMITTEE.—The unhappiest collection of men on the continent is the Potter committee. It meets and adjourns, and meets again, only to adjourn again. It can do no more investigating without investigating the cipher dispatches. It cannot do that without making political capital for the Republicans; and it cannot fail to do that without making more capital for them. This is a dilemma in which even the matchless deportment of Potter is at fault.

New Hampshire has no place within her borders for the tramps; her law is that they must "get up and git;" her notice to quit is accompanied with the force that "moves on." Vermont has adopted a similar law, and it is possible that every New England State will adopt such legislation that the tramps can find no local habitation even for the shortest space of time in any county in New England. The local papers of New Hampshire say that life and property have again become safe, and that wandering thieves no longer perambulate that State.

At the death of John Wesley, in 1791, there were in connection with Methodism 312 ministers, 115 circuits, 19 mission stations and 79,000 members. Now, including the Methodism of Great Britain, that of the United States of America, colonial Methodism and branch churches, it is estimated that there are not less than 30,000 itinerate preachers, 60,000 local preachers and 19,000,000 adherents.

The Republican triumvirate in the Senate—Blaine, Edmunds and Conkling—spoken of by the Louisville Courier-Journal in rather sharp terms, is yet as strong a combination of statesmanship, oratorical talent and political skill in management as the Senate has seen for a long series of years. The Democratic majority in the next Senate will have its hands full to combat such men.

Two colored men named White, who were on their way to testify at New Orleans before a United States grand jury in regard to the late election troubles, were taken by a mob from the officer who had them in charge and have not since been heard of. This fact will go farther in making public sentiment against the frauds than their testimony could have done.

We trust Mr. Bayard, of Delaware, says the Albany Evening Journal, will take the best of care of his health and avoid late hours, wet feet and all undue excitement of any kind. For it begins to look as if the Democratic party, in case it also lost him, would be entirely out of candidates for the next Presidential nomination.

For the year 1878 the expenses of the New York Legislature were $442,153.

A Complete Newspaper.

The enterprise that has made THE WEEKLY TIMES not only the best journal of its class in Philadelphia, but, by general acknowledgement, the best journal for the family circle issued from any press, is scrupulously maintained. Its contributors from week to week are among the foremost men of the nation, and no department of news or literature is slighted in any number on any pretext. It is adapted as well to women as to men; hence although its political intelligence is full and accurate and its political editorials free and fearless, liberal provision is made for religious, literary, dramatic and musical matters, wit and humor, travels and adventure, fiction, poetry, fashions and the chronicle of current social events. In all these departments the pens of the best writers are engaged, while selections from other journals are made with care, taste and fullness that are unsurpassed. The special correspondents of THE WEEKLY TIMES are found at every news centre, embracing all American and European capitals, and they are charged to spare no labor or expense to give its readers the best and earliest accounts of matters of current interest in every department of the world of news. In addition to the regular correspondence thus provided, this journal is chosen by many of the most eminent men of the day as a medium of communication with the public. The "Annals of the War," embracing chapters of unwritten history contributed by prominent actors in the war of the rebellion, are a valuable feature of the paper, and have become a recognized depository of such matters, whether from Northern or Southern sources. This department, as well as all others, will be well sustained during the coming year. Selections of some of the most valuable war articles that have appeared already have been made, to answer the general demand for their publication in book form. The volume thus compiled, covering 800 pages (price, $4), handsomely illustrated and elegantly bound, is offered as a premium for subscribers. A copy of the "Annals" will be given as a premium to any one sending $15 for a club of ten, or $25 for a club of twenty. Club terms of THE WEEKLY TIMES: One copy, one year, $2; five copies, one year, $8; ten copies, one year, $15; twenty copies, one year, $25. Address

THE TIMES, Philadelphia, Pa.

The New York Central Road is going to have its own steamship line to Europe. It has put up a grain elevator on the North River and obtained wharf facilities at that point, and has obtained by contract a line of fourteen freight steamers to be run in connection with the road between New York and Hamburg, Antwerp, Havre and Liverpool. It is stated that elevator charges, now $8 per 1,000 bushels, will be abolished, and wharfage fees also. This promises a more lively railway competition from New York than has formerly been the case. The Pennsylvania Railroad has heretofore arranged for a line of seven steamers from Philadelphia, and now in order to keep with the times Baltimore must be sure to get that line to Barrow.

"The Finger of Gold" is the heading of a local item in the *Nouveau Monde*, of Montreal. Gabriel Cloutier, a pious old man, deemed it his duty to chastise for intemperance and erring conduct his two grown-up daughters. The girls, however, chastised him and his mother, and one of them severely bit the third finger of his right hand. Next day he took out a warrant for them, but when he and the policeman arrived at the factory where the girls work it was found that the biting one had just had the third finger of her right hand taken off by a machine. "The policeman was dismissed, for the old man perceived in this curious coincidence that the finger of God had been laid in punishment upon the principal offender."

The Wilmington *Every Evening* says: "A company for fishing along the Atlantic coast has been formed in Baltimore Hundred. Provided with a seine one hundred fathoms long and five fathoms deep, they have made several hauls, in one of which they got so many fish that they could not haul them to shore, but were obliged to raise the seine and let them nearly all out. Such an enterprise properly pushed, it is thought, will pay. The best fish could be railroaded to market, others compressed for oil and the refuse sold for manure."

The New York *Herald* straddles the investigation issue by including the Blaine inquiry and the Potter fraud hunt in one common denunciation. It says: "Mr. Blaine knows perfectly well that his inquiry can lead to no new legislation either by this Congress or the next. It is, therefore without any practical object. Indeed, nobody ever supposed that it had any other object than that of inflaming sectional feeling for electioneering effect. But in this respect it is precisely on a par with the Potter investigation, which was also set on foot for electioneering purposes."

Dancers will be pleased to know that George Washington regarded their harmless recreation as such. In an autograph letter written thirty-two days before his death his opinion is indirectly learned:

MOUNT VERNON, Nov. 12, 1799.

GENT'N!—Mrs. Washington and myself have been honored with your polite invitation to the Assemblies in Alexandria this winter; and thank you for this mark of your invitation—But alas! our dancing days are no more. We wish, however, all those who relish so agreeable and innocent an amusement, all the pleasure the same may afford them—and I am

Gent'n!—Your most obedient and obliged humble servant. GEORGE WASHINGTON.

It is feared that scarlet fever may become epidemic in New York, and a strict watch is being kept over the health of pupils in the public schools, and pupils in whose families there are cases of scarlet fever are not allowed to attend. Six hundred and twenty-one cases were reported for the first three weeks of December, and week before last there were fifty-eight deaths.

The Cincinnati *Gazette* quiets its inflationist subscriber by saying: "If more money is what is required to make times better we shall have a revival of business. Adding coin to the paper money, the total volume of the currency after January 1 will be nine hundred and twenty millions. The purchasing power of this will be equal to sixteen hundred millions in 1868."

Ohio Democrats will hold an important meeting in Columbus January 8th. Gov. Bishop is anxious for a renomination, but, although he has distributed all the best offices of the state to his personal friends and relatives, he is thought to be the weakest candidate the Democrats could bring forward.

This is an awfully wicked old world. An Indianapolis clergyman told me he went to hear Colonel Ingersoll lecture on "Some Mistakes of Moses," and saw more of his church members there than he had seen at prayer-meeting in six months.

The Chicago Inter-Ocean says: "Blaine only snapped his little gun the other day to see if it was loaded, and every Democrat in Congress thought it was."

BALTIMORE MARKET.—Wheat, white, 95@$1.04; corn, white, 44@46; oats, prime, 29@30

MARRIED.

EATON—SMITH.—On Christmas Eve, at the residence of George Dail, Esq., by Rev. C. P. Straughn, Mr. James Eaton and Miss Kate Smith, both of this county.

LANKFORD—RHODES.—On December 26, 1878, at Crotcher's Ferry, at the residence of Richard Rhodes, Esq., Capt. William M. Lankford and Miss Sarah Lavinia Rhodes, both of this county.

HURST—HOOPER.—At M. P. Parsonage, East New Market, on the 31st ult., by Rev. W. J. Neepier, Mr. Joseph B. Hurst and Miss Mary Hooper, both of this county.

WEBSTER—SHORT.—At the residence of John Blake, Esq., on the 31st ult., by Rev. W. J. Neepier, Mr. Thos. H. Webster and Miss Mary A. R. Short, both of this county.

MEEKINS—PHILLIPS.—In Cambridge, at the residence of Mrs. Pricilla Twilley, Dec. 26th, by Rev. J. H. Patteson, Mr. John E. Meekins and Miss Laura H. Phillips.

LEWIS—RUARK.—At Bishop's Head, Dec. 11, by Rev. S. M. Donoho, Mr. William M. Lewis and Miss Emily J. Ruark.

MOORE—BROWN.—At the residence of Mrs. Shepherd, on the 2d inst., by Rev. J. H. Patteson, Mr. William O'Neil Moore and Miss Elbinah Brown, both of this town.

DIED.

MOORE.—On the 21st ult., at the East New Market depot, Wm. P. Moore, aged 60 years.

This good, honest old landmark of this district and of the M. E. Church, has passed away in a good, ripe old age, in the winter of the year and the winter of his life. He has gone from shore to shore; from the valley to the mountain top; and, amid all the buffetings of life, and all the chilling winds of December, amid all the troubles and trials this life is here to a poor, hard-working man, he has "stood the storm and has anchored safe within the vale." Oh! blessed thought, that though the waves often dash high against and toss our little bark on this tempestuous life, yet if we can but stem the tide, we shall "anchor in the harbor." He leaves a dependent family, but He who can temper the wind to the shorn lamb, and can take notice of the fall of a little bird, can even so keep them as His own and save them in the end. On the evening of his death he said to his daughter, "Annie, prepare my bed, that to-night I may finish my task." What task, we might enquired? Why the task his Master gave him to do; to leave this earth and receive his crown in waiting beyond the swelling floods of Jordan.

A BROTHER.

JUMP.—On the 24th ult., at East New Market, Sarah Moore Jump, wife of George Jump and sister to W. P. Moore, aged about 50 years.

This kind sister came at her brother's bidding to see him while sick and administer to his wants; and on the morning of Brother Moore's death she was taken sick, and died three days after at the same house. When she left her home and family she had not the remotest idea of not returning, but fate so decreed that she never returned to her earthly home again, but exchanged this earthly home for a home in Heaven—"not made with hands, eternal in the Heavens." This should teach us, "What I say unto you I say unto all, watch, for ye know not the hour" the bidding may come. Oh! we pray God that we may be able to overcome, that our lamps may be full of oil, trimmed and brightly burning when it is announced the "bridegroom cometh." To the afflicted husband and children let me say, you are not like those who mourn without hope. Prepare, O, prepare to meet your God, mother and wife in the skies. A BROTHER.

PEARSON.—At Church Creek, on the 24th ult., after a long illness, Mrs. Elizabeth Pearson, beloved wife of George E. Pearson, aged 58 years. [Baltimore papers copy.

Chew **Jackson's** BEST SWEET NAVY TOBACCO. nov30-1y

New Advertisements.

Special Order of Ratification Nisi.

WILLIAM A. CLASH

vs.

SARAH A. TODD & WM. A. TODD, Administrators of Peter Todd, dec'd., and others.

In equity in the Circuit Court for Dorchester county. No. 925 Chancery.

ORDERED, This 28th day of December, A. D. 1878, that the sales made and reported by William M. Todd, Trustee in this cause, be finally ratified, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the fourth Monday of January, 1879; provided, before said date, a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published at Cambridge, in Dorchester county, for three successive weeks.

The Report states the amount of sales to be $400.50.

JAMES A. STEWART,
True copy—Test: Chief Judge.
F. J. HENRY, Clerk.
Jan 4—3t

PENN YAN MYSTERY

The New Illustrated Weekly Family Newspaper of Leon and Harriet Lewis, 8 pages, containing

Stories. Lady Redwode's Daughter, by Mrs. Harriet Lewis; Count of Monte Cristo, by Alex. Dumas; Sir Allyn's Enemy, by Leon Lewis, etc. Portrait of Dumas and other illustrations.

Voyages and Travels. A Ride Through Islam, Turkey to India; Year in South Africa, by Lady Barker; Six Months in the Sandwich Islands; Around the World, by Mrs. Brassey, etc. Illustrated.

Geographical. Vestiges of Atlantis, the Continent that existed 12,000 years ago between Europe and America; the lost Anchor of Columbus; Current Explorations, etc. With Map of Atlantis.

Science. The Religion of the Great Pyramid; Discovery of Vulcan; The Moons of Mars.

History. Lake Dwellings of Switzerland and other parts of Europe; Glimpse of Babylon.

Leading Articles. The real Business of Existence; True Capital and True Riches; the Relations of this Life to the Life to Come; Is an Age of "Miracles" at Hand?

Terms. Single copy, one year, $3; four copies, $10; eight copies, $20; single numbers 6 cents each. The remitter for club of eight entitled to copy free. Delivered to Newsagents and Booksellers in any quantity direct from our office at $4.25 per hundred.—Remittances at our risk only in P. O. orders on Penn Yan, or Banker's drafts on New York. Address,

LEWIS & HARRIET LEWIS,
Jan 4—4t Publishers, Penn Yan, N. Y.

THE

NEW YORK WEEKLY

FOR 1879.

NOW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE.

THE NEW YORK WEEKLY is universally conceded to be the best story and sketch paper. It is recognized as the representative literary paper because among its contributors are many novelists whose fame is world-wide.

First-class stories are always to be found in the New York Weekly.

Spirited sketches, thoughtful poems, instructive essays, valuable information for the million, and a variety of humorous matter are also prominent features of the N. Y. Weekly.

New authors are frequently added to its already unrivaled staff of contributors; therefore, as the New York Weekly never relies upon a stereotyped list of writers, the contents are always fresh, and each number is almost certain to present some attractive novelty.

During the year 1879 the works of several eminent authors, who have never before written for the New York Weekly, will be placed before it readers.

No efforts will be spared to retain the proud title which the New York Weekly has held for so many years as the best

STORY AND SKETCH PAPER.

SEND THREE DOLLARS

AND GET THE NEW YORK WEEKLY FOR ONE YEAR.

(*Postage free to Subscribers.*)

Those sending $20 for a club of eight, all sent at one time, will be entitled to a ninth copy free. Getters-up of clubs can afterward add single copies at $2.50 each.

Specimen copies can be seen at every post-office, drug store and news agency throughout the Union.

All letters should be addressed to

STREET & SMITH, Props.,
25, 27, 29 and 31 Rose St., N. Y.
P. O. Box 4696. [Jan 4—4t

CARRIAGES! CARRIAGES!!

A NEW ENTERPRISE.

THE shops lately occupied by Geo. H. Schleigh as a Carriage Factory has been refitted, and

NEW STOCK,
NEW MACHINERY,
& NEW WORKMEN

occupy the old place. A full stock of

CARRIAGES,

Of Best Styles, Make, and Material will be kept and sold at prices to suit the times.

REPAIRING will be done in the best manner, at low figures, and at short notice.

☞Give me a call. Satisfaction guaranteed.

A. H. LARRIMORE,
Nov 2—6mos Cambridge, Md.

PROSPECTUS FOR 1879.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK.

Reduced From $3 to $2 per Year.

The Cheapest and Best Ladies' Magazine Published, and no Retreat from its Present High Standard.

In addition to our full corps of talented writers, we have completed arrangements for charming Serial Stories with CHRISTAIN REID, author of Valerie Aylmer, Morton House, Mabel Lee, Nina's Atonement, Daughter of Bohemia, After Many Days, Bonny Kate, etc. etc.

Also with MARIAN C. L. REEVES and EMILY READ, authors of Ingremisco, Wearithorne, Old Martin Boscawen's Jest, Aytoun, Two Hundred Years Ago, etc. etc.

Commence at once and tell your friends about the great reduction in price, and what GODEY intends to do for 1879. We want every lady to have the Book for 1879. We expect our list will reach 150,000 copies.

Send in your Clubs at once. You can add any names afterwards at the same price as the original Club.

TERMS—CASH IN ADVANCE.

CLUB TERMS.

One copy, one year	$2 00
Two copies, one year	3 80
Three copies, one year	5 40
Four copies, one year	6 80
Five copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making six copies	9 60
Eight copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making nine copies	14 25
Ten copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making eleven copies	17 00
Twenty copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club making twenty-one copies	31 50

NOW IS THE TIME TO MAKE UP YOUR CLUBS.

How to Remit.—Get a Post Office Money Order on Philadelphia, or a draft on Philadelphia or New York. If you cannot get either of these send Bank-notes, and in the latter case register your letter.

Parties desiring to get up clubs send for a specimen copy, which will be sent free.

Address,

Godey's Lady's Book Publishing Co.
1006 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

CAMBRIDGE

STOVE and TINWARE FACTORY.

Levin W. Bothum, Proprietor.

A GOOD VARIETY OF

Cooking & Heating Stoves

ALWAYS ON HAND.

Among the list of Cooking Stoves will be found the

Dorchester Cook, Grand Union I X L, (the best,) Cambridge and Champion Cook,

Also a few portable Ranges.

Among the Heating Stoves are the Argand, Imperial and favorite self feeding Base Burners.

He has also on hand James Spear's Celebrated "New Silver Moon" and the "Revolving Light and "Golden Sun" fire-place Heaters. He also keeps a good lot of

Tinware,

made out of the best material and by good workmen, and for sale at reasonable prices.

STOVES REPAIRED,

and Castings furnished at just and reasonable prices.

He has also for sale Parlor Lamps, Kitchen Lamps, Lanterns, Lamp Burners, Chimneys, Wicks, &c. ☞Lamps repaired.

Roofing and Spouting

done in the best manner and by good mechanics, and warranted.

All persons contemplating buying stoves this fall and winter will find it to their advantage to give me a call and leave their money at home. Thankful to the people of Dorchester county for past patronage, I hope to merit a continuance of the same.

LEVIN W. BOTHUM,
Oct 26—6m Gay St., Cambridge, Md.

THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.

Thirty-Fourth Year.

The Most Popular Scientific Paper in the World. Only $3.20 a year, including postage. Weekly; 52 numbers a year. 4,000 book pages.

The SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN is a large, first-class weekly Newspaper of sixteen pages, printed in the most beautiful style, profusely illustrated with splendid engravings, representing the newest inventions and the most recent advances in the Arts and Sciences; including new and interesting facts in Agriculture, Horticulture, the Home, Health, Medical Progress, Social Science, Natural History, Geology, Astronomy. The most valuable practical papers, by eminent writers in all departments of Science, will be found in the Scientific American.

Terms, $3.20 per year, $1.60 half year, which includes postage. Discount to agents. Single copies, ten cents. Sold by all newsdealers. Remit by postal order to MUNN & CO., Publishers, 37 Park Row, New York.

PATENTS. In connection with the Scientific American, Messrs. Munn & Co. are Solicitors of American and Foreign Patents, have had 34 years' experience, and now have the largest establishment in the world. Patents are obtained on the best terms. A special notice is made in the Scientific American of all Inventions patented through this Agency, with the name and residence of the patentee. By the immense circulation thus given, public attention is directed to the merits of the new patent, and sales or introduction often easily effected.

Any person who has made a new discovery or invention, can ascertain, free of charge, whether a patent can probably be obtained, by writing to the undersigned. We also send free our Hand Book about the Patent Laws, Patents, Trade-marks, their costs, and how procured, with hints for procuring advances on inventions. Address for the Paper, or concerning Patents,

MUNN & CO.,
37 Park Row, New York.
Branch Office, cor F & 7th Sts.,
Dec 14—4t Washington, D. C.

$777 is not easily earned in these times, but it can be made in three months by any one of either sex, in any part of the country who is willing to work steadily at the employment that we furnish. $66 per week in your own town. You need not be away from home over night. You can give your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. We have agents who are making over $20 per day. All who engage at once can make money fast. At the present time money cannot be made so easily and rapidly at any other business. It costs nothing to try the business. Terms and $5 outfit free. Address at once, H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. [August 17—1y

E. P. SANGSTON,
(From Baltimore City)
Fine Watchmaker and Jeweler,
Nearly opposite the M. E. Church,
Race St., Cambridge, Md.
☞Repairing watches a specialty.☜
Oct26—3m

ISAAC C. MURPHEY,
Retail Dealer of all Kinds of Liquors,
CROTCHER'S FERRY,
Dorchester Co., Md.
April 27—1y

HENRY LLOYD,
Attorney at Law and Solicitor in Chancery,
HIGH STREET, CAMBRIDGE, MD.
Collections solicited and returns promptly made. [Dec 22—6m

TO THE PUBLIC.

CHAS. H. KERR respectfully informs his customers, and the public generally, that his

BARBER SHOP

is the room adjoining the Cambridge Hotel, where he can always be found.

Hair-cutting and Shaving neatly attended to. Give him a call.

March 23—1y CHAS. H. KERR.

WM. J. EDGER,
HOUSE PAINTER,
CAMBRIDGE, MD.
Graining, Glazing, and Paper Hanging executed in first-class style.
March 30—1y

JAS. W. WADDELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
CAMBRIDGE, MD,
☞Prompt and special attention paid to the collection of claims.
March 23—1y

J. C. PLUMMER.
REAL ESTATE BROKER.
CAMBRIDGE, MD.
Dorchester County Farms and Farming Lands, Cambridge Town Property for sale.
☞Office on Gay street, near Race.
March 23—1y

"ALTA,"
FOR OATS, CORN, EARLY POTATOES AND OTHER SPRING CROPS.

WE can confidently recommend the above fertilizer for the spring crops as one of the best, most reliable and certainly the cheapest in market. Those of our farmers who used it on their wheat last fall speaks of it in the most favorable manner. We can supply it at short notice to any wishing to purchase for spring uses. Price $30 cash; $32 on time.

GOLDSBOROUGH & HOOD.
March 30—tf Cambridge.

HAIR-CUTTING, SHAVING AND SHAMPOOING.

PROF. JAMES W. DERRY respectfully announces to his old customers and the public generally that he is prepared, at his old-established shop on Poplar street, between high and Race streets, to

SHAVE, CUT HAIR AND SHAMPOO

all who may favor him with a call.

Hair, Whiskers and Moustaches dyed to perfection.

Children's hair trimmed scientifically. The public's obedient servant,

March 23—tf JAS. W. DERRY.

MARYLAND
CENTRAL HOTEL.
CAMBRIDGE, Md.
Capt. T. Jas. Frazier, Proprietor.
HACKS MEET ALL TRAINS AND STEAMERS FREE OF CHARGE.
Livery Stable Attached.
Oct 12—1y
V. C. DRAIN. WM. A. HUTCHINSON

DRAIN & HUTCHINSON,
ARCHITECTS,
CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS,
CAMBRIDGE, MD.

VERNON C. DRAIN and WM. A. HUTCHINSON have formed a co-partnership for contracting and building all classes of Dwellings, Stores, and all other buildings, and for carrying on the carpenter's business in all its branches, and they solicit all persons desirous of having any work done to consult them.

Thankful for past patronage, they intend by strict attention to business and by good work to merit a continuance of the same.

DRAIN & HUTCHINSON,
March 23—1y

JOHN G. ROBINSON,
—WITH—
SANDERS & STAYMAN,
NO. 15 N. CHARLES ST., BALTIMORE,
Agents for the
ESTEY ORGAN,
WEBER, BRADBURY AND HAINES BRO.
PIANOS.
☞Organs and Pianos tuned.
March 23—1y

CAMBRIDGE HOTEL,
WM J. THOMAS, PROPRIETOR.
The Largest Hotel in Cambridge,
House Rebuilt and Refurnished Season of 1877.
FREE HACKS FROM STEAMBOATS AND CARS.
☞Terms as low as any Hotel here. Table supplied with all delicacies of the season.
L. J. BALLARD, Clerk.
March 23—1y

NEW COZINE HOUSE,
(LATE SHERWOOD HOUSE,)
ON THE
EUROPEAN PLAN,
Corner Fayette and Harrison Sts.,
BALTIMORE.
This House being located in the business portion of the city, and near the principal places of amusement, offers superior accommodations to the traveling public. Terms by the Day, Week, or Month at reasonable rates.
JAMES W. COZINE,
April 13—1y Proprietor.

CARBOLINE,
NATURAL HAIR RESTORATIVE
MILK OF MAGNESIA,
VEGETINE,
COLDEN'S
Liebig's Liquid Extract of Beef,
TROMMER'S EXTRACT OF MALT,
HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT,
Granular Effervescent Vichy Salts,
Hunyadi Janos Mineral Water,
Congress Water,
BISCOTINE, FOR INFANTS AND CHILDREN,
CONDENSED MILK,
Pure Concentrated Flavoring Extracts, a full Assortment,
WYETH & BROTHER'S
Elixir Cinchonidia, Iron & Strychnia,
DIALYSED IRON,
COMPRESSED PILLS, &c.. &c.
For sale by
THOMAS H. WILLIAMS,
Druggist,
CAMBRIDGE, MD.
July 13—tf

MANNERS, FISHER & COMPANY,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Sash, Blinds, Shutters, Doors, Mantels, Frames, Church Furniture, and Mouldings of every description
BRACKETS OF EVERY VARIETY AND STYLE.
SCROLL SAWING AND TURNING
Executed with neatness and dispatch.
STAIR WORK
In all its various branches.
All regular sizes of HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS kept constantly on hand, and odd sizes furnished at short notice, all of which will be sold at prices to suit the times.
OUR MOTTO:
"Good Work at Low Prices."
All work kiln-dried. Framing cut to order.
Also dealers in
White and Yellow-Pine Lumber, Shingles, Laths, &c.
Thanking the public for past patronage we earnestly request a continuance of the same.
MANNERS, FISHER & CO.,
Seaford, Delaware.
J. S. MANNERS, President.
G. A. RANDALL, Superintendent.
J. V. M. BLACKWELL, Sec. and Treas.
March

L. J. WARREN,
AGENT FOR
Lee's Prepared Agricultural Lime,
FOR
WHEAT, CLOVER, AND OTHER GRASSES.
"IT PREVENTS SMUT."
The more it is tried the more popular it becomes. On the last crop it proved equal to, and in many cases much better than, high priced Fertilizers. All who use it acknowledge its superiority as a
PERMANENT IMPROVER OF THE SOIL.
Send for pamphlets and testimonials.
Price Only $